ALPHANET ISP NETWORK IMPLEMENTATION

A CASE STUDY REPORT

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for the course

21CSC302J – COMPUTER NETWORKS in partial fulfillment of the requirements for the degree of BACHELOR OF TECHNOLOGY



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NOVEMBER 2024



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BONAFIDE CERTIFICATE

Certified that Computer Network A Case Study Report titled AlphaNet ISP Network is the bonafide work of Lalith Surya G [RA2211032010009], Shabarinathan KRV [RA211032010011], Amal R [RA211032010015], who carried out the case study under my supervision. Certified further, that to the best of my knowledge the work reported herein does not form any other work

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ABSTRACT

This network design presents a robust and scalable network infrastructure for an organization set to integrate multiple ISPs, a cloud provider, and internal networks. Advanced routing protocols such as BGP and OSPF are used in association with network technologies such as VLANs, NAT, and GRE tunnels. The domains are divided in the network: the core AlfaNET network, the customer networks, and the LPnet network. The AlfaNET network is the back-bone part connecting different sites and supplying internet connectivity through ISPs. The LPnet is a separate network for specific purposes and uses RIP internally for routing purposes, while GRE tunnels are used to connect inter-sites. Security is one of the paramount issues addressed through ACLs when controlling traffic flow and protecting sensitive information. This network design is scalable, and this assimilated to grow and expand over time. By combining these technologies and strategies effectively, this promised network would be reliable, efficient, and secure connectivity.

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1. Introduction

1.1 Background

AlfaISP is a local internet service provider located in Belgrade, Serbia. The company expands its network infrastructure to fulfill the growing demand from its residential as well as business customers. The company has four locations, namely, Centar, Zemun, Banovo Brdo, and Kaludjerica, are interconnected by a high-speed ring by using fiber-optic links. The goal of AlfaISP lies mainly in the internet access for individual users by providing ADSL modem connections as well as fiber-optic connections for small and medium-sized enterprises. Besides that, the company provides hosting services both from its own data center and third-party cloud providers, for dedicated and virtual servers.

1.2 Objectives

The main objective is to develop and enhance the network infrastructure of AlfaISP from residential and business customers. This should include the spread of the network, maximizing network performance, detailed security measures, diversification of services, and efficient management of network resources with the least possible operational cost. With the success of these objectives, AlfaISP will be in a better position to sustain its robust positions within the region with superior customer service as well as market growth.

2. Network Design

2.1 Topology

The AlfaNET network topology is built up as a ring network with redundancy and scalability. High-speed fiber optics interconnect the four main locations: Centar, Zemun, Banovo Brdo, and Kaludjerica. The major data center is located in the Banovo Brdo location with hosting services and support of the necessary infrastructure of the networks. Internet connections are of high speed and have redundancy. AlfaISP uses a mix of ADSL and fiber-optic connections connecting individuals and businesses. All its servers are taken to cloud providers outside AlfaISP for virtual hosting. This topology has greatly improved the reliability, scalability, and security of the network because it enables AlfaISP to give its customers high-performance and reliable services.

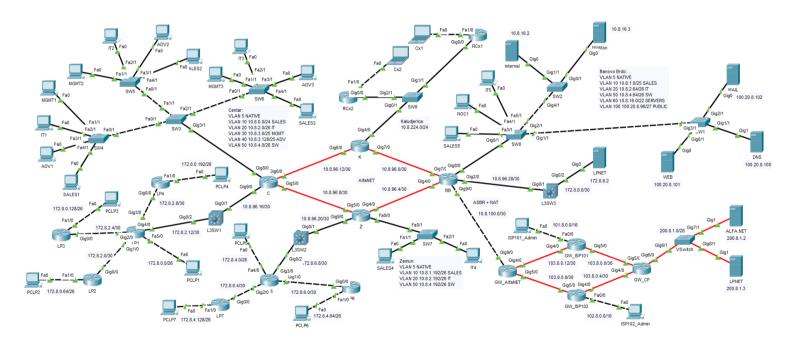


Figure 1: Topology of full network

2.2 Components

The network design for the project incorporates the following devices:

1. Routers (16):

- o 2 ISP router for upstream connectivity.
- o Positioned at the core layer for redundancy.
- Connect to both ISPs for internet connectivity.
- o Configured with static, public IP addresses from ISPs.

2. Multilayer Switches (13):

- o Deployed at the core layer to provide redundancy and efficient routing.
- Configured for both switching and routing functionalities.
- o Assigned IP addresses to enable inter-VLAN routing.

3. End-User Devices (36):

- o Deployed at the access layer.
- o Connected to distribution layer switches for departmental access.

4. DHCP Servers (18):

o Dynamically allocate IP addresses to end-user devices.

These devices collectively form a structured and well-organized network architecture, integrating redundancy, efficient routing, and secure communication to meet the specific requirements of the trading floor support center's operations.

2.3 IP Addressing Scheme

Provide details about the IP addressing scheme applied to the network.

