MOVIE TICKET BOOKING SYSTEM

A MINI PROJECT REPORT

Submitted by

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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

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ABSTRACT

The Python and SQL-based Movie Ticket Booking System is a comprehensive solution designed to facilitate the booking of movie tickets through a user-friendly interface. Leveraging the Python programming language for frontend development and SQL for backend database management, the system provides users with a seamless and efficient booking experience. The system allows users to browse through a wide range of movie listings, view showtimes, select seats, and securely purchase tickets. By utilizing SQL databases to store and manage movie, user, and booking information, it ensures data integrity, security, and scalability.

With its intuitive interface and robust backend architecture, the system offers cinema-goers a convenient and hassle-free way to book tickets while enabling cinema operators to efficiently manage bookings and optimize operations. Through its Python and SQL-based technical stack, the movie ticket booking system aims to enhance the movie-going experience and drive value for both users and cinema owners alike.

TABLE OF CONTENTS

1. INTRODUCTION					
1.1	INTRODUCTION				
1.2	OBJECTIVES				
1.3	MODULES				
2. SURVEY OF TECHNOLOGIES					
2.1	SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION				
2.2	LANGUAGES				
2.2.1 SQL					
2.2.2 PYTHON					
3. REQUIREMENTS AND ANALYSIS					
3.1 REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION					
3.2 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS					
` 3.3 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM					
3.4 ER DIAGRAM					
3.5 NORMALIZATION					
4. PROGRAM CODE					
5. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION					
6.CONCLUSION					

7.REFERENCES

1.1 INTRODUCTION

The Ticket Booking System project aims to revolutionize the way tickets are purchased and managed for various events, including concerts, movies, and transportation services. In an era where digital solutions are increasingly becoming the norm, this project seeks to provide a comprehensive, user-friendly platform that addresses the needs of both consumers and event organizers.

The primary objective of this system is to offer a seamless and efficient ticket booking experience. Users can easily search for events, check availability, select preferred seats, and complete transactions with minimal effort. The system is designed to be accessible via multiple devices, ensuring convenience and flexibility for users who prefer booking tickets on-the-go.

1.2 OBJECTIVES

- Develop an intuitive and responsive user interface that simplifies the ticket booking process.
- Employ robust security measures, including encryption and fraud detection, to safeguard user information.
- Provide real-time analytics and reporting features to help organizers make informed decisions.
- Develop backend tools for administrators to easily manage the platform, including user accounts, event details, and financial transactions.

1.3 MODULES

- Navigation Module
- Movie Details Module
- Movie Browsing and Search Module
- Ticket Booking Module
- Seat Selection Module
- Ticket Generating Module

2.1 SOFTWARE DESCRIPTION

The mysql-connector-python library is a MySQL driver for Python that allows you to connect to a MySQL database, execute queries, and retrieve results. It provides a simple and efficient way to interact with MySQL databases using Python. To use it, install the library with pip install mysql-connector-python and establish a connection using mysql.connector.connect(). This library supports various MySQL operations including CRUD (Create, Read, Update, Delete) operations and transaction management.

2.2 LANGUAGES

1. Python:-

It is used for scripting the application's logic, managing database operations, and integrating different modules.

2. Tkinter:-

Tkinter is the standard Python interface to the Tk GUI toolkit. It is used for developing the graphical user interface (GUI) of the application.

3.MySQL:-

MySQL is used as the database management system for the project. It is an embedded SQL database engine that provides a lightweight and efficient way to store and manage data.

REQUIREMENT AND ANALYSIS

3.1 REQUIREMENT SPECIFICATION

The Movie Ticket Booking System requires functionalities for user registration and authentication, profile management, movie browsing and search with filtering options, and detailed movie information display. It must include interactive seat selection with real-time updates, secure payment processing through gateways like Stripe or PayPal, and instant booking confirmations via email and SMS. Administrators need tools for managing movie listings, showtimes, and seat layouts, as well as access to detailed sales and user activity reports. Non-functional requirements include ensuring high performance, scalability, security, and compliance with data protection standards. The system should provide personalized user notifications, promotional alerts, and robust customer support to enhance the overall user experience and operational efficiency.

