# Importing required packages

```
In [1]:
```

```
import pandas as pd
                                                              # to import data in and use
as dataframes
import numpy as np
from sklearn.linear model import LogisticRegression
                                                              # used to implement logistic
from sklearn.feature extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer # used in creating tf-idf
from sklearn.decomposition import LatentDirichletAllocation # implementing 1da
import nltk
                                                              # used in feature engineeri
ng remove stopwords
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
                                                              # importing stopwords
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
                                                              # used in feature engineeri
ng to tokenize words
                                                              # used in feature engineeri
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
ng to convert words to their stem
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
                                                              # used in feature engineeri
ng to lemmatize words
```

## **Functions to call**

```
In [2]:
```

```
def form1(record):
    record = pd.DataFrame.from_dict([record])
    a = part1(record)
    b = part2(record)
    c = part3(record)
    return (a or b or c)
```

```
In [3]:
```

```
def form2(dict1):
    score = 0
    for key,value in dict1.items():
        if value == 1:
            score = score + 1
        elif value == 2:
            score = score + 2
        elif value == 3:
            score = score + 3
    return insight(score)
```

```
In [4]:
```

```
def first_run():
    df = initial_data()
    list1 = create_list()
    df = refine_text(df,list1)
    df2 = refine_dataframe(df)
    model = model_development(df2)
    vectorizer,lda_model = tf_idf(df)
    return (df,list1,model,vectorizer,lda_model)
```

## **Feature Engineering**

```
In [5]:
```

```
def initial_data():
    df = pd.read_excel('training.xlsx') # re
```

#### Creating a list for stopwords out of library and internet

#### In [6]:

```
def create list():
   list1 = ['a', 'about', 'above', 'across', 'after', 'afterwards', 'again', 'against',
'all', 'almost', 'alone',
           'along', 'already', 'also', 'although', 'always', 'am', 'among', 'amongst',
'amoungst', 'amount',
           'an', 'and', 'another', 'any', 'anyhow', 'anyone', 'anything', 'anyway', 'a
ng', 'been', 'before',
           'beforehand', 'behind', 'being', 'below', 'beside', 'besides', 'between', '
beyond', 'bill', 'both',
           'bottom', 'but', 'by', 'call', 'can', 'cannot', 'cant', 'co', 'con', 'could
', 'couldnt', 'cry', 'de',
'describe', 'detail', 'did', 'do', 'does', 'doing', 'don', 'done', 'down', 'due', 'during', 'each', 'eg',
            'eight', 'either', 'eleven', 'else', 'elsewhere', 'empty', 'enough', 'etc',
'even', 'every', 'everyone',
            'everything', 'everywhere', 'except', 'few', 'fifteen', 'fify', 'fill', 'fi
nd', 'fire', 'first', 'five', 'for',
           'former', 'formerly', 'forty', 'found', 'four', 'from', 'front', 'full', 'f
urther', 'get', 'give', 'go', 'had',
           'has', 'hasnt', 'have', 'having', 'he', 'hence', 'her', 'here', 'hereafter'
 ', 'ie', 'if', 'in', 'inc', 'indeed',
            'interest', 'into', 'is', 'it', 'its', 'itself', 'just', 'keep', 'last', 'l
'move', 'much', 'must', 'my', 'myself', 'name', 'namely', 'neither', 'never
', 'nevertheless', 'next', 'nine',
'no', 'nobody', 'none', 'noone', 'nor', 'not', 'nothing', 'now', 'nowhere', 'of', 'often', 'on', 'once',
           'one', 'only', 'onto', 'or', 'other', 'others', 'otherwise', 'our', 'ours',
'ourselves', 'out', 'over', 'own',
           'part', 'per', 'perhaps', 'please', 'put', 'rather', 're', 's', 'same', 'se
e', 'seem', 'seemed', 'seeming',
           'seems', 'serious', 'several', 'she', 'should', 'show', 'side', 'since', 's
incere', 'six', 'sixty', 'so',
            'some', 'somehow', 'someone', 'something', 'sometime', 'sometimes', 'somewh
ere', 'still', 'such', 'system',
't', 'take', 'ten', 'than', 'that', 'the', 'their', 'theirs', 'them', 'them selves', 'then', 'therce', 'there', 'therefore', 'therein', 'thereupon', 'these', 'the
'together', 'too', 'top', 'toward',
            'towards', 'twelve', 'twenty', 'two', 'un', 'under', 'until', 'up', 'upon',
'us', 'very', 'via', 'was', 'we',
           'well', 'were', 'what', 'whatever', 'when', 'whence', 'whenever', 'where',
'whereafter', 'whereas', 'whereby',
           'wherein', 'whereupon', 'wherever', 'whether', 'which', 'while', 'whither',
'who', 'whoever', 'whole', 'whom',
            'whose', 'why', 'will', 'with', 'within', 'without', 'would', 'yet', 'you',
'your', 'yours', 'yourself',
```

```
'yourselves',',','.']
list2 = stopwords.words('English')
list3 = []
for i in list1:
    if i not in list2:
        list3.append(i)
for i in list3:
    list1.append(i)
return list1
```

