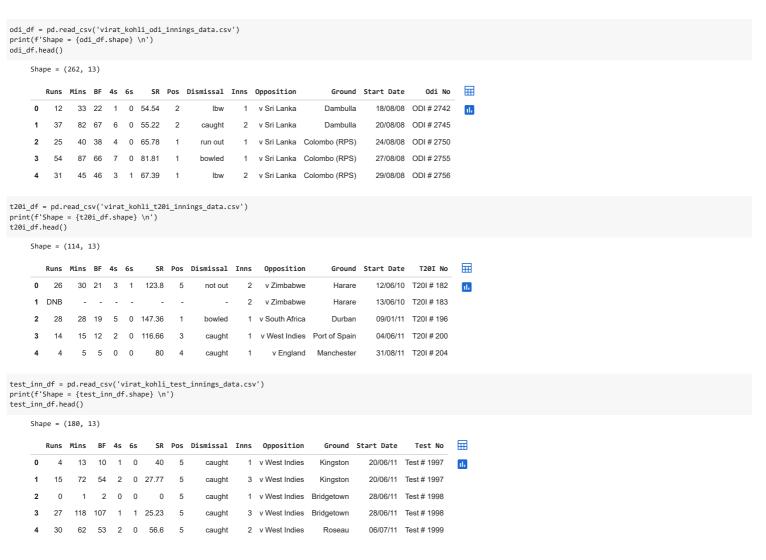
```
# pip install -U kaleido
# Import libraries
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import plotly.express as px
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from mlxtend.plotting import plot_decision_regions
from sklearn.inspection import DecisionBoundaryDisplay
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, ConfusionMatrixDisplay
from \ sklearn.metrics \ import \ accuracy\_score, \ balanced\_accuracy\_score, \ classification\_report
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

Load all the data from the three given csv files for ODI, T20 and test match types



Concatenate runs from all the match type and store in Runs. Similarly do for strike rate and store in SR and Grounds in ground.

```
def generate_matchtype_column(m_type, entry_count):
    mtype_df = pd.DataFrame([m_type] * entry_count, columns = ['match_type'])
    return mtype_df

runs_combined = odi_df['Runs'].append(t20i_df['Runs'], ignore_index = True)
runs_combined = runs_combined.append(test_inn_df['Runs'], ignore_index = True)
runs_combined
```

```
12
37
            25
54
            31
            ..
45
     551
     552
            23
     553
            13
     555
            20
     Name: Runs, Length: 556, dtype: object
SR_combined = pd.concat([odi_df['SR'], t20i_df['SR'], test_inn_df['SR']], axis = 0, ignore_index = True)
            55.22
            81.81
            59.21
     551
     552
            47.91
     553
            81.25
     554
           57.89
     Name: SR, Length: 556, dtype: object
ground_combined = pd.concat([odi_df['Ground'], t20i_df['Ground'], test_inn_df['Ground']], axis = 0, ignore_index = True)
ground_combined
                 Dambulla
            Dambulla
Colombo (RPS)
     1
     3
4
            Colombo (RPS)
Colombo (RPS)
               ...
Mohali
                Bengaluru
Bengaluru
     552
     553
               Birmingham
Birmingham
     554
     Name: Ground, Length: 556, dtype: object
   Create a new match_type variable by storing info on the type of match for each datapoint. This
v can be extracted from the csv filename for each type of match. The 3 categories will be: ODI,
   T20, TEST.
ODI_match_type_df = generate_matchtype_column('ODI', len(odi_df))
print(f'Length = \{len(ODI\_match\_type\_df)\}\n')
ODI_match_type_df.head()
     Length = 262
                      \blacksquare
         match_type
      0
               ODI
               ODI
      2
               ODI
      3
               ODI
               ODI
T20_match_type_df = generate_matchtype_column('T20', len(t20i_df))
print(f'Length = {len(T20_match_type_df)}\n')
T20_match_type_df.head()
     Length = 114
         match_type
                      \blacksquare
      0
               T20
               T20
      2
               T20
```

3

T20 T20

TEST_match_type_df.head()

TEST_match_type_df = generate_matchtype_column('TEST', len(test_inn_df))
print(f'Length = {len(TEST_match_type_df)}\n')

