Exp No: 5 Date: 20.08.2024

INSTALLATION AND CONFIGURATION OF CLOUDSIM IN ECLIPSE IDE

AIM:

To install and configure the CloudSim in Eclipse IDE and run a java program in it.

PROCEDURE:

1. Java Installation

- a. Check java in your system.
- b. If java not installed then download Java.
- c. Install java setup.
- d. Set path variable for java.

2. Download CloudSim and additional jar file

- a. Download CloudSim 3.0.3
- b. Download Commons math 3 jar file.

3. Eclipse IDE Installation

- a. If java 64 bit Installed then download 64 bit Eclipse otherwise java 32 bit then download 32 eclipse.
- b. Install Eclipse IDE.

4. Run CloudSim in Eclipse

- a. Put up commons-math-3-3.6.1.jar file into jar folder of Cloudsim3.0.3
- b. Build a new java project with Cloudsim3.0.3 folder.

PROGRAM:

package org.cloudbus.cloudsim.examples;

import java.text.DecimalFormat;

import java.util.ArrayList;

import java.util.Calendar;

import java.util.LinkedList;

import java.util.List;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Cloudlet;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.CloudletSchedulerTimeShared;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Datacenter;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.DatacenterBroker;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.DatacenterCharacteristics;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Host;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Log;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Pe;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Storage;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.UtilizationModel;

import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.UtilizationModelFull;

```
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.Vm;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.VmAllocationPolicySimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.VmSchedulerTimeShared;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.core.CloudSim;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.BwProvisionerSimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.PeProvisionerSimple;
import org.cloudbus.cloudsim.provisioners.RamProvisionerSimple;
public class CloudSimExample1 {
    /** The cloudlet list. */
    private static List<Cloudlet> cloudletList;
    /** The vmlist. */
    private static List<Vm> vmlist;
     * Creates main() to run this example.
     * @param args the args
     @SuppressWarnings("unused")
    public static void main(String[] args) {
            Log.printLine("Starting CloudSimExample1...");
            try {
                    // First step: Initialize the CloudSim package. It should be called
                    // before creating any entities.
                    int num user = 1; // number of cloud users
                    Calendar calendar = Calendar.getInstance();
                    boolean trace_flag = false; // mean trace events
                    // Initialize the CloudSim library
                    CloudSim.init(num_user, calendar, trace_flag);
                    // Second step: Create Datacenters
                    // Datacenters are the resource providers in CloudSim. We need at
                    // list one of them to run a CloudSim simulation
                    Datacenter datacenter0 = createDatacenter("Datacenter 0");
                    // Third step: Create Broker
                    DatacenterBroker broker = createBroker();
                    int brokerId = broker.getId();
                    // Fourth step: Create one virtual machine
                    vmlist = new ArrayList<Vm>();
                    // VM description
                    int vmid = 0;
                    int mips = 1000;
                    long size = 10000; // image size (MB)
                    int ram = 512; // vm memory (MB)
```

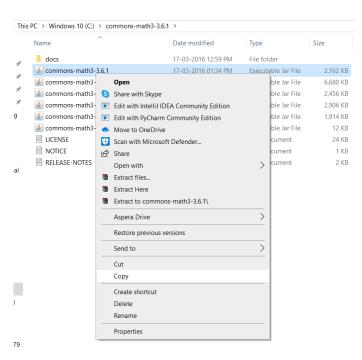
```
long bw = 1000;
                     int pesNumber = 1; // number of cpus
                     String vmm = "Xen"; // VMM name
                     // create VM
                     Vm vm = new Vm(vmid, brokerId, mips, pesNumber, ram, bw, size, vmm, new
CloudletSchedulerTimeShared());
                     // add the VM to the vmList
                     vmlist.add(vm):
                     // submit vm list to the broker
                     broker.submitVmList(vmlist);
                     // Fifth step: Create one Cloudlet
                     cloudletList = new ArrayList<Cloudlet>();
                     // Cloudlet properties
                     int id = 0;
                     long length = 400000;
                     long fileSize = 300;
                     long outputSize = 300;
                     UtilizationModel utilizationModel = new UtilizationModelFull();
                     Cloudlet cloudlet = new Cloudlet(id, length, pesNumber, fileSize, outputSize,
utilizationModel, utilizationModel, utilizationModel);
                     cloudlet.setUserId(brokerId);
                     cloudlet.setVmId(vmid);
                     // add the cloudlet to the list
                     cloudletList.add(cloudlet);
                     // submit cloudlet list to the broker
                     broker.submitCloudletList(cloudletList);
                     // Sixth step: Starts the simulation
                     CloudSim.startSimulation();
                     CloudSim.stopSimulation();
                     //Final step: Print results when simulation is over
                     List<Cloudlet> newList = broker.getCloudletReceivedList();
                     printCloudletList(newList);
                     Log.printLine("CloudSimExample1 finished!");
             } catch (Exception e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
                     Log.printLine("Unwanted errors happen");
             }
```

```
* Creates the datacenter.
     * @param name the name
     * @return the datacenter
     private static Datacenter createDatacenter(String name) {
             // Here are the steps needed to create a PowerDatacenter:
             // 1. We need to create a list to store
             // our machine
             List<Host> hostList = new ArrayList<Host>();
             // 2. A Machine contains one or more PEs or CPUs/Cores.
             // In this example, it will have only one core.
             List<Pe> peList = new ArrayList<Pe>();
             int mips = 1000;
             // 3. Create PEs and add these into a list.
             peList.add(new Pe(0, new PeProvisionerSimple(mips))); // need to store Pe id and MIPS
Rating
             // 4. Create Host with its id and list of PEs and add them to the list
             // of machines
             int hostId = 0:
             int ram = 2048; // host memory (MB)
             long storage = 1000000; // host storage
             int bw = 10000;
             hostList.add(
                     new Host(
                             new RamProvisionerSimple(ram),
                             new BwProvisionerSimple(bw),
                             storage,
                             peList,
                             new VmSchedulerTimeShared(peList)
             ); // This is our machine
             // 5. Create a DatacenterCharacteristics object that stores the
             // properties of a data center: architecture, OS, list of
             // Machines, allocation policy: time- or space-shared, time zone
             // and its price (G$/Pe time unit).
             String arch = "x86"; // system architecture
             String os = "Linux"; // operating system
             String vmm = "Xen";
             double time zone = 10.0; // time zone this resource located
             double cost = 3.0; // the cost of using processing in this resource
             double costPerMem = 0.05; // the cost of using memory in this resource
```