### Step 1: Lower the characters of string

Step 2: Remove sybmols(to remove punctuation) and apostrophe

Step 3: Word tokenise

Step 4: Removing single characters, stopwords, lemmatizing and stemming

```
In [7]:
```

```
def refine text(df1,list1):
   symbols = "!\"#$%&()*+-./:;<=>?@[\]^ `{|}~\n'"
   list4 = []
   list5 = []
   list6 = []
   list7 = []
   for i in range (100):
       temp = np.char.lower(str(df1[13][i]))
       for i in symbols:
            temp = np.char.replace(temp, i, ' ')
       list6.append((np.array2string(temp)).split("'")[1])
   df1['words new'] = list6
   for i in range (100):
       list4.append(word tokenize(df1['words new'][i]))
   df1['tokens'] = list4
   lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
   ps = PorterStemmer()
   for i in range (100):
       filtered tokens = []
       for w in df1['tokens'][i]:
           if w not in list1 and len(w)>1:
                filtered tokens.append(ps.stem(lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)))
       list5.append(filtered tokens)
   df1['filtered tokens'] = list5
   for i in range (100):
       temp = ''
       for j in range(len(df1['filtered tokens'][i])):
            temp = temp + ' ' + df1['filtered tokens'][i][j]
       list7.append(temp)
   df1['tf idf sentences'] = list7
   return df1
```

### Part 1

```
In [8]:

def part1(df):
    df = refine_text(df, list1)
    df = df['filtered_tokens']
    prediction = predict_tag1(df)
    return prediction
```

```
In [9]:

def predict_tag1(df):
    if df[0]:
        for j in df[0]:
```

# Part 2

In [10]:

```
def part2(df):
   df = refine dataframe(df)
   prediction = model.predict(df)
   return prediction
In [11]:
def refine dataframe(df):
    df2 = df.drop([0,1,2,3,7,13,16,17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24,25,'words','words_new','toke
ns','filtered_tokens','tf_idf_sentences'],axis = 1)
    df2.replace('Yes','1',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('Yes ','1',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('No','-1',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('Maybe','0',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('Extrovert','1',inplace = True)
   df2.replace('Introvert','-1',inplace = True)
   df2.replace('Ambivert','0',inplace = True)
   df2.replace('Positively','1',inplace = True)
   df2.replace('Negatively','-1',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('Not comfortable','0',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('0-25','0.25',inplace = True)
   df2.replace('26-50','0.50',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('51-75','0.75',inplace = True)
    df2.replace('76-100','1.00',inplace = True)
    return df2
```

#### **Model Development - Logistic Regression**

```
In [12]:

def model_development(df2):
    x_train = df2.drop(['Flag'],axis = 1)
    y_train = df2['Flag']
    model = LogisticRegression(C = 1).fit(x_train,y_train)
    return model
```

### Part 3

In [14]:

```
In [13]:

def part3(df3):
    a = df3['tf_idf_sentences'][0]
    b = vectorizer.fit_transform([a])
    c = lda_model.fit_transform(b)
    prediction = predict_tag2(c)
    return prediction
```

```
def tf_idf(df):
    vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer()
    list1 = []
    for i in range(100):
        list1.append(df['tf_idf_sentences'][i])
    X = vectorizer.fit_transform(list1)
```

```
idf=vectorizer.idf
    dd=dict(zip(vectorizer.get_feature_names(), idf))
    lda model=LatentDirichletAllocation(n components=2,learning method='online',random st
ate=42, max iter=1)
    lda top=lda model.fit transform(X)
    return vectorizer,lda model
In [15]:
def predict tag2(c):
    if c[1][0]>c[1][1]:
        return(0)
    else:
        return(1)
Part 4
In [16]:
def insight(score):
    if score < 5:</pre>
        return "None"
    elif score < 10:</pre>
        return "Mild"
    elif score < 15:</pre>
       return "Moderate"
    elif score < 20:</pre>
       return "Moderately Severe"
    else :
        return "Severe"
Testing
In [17]:
df,list1,model,vectorizer,lda model = first run()
In [18]:
dict1 = {'a' : 1, 'b' : 1, 'c' : 1, 'd' : 1, 'e' : 1, 'f' : 1, 'g' : 1, 'h' : 1, 'i' : 1
temp = form2(dict1)
In [19]:
temp
```

Out[19]:

'Mild'

In [ ]: