MA 6.101 Probability and Statistics

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Surprize Quiz

Just Kidding!

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- What if the alphabets and numbers are not to repeat?

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- Using principles of counting, the number of indistinguishable arrangements are $\frac{6!}{3!2!1!}$

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$$\frac{n!}{n_1! n_2! (n-n_1-n_2)!} \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)_1^n \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)_2^n \left(\frac{1}{6}\right)^{(n-n_1-n_2)}$$

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