
MATLAB BASICS FOR CONTROL SYSTEMS:

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This is to introduce the students of EE250 to MATLAB

Compulsary statements:

```
clc; clear all; close all;
```

Solving DE:

```
syms y(t);  
Dy = diff(y,t);  
ode = diff(y,t,2)-2*diff(y,t)+4*y==0  
cond1 = y(0)==1  
cond2 = Dy(0)==2  
conds = [cond1 cond2];  
ysol(t) = dsolve(ode, conds)
```

$ode(t) =$

$4*y(t) - 2*diff(y(t), t) + diff(y(t), t, t) == 0$

$cond1 =$

$y(0) == 1$

$cond2 =$

$subs(diff(y(t), t), t, 0) == 2$

$ysol(t) =$

$$\exp(t) \cdot \cos(3^{1/2} \cdot t) + (3^{1/2} \cdot \exp(t) \cdot \sin(3^{1/2} \cdot t)) / 3$$

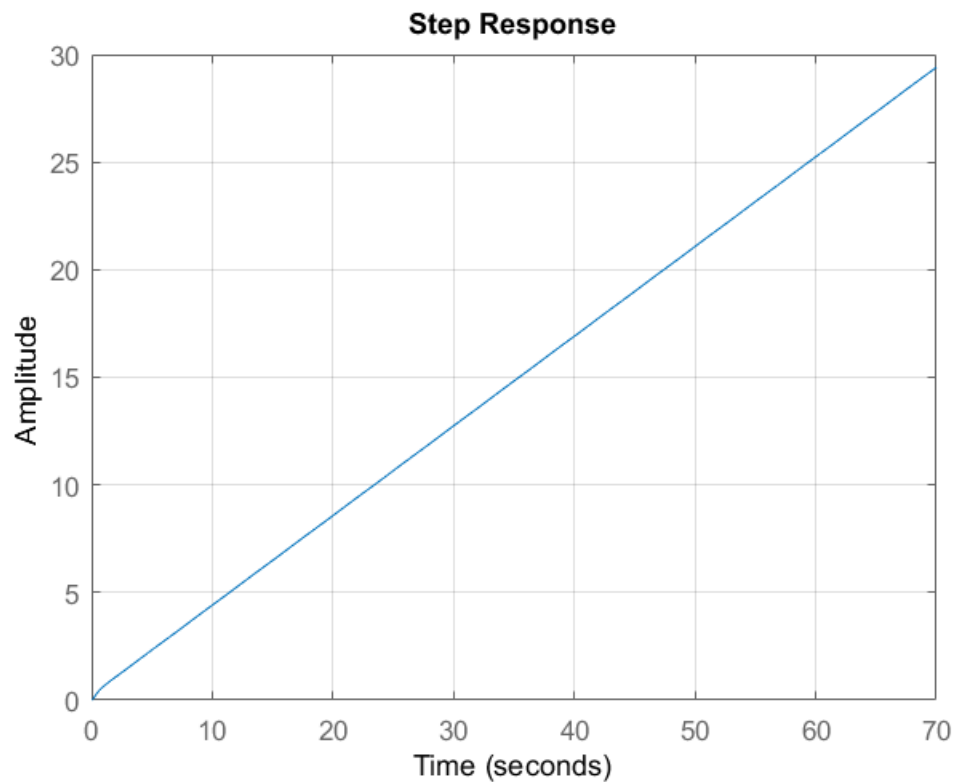
Step response computation:

```
s = tf('s');  
sys = (10*(s+1))/(s*(s+4)*(s+6))  
figure(1)  
stepplot(sys);  
grid on;
```