Autonomous System 100

10.8.0.0/16 - OSPF routing, NATIVE VLAN ID: 5

Address range for internal business subnets: 10.8.0.0/20

SALES: 512 addresses: 10.8.0.0/23 (VLAN ID: 10)

Centar : 256 addresses : 10.8.0.0/24

Banovo Brdo: 128 addresses: 10.8.1.0/25

Kaludjerica: 64 addresses: 10.8.1.128/26

Zemun : 64 addresses : 10.8.1.192/26

IT : 256 addresses : 10.8.2.0/24 (VLAN ID: 20)

Centar : 64 addresses : 10.8.2.0/26

Banovo Brdo : 64 addresses : 10.8.2.64/26

Kaludjerica: 64 addresses: 10.8.2.128/26

Zemun : 64 addresses : 10.8.2.192/26

MGMT: 128 addresses: 10.8.3.0/25 (VLAN ID: 30)

ADV : 128 addresses : 10.8.3.128/25 (VLAN ID: 40)

SWCONTROL: 256 addresses: 10.8.4.0/24 (VLAN ID: 50)

Centar : 64 addresses : 10.8.4.0/26

Banovo Brdo : 64 addresses : 10.8.4.64/26 Kaludjerica : 64 addresses : 10.8.4.128/26

Zemun : 64 addresses : 10.8.4.192/26

Address range for servers: 10.8.16.0/22 (VLAN ID: 60)

Internal (AlfaNET internal server): 10.8.16.2

NWMon (SNMP monitoring server): 10.8.16.3

Address range for internal point-to-point subnets: 10.8.96.0/22

K-BB : 10.8.96.0/30

BB-Z : 10.8.96.4/30

Z-C : 10.8.96.8/30

C-K : 10.8.96.12/30

C-L3SW1 : 10.8.96.16/30

Z-L3SW2 : 10.8.96.20/30

L3SW1-L3SW2 : 10.8.96.24/30 (Tunnel 1)

BB-L3SW3 : 10.8.96.28/30

L3SW1-L3SW3 : 10.8.96.32/30 (Tunnel 2) L3SW2-L3SW3 : 10.8.96.36/30 (Tunnel 3)

Internet link: 10.8.100.0/4

AlfaNET public range: 100.20.8.0/24

IT department : 100.20.8.1 - 100.20.8.16 Customers : 100.20.8.17 - 100.20.8.32

Sales, marketing, management: 100.20.8.33 - 100.20.8.40

LPNet customer : 100.20.8.41 - 100.20.8.41

Public servers: 100.20.8.96/27

DNS: 100.20.8.100 WEB: 100.20.8.101 MAIL: 100.20.8.102

AlfaNET customer's private range

192.168.8.0/26

DHCP: 192.168.8.10 - 192.168.8.30

Default gateway: 192.168.8.30

AlfaNET customer's internal range (n - customer's ID): 10.8.128.0/17

10.8.128.n - Centar - OSPF Area 201 totally stubby

10.8.160.n - Zemun - OSPF Area 202 totally stubby

10.8.192.n - Banovo Brdo - OSPF Area 203 totally stubby

10.8.224.n - Kaludjerica - OSPF Area 204 totally stubby

LPNet private range

172.8.0.0/16 - RIP routing

Centar: 172.8.0.0/22

Pivnica 1 : 172.8.0.0/26

Pivnica 2: 172.8.0.64/26

Pivnica 3: 172.8.0.128/26 Pivnica 4: 172.8.0.192/26

LP1-LP2 : 172.8.2.0/30

LP1-LP3 : 172.8.2.4/30

LP1-LP4 : 172.8.2.8/30

LP1-L3SW1: 172.8.2.12/30

Zemun: 172.8.4.0/22

Pivnica 5: 172.8.4.0/26

Pivnica 6: 172.8.4.64/26

Pivnica 7: 172.8.4.128/26

LP5-LP6 : 172.8.6.0/30

LP5-LP7 : 172.8.6.4/30

LP5-L3SW2: 172.8.6.8/30

Banovo Brdo: 172.8.8.0/24

LPNET-L3SW3: 172.8.8.0/30

Internet Service Provider (ISP) "101"

Autonomous System 101

101.8.0.0/16

Internet Service Provider (ISP) "102"

Autonomous System 102

102.8.0.0/16

Cloud provider

Autonomous System 200

200.8.1.0/28

Point-to-point public networks

GW_ISP101 - GW_CP : 103.8.0.0/30

GW CP - GW ISP102 : 103.8.0.4/30

GW ISP102 - GW AlfaNET: 103.8.0.8/30

 $GW_AlfaNET - GW_ISP101: 103.8.0.12/30$

3. Routing Configuration

3.1 Static and Dynamic Routing

Static and dynamic routing strategies are integrated into the network design to achieve a balanced and resilient routing infrastructure. Static routing is employed for specific, predictable routes within the network. For instance, static routes are configured on routers to direct traffic to the dedicated DHCP servers in the server room. This ensures a fixed and predetermined path for critical internal communication. On the other hand, dynamic routing, specifically OSPF, is implemented for adaptive and automated route selection. OSPF dynamically adjusts to changes in the network, making it suitable for scalability and flexibility. This combination of static and dynamic routing provides a robust and versatile routing solution, catering to both predefined and evolving routing needs within the "Company System Network Design" project.

Internet Service Provider "101" BGP Gateway configuration

enable

configure terminal

Interfaces interface FastEthernet 0/0 ip address 101.8.0.1 255.255.0.0 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 5/0 ip address 103.8.0.1 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 4/0 ip address 103.8.0.13 255.255.255.252 no shutdown exit

DHCP service dhcp ip dhcp pool LAN101

```
network 101.8.0.0 255.255.0.0
default-router 101.8.0.1
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 101.8.0.1
#BGP
router bgp 101
neighbor 103.8.0.2 remote-as 200
neighbor 103.8.0.14 remote-as 100
network 101.8.0.0 mask 255.255.0.0
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Internet Service Provider "102" BGP Gateway configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface FastEthernet 0/0
ip address 102.8.0.1 255.255.0.0
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 4/0
ip address 103.8.0.6 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 5/0
ip address 103.8.0.9 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
exit
```

