

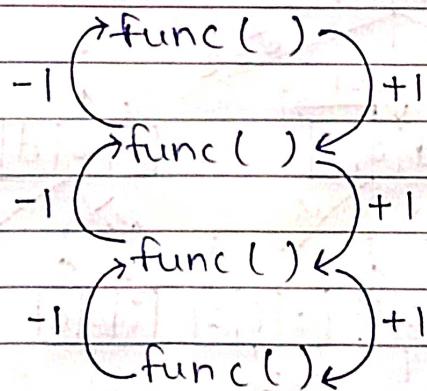
20/10/2023
Friday

Backtracking

Backtracking is nothing but recursion. Recursive call karte time jo additional actions perform kiye the, recursive call se return karte time vo saare actions ko nullify karna hai.

It's a technique jisme problem statement ke saare solutions explore kerte hai keeping in mind don't explore any case again.

For instance,



Every recursive call adds 1 to the previous result. So, to nullify this operation, we are subtracting 1 when returning.

* Permutations of string →

I/P → str = "odi"

O/P → odi

oid

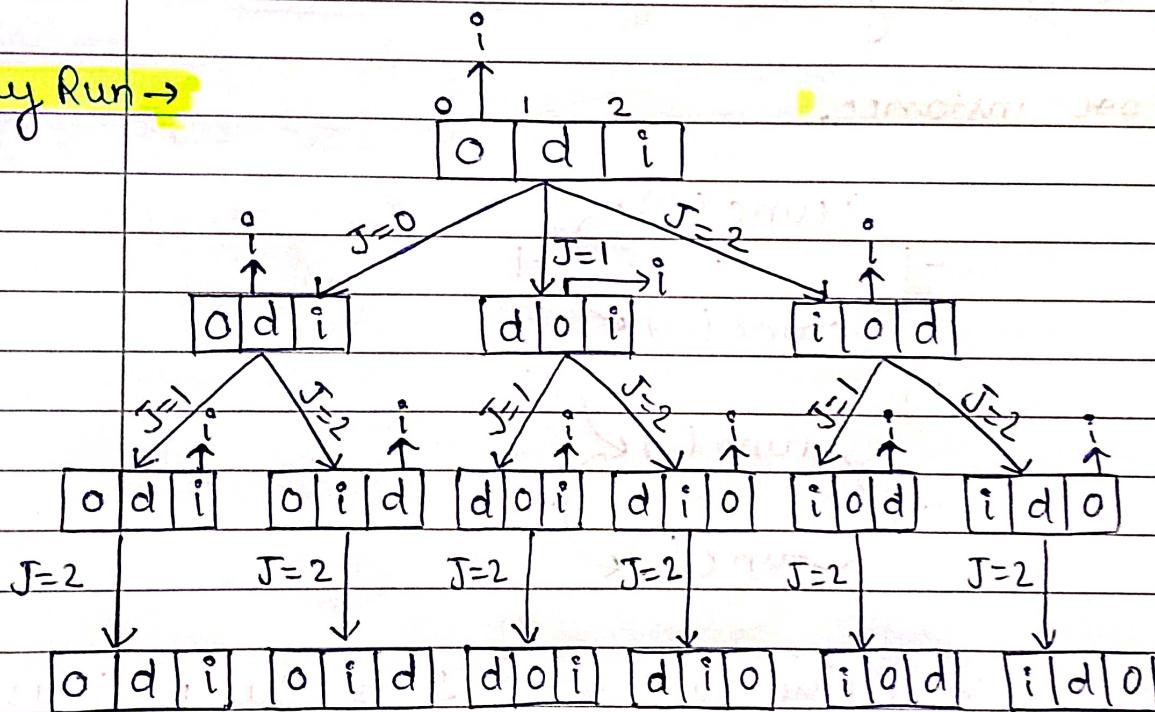
doi

dio

ido

iad

Dry Run →



Code →

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
```

```
using namespace std;
```

```
void stringPermutation(string &str, int index){
```

```
// base case
```

```
if(index >= str.length()) {
```

```
<i></i> cout <str<< endl;
```

```
return;
```

```
for(int j = index; j < str.length(); j++) {
```

```
swap(str[index], str[j]);
```

```
stringPermutation(str, index + 1);
```

```
// backtracking
```

```
swap(str[index], str[j]);
```

```
int main() {
```

```
string str = "adi";
```

```
int index = 0;
```

```
stringPermutation(str, index);
```

```
}
```

* Rat in a maze →

I/P → maze [3][3] = { {1, 1, 0},
{1, 1, 0},
{0, 1, 1} };

⇒ 0 indicates closed path & 1 indicates open path.

Source position = (0, 0)

Destination position = (row - 1, col - 1)

O/P → DRDR
RDDR

Brief of code →

// this function will tell whether any position
// in maze is right position to reach destination
// or not

isSafe (maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, newX, newY, visited)
{

if (

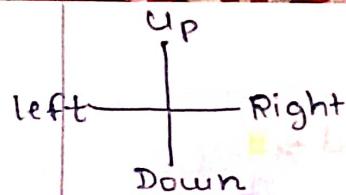
1. Inside bound
2. Open path
3. Not visited

)
return true;

else

return false;

}



These 4 movements
are allowed only.

// this function gives the path to reach destination

```
printAllPath(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, output, visited)
