## Department of Electrical Engineering Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur

## EE 210 Assignment #8 Assigned: 5/3/21

- 1. Consider a simple CE amplifier, as given in class, biased with  $I_C$  = 1 mA (assume  $\beta$  = 100). With  $R_C$  = 1 k $\Omega$ , what is the maximum value of the ac small-signal midband voltage gain  $A_v$  achievable from the circuit? If, however, the actual value of  $A_v$  is found to be -32, estimate the Early voltage  $V_A$  of the transistor. What is this indicative of? Now, assuming that the input signal source has a resistance  $R_S$  of 1 k $\Omega$ , and that the bias current remains unchanged, compute  $A_v$  and the input resistance under this condition.
- 2. For a CS amplifier, as given in class, calculate the ac small-signal midband voltage gain and the dc bias values of the input and output voltages (i.e., V<sub>I</sub> and V<sub>0</sub>) for the transistor to operate at the boundary between linear and saturation regions. (*Note: this happens to be the maximum voltage gain attainable from this stage, dissipating the least dc power in the transistor.*) Also, calculate the values of V<sub>I</sub> and V<sub>0</sub>, which would make the transistor operate in the saturation region, and, at the same time, the circuit would have an ac small-signal midband voltage gain of unity. Assume V<sub>DD</sub> = 3 V, R<sub>D</sub> = 5 kΩ, k'<sub>N</sub> = 200 μA/V<sup>2</sup>, W = 10 μm, L = 1 μm, V<sub>TN0</sub> = 0.6 V, and neglect body effect and channel length modulation effect.
- 3. Consider a CS amplifier, as given in class, with  $R_D = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ ,  $I_D = 100 \text{ }\mu\text{A}$ ,  $k_N' = 40 \text{ }\mu\text{A}/\text{V}^2$ , and W/L = 10. Determine its ac small-signal midband voltage gain, and input and output resistances. Repeat if  $\lambda = 0.2 \text{ V}^{-1}$ , but assume that  $\lambda V_{DS} \ll 1$ , and also that the bias current is maintained at 100  $\mu$ A. With what gate overdrive voltage ( $\Delta V$ ) is the device operating? What is the maximum value of the voltage gain that is possible to be attained from the circuit? Also, compute the transconductance to drain current ratio, and compare this with  $1/V_T$ .
- 4. Determine the input resistance, voltage gain, and output resistance of the CC circuit, as given in class, in the presence of a source resistance  $R_S$  of 5 k $\Omega$ . Assume  $R_E = 500~\Omega$ , bias current  $I_C = 1$  mA, and  $\beta = 100$ . Neglect  $r_0$ .
- 5. For the CD circuit shown in Fig.1, assume that the MOSFET M has W/L = 10 and  $\lambda \rightarrow 0$ . Other parameters are:  $k_N' = 40 \ \mu A/V^2$ ,  $\gamma = 0.4 \ V^{1/2}$ ,  $2\phi_F = 0.6 \ V$ , and  $V_{TN0} = 0.7 \ V$ . Find the dc output voltage  $V_0$ , and the ac small-signal midband voltage gain  $v_0/v_i$  under the following conditions:
  - i) Ignoring body effect and with  $R \to \infty$ .
  - ii) Including body effect and with  $R \to \infty$ .
- $V_{DD} = 5 V$   $V_{i}$   $V_{i}$   $V_{0}$   $V_{0}$
- 6. Repeat Prob.5 under the following conditions:
  - i) Including body effect and with  $R = 100 \text{ k}\Omega$ .
  - ii) Including body effect and with  $R = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$ .