3.2 HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE REQUIREMENTS

HARDWARE REQUIREMENT

Processor: Quad-core CPU, 2.5 GHz or higher

• RAM: 16 GB or more

• Storage: SSD with 500 GB or more

• Network: High-speed internet connection (1 Gbps recommended)

Backup: External backup drive or cloud storage for data redundancy

• Devices: Desktop computers, laptops, tablets, smartphones

SOFTWARE REQUIREMENT

• Operating System: Linux (Ubuntu, CentOS) or Windows Server

Database Management System: MySQL

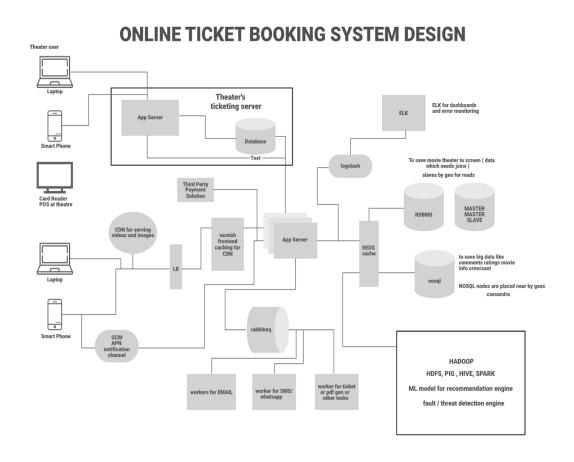
• Programming Language: Python Version 3.6 or higher

• Web Browser: Latest versions of Chrome, Firefox, Safari, Edge

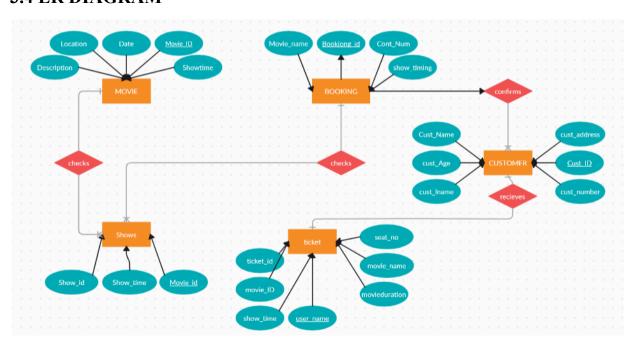
• Python Libraries:

- -'tkinter' for GUI development (included with Python)
- 'mysql' for database management (included with Python)