DHCP service dhcp

```
ip dhcp pool LAN102
network 102.8.0.0 255.255.0.0
default-router 102.8.0.1
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 102.8.0.1
```

#BGP

router bgp 102 neighbor 103.8.0.5 remote-as 200 neighbor 103.8.0.10 remote-as 100 network 102.8.0.0 mask 255.255.0.0 exit

Save config

CTRL-C

copy running-config startup-config

Cloud Provider BGP Gateway configuration

enable

configure terminal

ACLs

ip access-list extended VIRTUAL-DC-ACL

permit tcp any host 200.8.1.2 eq 80

permit tcp any host 200.8.1.2 eq 443

permit tcp any host 200.8.1.3 eq 80

permit tcp any host 200.8.1.3 eq 443

permit tcp 100.20.8.0 0.0.0.15 host 200.8.1.2 eq 22

permit tcp 100.20.8.0 0.0.0.15 host 200.8.1.2 eq 23

permit tcp host 100.20.8.16 host 200.8.1.2 eq 22

permit tcp host 100.20.8.16 host 200.8.1.2 eq 23

deny tcp host 100.20.8.0 host 200.8.1.2

permit icmp any host 200.8.1.2

permit icmp any host 200.8.1.3

exit

```
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 6/0
ip address 200.8.1.1 255.255.255.240
ip access-group ALFA-NET-ACL out
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 5/0
ip address 103.8.0.2 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 4/0
ip address 103.8.0.5 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
exit
#BGP
router bgp 200
neighbor 103.8.0.1 remote-as 101
neighbor 103.8.0.6 remote-as 102
network 200.8.1.0 mask 255.255.255.240
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# AlfaNET BGP Gateway configuration
enable
configure terminal
```

interface GigabitEthernet 4/0

interface GigabitEthernet 5/0

ip address 103.8.0.10 255.255.255.252

Interfaces

no shutdown

```
ip address 103.8.0.14 255.255.255.252 no shutdown
```

interface GigabitEthernet 9/0 ip address 10.8.100.2 255.255.255.252 no shutdown exit

#BGP

router bgp 100 neighbor 103.8.0.9 remote-as 102 neighbor 103.8.0.13 remote-as 101 network 100.20.8.0 mask 255.255.255.0 exit

Static route to AlfaNET public range ip route 100.20.8.0 255.255.255.0 10.8.100.1

Save config

CTRL-C

copy running-config startup-config

Zemun (Z) backbone router configuration

enable

configure terminal

ACLs

ip access-list extended LPNET-ACL
permit tcp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit udp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit icmp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit tcp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
permit udp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
permit icmp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255

deny icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255

permit ip any any permit tcp any any permit udp any any permit icmp any any exit

Interfaces interface GigabitEthernet 4/0 ip address 10.8.96.6 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 5/0 ip address 10.8.96.9 255.255.252 no shutdown exit

interface FastEthernet 0/0 no shutdown exit

interface FastEthernet 0/0.1 encapsulation dot1Q 10 ip address 10.8.1.193 255.255.255.192

interface FastEthernet 0/0.2 encapsulation dot1Q 20 ip address 10.8.2.193 255.255.255.192

interface FastEthernet 0/0.5 encapsulation dot1Q 50 ip address 10.8.4.193 255.255.255.192 exit

interface GigabitEthernet 9/0
ip address 10.8.96.21 255.255.255.252
ip access-group LPNET-ACL out
no shutdown
exit

DHCP

```
service dhcp
```

ip dhcp pool SALES network 10.8.1.192 255.255.255.192 default-router 10.8.1.193 dns-server 100.20.8.100 ip dhep pool IT network 10.8.2.192 255.255.255.192 default-router 10.8.2.193 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.1.193 ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.2.193 # Static route to LP network ip route 172.8.4.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.22 # OSPF router ospf 1 network 10.8.96.0 0.0.3.255 area 0 network 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 area 10 redistribute static subnets exit # Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config # Kaludjerica (K) backbone router configuration enable

ACLs

configure terminal

ip access-list extended CX-ACL

deny tcp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny tcp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any
permit icmp any any
exit

Interfaces interface GigabitEthernet 7/0 ip address 10.8.96.1 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 6/0 ip address 10.8.96.14 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 4/0 ip address 10.8.224.254 255.255.255.0 ip access-group CX-ACL in no shutdown exit

OSPF
router ospf 1
area 204 stub no-summary
network 10.8.96.0 0.0.3.255 area 0
network 10.8.224.0 0.0.0.255 area 204
exit

Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config

enable

configure terminal

ACLs

ip access-list extended LPNET-ACL
permit tcp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit udp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit icmp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit tcp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
permit udp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
permit icmp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any
permit icmp any any
exit

deny tcp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny tcp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny icmp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any
permit icmp any any
exit

Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 5/0
ip address 10.8.96.10 255.255.252

no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 6/0

ip address 10.8.96.13 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0 no shutdown exit

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.1 encapsulation dot1Q 10 ip address 10.8.0.1 255.255.255.0

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.2 encapsulation dot1Q 20 ip address 10.8.2.1 255.255.255.192

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.3 encapsulation dot1Q 30 ip address 10.8.3.1 255.255.255.128

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.4 encapsulation dot1Q 40 ip address 10.8.3.129 255.255.255.128

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.5 encapsulation dot1Q 50 ip address 10.8.4.1 255.255.255.192 exit

interface GigabitEthernet 9/0
ip address 10.8.96.17 255.255.255.252
ip access-group LPNET-ACL out
no shutdown
exit

