

n!

Fac(5) = 5 × 4 × 3 × 2 × 1 = 120

Fac(4) = 24

Fac(2) = 2

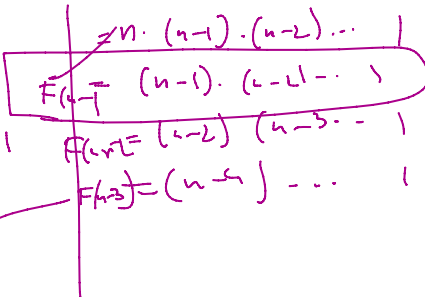
Fac(3) = 6

Fac(1) = 1

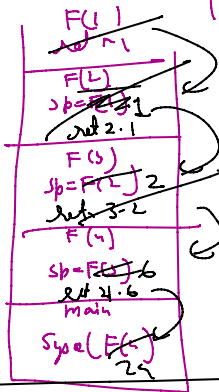
Fac(s) {

int sp = Fac(4) = 4 × 3 × 2 × 1

} 4! = sp × 4
→ 5 × 4



```
public static int Fac(int n) {
    if(n==0) {
        return 1;
    }
    // BP : Fac(n)
    // SP : Fac(n-1)
    int sp = Fac(n-1);
    return sp*n;
}
```

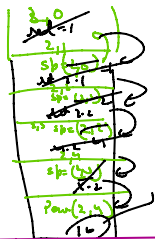


BP → Pow(2, 8) pow(9, 4)

sp → ~~252~~
27, 26, 2 a⁴

2⁸
2⁷ = 128
sp
and sp-2;

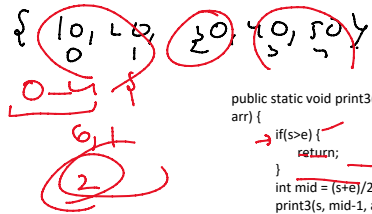
```
public static int Pow(int a, int b) {
    // BP : Pow(a,b)
    // SP : Pow(a,b-1)
    if(b==0) {
        return 1;
    }
    int sp = Pow(a, b-1);
    return sp * a;
}
```



0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34, 55, 89
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 BP = Fib(7)

Fibonacci F(0) 1, 2, 3, 4, ...

0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8



```
public static void print3(int s, int e, int[] arr) {
    if (s > e) {
        return;
    }
    int mid = (s + e) / 2;
    print3(s, mid - 1, arr);
    System.out.println(arr[mid]);
    print3(mid + 1, e, arr);
}
```

```
public static void print3(int s, int e, int[] arr) {
    if (s > e) {
        return;
    }
    int mid = (s + e) / 2;
    print3(s, mid - 1, arr);
    System.out.println(arr[mid]);
    print3(mid + 1, e, arr);
}
```

Handwritten calculation for the middle element:

$$\frac{(0 + 1)}{2} = 0.5$$

Resulting array: 10, 20, 30, 40, 50

