

# Stock Trend Predictor - Complete User Manual

## Table of Contents

1. [Project Overview](#)
  2. [Installation](#)
  3. [Quick Start](#)
  4. [Training Models](#)
  5. [Making Predictions \(CLI\)](#)
  6. [Web Application](#)
  7. [News Sentiment Analysis](#)
  8. [Comparing Models](#)
  9. [Understanding Results](#)
  10. [Advanced Usage](#)
  11. [Tips & Best Practices](#)
  12. [Troubleshooting](#)
- 

## Project Overview

### What This Does

- Predicts stock price direction (UP/DOWN) for next trading day
- Analyzes 40+ technical indicators (RSI, MACD, Bollinger Bands, etc.)
- Integrates news sentiment analysis from recent articles
- Supports multiple ML models (Random Forest, LightGBM, LSTM, XGBoost, Ensemble)
- Provides web interface and command-line interface
- Trains on single or multiple stocks for better generalization

### What This Doesn't Do

- Predict exact prices (only direction)
- Guarantee profits (markets are unpredictable)

- ✗ Provide financial advice (educational only)

## Expected Accuracy

- Single stock: 52-58%
  - Multi-stock balanced: 58-65%
  - Advanced training: 62-72%
- 

## 🛠 Installation

### Step 1: Install Python Dependencies

```
bash  
# Install all requirements  
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

#### Core Requirements:

- Python 3.8+
- yfinance (stock data)
- pandas, numpy (data processing)
- ta (technical analysis)
- scikit-learn, lightgbm, xgboost (ML models)
- tensorflow (LSTM models)
- newsapi-python, vaderSentiment (sentiment analysis)
- flask (web application)

### Step 2: Get NewsAPI Key (Free)

1. Go to: <https://newsapi.org/register>
2. Sign up (free, no credit card)
3. Copy your API key
4. Open `src/sentiment_config.py`
5. Replace line 8: `'api_key': 'YOUR_KEY_HERE'`

## Step 3: Verify Installation

```
bash  
  
python -c "import yfinance, lightgbm, sklearn, tensorflow, flask; print('✅ All packages installed')"
```

## 🚀 Quick Start

### Option 1: Web Interface (Recommended for Demos)

```
bash  
  
# 1. Start web server  
python app.py  
  
# 2. Open browser  
# http://localhost:5000  
  
# 3. Enter stock ticker (e.g., AAPL)  
# 4. Click "Predict"  
# 5. View results!
```

### Option 2: Command Line

```
bash  
  
# 1. Train a model (15 minutes)  
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model ensemble --max-features 35  
  
# 2. Make prediction  
python src/predict.py AAPL  
  
# 3. View results in terminal
```

## 🎓 Training Models

You have **three training scripts** to choose from:

Script	When to Use	Time	Accuracy
main.py	Single stock, basic	2-3 min	52-58%
train_multi.py	Multiple stocks, balanced	5-10 min	58-65%
train_advanced.py	<b>Best accuracy</b>	10-20 min	62-72%

## Option 1: Single Stock Training (`(main.py)`)

Train on one stock's historical data.

```
bash

# Basic usage
python src/main.py AAPL --model ensemble

# With options
python src/main.py AAPL \
    --model lightgbm \
    --features basic momentum volatility \
    --start 2020-01-01 \
    --end 2024-12-31
```

### Available options:

- `--model`: random\_forest, lightgbm, lstm, stacker, ensemble
- `--features`: basic, momentum, volatility, volume, patterns, advanced
- `--start`: Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)
- `--end`: End date (YYYY-MM-DD)
- `--output`: Output model path

### Examples:

```
bash

# Train Random Forest on Apple
python src/main.py AAPL --model random_forest

# Train LightGBM with specific features
python src/main.py TSLA --model lightgbm --features basic momentum volatility
```

## Option 2: Multi-Stock Training (`(train_multi.py)`)

Train on multiple stocks for better generalization.