sys =

$$\frac{10 s + 10}{s^3 + 10 s^2 + 24 s}$$

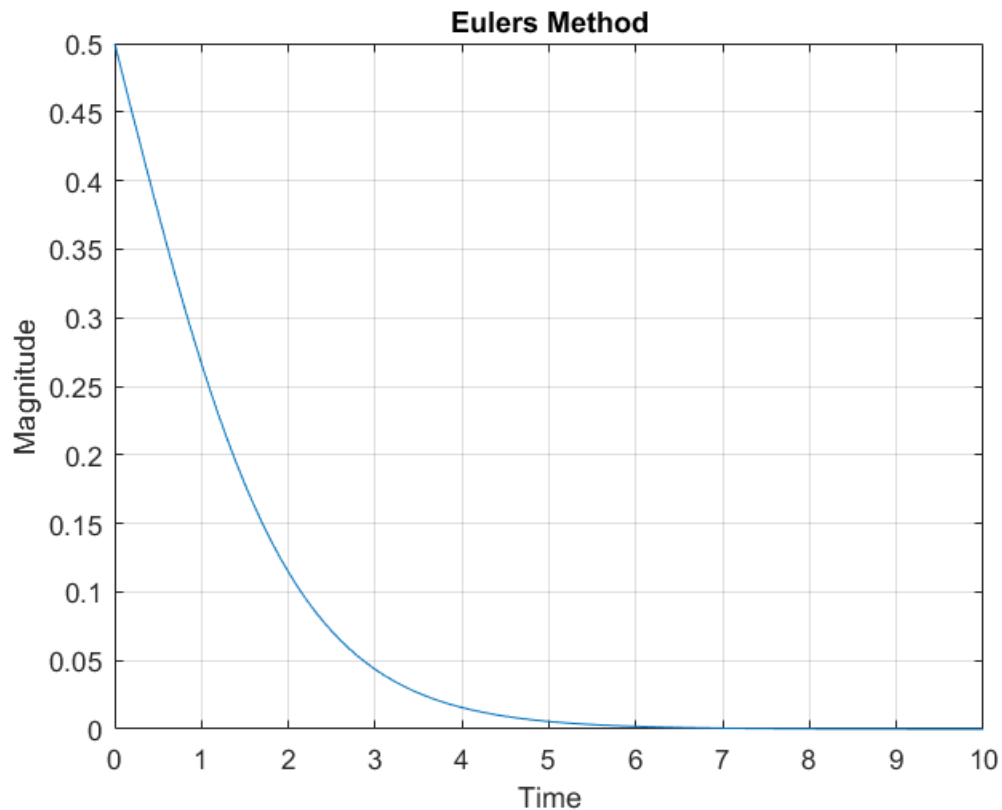
Continuous-time transfer function.



Eulers Method:

```
x(1) = 0.5;
```

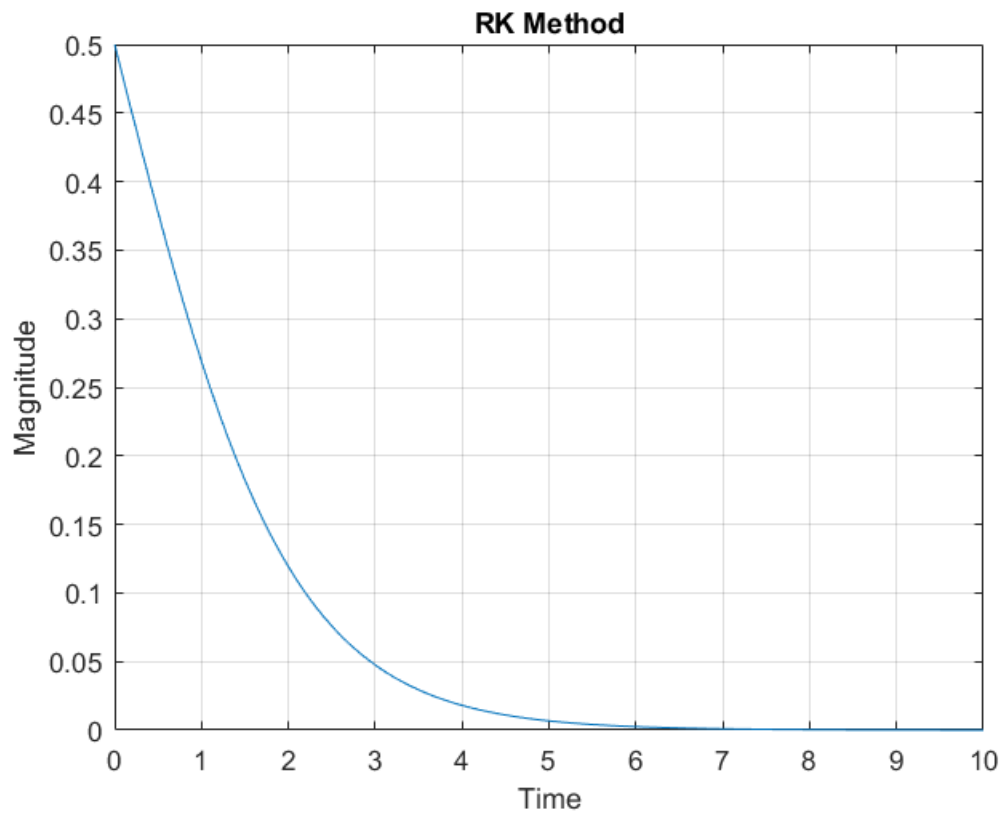
```
h = 0.1; t = 0; time(1)=0;
for i=1:100
    x(i+1) = x(i)+h*(-x(i)+x(i)*x(i));
    t = t+h;
    time(i+1) = t;
end
x1 = x;
figure(2);
plot(time,x);
grid on;
title('Eulers Method');
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Magnitude');
```