```
Length = 180
        match_type 🏢
\verb|match_type_combined = pd.concat([ODI_match_type_df, T20_match_type_df, TEST_match_type_df], \ axis = 0, \ ignore_index = True)|
match_type_combined
                        match type
                         ıl.
                 ODI
       2
                 ODI
       3
                 ODI
       4
                 ODI
      551
                TEST
                TEST
      552
      553
                TEST
      554
                TEST
      555
                TEST
Create a data frame data_cricketer and store Runs, SR, match_type and grounds in it.
data_cricketer = pd.concat([runs_combined, SR_combined, ground_combined, match_type_combined], axis = 1)
data_cricketer
          Runs
                  SR
                             Ground match_type
                                                  \blacksquare
            12 54.54
                           Dambulla
                                           ODI
            37 55.22
                           Dambulla
                                           ODI
            25 65.78 Colombo (RPS)
                                           ODI
       3
            54 81.81 Colombo (RPS)
            31 67.39 Colombo (RPS)
                                           ODI
      551
            45 59.21
                            Mohali
                                          TEST
                                          TEST
      552
            23 47 91
                           Bengaluru
            13 81.25
                          Bengaluru
                                          TEST
            11 57.89
                                          TEST
      554
                         Birmingham
      555
            20 50
                         Birmingham
                                          TEST
     556 rows × 4 columns
data_cricketer.describe()
             Runs SR Ground match_type
                                             \blacksquare
              556 556
                                             16
      unique 144 377
                           75
                                        3
       top
               0 0 Mirpur
                                      ODI
               33 32
                                      262
       freq
data_cricketer.info()
     <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 556 entries, 0 to 555
```

Data columns (total 4 columns):
Column Non-Null Count Dtype

3 match_type 556 non-null
dtypes: object(4)

print(f'Shape = {data_cricketer.shape} \n')
data_cricketer.head()

memory usage: 17.5+ KB

556 non-null

556 non-null

Dropping those innings where Virat Kohli did not bat
invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'TDNB'
invalid literal for int() with base 10: 'DNB'

object

object

object

object

data_cricketer = data_cricketer.loc[(data_cricketer['Runs'] != 'TDNB') & (data_cricketer['Runs'] != 'DNB'), :]
data_cricketer.replace('-', np.NaN, inplace = True)
data_cricketer.dropna(axis = 0, inplace = True)

Runs

Ground

SR

```
Shape = (531, 4)
                                             \blacksquare
        Runs
              SR
                        Ground match_type
         12 54.54
                     Dambulla
                                       ODI
                                             ıl.
                     Dambulla
                                       ODI
         37 55.22
         25 65.78 Colombo (RPS)
                                       ODI
data_cricketer['Runs'] = data_cricketer['Runs'].astype('int64')
data_cricketer['SR'] = data_cricketer['SR'].astype('float64')
data_cricketer.dtypes
     Runs
                  float64
     SR
     Ground
                  object
     match type
                  object
     dtype: object
data_cricketer.isna().sum()
     Runs
     SR
     Ground
    match_type
dtype: int64

    From data_cricketer, store Runs and SR in X and match_type in Y.

X = data_cricketer[['Runs', 'SR']]
print(f'Shape = {X.shape} \n')
X.head()
     Shape = (531, 2)
                     \blacksquare
        Runs
               SR
          12 54.54
         37 55.22
          25 65.78
     3
          54 81.81
        31 67.39
Y = data_cricketer[['match_type']]
Y.head()
        match_type ##
     0
              ODI
                     ıl.
     1
              ODI
     2
              ODI
     3
              ODI
     4
              ODI
X.describe()
     count 531.000000 531.000000
            45.905838 78.083013
     mean
      std
            44.287638 44.826650
      min
             0.000000
                       0.000000
      25%
             11.000000 48.615000
      50%
             33.000000 73.070000
            69.000000 103.560000
      75%
      max 254.000000 241.370000
Split the data X and Y in x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test.
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, Y, test_size = 0.3, random_state = 0)
x_train.shape
    (371, 2)
x_train.index
```

Int64Index([487, 551, 215, 331, 59, 413, 260, 181, 38, 363,

```
y_train.value_counts()
     match_type
     ODI
TEST
                   119
     T20
     dtype: int64
y_train.shape
     (371, 1)
x_test.shape
     (160, 2)
x_test.index
     Int64Index([429, 460, 280, 205, 472, 295, 293, 17, 398, 234,
                ...
214, 519, 245, 174, 132, 163, 496, 63, 428, 463],
dtype='int64', length=160)
y_test.value_counts()
     match_type
     ODT
     TEST
     T20
                  33
     dtype: int64

    Perform SVM classification with different kernels

# SVM with Linear Kernel
svc_linear = SVC(kernel = 'linear')
svc_linear.fit(x_train, y_train)
         SVC
     SVC(kernel='linear')
# SVM with Polynomial Kernel
svc_poly = SVC(kernel = 'poly', degree = 3)
svc_poly.fit(x_train, y_train)
         SVC
     SVC(kernel='poly')
# SVM with Radial Basis Function (RBF) Kernel
svc_rbf = SVC(kernel = 'rbf')
svc_rbf.fit(x_train, y_train)
     ▼ SVC
     SVC()
# SVM with Sigmoid Kernel
svc_sig = SVC(kernel = 'sigmoid')
svc_sig.fit(x_train, y_train)
     SVC(kernel='sigmoid')
svc_clfs = {'Linear': svc_linear, 'Polynomial': svc_poly, 'RBF': svc_rbf, 'Sigmoid': svc_sig}
svc_clfs
     {'Linear': SVC(kernel='linear'),
      'Polynomial': SVC(kernel='poly'),
'RBF': SVC(),
      'Sigmoid': SVC(kernel='sigmoid')}
```

91, 509, 329, 416, 494, 74, 289, 10, 377, 201], dtype='int64', length=371)

