```
private void btnClearActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
     txtKm.setText("");
txtResult.setText("");
     txtKm.requestFocus();
buttonGroup1.clearSelection();
  }
  private void btnQuitActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
     String name="";
     ans=JOptionPane.showConfirmDialog(null,"Are you sure to quit ?", "Ja rahe ho..",
JOptionPane.YES_NO_OPTION,JOptionPane.QUESTION_MESSAGE);
     if(ans==JOptionPane.YES_OPTION){
       name=JOptionPane.showInputDialog(null,"Enter your name");
       if(name==null||name.equals("")){
          name=" Guest";
       JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null,"Thank you "+name+" for using the app");
       System.exit(0);
    }
  }
   private void btnConvertActionPerformed(java.awt.event.ActionEvent evt) {
        String km = txtKm.getText();
        String unit=""
       long result=0;
       try{
          int kilometer=Integer.parseInt(km.trim());
          if(jrbMeter.isSelected()){
result=kilometer*1000L;
             unit=" Meters";
          else if(jrbCentimeter.isSelected()){
             result=kilometer*100000L;
             unit=" Centimeters";
          else if(jrbMillimeter.isSelected()){
             result=kilometer*1000000L;
             unit=" Milliimeters";
          else{
             JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please select a unit first");
             return;
          txtResult.setText(result + unit);
       }
          catch(Exception ex){
               JOptionPane.showMessageDialog(null, "Please input digits only");
```

}

}

The JComboBox

=========

- 1. The JComboBox class is used by developers to provide a list of choices to the user amongst which the user will be able to select a single option.
- 2. In swing, to create a combo box we use JComboBox from the pallett and we can add items in it in two ways:
- a) At design time. b) At run time.