3.3 ARCHITECTURE DIAGRAM



3.4 ER DIAGRAM



PROGRAM CODE

```
import tkinter as tk
fromnnector
# Database connection setup
def connect_to_db():
  return mysql.connector.connect(
    host="localhost",
    user="root",
    password="Zaynmalik@4",
    database="MovieTicketBooking"
  )
class\ Movie Ticket Booking System (tk. Tk):
  def __init__(self):
    super().__init__()
    self.title("Movie Ticket Booking System")
```

```
self.geometry("1000x430")
    self.resizable(False, False)
    self.frames = {}
    for F in (HomePage, MoviesPage, BookTicketPage, SelectSeatsPage,
ViewBookingsPage, TicketPage):
      page_name = F.__name__
      frame = F(parent=self, controller=self)
      self.frames[page name] = frame
      frame.grid(row=0, column=0, sticky="nsew")
    self.show frame("HomePage")
  def show frame(self, page name):
    frame = self.frames[page name]
    frame.tkraise()
class HomePage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
    super().__init__(parent)
    self.controller = controller
```

```
self.configure(bg="#e0f7fa")
    label = tk.Label(self, text="Welcome to Movie Ticket Booking System", font=("Arial",
20), bg="#e0f7fa", fg="#004d40")
    label.pack(pady=20)
    view movies button = tk.Button(self, text="View Movies", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("MoviesPage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    view movies button.pack(pady=10)
    book ticket button = tk.Button(self, text="Book Ticket", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("BookTicketPage"), bg="#26c6da", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    book ticket button.pack(pady=10)
    view bookings button = tk.Button(self, text="View Bookings", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("ViewBookingsPage"), bg="#00acc1", fg="white", font=("Arial",
12), width=20)
    view bookings button.pack(pady=10)
class MoviesPage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
```

```
super(). init (parent)
    self.controller = controller
    self.configure(bg="#e0f7fa")
    label = tk.Label(self, text="Available Movies", font=("Arial", 20), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40")
    label.pack(pady=20)
    self.tree = ttk.Treeview(self, columns=("ID", "Title", "Genre", "Duration", "Rating"),
show='headings')
    self.tree.heading("ID", text="ID")
    self.tree.heading("Title", text="Title")
    self.tree.heading("Genre", text="Genre")
    self.tree.heading("Duration", text="Duration")
    self.tree.heading("Rating", text="Rating")
    self.tree.pack(pady=20)
    self.load movies()
    back button = tk.Button(self, text="Back to Home", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("HomePage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
```

```
back button.pack(pady=10)
  def load movies(self):
    db = connect to db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Movies")
    movies = cursor.fetchall()
    for movie in movies:
       self.tree.insert("", "end", values=movie)
    db.close()
class BookTicketPage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
    super(). init (parent)
    self.controller = controller
    self.configure(bg="#e0f7fa")
    label = tk.Label(self, text="Book Ticket", font=("Arial", 20), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40")
    label.pack(pady=20)
```

```
tk.Label(self, text="Movie ID:", bg="#e0f7fa", fg="#004d40").pack(pady=5)
    self.movie id entry = tk.Entry(self)
    self.movie id entry.pack(pady=5)
    tk.Label(self, text="Show Timing:", bg="#e0f7fa", fg="#004d40").pack(pady=5)
    self.show time combobox = ttk.Combobox(self)
    self.show time combobox.pack(pady=5)
    tk.Label(self, text="Your Name:", bg="#e0f7fa", fg="#004d40").pack(pady=5)
    self.user name entry = tk.Entry(self)
    self.user name entry.pack(pady=5)
    tk.Label(self, text="Number of Seats:", bg="#e0f7fa", fg="#004d40").pack(pady=5)
    self.seats entry = tk.Entry(self)
    self.seats entry.pack(pady=5)
    book button = tk.Button(self, text="Select Seats", command=self.select seats,
bg="#26c6da", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12), width=20)
    book button.pack(pady=10)
    back button = tk.Button(self, text="Back to Home", command=lambda:
```

```
controller.show frame("HomePage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    back button.pack(pady=10)
    self.movie id entry.bind("<FocusOut>", self.load show timings)
  def load show timings(self, event):
    movie id = self.movie id entry.get()
    if not movie id:
      return
    db = connect to db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT show id, show time FROM ShowTimings WHERE
movie id=%s", (movie id,))
    show timings = cursor.fetchall()
    db.close()
    self.show time combobox['values'] = [f'' \{show[1]\}'' for show in show timings]
    self.show time combobox.set(")
  def select seats(self):
```

```
movie id = self.movie id entry.get()
    show time = self.show time combobox.get()
    user name = self.user name entry.get()
    seats = self.seats_entry.get()
    if not movie_id or not show_time or not user_name or not seats:
       messagebox.showerror("Error", "All fields are required")
       return
    show id = self.get show id(movie id, show time)
    if not show id:
       messagebox.showerror("Error", "Invalid show timing selected")
       return
    self.controller.frames["SelectSeatsPage"].configure(show id=show id,
user name=user name, seats=int(seats))
    self.controller.show frame("SelectSeatsPage")
  def get show id(self, movie id, show time):
    db = connect to db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
```

```
cursor.execute("SELECT show id FROM ShowTimings WHERE movie id=%s AND
show time=%s", (movie id, show time))
    show id = cursor.fetchone()
    db.close()
    return show id[0] if show id else None
class SelectSeatsPage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
    super(). init (parent)
    self.controller = controller
    self.selected seats = []
    label = tk.Label(self, text="Select Seats", font=("Arial", 20), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40")
    label.pack(pady=20)
    self.seats frame = tk.Frame(self, bg="#e0f7fa")
    self.seats frame.pack(pady=20)
    self.book button = tk.Button(self, text="Book", command=self.book seats,
bg="#26c6da", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12), width=20)
    self.book button.pack(pady=10)
```

```
self.back button = tk.Button(self, text="Back to Book Ticket", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("BookTicketPage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    self.back button.pack(pady=10)
  def configure(self, show id, user name, seats):
    self.show id = show id
    self.user name = user name
    self.seats = seats
    self.load seats()
  def load seats(self):
    for widget in self.seats frame.winfo children():
       widget.destroy()
    db = connect_to_db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT seat number, status FROM Seats WHERE show id=%s",
(self.show id,))
    seats = cursor.fetchall()
```

```
row = 0
    col = 0
    self.seat buttons = {}
    for seat in seats:
       seat number, status = seat
       button = tk.Button(self.seats frame, text=seat number, width=5, height=2,
bg="#4dd0e1" if status == 'available' else "#b0bec5",
                  state=tk.NORMAL if status == 'available' else tk.DISABLED,
                  command=lambda sn=seat number: self.toggle seat(sn))
       button.grid(row=row, column=col, padx=5, pady=5)
       self.seat buttons[seat number] = button
       col += 1
       if col >= 10:
         col = 0
         row += 1
    db.close()
  def toggle seat(self, seat number):
    if seat number in self.selected seats:
       self.selected seats.remove(seat number)
       self.seat buttons[seat number].configure(bg="#4dd0e1")
```

```
if len(self.selected seats) < self.seats:
         self.selected seats.append(seat number)
         self.seat buttons[seat number].configure(bg="#26c6da")
       else:
         messagebox.showwarning("Warning", f"You can only select {self.seats} seats")
  def book seats(self):
    if len(self.selected seats) != self.seats:
       messagebox.showwarning("Warning", f"You must select exactly {self.seats} seats")
       return
    db = connect\_to\_db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
    # Update seats status to 'booked'
    for seat in self.selected seats:
       cursor.execute("UPDATE Seats SET status='booked' WHERE show id=%s AND
seat number=%s", (self.show id, seat))
    # Insert booking record
```