```
bash

# Using presets
python src/train_multi.py --preset tech --model ensemble --balance

# Custom stock list
python src/train_multi.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA \
--model lightgbm \
--balance
```

#### Available presets:

- `[tech]`: AAPL, MSFT, GOOGL, AMZN, META, NVDA, TSLA, AMD
- `[sp500_sample]`: 20 diverse stocks
- `[diverse]`: 10 stocks across sectors
- `[mega_cap]`: 8 largest companies

#### Available options:

- `--preset` or `--tickers`: Choose stocks
- `--model`: Model type
- `--balance`: **Balance UP/DOWN samples (recommended!)**
- `--features`: Feature groups to use
- `--start/--end`: Date range
- `--no-fetch`: Skip downloading (use cached data)

#### Examples:

```
bash
```

```

# Tech stocks with balancing (recommended)
python src/train_multi.py --preset tech --model ensemble --balance

# Custom list with specific features
python src/train_multi.py \
    --tickers AAPL JPM XOM JNJ WMT \
    --model lightgbm \
    --features basic momentum volatility \
    --balance

# S&P 500 sample for diverse model
python src/train_multi.py --preset sp500_sample --model stacker --balance

```

### Option 3: Advanced Training ([train\\_advanced.py](#)) ★ RECOMMENDED

Best accuracy with feature selection, augmentation, and optimization.

```

bash

# Basic usage
python src/train_advanced.py \
    --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA \
    --model lightgbm

# Full options
python src/train_advanced.py \
    --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC \
    --model ensemble \
    --start 2018-01-01 \
    --max-features 35

```

#### What makes it "advanced":

- Automatic feature selection (picks top N most important)
- Data augmentation (creates synthetic samples)
- Lagged features (uses past 1-3 days)
- Rolling features (moving averages, std dev)
- Feature scaling (normalizes all features)
- Cross-validation (5-fold time series CV)

## Available options:

- `--tickers`: Stock symbols (required)
- `--model`: lightgbm, random\_forest, stacker, ensemble
- `--start/--end`: Date range
- `--max-features`: Number of features to select (default: 30)
- `--no-augmentation`: Disable data augmentation
- `--no-feature-selection`: Use all features
- `--no-scaling`: Don't scale features

## Examples:

```
bash

# Quick test (5 minutes)
python src/train_advanced.py \
    --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL \
    --model lightgbm \
    --max-features 25

# Best accuracy (15 minutes) ⭐ RECOMMENDED
python src/train_advanced.py \
    --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC \
    --model ensemble \
    --start 2018-01-01 \
    --max-features 35

# Fast with good accuracy (8 minutes)
python src/train_advanced.py \
    --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA TSLA META AMD \
    --model lightgbm \
    --max-features 30 \
    --start 2019-01-01
```

## 🔮 Making Predictions (CLI)

### Basic Prediction

```
bash
```

```
# Predict for Apple (with sentiment)
python src/predict.py AAPL
```

## Prediction Options

```
bash

# Without sentiment analysis
python src/predict.py AAPL --no-sentiment

# Using specific model
python src/predict.py AAPL model/advanced_ensemble_model.pkl

# Using custom model without sentiment
python src/predict.py TSLA model/custom_model.pkl --no-sentiment
```

## Predict Multiple Stocks

```
bash

# One by one
python src/predict.py AAPL
python src/predict.py MSFT
python src/predict.py GOOGL
python src/predict.py TSLA
python src/predict.py NVDA
```

## Batch Predictions

### Windows (batch file):

```
batch

@echo off
echo Predicting Tech Stocks...
python src/predict.py AAPL
python src/predict.py MSFT
python src/predict.py GOOGL
python src/predict.py AMZN
python src/predict.py NVDA
echo Done!
```

Save as `predict_batch.bat` and run it.

## Linux/Mac (bash script):

