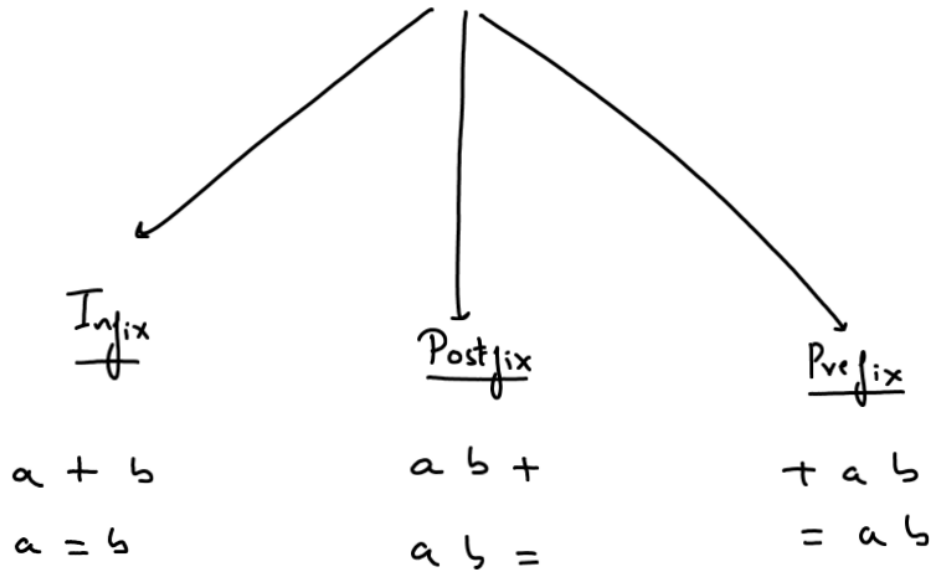


EXPRESSIONS



Converting Infix To Postfix

Operator Precedence

()

\$

/ * . /

+ -

Infix $(A) + \underline{(B * C)}$

$(A) + \underline{(BC*)}$

Postfix $A BC * +$

Infix $(A) + (B * C) / (D) - \underline{(E * F)}$

$(A) + \underline{(B * C) / (D)} - (E * F)$

$(A) + \underline{(BC*) / (D)} - (EF*)$

$(A) + \underline{(BC * D /)} - (EF*)$

$\underline{(A BC * D /)} + - (EF*)$

Postfix $A BC * D / + EF * -$

Infix To Prefix

Infix : $A + \underline{B * C}$

$A + \underline{*BC}$

Prefix : $+ A * BC$

Infix $A + B * C / D - \underline{E * F}$

$A + \underline{B * C / D} - E * F$

$A + \underline{*BC / D} - E * F$

$A + \underline{/ * BCD} - E * F$

$\underline{+ A / * BCD} - E * F$

Prefix $- + A / * BCD * EF$

Evaluating a Postfix Exp

⑤ El

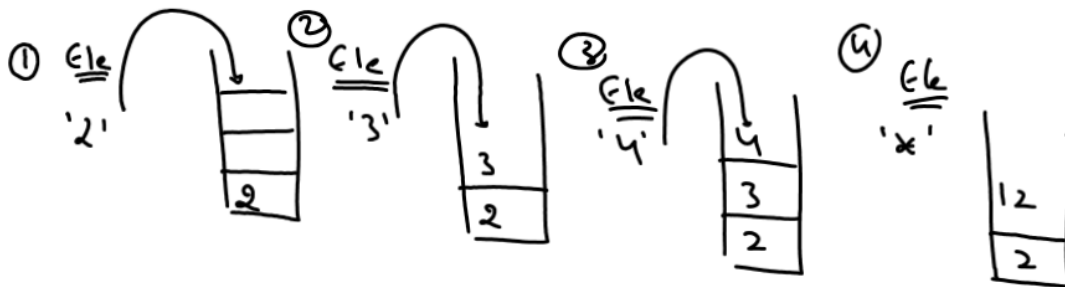
'+'

12
2

$$2 + 3 \times 4$$

0	1	2	3	4	5
'2'	'3'	'4'	'x'	'+'	'\0'

14



Infix

$$(5) + (6) / (2) - (1) \times (4) + (7)$$

$$(5) + (62 /) - (1) \times (4) + (7)$$

$$(5) + (62 /) - (14 \times) + (7)$$

$$(562 / +) - (14 \times) + (7)$$

$$(562 / + 14 \times -) + (7)$$

Postfix

$$562 / + 14 \times - 7 +$$

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
'5'	'6'	'2'	'/'	'+'	'1'	'4'	'x'	'-'	'7'	'+'	'\0'

<u>El</u>	<u>Stack</u>		<u>El</u>	<u>Stack</u>
'5'	5		'1'	8, 1
'6'	5, 6		'4'	8, 1, 4
'2'	5, 6, 2		'x'	8, 4
'/'	5, 3		'-'	4
'+'	8		'7'	4, 7
			'+'	11 ← (Ans)
			end	

Algorithm For Evaluating a Postfix Expression

1. Scan the given POSTFIX expression from LEFT to RIGHT one character at a time.
2. Check whether the character is an OPERAND or OPERATOR.
3. If it is an OPERAND , then PUSH it in the STACK
4. If it is an OPERATOR then:
 - a. POP top 2 operands from the STACK
 - b. Apply the operator on them
 - c. PUSH the result back in the STACK
5. Repeat the above process until the POSTFIX expression finishes
6. POP the only remaining element from the STACK and return it as the answer of the expression
7. Finish