

Double Dimensional Integer Array

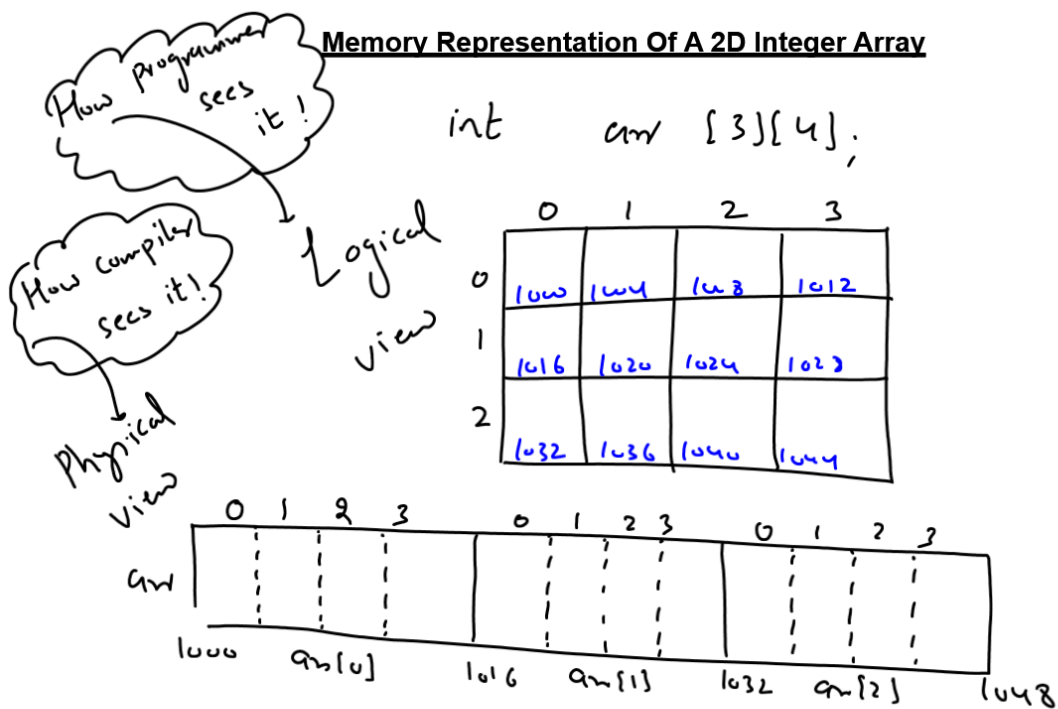
Syntax

<data type> <array-name> [row size] [col size];

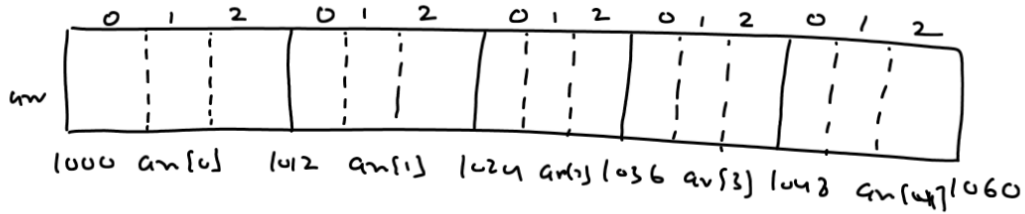
int int

example

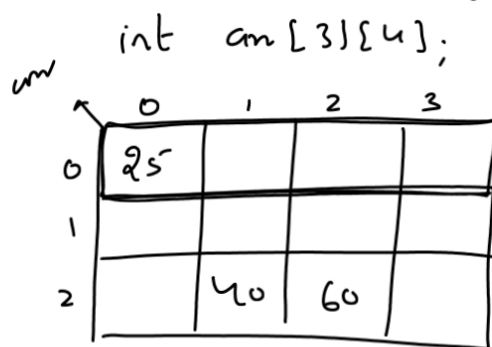
int marks[3][4];



int arr[5][3];



Accessing a 2D array



arr[0] = 25; X

ex
arr[0][0] = 25;
arr[2][1] = 40;
arr[2][2] = 60;

Syntax

<arr>[row in][col in] = val;

printf("%d", arr[0][0]);
25
printf("%d", arr[2][1]);
40
:

ACCEPTING INPUT FROM USER IN A 2D ARRAY

WAP to create a 2D integer array of 3 * 4 size. Accept input from the user in it and then print all the array values in matrix form

```
int main()
{
    int arr[3][4];
    int i,j;
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<4;j++)
        {
            printf("enter no:");
            scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
        }
    }
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<4;j++)
        {
            printf("%d ",arr[i][j]);
        }
        printf("\n");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

	0	1	2	3
0	45	30	60	15
1	25	50	18	23
2	19	65	70	15

O/P

45	30	60	15
25	50	18	23
19	65	70	15

WAP to create a 2D integer array of 3 * 4 size. Accept input from the user in it and then print the sum and average of all array elements

```
int main()
{
    int arr[3][4];
    int i,j,sum=0;
    for(i=0;i<3;i++)
    {
        for(j=0;j<4;j++)
        {
            printf("enter no:");
            scanf("%d",&arr[i][j]);
            sum=sum+arr[i][j];
        }
    }
    printf("Sum is %d",sum);
    printf("\nAvg is %f",(float)sum/(i*j));
    return 0;
}
```

	0	1	2	3
0	45	30	60	15
1	25	50	18	23
2	19	65	70	15

o/p

45	30	60	15
25	50	18	23
19	65	70	15

Assume we have 3 students and each student has 4 subjects . WAP to accept marks of every subject for each student from the user and do the following:

1. Find out the total marks scored by ever student.