```
bash

#!/bin/bash
echo "Predicting Tech Stocks..."
for ticker in AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA TSLA META; do
    echo "==== $ticker ===="
    python src/predict.py $ticker
    echo ""
done
echo "Done!"
```

Save as `(predict_batch.sh)`, make executable with `(chmod +x predict_batch.sh)`, then run `(./predict_batch.sh)`.

## Understanding CLI Output

### STOCK PREDICTION RESULTS

Last trading day: 2025-01-10

Last close price: \$175.43

### MODEL PREDICTION:

 PREDICTION: UP tomorrow

Confidence: 68.7%

### Individual Model Predictions:

- random\_forest: UP
- lightgbm: UP
- stacker: DOWN

### NEWS SENTIMENT ANALYSIS:

  Overall Sentiment: POSITIVE

Sentiment Score: +0.45 (range: -1 to +1)

 Sentiment Trend: Improving

 Articles Analyzed: 12 (last 3 days)

## =====

## COMBINED ANALYSIS:

## =====

  Strong signal - Both technical indicators and news agree

Overall Confidence: HIGH

Breakdown:

- Technical Indicators: UP (68.7% confidence)
- News Sentiment: POSITIVE (0.45 strength)

 Suggestion: This is a high-confidence signal. Both technical and fundamental indicators align.

## =====

## RECENT TECHNICAL INDICATORS:

## =====

RSI: 58.32 (Neutral)

MACD: 2.14 (Bullish)

Volatility: 0.0234 (Normal)

 DISCLAIMER: Not financial advice. For educational purposes only.

## 🌐 Web Application

### Starting the Web App

```
bash  
  
# Make sure you're in project root  
cd stock-trend-predictor  
  
# Start the server  
python app.py
```

You should see:

 Starting Stock Trend Predictor Web App...

 Access at: <http://localhost:5000>

\* Running on <http://127.0.0.1:5000>

## Accessing the Web Interface

Open your browser and go to:

- **Local:** <http://localhost:5000>
- **Network:** [http://YOUR\\_COMPUTER\\_IP:5000](http://YOUR_COMPUTER_IP:5000) (accessible from other devices on same network)

## Using the Web Interface

### 1. Enter Stock Ticker

- Type any stock symbol (AAPL, TSLA, GOOGL, etc.)
- Must be 1-5 characters
- Press Enter or click "Predict"

### 2. Toggle Sentiment Analysis

- Check/uncheck "Include News Sentiment"
- Useful if you want technical-only analysis

### 3. View Results

- **Prediction Box:** Shows UP/DOWN with confidence
- **News Sentiment:** Overall sentiment from articles
- **Combined Analysis:** Agreement between model and news
- **Technical Indicators:** RSI, MACD, Volatility displayed
- **Individual Models:** Votes from each model (for ensemble)

## Web Interface Features

-  Beautiful gradient design
-  Mobile responsive (works on phones/tablets)
-  Real-time predictions
-  Clean, professional look
-  Visual confidence bars

- Smooth animations
- Clear error messages
- Loading indicators

## Customizing the Web App

**Change Port:** Edit `app.py`, line 212:

```
python
app.run(debug=True, host='0.0.0.0', port=8080) # Change to 8080
```

**Change Default Model:** Edit `app.py`, line 18:

```
python
MODEL_PATH = "model/your_custom_model.pkl"
```

**Disable Debug Mode (Production):**

```
python
app.run(debug=False, host='0.0.0.0', port=5000)
```

## News Sentiment Analysis

### How It Works

1. **Fetches News:** Gets last 3 days of articles for the stock
2. **Analyzes Sentiment:** Each article rated -1 (negative) to +1 (positive)
3. **Aggregates Score:** Calculates overall sentiment
4. **Checks Agreement:** Compares with model prediction
5. **Provides Context:** Shows trend and article count

### Sentiment Score Scale

Score Range	Label	Icon	Meaning
+0.6 to +1.0	Very Positive		Excellent news
+0.3 to +0.6	Positive		Good news

Score Range	Label	Icon	Meaning
+0.1 to +0.3	Slightly Positive	✓	Somewhat positive
-0.1 to +0.1	Neutral	▬	Mixed signals
-0.3 to -0.1	Slightly Negative	⚠	Somewhat concerning
-0.6 to -0.3	Negative	✗	Bad news
-1.0 to -0.6	Very Negative	✗✗	Very bad news

## Agreement Scenarios

### High Confidence (Best):

Model: UP (68%) + Sentiment: Positive (+0.45)  
→ ✓✓ Strong UP signal - Both indicators agree

### Low Confidence (Caution):

Model: UP (62%) + Sentiment: Negative (-0.38)  
→ ⚠ Mixed signals - Trade with caution

### Neutral Sentiment:

Model: UP (65%) + Sentiment: Neutral (0.05)  
→ 📈 Rely on technical indicators

## Configuring Sentiment Analysis

Edit `src/sentiment_config.py`:

```
python

SENTIMENT_CONFIG = {
    'enabled': True,           # Turn on/off
    'news_days': 3,            # Look back N days (change to 7 for more)
    'min_articles': 2,         # Minimum articles needed
    'max_articles': 20,        # Maximum to analyze
    'show_headlines': 3,        # Headlines to display (CLI only)
    'method': 'vader',         # 'vader' or 'finbert'
}
```

## Table of Contents

1. [Project Overview](#)
  2. [Installation](#)
  3. [Quick Start](#)
  4. [Training Models](#)
  5. [Making Predictions](#)
  6. [Comparing Models](#)
  7. [Understanding Results](#)
  8. [Advanced Usage](#)
  9. [Tips & Best Practices](#)
  10. [Troubleshooting](#)
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## Project Overview

This project predicts whether a stock will go UP or DOWN tomorrow using machine learning. It supports multiple models and advanced feature engineering for better accuracy.

### What This Does

- Fetches historical stock data from Yahoo Finance
- Engineers 40+ technical indicators (RSI, MACD, Bollinger Bands, etc.)
- Trains multiple ML models (Random Forest, LightGBM, LSTM, Ensemble)
- Predicts tomorrow's direction (UP/DOWN) with confidence scores
- Supports training on single or multiple stocks

### What This Doesn't Do

- Predict exact prices (only direction)
  - Guarantee profits (markets are unpredictable)
  - Provide financial advice (educational only)
- 

## Installation

## Step 1: Install Python Dependencies

```
bash

# Install all requirements
pip install -r requirements.txt
```

### Requirements include:

- yfinance (stock data)
- pandas, numpy (data processing)
- ta (technical indicators)
- scikit-learn (traditional ML)
- lightgbm, xgboost (gradient boosting)
- tensorflow (deep learning)

## Step 2: Verify Installation

```
bash

python -c "import yfinance, lightgbm, sklearn, tensorflow; print('✅ All packages installed')"
```

## Step 3: Project Structure

```
stock-trend-predictor/
├── src/
│   ├── main.py          # Single-stock training
│   ├── train_multi.py   # Multi-stock training
│   ├── train_advanced.py # Advanced training (RECOMMENDED)
│   ├── predict.py        # Make predictions
│   ├── compare_models.py # Compare model performance
│   ├── compare_configs.py # Configuration helper
│   ├── feature_engineering.py # Feature creation
│   ├── model_training.py # Model definitions
│   ├── data_preprocessing.py # Data cleaning
│   ├── data_fetch.py     # Data download
│   └── config.py         # Configuration settings
└── {data/, model/, results/} # Stock data (auto-created), Trained models (auto-created), Results & logs (auto-created)
```

```
└── requirements.txt  
└── README.md
```

## 🚀 Quick Start

### 1. Train Your First Model (5 minutes)

```
bash
```

```
# Quick test with 3 stocks  
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL --model lightgbm --max-features 25
```

#### Expected output:

```
[1/7] Fetching stock data...  
[2/7] Engineering features...  
...  
✓ Final Test Accuracy: 64.32%  
Model saved to: model/advanced_lightgbm_model.pkl
```

### 2. Make a Prediction

```
bash
```

```
# First, update predict.py to use the new model  
# Edit src/predict.py, line 8:  
# MODEL_PATH = "model/advanced_lightgbm_model.pkl"  
  
python src/predict.py AAPL
```

#### Expected output:

## ===== STOCK PREDICTION RESULTS =====

Last trading day: 2025-01-05

Last close price: \$175.43

 PREDICTION: UP tomorrow

Confidence: 67.3%

Recent Technical Indicators:

RSI: 58.32

MACD: 2.14

Volatility: 0.0234

### 3. That's it! 🎉

You've trained a model and made your first prediction!

## 🎓 Training Models

You have **three training scripts** to choose from:

Script	When to Use	Training Time	Accuracy
<code>main.py</code>	Single stock, basic training	2-3 min	52-58%
<code>train_multi.py</code>	Multiple stocks, balanced data	5-10 min	58-65%
<code>train_advanced.py</code>	<b>Best accuracy</b> (recommended)	10-20 min	62-72%

### Option 1: Single Stock Training (`(main.py)`)

Train on one stock's historical data.