else:

```
cursor.execute("INSERT INTO Bookings (show id, user name, seats) VALUES (%s,
%s, %s)",
             (self.show id, self.user name, len(self.selected seats)))
    db.commit()
    db.close()
    ticket data = {
       "user name": self.user name,
       "show id": self.show id,
       "seats": self.selected seats
     }
    self.controller.frames["TicketPage"].set ticket data(ticket data)
    self.controller.show frame("TicketPage")
class ViewBookingsPage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
    super(). init (parent)
     self.controller = controller
    self.configure(bg="#e0f7fa")
```

```
label = tk.Label(self, text="Bookings", font=("Arial", 20), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40")
    label.pack(pady=20)
    self.tree = ttk.Treeview(self, columns=("ID", "Show ID", "User Name", "Seats"),
show='headings')
    self.tree.heading("ID", text="ID")
    self.tree.heading("Show ID", text="Show ID")
    self.tree.heading("User Name", text="User Name")
    self.tree.heading("Seats", text="Seats")
    self.tree.pack(pady=20)
    self.load bookings()
    back button = tk.Button(self, text="Back to Home", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("HomePage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    back button.pack(pady=10)
  def load bookings(self):
    db = connect to db()
```

```
cursor = db.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT * FROM Bookings")
    bookings = cursor.fetchall()
    for booking in bookings:
       self.tree.insert("", "end", values=booking)
    db.close()
class TicketPage(tk.Frame):
  def init (self, parent, controller):
    super(). init (parent)
    self.controller = controller
    self.configure(bg="#e0f7fa")
    self.label = tk.Label(self, text="Your Ticket", font=("Arial", 20), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40")
    self.label.pack(pady=20)
    self.ticket text = tk.Text(self, width=60, height=10, font=("Arial", 12), bg="#e0f7fa",
fg="#004d40", bd=0)
    self.ticket text.pack(pady=20)
```

```
back button = tk.Button(self, text="Back to Home", command=lambda:
controller.show frame("HomePage"), bg="#4dd0e1", fg="white", font=("Arial", 12),
width=20)
    back button.pack(pady=10)
  def set ticket data(self, ticket data):
    db = connect to db()
    cursor = db.cursor()
    cursor.execute("SELECT movie id FROM ShowTimings WHERE show id = %s",
(ticket data["show id"],))
    movie id = cursor.fetchone()[0]
    cursor.execute("SELECT title FROM Movies WHERE movie id = %s", (movie id,))
    movie title = cursor.fetchone()[0]
    cursor.execute("SELECT show time FROM ShowTimings WHERE show id = %s",
(ticket_data["show_id"],))
    show time = cursor.fetchone()[0]
    db.close()
```

```
ticket_info = (
          f"User\ Name:\ \{ticket\_data['user\_name']\} \\ \ "
          f"Movie Title: {movie_title}\n"
          f"Show Time: {show time}\n"
          f"Seat Numbers: {', '.join(ticket data['seats'])}\n"
        )
        self.ticket text.delete(1.0, tk.END)
        self.ticket text.insert(tk.END, ticket info)
   if __name__ == "__main__":
     app = MovieTicketBookingSystem()
     app.mainloop()
tkinter import ttk, messagebox
import mysql.co
```