DHCP service dhcp

ip dhcp pool SALES network 10.8.0.0 255.255.255.0 default-router 10.8.0.1

dns-server 100.20.8.100

ip dhcp pool IT network 10.8.2.0 255.255.255.192 default-router 10.8.2.1 dns-server 100.20.8.100

ip dhcp pool MGMT network 10.8.3.0 255.255.255.128 default-router 10.8.3.1 dns-server 100.20.8.100

ip dhcp pool ADV network 10.8.3.128 255.255.255.128 default-router 10.8.3.129 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit

ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.0.1 ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.2.1 ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.3.1 ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.3.129

Static route to LP network ip route 172.8.0.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.18

OSPF
router ospf 1
network 10.8.96.0 0.0.3.255 area 0
network 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 area 10
redistribute static subnets
exit

Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config

enable

configure terminal

ACLs

ip access-list extended PUBLIC-SRVRS-ACL permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.100 permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.101 permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.102 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.100 eq 161 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.101 eq 161 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.102 eq 161 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.100 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.101 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.102 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.101 eq 80 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.101 eq 443 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.102 eq 25 permit tcp any eq 25 host 100.20.8.102 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.102 eq 110 permit udp any host 100.20.8.100 eq 53 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.100 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.101 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.102 exit

ip access-list extended PRIVATE-SRVRS-ACL permit tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit icmp any host 10.8.16.3 echo-reply permit udp any eq 161 host 10.8.16.3 exit

ip access-list extended LPNET-SRVR-ACL permit tcp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34 permit udp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34 permit icmp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34 permit tcp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38 permit udp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38

permit icmp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38 deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2 deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2 deny icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2 permit ip any any permit tcp any any permit udp any any permit icmp any any exit

Interfaces interface GigabitEthernet 2/0 ip address 10.8.96.29 255.255.255.252 ip nat inside ip access-group LPNET-SRVR-ACL out no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 7/0 ip address 10.8.96.2 255.255.255.252 ip nat inside no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 4/0 ip address 10.8.96.5 255.255.255.252 ip nat inside no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 9/0
ip address 10.8.100.1 255.255.255.252
ip nat outside
no shutdown
exit

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0 no shutdown exit

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.1 encapsulation dot1Q 10 ip address 10.8.1.1 255.255.255.128

ip nat inside

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.2 encapsulation dot1Q 20 ip address 10.8.2.65 255.255.255.192 ip nat inside

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.5 encapsulation dot1Q 50 ip address 10.8.4.65 255.255.255.192 ip nat inside

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.6 encapsulation dot1Q 60 ip address 10.8.16.1 255.255.252.0 ip nat inside ip access-group PRIVATE-SRVRS-ACL out

interface GigabitEthernet 8/0.10 encapsulation dot1Q 100 ip address 100.20.8.97 255.255.255.224 ip nat inside ip access-group PUBLIC-SRVRS-ACL out exit

DHCP service dhcp

ip dhcp pool SALES network 10.8.1.0 255.255.255.128 default-router 10.8.1.1 dns-server 100.20.8.100

ip dhcp pool IT network 10.8.2.64 255.255.255.192 default-router 10.8.2.65 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit

ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.1.1

ip dhcp excluded-address 10.8.2.65

NAT
ip access-list standard IT-ACL
permit 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255
exit

ip access-list standard CX-ACL permit 10.8.128.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.160.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.192.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.224.0 0.0.0.255 exit

ip access-list standard BUSINESS-ACL permit 10.8.0.0 0.0.1.255 permit 10.8.3.0 0.0.0.127 permit 10.8.3.128 0.0.0.127 exit

ip access-list standard LPNET-ACL permit 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 exit

ip nat pool ALFA-NET-IT 100.20.8.1 100.20.8.16 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool ALFA-NET-CX 100.20.8.17 100.20.8.32 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool ALFA-NET-BUSINESS 100.20.8.33 100.20.8.40 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool LPNET 100.20.8.41 100.20.8.41 netmask 255.255.255.0

ip nat inside source list IT-ACL pool ALFA-NET-IT overload ip nat inside source list CX-ACL pool ALFA-NET-CX overload ip nat inside source list BUSINESS-ACL pool ALFA-NET-BUSINESS overload ip nat inside source list LPNET-ACL pool LPNET overload

Static route to LP network ip route 172.8.8.0 255.255.255.252 10.8.96.30

Default static route to BGP Gateway ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.8.100.2

```
# OSPF
router ospf 1
network 10.8.96.0 0.0.3.255 area 0
network 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 area 10
network 10.8.16.0 0.0.3.255 area 20
redistribute static subnets
default-information originate
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Customer 1 (Cx1) router RCx1 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 192.168.8.30 255.255.255.192
ip nat inside
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 10.8.224.1 255.255.255.0
ip nat outside
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool CXLOCAL
network 192.168.8.0 255.255.255.192
default-router 192.168.8.30
dns-server 100.20.8.100
```

exit

```
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.1 192.168.8.9
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.30
ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.31 192.168.8.62
#NAT
ip access-list standard CXLOCAL
permit 192.168.8.0 0.0.0.63
exit
ip nat pool ALFA-NET-KAL 10.8.224.1 10.8.224.1 netmask 255.255.255.0
ip nat inside source list CXLOCAL pool ALFA-NET-KAL overload
# OSPF
router ospf 1
router-id 10.8.224.1
area 204 stub no-summary
network 10.8.224.0 0.0.0.255 area 204
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Customer 2 (Cx2) router RCx2 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 192.168.8.30 255.255.255.192
ip nat inside
no shutdown
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
```