```
# Plot decision boundaries

fig, axes = plt.subplots(2, 2, figsize=(15, 10))

svc_clf_list = list(svc_clfs.items())

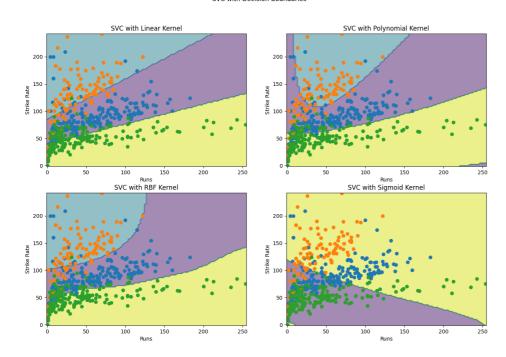
k = 0

for r in range(2):
    for c in range(2):
    name, svc_clf = svc_clf_list[k]
    disp = DecisionBoundaryDisplay.from_estimator(svc_clf, x_train, response_method= 'predict', xlabel = 'Runs', ylabel = 'Strike Rate', alpha=0.5, ax = axes[r][c])
    for match_type in data_cricketer['match_type'].unique():
        subset_type = data_cricketer[data_cricketer['match_type'] == match_type]
        axes[r][c].scatter(subset_type['Runs'], subset_type['SR'], label = match_type)
        axes[r][c].set_title(f'SVC with {name} Kernel')
        k += 1

#fig.set_xlabel('Runs')

#fig.set_xlabel('Score Rate')
plt.suptitle('SVC with Decision Boundaries')
plt.suptitle('SVC with Decision Boundaries')
plt.show()
```

SVC with Decision Boundaries



∨ Fit a SVM classification model with a Polynomial kernel with degree 6.

```
'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'T20', 'TEST', 'T20', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'T20', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'TEST', 'ODI', 'ODI', 'TEST', 'TEST'
                                                  'TEST'], dtype=object)
plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6))
disp = DecisionBoundaryDisplay.from_estimator(clf, x_train, response_method= 'predict', xlabel = 'Runs', ylabel = 'Strike Rate', alpha=0.5,) for match_type in data_cricketer['match_type'].unique():
               subset_type = data_cricketer[data_cricketer['match_type'] == match_type]
               plt.scatter(subset_type['Runs'], subset_type['SR'], label = match_type)
plt.xlabel('Runs')
plt.ylabel('Strike Rate')
\verb|plt.title('Decision Boundary for SVC with Polynomial kernel and degree = 6')| \\
plt.legend()
                   <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7d22dd102c50>
<Figure size 1000x600 with 0 Axes>
                                        Decision Boundary for SVC with Polynomial kernel and degree = 6
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    ODI
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   T20
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   TEST
                                    200
                                    150
                        Strike Rate
                                  100
```

For this model, compute confusion matrix, accuracy and balanced accuracy

150

Runs

200

250

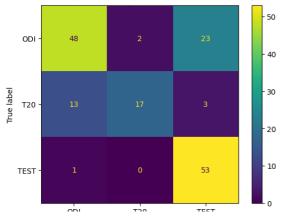
50

```
unique_labels = list(set(y_pred))
unique_labels.sort()
unique_labels_ser = pd.Series(unique_labels)
unique_labels_ser
           ODI
           T20
          TEST
     dtype: object
# To compute the confusion matrix
confusion_mat = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
                                                                  # Index = Actual; Column = Predicted
pd.DataFrame(confusion_mat, index = unique_labels_ser, columns = unique_labels_ser)
             ODI T20 TEST
       ODI
                        23
       T20
                   17
                         3
      TEST
                   0
                        53
# To compute accuracy score
accuracy = accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)
     0.7375
# To compute balanced accuracy score
\verb|balanced_accuracy| = \verb|balanced_accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred)|
balanced_accuracy
     0.718055747736113
```

Plot confusion matrix

```
conf_disp = ConfusionMatrixDisplay(confusion_matrix = confusion_mat, display_labels = unique_labels_ser)
conf_disp.plot()
```

<sklearn.metrics._plot.confusion_matrix.ConfusionMatrixDisplay at 0x7d22dd1b2aa0>



Also print classification report

print(classification_report(y_test, y_pred, target_names = unique_labels_ser))

\Rightarrow		precision	recall	f1-score	support
	ODI	0.77	0.66	0.71	73
	T20	0.89	0.52	0.65	33
	TEST	0.67	0.98	0.80	54
	accuracy			0.74	160
	macro avg	0.78	0.72	0.72	160
W	eighted avg	0.76	0.74	0.73	160

Create a scatter plot for Runs scored on x-axis and strike rate on y-axis. Group each point by match type (by assigning a different colour for each match type on the plot)

```
fig = px.scatter(data_cricketer, x = 'Runs', y = 'SR', color = 'match_type', title = 'Runs scored V/S Strike rate')
fig.show()
fig.write_image('Runs scored vs Strike rate.png')
```

Runs scored V/S Strike rate