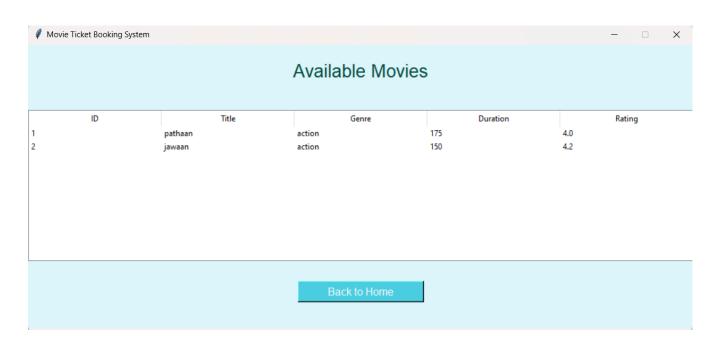
RESULT AND DISCUSSION

5.1 USER DOCUMENTATION

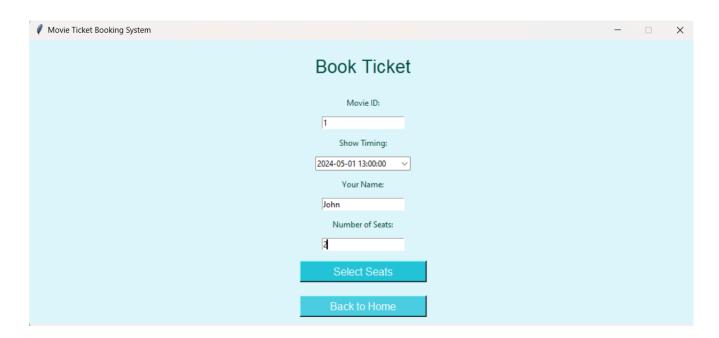
Navigation Module

	-	×
Welcome to Movie Ticket Booking System		
View Movies		
Book Ticket		
View Bookings		

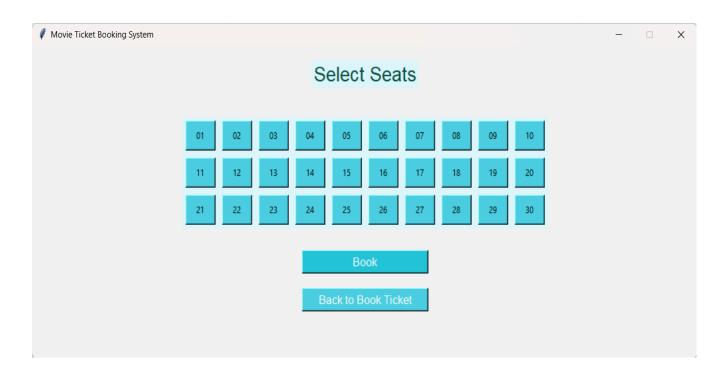
Movie Details Module



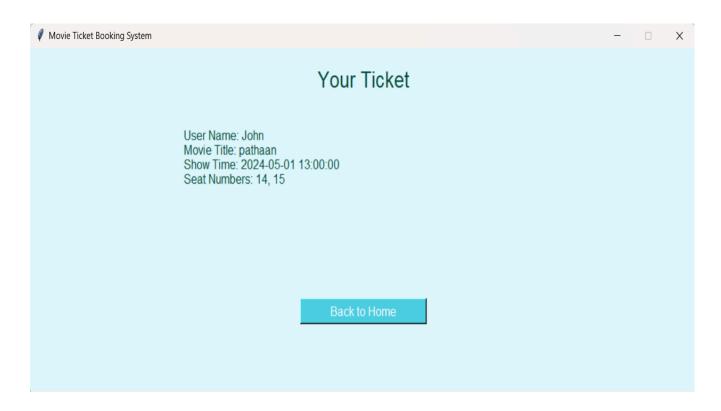
Ticket Booking Module



Seat Selection Module



Ticket Generating Module



6.1 CONCLUSION

In conclusion, the Movie Ticket Booking System represents a comprehensive solution designed to modernize and streamline the process of booking movie tickets, catering to the evolving needs of users and cinema operators alike. Through the development of this system, several key objectives have been achieved:

Firstly, the system offers users a seamless and convenient platform for browsing movies, selecting seats, and completing transactions, enhancing the overall movie-going experience. With features such as real-time seat availability updates, interactive seat selection, and secure payment processing, users can easily find and book tickets for their desired movies with confidence.

Secondly, the system provides powerful management tools for cinema administrators, allowing them to efficiently manage movie listings, showtimes, seat layouts, and user accounts. Detailed reporting and analytics features enable administrators to gain valuable insights into user behavior, ticket sales, and system performance, facilitating data-driven decision-making and optimization of operations.

Furthermore, the Movie Ticket Booking System prioritizes security and reliability, implementing measures such as data encryption, secure authentication, and regular backups to safeguard user information and ensure uninterrupted service delivery.

7.1 REFERENCES

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