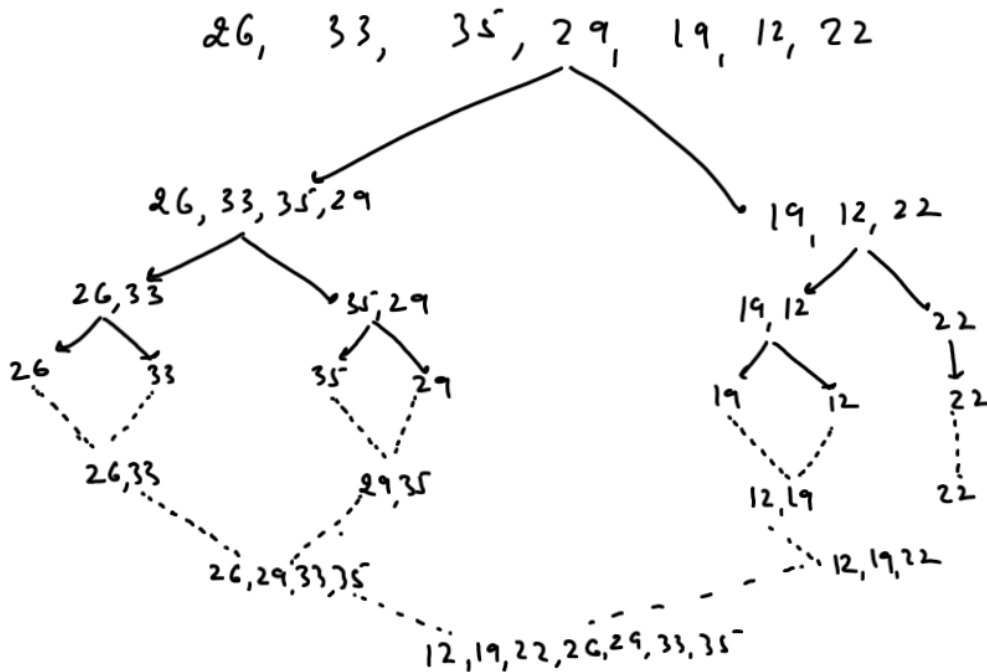


## MERGE SORT ( Divide And Conquer Approach)



0	1	2	3	4	5
5	9	10	12	20	6

```
void merge_sort(int arr[], int first, int last)
{
```

```
    int mid;
```

```
    if (first < last)
```

```
    {
```

```
        mid = (first + last) / 2;
```

```
        ✓ merge_sort(arr, first, mid);
```

```
        merge_sort(arr, mid + 1, last);
```

```
        merge(arr, first, last);
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

a.  $j=0, l=5$

$m = 2$

$ms(arr, 0, 2)$

b.  $j=0, l=2$

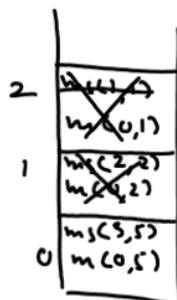
$m = 1$

$ms(arr, 0, 1)$

c.  $j=0, l=1$

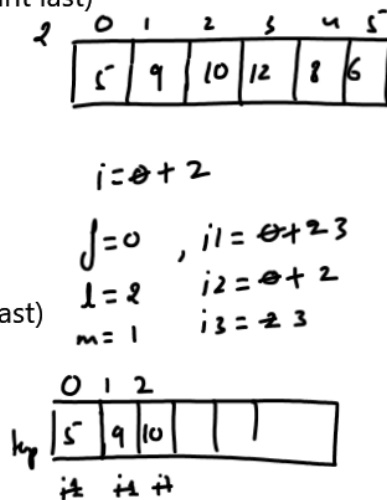
$m = 0$

$ms(arr, 0, 0)$



```
void merge(int arr[],int first,int last)
```

```
{
    int temp[10];
    int mid,i,i1,i2,i3;
    mid=(first+last)/2;
    i1=0;
    i2=first;
    i3=mid+1;
    while(i2<=mid && i3<=last)
    {
        if(arr[i2]<arr[i3])
        {
            temp[i1]=arr[i2];
            i2=i2+1;
        }
        else
        {
            temp[i1]=arr[i3];
            i3=i3+1;
        }
        i1=i1+1;
    }
}
```



```
if(i2<=mid)
{
    while(i2<=mid)
    {
        temp[i1]=arr[i2];
        i1=i1+1;
        i2=i2+1;
    }
}
else
{
    while(i3<=last)
    {
        temp[i1]=arr[i3];
        i1=i1+1;
        i3=i3+1;
    }
}
i=0;
while(i<i1)
{
    arr[first+i]=temp[i];
    i=i+1;
}
}
```