{
```

// base case

if (reached destination)

print output and return

1. // Down $\rightarrow \text{newX} = \text{srcX} + 1, \text{newY} = \text{srcY}$

if (isSafe){

• mark visited

• Push back 'D' (D indicates Down)

• recursive call

• backtracking \rightarrow pop back & unmark visited

2. // Right $\rightarrow \text{newX} = \text{srcX}, \text{newY} = \text{srcY} + 1$

if (isSafe){

• mark visited

• Push back 'R' (R indicates right)

• recursive call

• backtracking \rightarrow Pop back & unmark visited

3. // Left $\rightarrow \text{newX} = \text{srcX}, \text{newY} = \text{srcY} - 1$

if (isSafe){

• mark visited

• push back 'L' (L indicates left)

• recursive call

• backtracking \rightarrow pop back & unmark visited

4. // Up $\rightarrow \text{newX} = \text{srcX} - 1, \text{newY} = \text{srcY}$

if (isSafe){

• mark visited • Push back 'U' (U indicates up)

• recursive call

• backtracking \rightarrow pop back & unmark visited

Dry Run →

Maze →

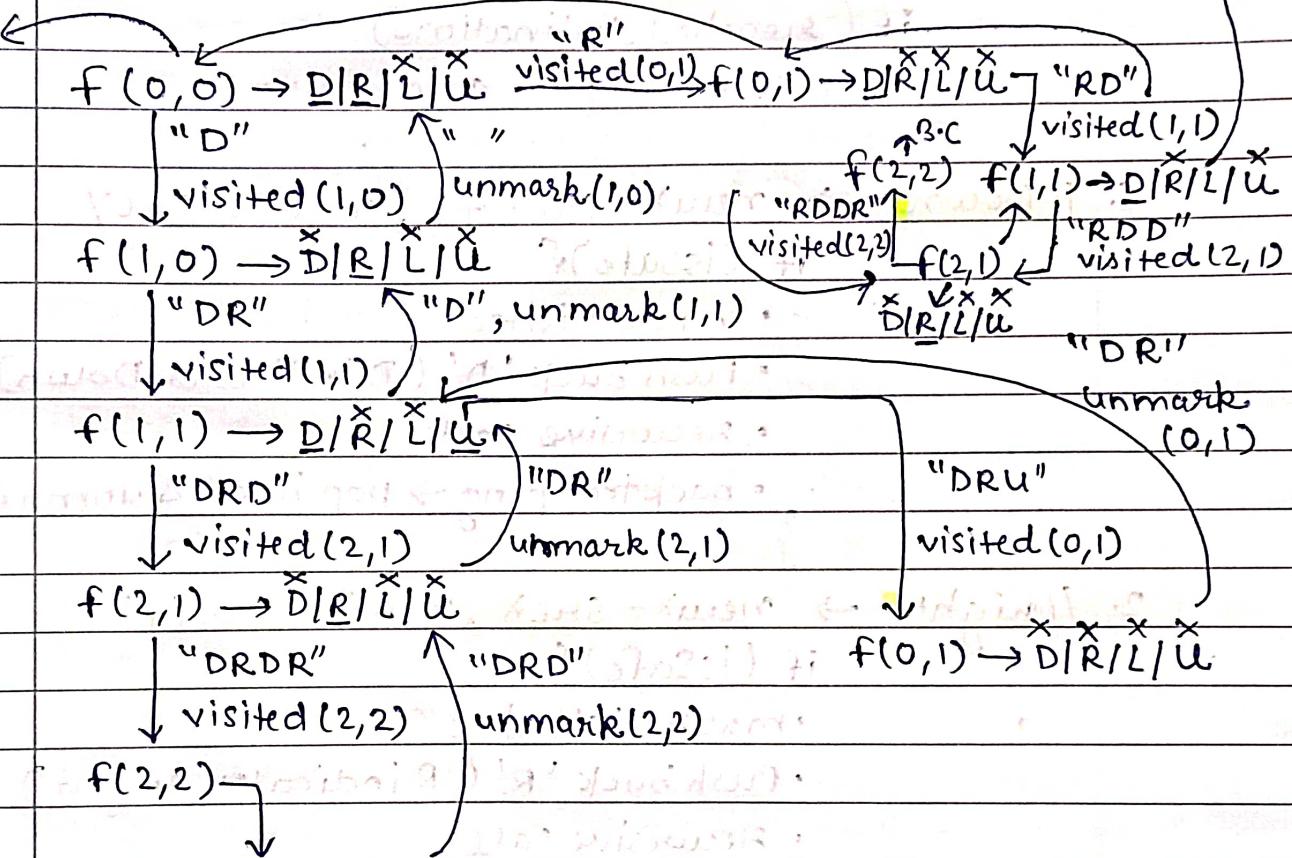
0	1	2
0	1	1
1	1	1
2	0	1

Visited →

0	1	2
0	F T	F T F T
1	F T F	F T F T
2	F	F T F T F

left k liye call
jayegi which
ultimately leads
to no path ↑

Source = (0, 0) Destination = (row-1, col-1)



Output →

DRDR

RDDR

Code →

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;

bool isSafe (int maze[ ][3], int row, int col, int srcX,
int srcY, int newX, int newY, vector<vector<bool>>&visited)

{
    if (
        (newX >= 0 && newX < row) &&
        (newY >= 0 && newY < col) &&
        maze[newX][newY] == 1 &&
        visited[newX][newY] == false
    )
    {
        return true;
    }
    else{
        return false;
    }
}

void printAllPath (int maze[ ][3], int row, int col,
int srcX, int srcY, string &output, vector<vector<bool>>&visited)

// base case
// destination coordinates [row-1][col-1]
if (srcX == row - 1 && srcY == col - 1){

    //destination reached
    cout << output << endl;
    return;
}
```

