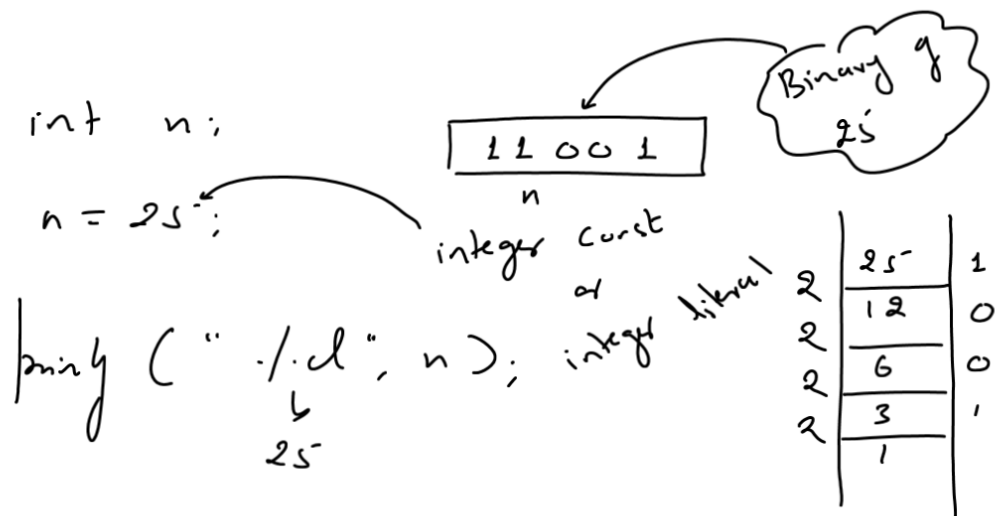
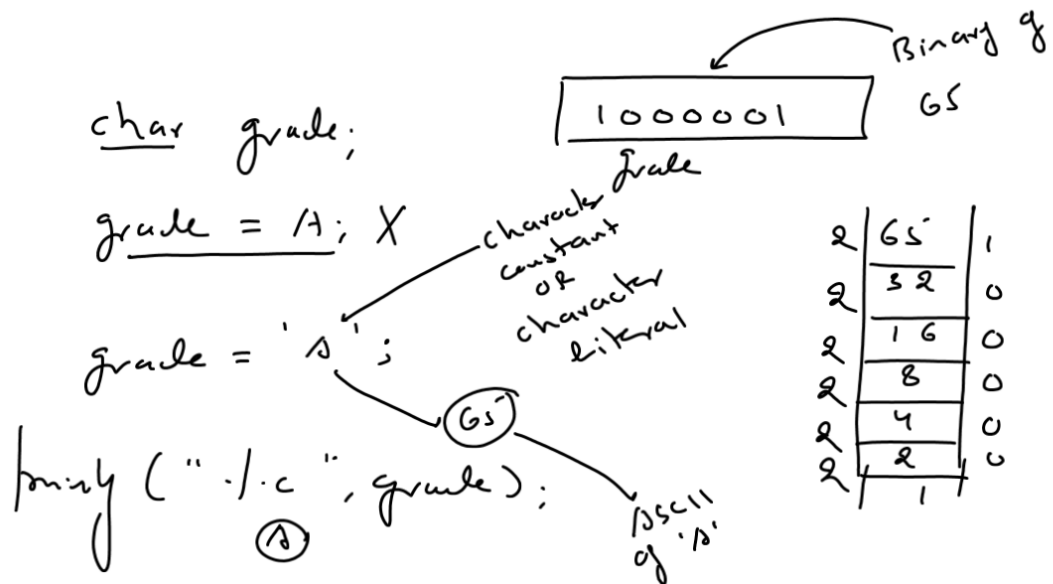


<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Format Sp</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Range</u>
② unsigned int	%.u	2B	0 To 65535
<div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-between;"> <div style="width: 45%;"> <pre>unsigned int a; a = 65536; printf("%.u", a);</pre> </div> <div style="width: 45%;"> <pre>unsigned int a; a = -1; printf("%.u", a);</pre> </div> </div>			

<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Format Sp</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Range</u>
③ long int	%.ld	4B	✓ -2147483648 To 2147483647
④ unsigned long int	%.lu	4B	0 To ✓ 4294967295

<u>Data Type</u>	<u>Size</u>	<u>Format sp</u>	<u>Range</u>
① char or signed char	1 B	%.c <u>ASCII</u>	-128 To 127
② unsigned char	1 B	%.c	0 To 255





character const	ASCII code
'A'	65
'B'	66
⋮	⋮
'Z'	90
'a'	97
⋮	⋮
'z'	122

American  
 Std  
 Code  
 for  
 Information  
 Interchange

### Displaying ASCII Codes

=====

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <conio.h>
void main()
{
    char ch;
    clrscr();
    ch='A';
    printf("%c , %d", ch, ch);
    getch();
}
```

OUTPUT

=====

A, 65

*Will display  
char value of ch i.e. A*

*Will display ASCII code  
of ch i.e. 65*

WAP to ask the user to input a character and display that character as well as its ASCII code.

### SAMPLE OUTPUT

=====

Enter a char:B

Character is B

It's ASCII is 66