## Ex No: 9 BUILD GENERATIVE ADVERSARIAL NEURAL NETWORK

Aim:

To build a generative adversarial neural network using Keras/TensorFlow.

## Procedure:

- 1. Download and load the dataset.
- 2. Perform analysis and preprocessing of the dataset.
- 3. Build a simple neural network model using Keras/TensorFlow.
- 4. Compile and fit the model.
- 5. Perform prediction with the test dataset.
- 6. Calculate performance metrics.

## Program:

import tensorflow as tf from

tensorflow.keras import layers

import numpy as np import

matplotlib.pyplot as plt def

build\_generator(noise\_dim): model

= tf.keras.Sequential()

# Dense layer to project the noise into a larger dimension model.add(layers.Dense(128, activation='relu', input\_dim=noise\_dim))

# Add more dense layers

model.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu')) model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))

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# Final layer to output the data (usually using 'tanh' for image generation)
  model.add(layers.Dense(28 * 28, activation='tanh'))
  model.add(layers.Reshape((28, 28))) # Shape output as 28x28 for images like
  MNIST
  return model
def build_discriminator(): model
  = tf.keras.Sequential()
  # Flatten the input image
  model.add(layers.Flatten(input_shape=(28, 28)))
  # Add dense layers to classify real/fake
  model.add(layers.Dense(512, activation='relu'))
  model.add(layers.Dense(256, activation='relu'))
  # Final layer to output a single probability (real or fake)
  model.add(layers.Dense(1, activation='sigmoid'))
  return model
def build_gan(generator, discriminator):
  model = tf.keras.Sequential()
  model.add(generator)
  model.add(discriminator)
  return model
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# Compile the discriminator discriminator
= build_discriminator()
discriminator.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam', metrics=['accuracy'])
# Build the generator
generator = build generator(noise dim=100)
# Compile the GAN (discriminator is untrainable when training the generator)
discriminator.trainable = False gan = build_gan(generator, discriminator)
gan.compile(loss='binary crossentropy', optimizer='adam')
def train_gan(generator, discriminator, gan, epochs, batch_size, noise_dim):
  (X_train, _), _ = tf.keras.datasets.mnist.load_data() # Use MNIST as example X_train =
  X train / 127.5 - 1.0 # Normalize images to [-1, 1]
  for epoch in range(epochs):
     # Select a random batch of real images
     idx = np.random.randint(0, X_train.shape[0], batch_size)
     real_images = X_train[idx]
     # Generate a batch of fake images
     noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, (batch size, noise dim))
     fake_images = generator.predict(noise)
     # Train the discriminator (real = 1, fake = 0)
     d_loss_real = discriminator.train_on_batch(real_images, np.ones((batch_size, 1)))
     d_loss_fake = discriminator.train_on_batch(fake_images, np.zeros((batch_size, 1)))
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# Train the generator (wants discriminator to predict all as real)
     noise = np.random.normal(0, 1, (batch_size, noise_dim)) g_loss
     = gan.train_on_batch(noise, np.ones((batch_size, 1)))
     # Print progress if
     epoch % 100 == 0:
        print(f"{epoch} [D loss: {0.5 * np.add(d_loss_real, d_loss_fake)}] [G loss: {g_loss}]")
       # Optionally save generated samples to visualize progress
train gan(generator, discriminator, gan, epochs=1000, batch size=64, noise dim=100)
def generate_images(generator, noise_dim, examples=10): noise
  = np.random.normal(0, 1, (examples, noise_dim)) gen_images
  = generator.predict(noise)
  plt.figure(figsize=(10, 10)) for
  i in range(examples):
  plt.subplot(1, 10, i+1)
     plt.imshow(gen_images[i], cmap='gray')
     plt.axis('off')
  plt.show()
# Call this function after training to visualize generated images
generate images(generator, noise dim=100) Output:
```



2/2 -- 0s 4ms/step

0 [D loss: [6.963869 0.01253389]] [G loss: [array(6.9694366, dtype=float32), array(6.9694366, dtype=float32), array(0.01252256, dtype=float32)]]

## Result:

Generative Adversial Neural network has been successfully built.