Range-kutta method:

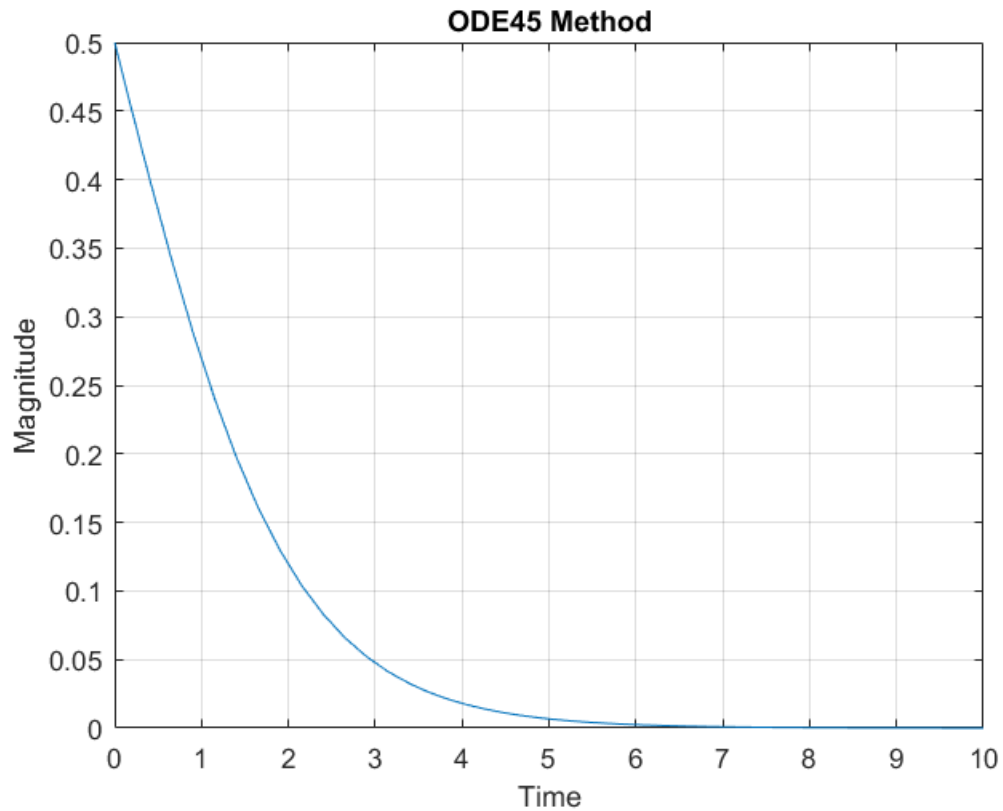
```
x(1) = 0.5;
h = 0.1; t = 0; time(1) = 0;
for i = 1:100
    m0 = -x(i)+x(i)^2;
    m1 = -(x(i)+m0*h/2)+(x(i)+m0*h/2)^2;
    m2 = -(x(i)+m1*h/2)+(x(i)+m1*h/2)^2;
    m3 = -(x(i)+m2*h)+(x(i)+m2*h)^2;
    x(i+1) = x(i)+(h/6)*(m0+2*m1+2*m2+m3);
    t = t+h;
    time(i+1) = t;
```

```
end
x2 = x;
figure(3);
plot(time,x);
grid on;
title('RK Method');
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Magnititude');
```