ip address 10.8.224.2 255.255.255.0

ip nat outside no shutdown

```
exit
```

DHCP service dhcp ip dhep pool CXLOCAL network 192.168.8.0 255.255.255.192 default-router 192.168.8.30 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.1 192.168.8.9 ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.30 ip dhcp excluded-address 192.168.8.31 192.168.8.62 # NAT ip access-list standard CXLOCAL permit 192.168.8.0 0.0.0.63 exit ip nat pool ALFA-NET-KAL 10.8.224.2 10.8.224.2 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat inside source list CXLOCAL pool ALFA-NET-KAL overload # OSPF router ospf 1 router-id 10.8.224.2 area 204 stub no-summary network 10.8.224.0 0.0.0.255 area 204 exit # Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config # LP's LP1 router configuration

configure terminal

enable

Interfaces interface GigabitEthernet 1/0 ip address 172.8.2.1 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 2/0 ip address 172.8.2.5 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 3/0 ip address 172.8.2.9 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

Link to AlfaNET interface GigabitEthernet 4/0 ip address 172.8.2.14 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface FastEthernet 5/0 ip address 172.8.0.1 255.255.255.192 no shutdown exit

DHCP service dhcp ip dhcp pool LPLOCAL network 172.8.0.0 255.255.255.192 default-router 172.8.0.1 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit

ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.0.1

Static route to the GRE tunnel ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.8.2.13

RIP router rip version 2 network 172.8.0.0

```
default-information originate
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# LP's LP2 router configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 172.8.2.2 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 172.8.0.65 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool LPLOCAL
network 172.8.0.64 255.255.255.192
default-router 172.8.0.65
dns-server 100.20.8.100
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.0.65
# RIP
router rip
version 2
network 172.8.0.0
```

exit

```
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# LP's LP3 router configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 172.8.2.6 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 172.8.0.129 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool LPLOCAL
network 172.8.0.128 255.255.255.192
default-router 172.8.0.129
dns-server 100.20.8.100
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.0.129
# RIP
router rip
version 2
network 172.8.0.0
exit
# Save config
```

CTRL-C

copy running-config startup-config

```
# LP's LP4 router configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 172.8.2.10 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 172.8.0.193 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool LPLOCAL
network 172.8.0.192 255.255.255.192
default-router 172.8.0.193
dns-server 100.20.8.100
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.0.193
# RIP
router rip
version 2
network 172.8.0.0
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
```

LP's LP5 router configuration

enable

configure terminal

Interfaces interface GigabitEthernet 1/0 ip address 172.8.6.1 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface GigabitEthernet 2/0 ip address 172.8.6.5 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

Link to AlfaNET interface GigabitEthernet 3/0 ip address 172.8.6.10 255.255.255.252 no shutdown

interface FastEthernet 4/0 ip address 172.8.4.1 255.255.255.192 no shutdown exit

DHCP service dhcp ip dhcp pool LPLOCAL network 172.8.4.0 255.255.255.192 default-router 172.8.4.1 dns-server 100.20.8.100 exit

ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.4.1

Static route to the GRE tunnel FIXME ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.8.6.9

RIP router rip

version 2

```
network 172.8.0.0
default-information originate
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# LP's LP6 router configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 172.8.6.2 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 172.8.4.65 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool LPLOCAL
network 172.8.4.64 255.255.255.192
default-router 172.8.4.65
dns-server 100.20.8.100
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.4.65
# RIP
router rip
```

version 2

exit

network 172.8.0.0

```
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# LP's LP7 router configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/0
ip address 172.8.6.6 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
interface FastEthernet 1/0
ip address 172.8.4.129 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# DHCP
service dhcp
ip dhep pool LPLOCAL
network 172.8.4.128 255.255.255.192
default-router 172.8.4.129
dns-server 100.20.8.100
exit
ip dhcp excluded-address 172.8.4.129
# RIP
router rip
version 2
network 172.8.0.0
exit
# Save config
CTRL-C
```

copy running-config startup-config

4. Switching Configuration

4.1 Switch Configuration

Switch L3SW1 configuration

enable

configure terminal

Enable IP routing ip routing

Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
no switchport
ip address 10.8.96.18 255.255.255.252
no shutdown

VLAN interface for a GRE tunnel interface vlan 200 ip address 172.8.2.13 255.255.252.0

interface GigabitEthernet 0/2 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 200 no shutdown

interface Tunnel 1 ip address 10.8.96.25 255.255.255.252 tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1 tunnel destination 10.8.96.22

interface Tunnel 2
ip address 10.8.96.33 255.255.255.252
tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1
tunnel destination 10.8.96.30
exit

```
ip route 172.8.4.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.26
ip route 172.8.8.0 255.255.255.0 10.8.96.34
# Static IP default route (for going out to the Internet)
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.8.96.17
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.96.17
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch L3SW2 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Enable IP routing
ip routing
# Interfaces
interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
no switchport
ip address 10.8.96.22 255.255.255.252
no shutdown
## VLAN interface for a GRE tunnel
interface vlan 200
ip address 172.8.6.9 255.255.252.0
interface GigabitEthernet 0/2
```

