OR

(b) (i) Write converse and contrapositive of the following statement: (CO1) Indian teams win whenever match is played in Kolkata; hometown of Ganguly.

(ii) Write the Disjunctive normal form of od  $Q \vee (P \wedge R) \wedge \neg ((P \vee R) \wedge Q)$ .

(CO2)

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(ii) All kings are men

(i) All men are fallfble

(iii) Therefore, all kings are fallfele

(b) Define logical implication. Also show that

 $((P \lor Q) \land \neg Q) \rightarrow P$  is a logical

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## TMC-104

## M. C. A. (FIRST SEMESTER) MID SEMESTER **EXAMINATION, Nov., 2022** DISCRETE STRUCTURE AND COMBINATORICS

Time: 11/2 Hours

**Maximum Marks: 50** 

Note: (i) Answer all the questions by choosing any one of the sub-questions.

(ii) Each sub-question carries 10 marks. Show that the following statement is a

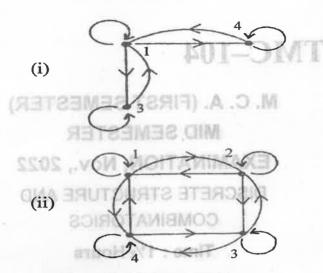
1. (a) Draw the Hasse diagram for the poset  $(P(S), \subseteq)$ , where  $S = \{1, 2, 3, 4\}$ . (CO4)

(a) Define the inverse of a function. When (b) Determine whether the relation with directed graphs is an equivalence relation.

(CO4)

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2. (a) State and prove the De Morgan's laws using truth table. (CO1) any one of the sub-questions.

(ii) Each sub-question carries 10 marks. (b) Show that the following statement is a tautology: (CO1)

$$\left(\sim P \wedge \left(P \to Q\right)\right) \to \sim Q$$

3. (a) Define the inverse of a function. When does a function have an inverse? Does the function f(n) = 10 - n from the set of integers to the set of integers have an inverse? If so, what is it? (CO4)

TMC-104 (b) (i) Write conferse and contrapositive of

- (b) Let  $f: \mathbb{R}^+ \to \mathbb{R}^+$  and  $g: \mathbb{R}^+ \to \mathbb{R}^+$  be function defined by  $f(x) = \sqrt{x}$  and g(x) = 3x + 1 for all  $x \in \mathbb{R}^+$ , find  $f \circ g$  and  $g \circ f$ . (CO4)
- 4. (a) Prove or disprove the validity of the following arguments using the rules of inference. (CO2)
  - (i) All men are fallible
  - (ii) All kings are men
  - (iii) Therefore, all kings are fallible

OR

- (b) Define logical implication. Also show that  $((P \lor Q) \land \neg Q) \rightarrow P$  is a logical implication. (CO2)
- 5. (a) Use the Principle of Mathematical Induction to verify that, for n any positive integers  $6^n - 1$  is divisible by 5. (CO1)