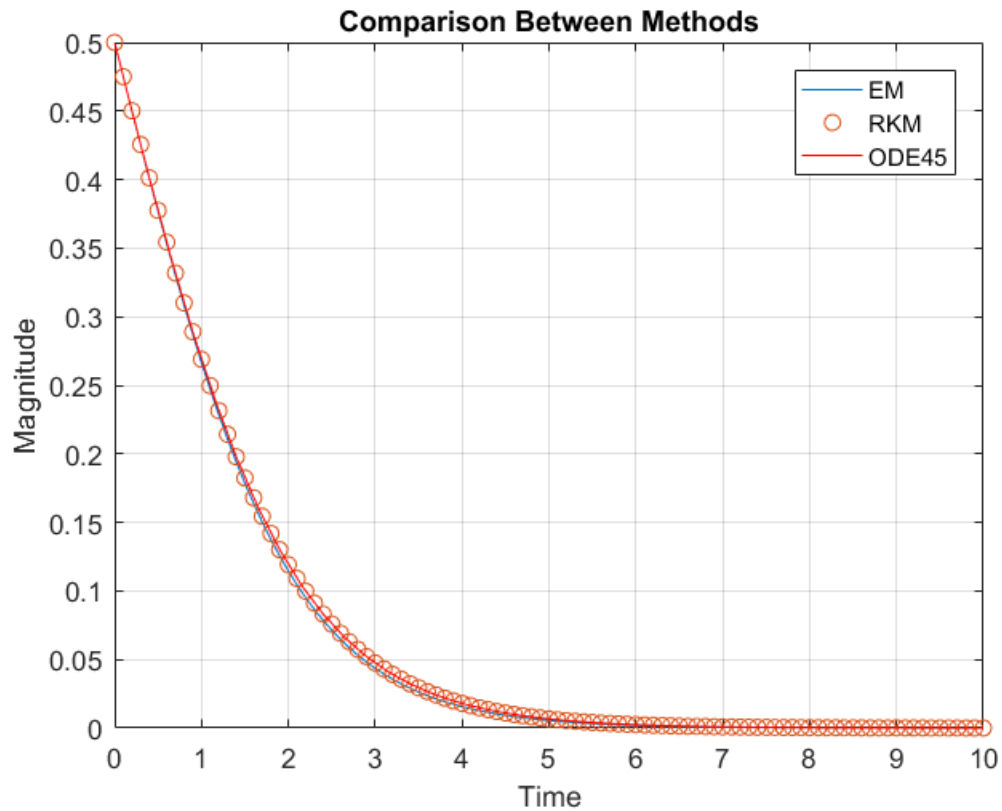
ODE 45:

```
tspan = [0 10];
x0 = 0.5;
[t,x] = ode45(@(t,x) -x+x^2, tspan, x0);
x3 = x;
figure(4);
plot(t,x);
grid on;
title('ODE45 Method');
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Magnititude');
```



Joint Plot:

```
figure(5)
plot(time,x1,'-');
hold on;
plot(time,x2,'o');
hold on
plot(t,x3,'r');
legend('EM','RKM','ODE45');
grid on;
title('Comparison Between Methods');
xlabel('Time');
ylabel('Magnitude');
```



Second Order System:

```
s = tf('s');  
G = 1/(s*(s+1))  
D1 = (s+2)/2  
sys1 = feedback(G*D1,1)  
S1 = stepinfo(sys1)  
figure(6);  
stepplot(sys1);  
grid on;  
title('Step Response of Overall System');  
xlabel('Time');  
ylabel('Magnitude');
```

$G =$

$$\frac{1}{s^2 + s}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

$D1 =$

$$\frac{s + 2}{2}$$

Continuous-time transfer function.

sys1 =

$$\frac{s + 2}{2 s^2 + 3 s + 2}$$

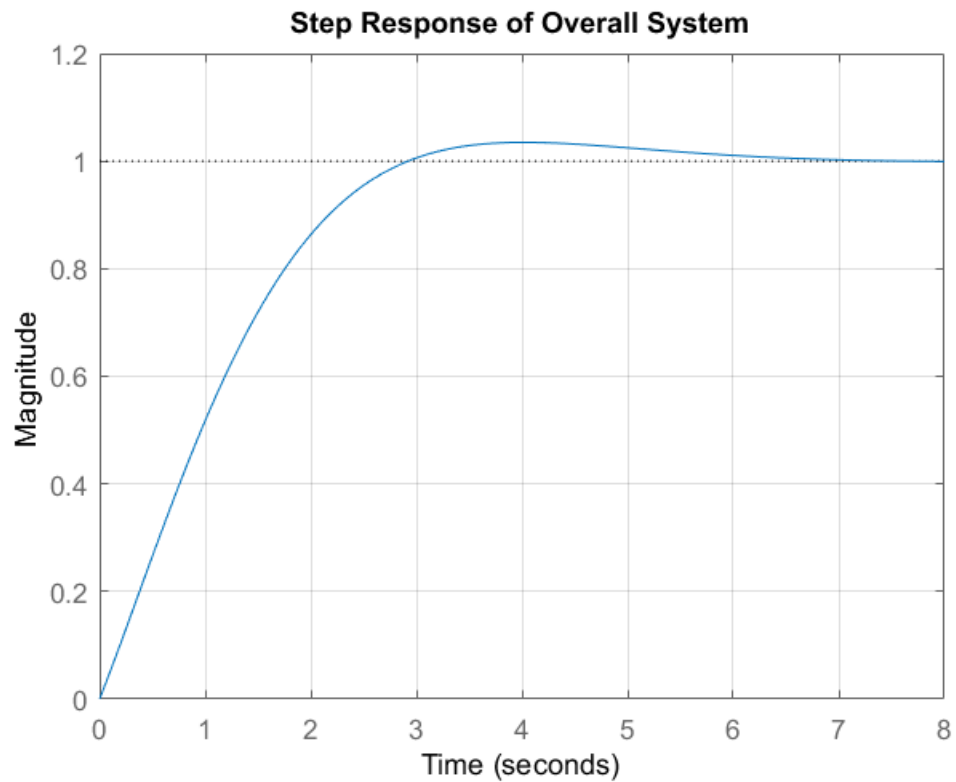
Continuous-time transfer function.

