

CREATING CHATBOT USING PYTHON

TEAM MEMBER

911721104054:LAKSHMANAN .M

Phase-1 Document Submission

Project: [Creating Chatbot Using Python](#)

OBJECTIVE:

The objective of this project is to create a chatbot in Python that provides exceptional customer service, answering user queries on a website or application. The objective is to deliver high-quality support to users, ensuring a positive user experience and customer satisfaction.

Phase 1: [Problem Definition and Design Thinking](#)

1.Design Thinking:

Define the scope of the chatbot's abilities, including: - Answering common questions related to diabetes. - Providing guidance on managing health and diabetes risk. - Directing users to appropriate resources for further information and support.

2.User Interface:

Determine integration points for the chatbot (website, app). - Design a user-friendly interface for seamless interactions with the chatbot

Natural Language Processing (NLP):

Implement NLP techniques to understand and process user input in a conversational manner.

PYTHON PROGRAM:

```
import tensorflow as tf
```

```

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split

#nlp processing

import unicodedata

import re

import numpy as np

import warnings

warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')

#load the given dataset

data=open('E:\project\dialogs.txt','r').read()

#print Dataset values

head=[QA.split('\t') for QA in data.split('\n')]

print("Dataset:")

print(head[:5])

questions=[row[0] for row in QA_list]

answers=[row[1] for row in QA_list]

print(questions[0:5])

print(answers[0:5])

def remove_diacritic(word):

    return ''.join(char for char in unicodedata.normalize('NFD',text)

                     if unicodedata.category(char) !='Mn')

def preprocessing(word):

    #Case folding and removing extra whitespaces

    word=remove_diacritic(word.lower()).strip())

    #Ensuring punctuation marks to be treated as tokens

    word=re.sub(r"([?!.,:])", r" \1 ", text)

    #Removing redundant spaces

```

```
word= re.sub(r'[" "]+', " ", text)
```

#Removing non alphabetic characters

```
word=re.sub(r"[^a-zA-Z?!.,;]+", " ", text)
```

```
word=word.strip()
```

#Indicating the start and end of each sentence

```
word='<start> ' + text + ' <end>'
```

```
return word
```

#Tokenization

```
def tokenize(lang):
```

```
    lang_tokenizer = tf.keras.preprocessing.text.Tokenizer(  
        filters="")
```

#build vocabulary on unique words

```
    lang_tokenizer.fit_on_texts(lang)
```

```
    return lang_tokenizer
```

#Creating Dataset

```
X_tokenizer=tokenize(X)
```

```
    y_tokenizer=tokenize(y)
```

```
    X_tensor=vectorization(X_tokenizer,X)
```

```
    y_tensor=vectorization(y_tokenizer,y)
```

```
    return X_tensor,X_tokenizer, y_tensor, y_tokenizer
```

```
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_tensor, y_tensor, test_size=0.2)
```

Show length

```
print(len(X_train), len(y_train), len(X_val), len(y_val))
```

OUTPUT:

Dataset:

```
[['hi, how are you doing?', 'i'm fine. how about yourself?'], ['i'm fine. how about yourself?', 'i'm pretty good. thanks for asking.'], ['i'm pretty good. thanks for asking.', 'no problem. so how have you been?'], ['no problem. so how have you been?', 'i've been great. what about you?'], ['i've been great. what about you?', 'i've been good. i'm in school right now.']]
```

Preprocessing:

```
<start> hi , how are you doing ? <end>
```

```
<start> i m fine . how about yourself ? <end>
```

4. Responses:

- ☐ Plan responses for the chatbot, including: - Accurate answers to diabetes-related queries. - Suggestions for lifestyle changes. - Assistance in accessing medical resources.

5. Integration:

- ☐ Decide how the chatbot will be integrated with the website or app, ensuring a smooth user experience.

6. Testing and Improvement:

- ☐ Continuously test the chatbot's performance through real user interactions. - Gather user feedback and data to refine the chatbot's responses and capabilities.

DATASOURCE :

Dataset Link: <https://www.kaggle.com/datasets/grafstor/simple-dialogs-for-chatbot>

Phase 1 Deliverables:

1. Natural Language Processing (NLP): Implement NLP techniques to understand and process user input in a conversational manner.
2. Integration: Decide how the chatbot will be integrated with the website or app.
3. Integration: Decide how the chatbot will be integrated with the website or app.

CONCLUSION:

In Phase 1, We have to summarize the problem, design thinking considerations, and dataset information for developing the AI-powered diabetes prediction system. It provides a structured framework for the initial phase of the project.