Static IP route to the other ends of GRE tunnels

switchport mode access

no shutdown

switchport access vlan 200

```
interface Tunnel 1
ip address 10.8.96.26 255.255.255.252
tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1
tunnel destination 10.8.96.18
interface Tunnel 3
ip address 10.8.96.37 255.255.255.252
tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1
tunnel destination 10.8.96.30
exit
# Static IP route to the other ends of GRE tunnels
ip route 172.8.0.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.25
ip route 172.8.8.0 255.255.255.0 10.8.96.38
# Static IP default route (for going out to the Internet)
ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.8.96.21
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.96.21
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch L3SW3 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# Enable IP routing
ip routing
# Interfaces
```

interface GigabitEthernet 0/1

no switchport

```
ip address 10.8.96.30 255.255.255.252 no shutdown
```

VLAN interface for a GRE tunnel interface vlan 200 ip address 172.8.8.1 255.255.255

interface GigabitEthernet 0/2 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 200 no shutdown

interface Tunnel 2 ip address 10.8.96.34 255.255.255.252 tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1 tunnel destination 10.8.96.18

interface Tunnel 3
ip address 10.8.96.38 255.255.255.252
tunnel source GigabitEthernet 0/1
tunnel destination 10.8.96.22
exit

Static IP route to the other ends of GRE tunnels ip route 172.8.0.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.33 ip route 172.8.4.0 255.255.252.0 10.8.96.37

Static IP default route (for going out to the Internet) ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 10.8.96.29

Set default gateway ip default-gateway 10.8.96.29

Save config

CTRL-C

copy running-config startup-config

enable

configure terminal

VLAN vtp domain BANOVOBRDO vtp mode server

Links to other switches
interface GigabitEthernet 1/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
interface GigabitEthernet 2/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
exit

Link to router
interface GigabitEthernet 0/1
switchport mode trunk
exit

Links to end devices
interface FastEthernet 3/1
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 10
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 4/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 5/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20

```
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
exit
vlan 5
name NATIVE
vlan 10
name SALES
vlan 20
name IT
vlan 50
name SWCONTROL
vlan 60
name SERVERS
vlan 100
name PUBLIC
exit
## VLAN management virtual interface
interface vlan 50
ip address 10.8.4.66 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.65
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch SW1 configuration
enable
configure terminal
```

vtp domain BANOVOBRDO vtp mode client

interface GigabitEthernet 3/1 switchport mode trunk switchport trunk native vlan 5 exit

interface GigabitEthernet 0/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 100 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface GigabitEthernet 1/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 100 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface GigabitEthernet 2/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 100 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable exit

VLAN management virtual interface interface vlan 50 ip address 10.8.4.67 255.255.255.192 no shutdown exit

Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.65

Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config _____

Switch SW2 configuration

enable

configure terminal

VLAN vtp domain BANOVOBRDO vtp mode client

interface GigabitEthernet 4/1 switchport mode trunk switchport trunk native vlan 5 exit

interface GigabitEthernet 0/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 60 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface GigabitEthernet 1/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 60 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable exit

VLAN management virtual interface interface vlan 50 ip address 10.8.4.68 255.255.255.192 no shutdown exit

Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.65

```
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch SW3 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# VLAN
vtp domain CENTAR
vtp mode server
## Links to other switches
interface FastEthernet 0/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
interface FastEthernet 1/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
interface FastEthernet 2/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
exit
## Link to router
## Is there a way to specify native VLAN?
interface GigabitEthernet 3/1
switchport mode trunk
exit
vlan 5
name NATIVE
vlan 10
name SALES
```

vlan 20 name IT

```
name MGMT
vlan 40
name ADV
vlan 50
name SWCONTROL
exit
## VLAN management virtual interface
interface vlan 50
ip address 10.8.4.2 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.1
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch SW4 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# VLAN
vtp domain CENTAR
vtp mode client
interface FastEthernet 0/1
switchport mode trunk
switchport trunk native vlan 5
exit
```

vlan 30

interface FastEthernet 1/1

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 30 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 2/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 3/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 40 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 4/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 10 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable exit

VLAN management virtual interface interface vlan 50 ip address 10.8.4.3 255.255.255.192 no shutdown exit

Set default gateway ip default-gateway 10.8.4.1

Save config CTRL-C copy running-config startup-config

enable

configure terminal

VLAN
vtp domain CENTAR
vtp mode client

interface FastEthernet 0/1 switchport mode trunk switchport trunk native vlan 5 exit

interface FastEthernet 1/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 30 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 2/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 3/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 40 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 4/1
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 10
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
exit

```
interface vlan 50
ip address 10.8.4.4 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.1
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch SW6 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# VLAN
vtp domain CENTAR
vtp mode client
interface FastEthernet 0/1
switchport mode trunk
```

interface FastEthernet 1/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 30 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

switchport trunk native vlan 5

exit

interface FastEthernet 2/1 switchport mode access switchport access vlan 20 spanning-tree portfast spanning-tree bpduguard enable

```
interface FastEthernet 3/1
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 40
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
interface FastEthernet 4/1
switchport mode access
switchport access vlan 10
spanning-tree portfast
spanning-tree bpduguard enable
exit
## VLAN management virtual interface
interface vlan 50
ip address 10.8.4.5 255.255.255.192
no shutdown
exit
# Set default gateway
ip default-gateway 10.8.4.1
# Save config
CTRL-C
copy running-config startup-config
# Switch SW7 configuration
enable
configure terminal
# VLAN
vlan 10
```

name SALES

vlan 20 name IT

```
vlan 50
```

name SWCONTROL

exit

Link to router

Is there a way to specify native VLAN?

interface FastEthernet 0/1

switchport mode trunk

exit

interface FastEthernet 1/1

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 10

spanning-tree portfast

spanning-tree bpduguard enable

interface FastEthernet 2/1

switchport mode access

switchport access vlan 20

spanning-tree portfast

spanning-tree bpduguard enable

exit

VLAN management virtual interface

interface vlan 50

ip address 10.8.4.194 255.255.255.192

no shutdown

exit

Set default gateway

ip default-gateway 10.8.4.193

Save config

CTRL-C

copy running-config startup-config

5. Security Measures

5.1 Access Control Lists (ACLs)

ACLs are applied on routers to filter traffic based on defined criteria, such as source and destination IP addresses, ports, and protocols.