S1 =

```

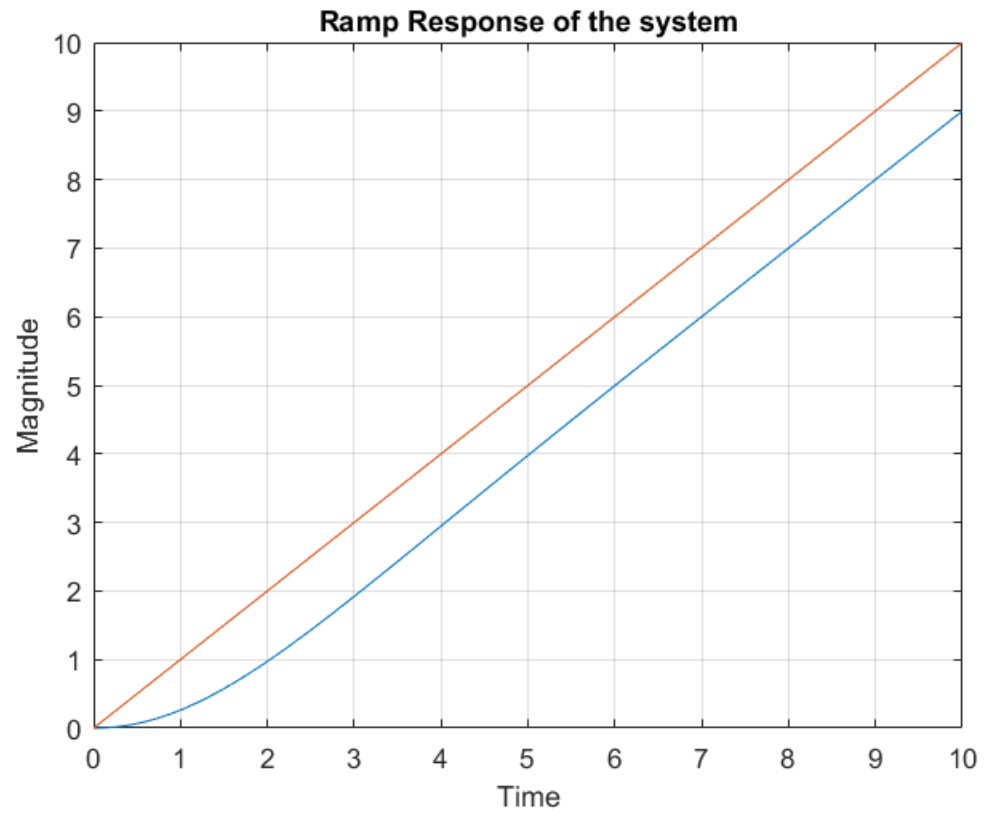
    RiseTime: 1.9782
    SettlingTime: 5.3051
    SettlingMin: 0.9077
    SettlingMax: 1.0348
    Overshoot: 3.4832
    Undershoot: 0
    Peak: 1.0348
    PeakTime: 3.9911

```



Ramp Response:

```
t=0:0.1:10;  
ramp = t;  
[x, t] = lsim(sys1,ramp,t);  
figure(6);  
plot(t,x);  
hold on;  
plot(t,t);  
grid on;  
title('Ramp Response of the system');  
xlabel('Time');  
ylabel('Magnitude');
```

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