```
int main()
{
    int arr[]={10,5,9,12,8,6};
    printf("Before sorting:");
    for(int i=0;i<6;i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d",arr[i]);
    }
    merge_sort(arr,0,5);
    printf("\nAfter sorting:");
    for(int i=0;i<6;i++)
    {
        printf("\n%d",arr[i]);
    }
    return 0;
}
```

Quick Sort

0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
10	15	3	12	9	16	2	11	Infinity
i						j		

10	2	3	12	9	16	15	11	Inf
	i			j				

10	2	3	9	12	16	15	11	Inf
----	---	---	---	----	----	----	----	-----

→ 9

2	3	10	12	16	15	11	Inf
i			j				

→ 3

2	9	10	12	16	15	11	Inf
i			j				

2, 3, 9, 10, 12, 16, 15, 11, Inf

2, 3, 9, 10, 12, 16, 15, 11, Inf

2, 3, 9, 10, 12, 11, 15, 16, Inf

2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, Inf

2, 3, 9, 10, 11, 12, 15, 16, Inf

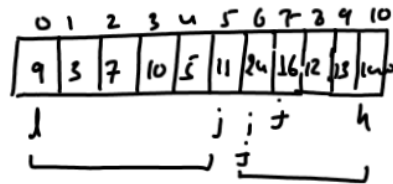
```
int main()
{
    int A[] =
    {11,13,7,12,16,9,24,5,10,3,1000}
    ,n=10,i;
```

```
QuickSort(A,0,n);
```

```
for(i=0;i<10;i++)
    printf("%d ",A[i]);
    printf("\n");
```

```
return 0;
```

```
}
void QuickSort(int A[],int l,int h)
{
    int j;
    if(l<h)
    {
        j=partition(A,l,h);
        QuickSort(A,l,j);
        QuickSort(A,j+1,h);
    }
}
```



pivot = 11

0 5

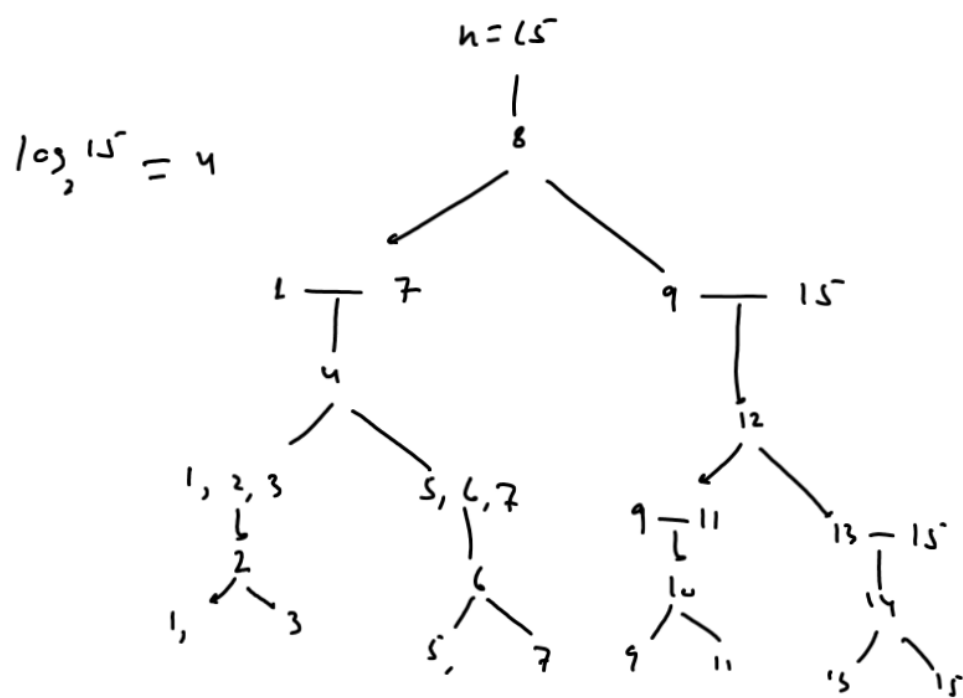
```
int partition(int A[],int l,int h)
{
    int pivot=A[l];
    int i=l,j=h;
    do
    {
        do
        {
            i++;
        }while(A[i]<=pivot);
        do
        {
            j--;
        }while(A[j]>pivot);
        if(i<j)
            swap(&A[i],&A[j]);
    }while(i<j);
    swap(&A[l],&A[j]);
    return j;
}
```

10, 20, 30, 40, 50, 70  
+ i j

$$C(n) = n + (n-1) + (n-2) + \dots + 2 + 1$$

$$C(n) = \frac{n(n+1)}{2}$$

$$C(n) = O(n^2)$$



$$n, \frac{n}{2}, \frac{n}{4}, \frac{n}{8}, \dots, \frac{n}{2^k}$$

$$\frac{n}{2^k} = 1$$

$$\boxed{k = \log_2 n}$$