Cloud Provider

ACLs

ip access-list extended VIRTUAL-DC-ACL permit tcp any host 200.8.1.2 eq 80 permit tcp any host 200.8.1.2 eq 443 permit tcp any host 200.8.1.3 eq 80 permit tcp any host 200.8.1.3 eq 443 permit tcp 100.20.8.0 0.0.0.15 host 200.8.1.2 eq 22 permit tcp 100.20.8.0 0.0.0.15 host 200.8.1.2 eq 23 permit tcp host 100.20.8.16 host 200.8.1.2 eq 22 permit tcp host 100.20.8.16 host 200.8.1.2 eq 23 deny tcp host 100.20.8.0 host 200.8.1.2 permit icmp any host 200.8.1.2 permit icmp any host 200.8.1.3 exit

Zemun (Z) backbone router

ACLs

ip access-list extended LPNET-ACL
permit tcp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit udp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit icmp host 10.8.96.25 10.8.96.26
permit tcp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
permit udp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
permit icmp host 10.8.96.38 10.8.96.37
deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255

```
deny icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any
permit icmp any any
exit
```

Kaludjerica (K) backbone router

ACLs

ip access-list extended CX-ACL deny tep any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny udp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny icmp any 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny tep any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny udp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny icmp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 deny icmp any 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 permit ip any any permit tep any any permit tep any any permit udp any any permit icmp any any exit

Centar (C) backbone router configuration

ACLs

ip access-list extended LPNET-ACL
permit tcp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit udp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit icmp host 10.8.96.26 10.8.96.25
permit tcp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
permit udp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
permit icmp host 10.8.96.34 10.8.96.33
deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any

permit icmp any any exit

Banovo Brdo (BB) backbone router configuration

enable

configure terminal

ACLs

ip access-list extended PUBLIC-SRVRS-ACL permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.100 permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.101 permit tcp 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 host 100.20.8.102 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.100 eq 161 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.101 eq 161 permit udp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.102 eq 161 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.100 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.101 permit icmp host 10.8.16.3 host 100.20.8.102 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.101 eq 80 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.101 eq 443 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.102 eq 25 permit tcp any eq 25 host 100.20.8.102 permit tcp any host 100.20.8.102 eq 110 permit udp any host 100.20.8.100 eq 53 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.100 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.101 permit icmp any host 100.20.8.102 exit

ip access-list extended PRIVATE-SRVRS-ACL permit tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.15.255 host 10.8.16.2 permit icmp any host 10.8.16.3 echo-reply permit udp any eq 161 host 10.8.16.3 exit

ip access-list extended LPNET-SRVR-ACL permit tcp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34

permit udp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34
permit icmp host 10.8.96.33 host 10.8.96.34
permit tcp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38
permit udp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38
permit icmp host 10.8.96.37 host 10.8.96.38
deny tcp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2
deny udp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2
deny icmp 10.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 host 172.8.8.2
permit ip any any
permit tcp any any
permit udp any any
permit icmp any any
exit

5.2 NAT and PAT

NAT, PAT used for security and efficiency:

Banovo Brdo (BB) backbone router:

ip access-list standard IT-ACL permit 10.8.2.0 0.0.0.255 exit

ip access-list standard CX-ACL permit 10.8.128.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.160.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.192.0 0.0.0.255 permit 10.8.224.0 0.0.0.255 exit

ip access-list standard BUSINESS-ACL permit 10.8.0.0 0.0.1.255 permit 10.8.3.0 0.0.0.127 permit 10.8.3.128 0.0.0.127 exit

ip access-list standard LPNET-ACL permit 172.8.0.0 0.0.255.255 exit

ip nat pool ALFA-NET-IT 100.20.8.1 100.20.8.16 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool ALFA-NET-CX 100.20.8.17 100.20.8.32 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool ALFA-NET-BUSINESS 100.20.8.33 100.20.8.40 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat pool LPNET 100.20.8.41 100.20.8.41 netmask 255.255.255.0

ip nat inside source list IT-ACL pool ALFA-NET-IT overload ip nat inside source list CX-ACL pool ALFA-NET-CX overload ip nat inside source list BUSINESS-ACL pool ALFA-NET-BUSINESS overload ip nat inside source list LPNET-ACL pool LPNET overload

Customer 1 (Cx1) router

NAT
ip access-list standard CXLOCAL
permit 192.168.8.0 0.0.0.63
exit

ip nat pool ALFA-NET-KAL 10.8.224.1 10.8.224.1 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat inside source list CXLOCAL pool ALFA-NET-KAL overload

Customer 2 (Cx2) router

NAT
ip access-list standard CXLOCAL
permit 192.168.8.0 0.0.0.63
exit

ip nat pool ALFA-NET-KAL 10.8.224.2 10.8.224.2 netmask 255.255.255.0 ip nat inside source list CXLOCAL pool ALFA-NET-KAL overload

6. Testing and Validation

6.1 Simulation

Packet Tracer was utilized to simulate and test the designed network. Packet Tracer is a network simulation tool that provides a virtual environment for designing, configuring, andtesting network scenarios. The simulation process involves:

- **Network Topology Design:** The network topology, including routers, switches, PCs, servers, and other devices, was designed within Packet Tracer based on the specified requirements.
- Configuration Implementation: Using the designed topology, configurations were implemented on routers, switches, and other network devices according to the provided guidelines. Cisco Packet Tracer allows users to configure devices with a user-friendly interface similar to actual Cisco devices.
- Traffic Simulation: Packet Tracer allows the simulation of network traffic and communication between devices. This involves generating traffic, testing connectivity, and ensuring that data flows as expected.

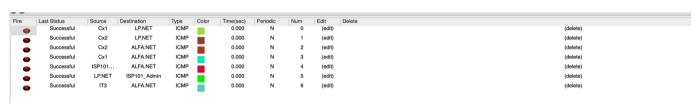


Figure 2: ICMP PDU check

• Verification of Redundancy and Failover: The hierarchical design with redundancy at every layer, including multiple routers, multilayer switches, and ISP connections, was tested to verify failover mechanisms and ensure network resilience.

```
Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>tracert 200.8.1.3
Tracing route to 200.8.1.3 over a maximum of 30 hops:
                0 ms
                           0 ms
                                     192.168.8.30
      0 ms
      0 ms
                0 ms
                           0 ms
                                     10.8.224.254
                                     10.8.96.2
      0 ms
                0 ms
                           0 ms
      0 ms
                0 ms
                           0 ms
                                     10.8.100.2
                0 ms
                           0 ms
 5
                                     103.8.0.13
      0 ms
  6
                           0 ms
      0 ms
                0 ms
                                     103.8.0.2
      0 ms
                0 ms
                           0 ms
                                     200.8.1.3
Trace complete.
```

Figure 3: traceroute successful

DHCP and IP Address Allocation: Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (DHCP)
functionality and IP address allocation were tested to ensure that devices received the
correct IP addresses dynamically and that devices in the server room had static IP
assignments.



Figure 4: DHCP IP allocation

6.2 Troubleshooting

During the testing phase, several common troubleshooting steps were taken to address issues:

- Device Connectivity: Ensured that all devices could communicate within their respective VLANs and across different departments. Verified inter-VLAN routing configurations on multilayer switches.
- **DHCP Issues:** Investigated and resolved any DHCP-related issues, ensuring that DHCP servers were reachable and capable of assigning IP addresses to devices

dynamically.

- **Routing Configuration:** Verified the Open Shortest Path First (OSPF) routing configurations on routers and multilayer switches, ensuring proper routing table updates and communication between different departments.
- Access Control Issues: Reviewed and adjusted Access Control Lists (ACLs) to allow necessary traffic and deny unauthorized access.
- **Port Security:** Verified the configuration of port security on the Finance department's switchports to ensure that only one device could connect per port and that MAC addresses were correctly learned.

7. Results and Evaluation

7.1 Performance Metrics

Performance metrics, including network latency, throughput, redundancy testing, DHCP response time, inter-VLAN routing performance, security, QoS, and NAT/PAT functionality, were measured during testing to ensure optimal network operation.

```
C:\>ping 200.8.1.3
Pinging 200.8.1.3 with 32 bytes of data:

Reply from 200.8.1.3: bytes=32 time=1ms TTL=122
Reply from 200.8.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=122
Reply from 200.8.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=122
Reply from 200.8.1.3: bytes=32 time<1ms TTL=122
Ping statistics for 200.8.1.3:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 4, Lost = 0 (0% loss),
Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
    Minimum = 0ms, Maximum = 1ms, Average = 0ms</pre>
```

Figure 5: performance measure through ping time

8. Conclusion

8.1 Summary

This network design will describe a highly structured network design with many interdependent parts. The major components will include an Internet Service Provider, a Cloud Provider, the AlfaNET core network, Customer Networks, and the LP Network. The different technologies are made overable so that communication can be accomplished. These include BGP, OSPF, static routing, VLANs, and GRE tunnels. The Layer 2 switches and Layer 3 switches are used for switching and routing traffic. ACL and NAT will be used for security. The key design considerations are redundancy for reliability, ACLs for security, and scalability for the future. Although QoS mechanisms can be used to prioritize critical traffic and enhance the overall network performance within a design, in this particular configuration, no QoS mechanisms have been specifically configured. Considering these components and technologies, network engineers can design and implement robust, secure, efficient network infrastructures.

8.2 Lessons Learned

Throughout the project, several valuable lessons have been learned:

1. Network Design and Planning:

- Modular Design: It has been segmented into functional modules: ISP, Cloud Provider, AlfaNET, Backbone, Customer, LP Network, throughwhich the network could be better structured and maintained.
- Redundancy: Redundant links and devices have been used to increase the reliability as well as the fault tolerance of the network.
- Security: ACLs are incorporated to control the traffic flow and restrictunauthorized access.
- Scalability: Scalable design of the network enables it to grow or expandfurther.\

2. Routing Protocols:

- BGP: BGP is inter-AS routing used between different networks.
- OSPF: OSPF is intra-AS routing used within the AlfaNET network.
- Static Routes: Static routes are applied for specific routes like default routes and routes to the specific networks.

3. Switching and VLANs:

• VLANs: VLANs are used by dividing the network to different broadcast domains

- Layer 3 Switches: L3 switches use to route traffic between VLANs.
- GRE Tunnels: GRE tunnels create point-to-point networks amongmultiple sites.

9. References

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10.Appendices

Abbreviations:

ACL - Access Control List

DHCP - Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol

IP - Internet Protocol

OSPF - Open Shortest Path First

BGP-Border Gateway Protocol

VLAN - Virtual Local Area Network

NAT-Network Address Translation