Assignment 3

CS9.312 Introduction to Quantum Information and Computation

Due date of submission: 27/01/2023

1. Consider the qubit states $\{|\psi_k\rangle \langle \psi_k|\}_{k=0}^4$ where $|\psi_k\rangle$ is defined as

$$|\psi_k\rangle \coloneqq \cos\frac{2\pi k}{5}|0\rangle + \sin\frac{2\pi k}{5}|1\rangle, k \in [0, 1, 2, 3, 4]$$

Check whether $\left\{\frac{2}{5} |\psi_k\rangle \langle \psi_k|\right\}_{k=0}^4$ is a POVM or not. Also, check whether it is a projective measurement or not.

2. The Walsh-Hadamard transform is a single qubit operation, denoted by H, and performs the following transformation

$$|0\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$$

$$|1\rangle \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle - |1\rangle)$$

- (i) Find the matrix representation of H for the basis $\{|0\rangle, |1\rangle\}$, where $|0\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, |1\rangle = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$
- (ii) Find the matrix representation of H in the basis $\{|+\rangle\,, |-\rangle\}$, where

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, |-\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (iii) Find the inverse of this operator.
- 3. Consider a system in the unnormalized state $|\psi\rangle\langle\psi|$ where $|\psi\rangle=\frac{1}{6}\begin{bmatrix}1\\0\\4\end{bmatrix}$ and two observables

A and B given by

$$A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & i \\ 0 & -i & 1 \end{bmatrix}, B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -i \\ 0 & i & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
 (1)

- (i) We perform a measurement where A is measured first. Find the probability of obtaining a value 0 for A.
- (ii) Now assume you obtain the value 0 as a result of measurement A. Then immediately B is measured. Now find the probability of getting value 1 for B.