// 1 case solve karlo baaki recursion sambhal lega

// down

```

int newX = srcX + 1;
int newY = srcY;
if (isSafe(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, newX, newY, visited)){
    // mark visited
    visited[newX][newY] = true;
    output.push_back('D');
    // recursive call
    printAllPath(maze, row, col, newX, newY, output, visited);
    // backtracking
    output.pop_back();
    visited[newX][newY] = false;
}

```

// right

```

newX = srcX;
newY = srcY + 1;
if (isSafe(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, newX, newY, visited)){
    // mark visited
    visited[newX][newY] = true;
    output.push_back('R');
    // recursive call
    printAllPath(maze, row, col, newX, newY, output, visited));
    // backtracking
    output.pop_back();
    visited[newX][newY] = false;
}

```

— / —

// left

```
newX = srcX;
newY = srcY - 1;
if (isSafe(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, newX, newY, visited)) {
    // mark visited
    visited[newX][newY] = true;
    output.push_back('L');
    // recursive call
    printAllPath(maze, row, col, newX, newY, output, visited);
    // backtracking
    output.pop_back();
    visited[newX][newY] = false;
}
```

// up

```
newX = srcX - 1;
newY = srcY;
if (isSafe(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, newX, newY, visited)) {
    // mark visited
    visited[newX][newY] = true;
    output.push_back('U');
    // recursive call
    printAllPath(maze, row, col, newX, newY, output, visited);
    // backtracking
    output.pop_back();
    visited[newX][newY] = false;
}
```

```
int main() {
```

```
    int maze[3][3] = { {1, 1, 0}, {1, 1, 1}, {0, 1, 1} };
```

```
    { 1, 1, 0 },
```

```
    { 1, 1, 1 },
```

```
    { 0, 1, 1 } }
```

```
    int row = 3;
```

```
    int col = 3;
```

```
    int srcX = 0;
```

```
    int srcY = 0;
```

```
    string output = "";
```

```
// Create a 2-D vector visited
```

```
vector<vector<bool>> visited(row, vector<bool>(col, 0));
```

```
if (maze[0][0] == 0) {
```

```
// Source position is closed, it means rat cannot move
```

```
cout << "no path exists" << endl;
```

```
}
```

```
else {
```

```
    visited[srcX][srcY] = true;
```

```
    printAllPath(maze, row, col, srcX, srcY, output, visited);
```

```
}
```

```
}
```