```
bash
```

```
# Basic usage
python src/main.py AAPL --model ensemble
```

```
# With options
python src/main.py AAPL \
--model lightgbm \
--features basic momentum volatility \
--start 2020-01-01 \
--end 2024-12-31
```

## Available options:

- `--model`: random\_forest, lightgbm, lstm, stacker, ensemble
- `--features`: basic, momentum, volatility, volume, patterns, advanced
- `--start`: Start date (YYYY-MM-DD)
- `--end`: End date (YYYY-MM-DD)
- `--output`: Output model path

## Example:

```
bash
python src/main.py TSLA --model lightgbm --start 2019-01-01
```

## Option 2: Multi-Stock Training (`train_multi.py`)

Train on multiple stocks for better generalization.

```
bash
# Using presets
python src/train_multi.py --preset tech --model ensemble --balance

# Custom stock list
python src/train_multi.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA \
--model lightgbm \
--balance
```

## Available presets:

## Available options:

- `--preset` or `--tickers`: Choose stocks
- `--model`: Model type
- `--balance`: Balance UP/DOWN samples (recommended!)
- `--features`: Feature groups to use
- `--start/--end`: Date range
- `--no-fetch`: Skip downloading (use cached data)

## Examples:

```
bash

# Tech stocks with balancing
python src/train_multi.py --preset tech --model ensemble --balance

# Custom list with specific features
python src/train_multi.py \
    --tickers AAPL JPM XOM JNJ WMT \
    --model lightgbm \
    --features basic momentum volatility \
    --balance
```

## Option 3: Advanced Training (`train_advanced.py`) ★ RECOMMENDED

Best accuracy with feature selection, augmentation, and optimization.

```
bash
```

```

# Basic usage
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA \
--model lightgbm

# Full options
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC \
--model ensemble \
--start 2018-01-01 \
--max-features 35

```

## What makes it "advanced":

- Automatic feature selection (picks top N most important)
- Data augmentation (creates synthetic samples)
- Lagged features (uses past 1-3 days)
- Rolling features (moving averages, std dev)
- Feature scaling (normalizes all features)
- Cross-validation (5-fold time series CV)

## Available options:

- `--tickers`: Stock symbols (required)
- `--model`: lightgbm, random\_forest, stacker, ensemble
- `--start/--end`: Date range
- `--max-features`: Number of features to select (default: 30)
- `--no-augmentation`: Disable data augmentation
- `--no-feature-selection`: Use all features
- `--no-scaling`: Don't scale features

## Examples:

bash

```

# Quick test (5 minutes)
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL \
--model lightgbm \
--max-features 25

# Best accuracy (15 minutes)
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC \
--model ensemble \
--start 2018-01-01 \
--max-features 35

# Fast with good accuracy (8 minutes)
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA TSLA META AMD \
--model lightgbm \
--max-features 30 \
--start 2019-01-01

```

## 🔮 Making Predictions

After training a model, use `(predict.py)` to make predictions.

### Step 1: Update predict.py

Edit `(src/predict.py)` (line 8) to use your trained model:

```

python

# For single-stock model
MODEL_PATH = "model/stock_predictor.pkl"

# For multi-stock model
MODEL_PATH = "model/multi_stock_predictor.pkl"

# For advanced model
MODEL_PATH = "model/advanced_lightgbm_model.pkl"
# or
MODEL_PATH = "model/advanced_ensemble_model.pkl"

```

### Step 2: Make Predictions

```
bash
```

```
python src/predict.py AAPL  
python src/predict.py TSLA  
python src/predict.py GOOGL
```

## Understanding the Output

### ===== STOCK PREDICTION RESULTS =====

Last trading day: 2025-01-05

Last close price: \$175.43

 PREDICTION: UP tomorrow

Confidence: 67.3%

Individual Model Predictions: # (only for ensemble)

- random\_forest: UP
- lightgbm: UP
- stacker: DOWN

Recent Technical Indicators:

RSI: 58.32

MACD: 2.14

Volatility: 0.0234

  
=====

## What each means:

- **Prediction:** UP (price will increase) or DOWN (price will decrease)
- **Confidence:** How certain the model is (higher = more confident)
- **Individual Predictions:** Each model's vote (for ensemble only)
- **Technical Indicators:** Recent market signals

---

## Comparing Models

Use `compare_models.py` to compare different models' performance.

## Basic Usage

```
bash  
python src/compare_models.py AAPL
```

This compares:

- Single-stock model (`(model/stock_predictor.pkl)`)
- Multi-stock model (`(model/multi_stock_predictor.pkl)`)

## Custom Comparison

```
bash  
python src/compare_models.py AAPL model/custom1.pkl model/custom2.pkl
```

## Example Output

```
=====  
MODEL COMPARISON FOR AAPL  
=====
```

```
Test set size: 50 samples  
=====
```

```
COMPARISON RESULTS  
=====
```

Model	Accuracy	Precision	Recall	F1-Score
Single-Stock	58.00%	56.52%	62.50%	59.38%
Multi-Stock	64.00%	65.22%	65.22%	65.22%

```
🏆 Multi-stock model performs better by 6.00%  
=====
```

# Understanding Results

## Accuracy Metrics

Metric	What It Means	Good Value
Accuracy	% of correct predictions	>60%
Precision	Of predicted UPs, how many were correct	>60%
Recall	Of actual UPs, how many did we catch	>60%
F1-Score	Balance of precision & recall	>60%

## Training Output Explained

[1/7] Fetching stock data...

- ✓ AAPL: 1250 rows
- ✓ MSFT: 1250 rows

[2/7] Engineering features...

Adding basic features...

Adding momentum features...

...

[3/7] Creating lagged and rolling features...

Total features after engineering: 87

[4/7] Augmenting data...

Original class distribution:

Majority: 5124

Minority: 4876

After augmentation:

Total samples: 14876

[5/7] Preparing train/test split...

Train samples: 11900

Test samples: 2976

[6/7] Selecting best 30 features...

Top 10 most important features:

RSI: 0.0842

MACD: 0.0731

BB\_Width: 0.0689

...

[7/7] Scaling features...

Performing 5-fold time series cross-validation...

Fold 1: 0.6234

Fold 2: 0.6512

Fold 3: 0.6387

Fold 4: 0.6445

Fold 5: 0.6521

CV Mean Accuracy: 0.6420 (+/- 0.0112)

Training final model...

Final Test Accuracy: 65.32%

Classification Report:

	precision	recall	f1-score
DOWN	0.64	0.68	0.66
UP	0.67	0.63	0.65

Model saved to: model/advanced\_lightgbm\_model.pkl

## Key points:

- **CV Mean Accuracy:** Average across 5 folds (should be stable)
- **Std deviation:** Low = consistent, high = unstable
- **Final Test Accuracy:** Performance on unseen data
- **Classification Report:** Detailed breakdown per class

## 🎯 Advanced Usage

### Testing Different Configurations

Use `compare_configs.py` to see recommended configurations:

```
bash
```

```
python src/compare_configs.py
```

This shows 6 pre-configured setups you can try manually.

## Batch Predictions

Create a script to predict multiple stocks:

**Windows (batch file):**

```
batch

@echo off
for %%t in (AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN TSLA) do (
    python src/predict.py %%t
)
```

**Linux/Mac (bash script):**

```
bash

#!/bin/bash
for ticker in AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN TSLA; do
    python src/predict.py $ticker
done
```

## Custom Feature Engineering

Edit `src/feature_engineering.py` to add your own features:

```
python

def _add_custom_features(self, df):
    """Add your custom features"""
    # Example: Price distance from 200-day MA
    df["Custom_MA_Dist"] = (df["Close"] - df["SMA_200"]) / df["SMA_200"]

    # Example: Volume surge detection
    df["Volume_Surge"] = df["Volume"] > (df["Volume_SMA"] * 1.5)

    return df

# Register in __init__
self.feature_groups['custom'] = self._add_custom_features
```

Then train with your custom features:

```
bash
```

```
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT \
--model lightgbm \
--features basic momentum custom
```

## Tips & Best Practices

### For Best Accuracy

#### 1. Use multi-stock training (8-15 diverse stocks)

```
bash
```

```
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN JPM XOM JNJ WMT --model ensemble
```

#### 2. Include more historical data (5+ years)

```
bash
```

```
--start 2018-01-01
```

#### 3. Use ensemble model for final production

```
bash
```

```
--model ensemble
```

#### 4. Start with LightGBM for experiments (faster)

```
bash
```

```
--model lightgbm
```

#### 5. Balance your dataset (for multi-stock training)