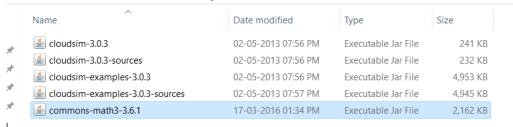
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double costPerStorage = 0.001; // the cost of using storage in this
                                                                              // resource
             double costPerBw = 0.0; // the cost of using bw in this resource
             LinkedList<Storage> storageList = new LinkedList<Storage>(); // we are not adding SAN
devices by now
             DatacenterCharacteristics characteristics = new DatacenterCharacteristics(
                             arch, os, vmm, hostList, time zone, cost, costPerMem,
                             costPerStorage, costPerBw);
             // 6. Finally, we need to create a PowerDatacenter object.
             Datacenter datacenter = null;
             try {
                     datacenter = new Datacenter(name, characteristics, new
VmAllocationPolicySimple(hostList), storageList, 0);
             } catch (Exception e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
             }
             return datacenter;
     }
    // We strongly encourage users to develop their own broker policies, to
    // submit vms and cloudlets according
    // to the specific rules of the simulated scenario
     * Creates the broker.
     * @return the datacenter broker
     private static DatacenterBroker createBroker() {
             DatacenterBroker broker = null;
             try {
                     broker = new DatacenterBroker("Broker");
             } catch (Exception e) {
                     e.printStackTrace();
                     return null;
             return broker;
     }
     * Prints the Cloudlet objects.
     * @param list list of Cloudlets
     private static void printCloudletList(List<Cloudlet> list) {
             int size = list.size();
             Cloudlet cloudlet;
```

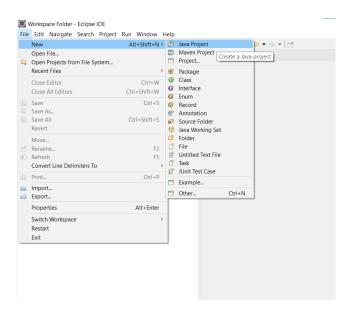
```
String indent = " ";
            Log.printLine();
            Log.printLine("========");
            Log.printLine("Cloudlet ID" + indent + "STATUS" + indent
                           + "Data center ID" + indent + "VM ID" + indent + "Time" + indent
                           + "Start Time" + indent + "Finish Time");
            DecimalFormat dft = new DecimalFormat("###.##");
            for (int i = 0; i < size; i++) {
                   cloudlet = list.get(i);
                   Log.print(indent + cloudlet.getCloudletId() + indent + indent);
                   if (cloudlet.getCloudletStatus() == Cloudlet.SUCCESS) {
                           Log.print("SUCCESS");
                           Log.printLine(indent + indent + cloudlet.getResourceId()
                                          + indent + indent + cloudlet.getVmId()
                                          + indent + indent
                                          + dft.format(cloudlet.getActualCPUTime()) + indent
                                          + indent + dft.format(cloudlet.getExecStartTime())
                                          + indent + indent
                                          + dft.format(cloudlet.getFinishTime()));
                    }
            }
}
```

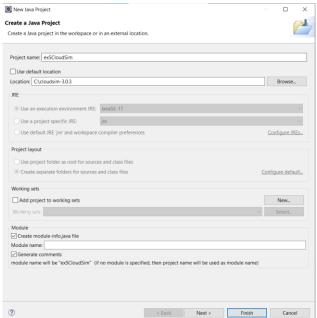
OUTPUT:

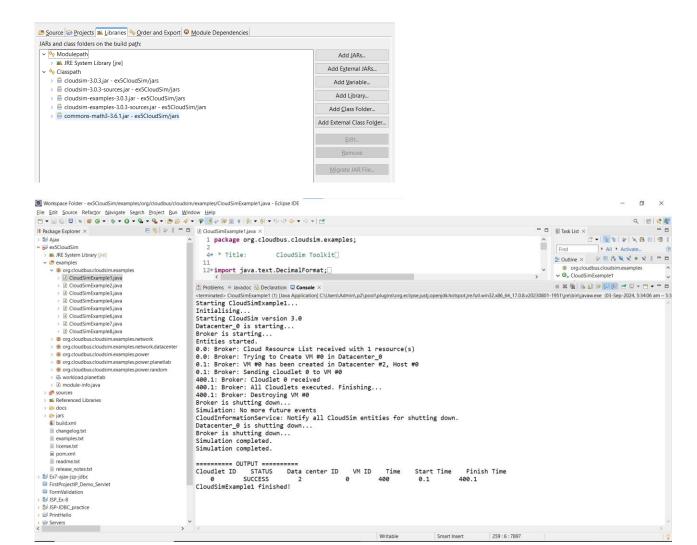


This PC > Windows 10 (C:) > cloudsim-3.0.3 > jars









RESULT:

Thus, the installation and configuration of CloudSim in Eclipse IDE has been successfully completed.