

The amplifier block A has low-frequency gain $|v_x/v_i| = 90$ dB, and three negative real poles at frequencies 5 MHz, 25 MHz, and 500 MHz.

- a) Derive the transfer function v_0/v_x , and show that the compensation network (within the dotted line) actually performs pole-zero compensation (PZC). What are the expressions for the pole and zero frequencies (in terms of R_1 , R_2 , and C_1)? **4**
- b) Now, for unconditional stability, evaluate the required values of R_2 and C_1 , if $R_1 = 10$ k Ω . **4**
- c) What is the phase margin of the compensated system? **2**
- d) What modification would you do to this compensation network, for it to perform dominant pole compensation (DPC) instead of PZC? Elaborate your answer. **2**

