## **Executing DML Queries**

DML queries are INSERT, UPDATE and DELETE and to execute these queries from Java code we make use of a method called **executeUpdate()** belonging to **Statement** object.

Following is the prototype of the method:

## public int executeUpdate(String) throws SQLException

**Parameter**: this method accepts a non select query as parameter and executes it on the DB.

**Return value:** this method returns an int value indicating number of rows affected by the query.

Drawback with the previous code

Although, we are able to insert record from Java in Oracle but code has a major problem which is that our query/data is static.

This means that every time the program will run it will insert same row in a table unless or untill programmer himself changes the data which is a difficult task.

The solution to this problem is we must accept the value is to be inserted at runtime from the user using **Scanner** class.