```
bash
```

```
--balance
```

### For Faster Training

#### 1. Use fewer stocks (3-5)

2. Use LightGBM instead of ensemble

3. Reduce features (`--max-features 20`)

4. Shorter date range (`--start 2021-01-01`)

## For Different Stock Types

### Tech Stocks:

```
bash

python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD \
--model lightgbm
```

### Blue Chips:

```
bash

python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL JPM JNJ PG KO WMT DIS \
--model lightgbm
```

### High Volatility:

```
bash

python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers TSLA GME AMC NVDA \
--model ensemble \
--max-features 40
```

## Retraining Schedule

- **Monthly:** Retrain with latest data
  - **After major events:** Retrain after market crashes, Fed announcements
  - **When accuracy drops:** Monitor predictions vs actual results
-

# Troubleshooting

## Common Errors

### 1. "No module named 'xgboost'"

```
bash  
pip install xgboost
```

### 2. "No module named 'feature\_engineering'"

Make sure you're running from the project root:

```
bash  
cd /path/to/stock-trend-predictor  
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL --model lightgbm
```

### 3. "Model not found"

Train a model first:

```
bash  
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL --model lightgbm
```

### 4. "Not enough data"

Use longer date range:

```
bash  
--start 2018-01-01
```

### 5. Low accuracy (<55%)

Try these solutions:

```
bash
```

```
# More stocks
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC --model ensemble

# More data
--start 2017-01-01

# More features
--max-features 40

# Better model
--model ensemble
```

## 6. Training takes forever

Reduce complexity:

```
bash

# Fewer stocks
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL

# Fewer features
--max-features 20

# Faster model
--model lightgbm
```

## Performance Issues

Issue	Solution
Training too slow	Use LightGBM, fewer stocks, shorter date range
Low accuracy	More stocks, more data, ensemble model
Out of memory	Fewer features, shorter date range
Predictions too slow	Use single model (not ensemble)

## Recommended Workflows

### For Beginners

```
bash
```

*# Day 1: Quick test*

```
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL --model lightgbm --max-features 25
```

*# Day 2: Better model*

```
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model lightgbm --max-features 30
```

*# Day 3: Best model*

```
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD --model ensemble --max-features 40
```

### For Production Use

```
bash
```

*# Step 1: Train best model*

```
python src/train_advanced.py \
--tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC XOM JNJ WMT PG V MA \
--model ensemble \
--start 2017-01-01 \
--max-features 40
```

*# Step 2: Update predict.py*

```
# MODEL_PATH = "model/advanced_ensemble_model.pkl"
```

*# Step 3: Test predictions*

```
python src/predict.py AAPL
```

```
python src/predict.py TSLA
```

*# Step 4: Monitor accuracy weekly*

*# Compare predictions vs actual outcomes*

*# Step 5: Retrain monthly*

*# Run Step 1 again with latest data*

### For Experimentation

```
bash
```

```

# Test different models
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model lightgbm
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model random_forest
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model stacker
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN NVDA --model ensemble

# Compare results
python src/compare_models.py AAPL model/advanced_lightgbm_model.pkl model/advanced_ensemble_model.pkl

```

## Summary

### Quick Reference Commands

```

bash

# Best command for accuracy (15 min)
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL AMZN META NVDA TSLA AMD JPM BAC --model ensemb

# Fast command for testing (5 min)
python src/train_advanced.py --tickers AAPL MSFT GOOGL --model lightgbm --max-features 25

# Make prediction
python src/predict.py AAPL

# Compare models
python src/compare_models.py AAPL

# See configuration options
python src/compare_configs.py

```

### Expected Performance

Training Method	Accuracy	Time
Single stock (main.py)	52-58%	2-3 min
Multi-stock (train_multi.py)	58-65%	5-10 min
Advanced (train_advanced.py)	62-72%	10-20 min

### Important Notes

 This is for educational purposes only

**⚠️ Not financial advice**

**⚠️ Past performance ≠ future results**

**⚠️ Markets are unpredictable**

**⚠️ Always do your own research**

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## 🎓 Next Steps

1.  Train your first model
2.  Make predictions
3.  Compare different configurations
4.  Monitor accuracy over time
5.  Retrain regularly with new data
6.  Experiment with custom features

**Good luck with your stock predictions!** 