Text Analytics

- Extract Sample document and apply following document preprocessing methods: Tokenization, POS Tagging, stop words removal, Stemming and Lemmatization.
- 2. Create representation of document by calculating Term Frequency and Inverse Document Frequency.

```
# Setup
!pip install -q wordcloud
import wordcloud
import nltk
# Step 1: Download the required packages
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('averaged_perceptron_tagger')
     [nltk_data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk data]
                  Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Package wordnet is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk_data...
     [nltk_data]
                  Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk_data] Downloading package averaged_perceptron_tagger to
     [nltk data]
                     /root/nltk data...
     [nltk_data]
                   Package averaged_perceptron_tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk_data]
                       date!
     True
# Step 2: Initialize the text
text= "Tokenization is the first step in text analytics. The process of breaking down a text paragraph into smaller chunks such as words or s
#Sentence Tokenization
from nltk.tokenize import sent_tokenize
tokenized_text= sent_tokenize(text)
print(tokenized_text)
     ['Tokenization is the first step in text analytics.', 'The process of breaking down a text paragraph into smaller chunks such as words of
#Word Tokenization
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
tokenized_word=word_tokenize(text)
print(tokenized word)
     ['Tokenization', 'is', 'the', 'first', 'step', 'in', 'text', 'analytics', '.', 'The', 'process', 'of', 'breaking', 'down', 'a', 'text',
# Step 4: Removing Punctuations and Stop Word
# print stop words of English
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
stop_words=set(stopwords.words("english"))
print(stop_words)
     {'isn', 'those', 'him', "don't", 'themselves', 'weren', 'she', 'own', 'was', 'above', 'himself', 'from', 'all', 'aren', 'too', 'ours',
# Step 4: Removing Punctuations and Stop Word
import re
text = "How to remove stop words with NLTK library in Python?"
text = re.sub('[^a-zA-Z]', ' ',text)
tokens = word_tokenize(text.lower())
filtered_text=[]
for w in tokens:
  if w not in stop_words:
    filtered_text.append(w)
print("Tokenized Sentence:",tokens)
print("Filterd Sentence:",filtered_text)
```

```
Tokenized Sentence: ['how', 'to', 'remove', 'stop', 'words', 'with', 'nltk', 'library', 'in', 'python']
Filterd Sentence: ['remove', 'stop', 'words', 'nltk', 'library', 'python']
# Step 5 : Perform Stemming
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
e_words= ["wait", "waiting", "waited", "waits"]
ps =PorterStemmer()
for w in e words:
  rootWord=ps.stem(w)
print(rootWord)
     wait
# Step 6: Perform Lemmatization
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
wordnet_lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
text = "studies studying cries cry"
tokenization = nltk.word_tokenize(text)
for w in tokenization:
  print("Lemma for {} is {}".format(w, wordnet_lemmatizer.lemmatize(w)))
     Lemma for studies is study
     Lemma for studying is studying
     Lemma for cries is cry
     Lemma for cry is cry
# Step 7: Apply POS Tagging to text
import nltk
from nltk.tokenize import word_tokenize
data="The pink sweater fit her perfectly"
words=word_tokenize(data)
for word in words:
 Saving..
      [('pink', 'NN')]
     [('sweater', 'NN')]
     [('fit', 'NN')]
[('her', 'PRP$')]
     [('perfectly', 'RB')]
```

Algorithm for Create representation of document by calculating TFIDF

```
# Step 1: Import the necessary libraries.
import pandas as pd
from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
# Step 2: Initialize the Documents.
documentA = 'Jupiter is the largest Planet'
documentB = 'Mars is the fourth planet from the Sun'
# Step 3: Create BagofWords (BoW) for Document A and B.
bagOfWordsA = documentA.split(' ')
print(bagOfWordsA)
bagOfWordsB = documentB.split(' ')
print(bagOfWordsB)
     ['Jupiter', 'is', 'the', 'largest', 'Planet']
     ['Mars', 'is', 'the', 'fourth', 'planet', 'from', 'the', 'Sun']
# Step 4: Create Collection of Unique words from Document A and B.
uniqueWords = set(bagOfWordsA).union(set(bagOfWordsB))
uniqueWords
     {'Jupiter',
      'Mars',
      'Planet',
      'Sun',
```

```
'from',
      'is',
      'largest',
       'planet',
       'the'}
# Step 5: Create a dictionary of words and their occurrence for each document in the corpus
numOfWordsA = dict.fromkeys(uniqueWords, 0)
for word in bagOfWordsA:
  numOfWordsA[word] += 1
numOfWordsB = dict.fromkeys(uniqueWords, 0)
for word in bagOfWordsB:
  numOfWordsB[word] += 1
numOfWordsA
     {'is': 1,
       'Jupiter': 1,
      'planet': 0,
      'fourth': 0,
      'Planet': 1,
      'Mars': 0,
      'the': 1,
      'from': 0,
      'Sun': 0,
      'largest': 1}
numOfWordsB
     {'is': 1,
       'Jupiter': 0,
       'planet': 1,
      'fourth': 1,
      'Planet': 0,
      'Mars': 1.
 Saving..
      'largest': 0}
# Step 6: Compute the term frequency for each of our documents.
def computeTF(wordDict, bagOfWords):
  tfDict = {}
  bagOfWordsCount = len(bagOfWords)
  for word, count in wordDict.items():
    tfDict[word] = count / float(bagOfWordsCount)
  return tfDict
  tfA = computeTF(numOfWordsA, bagOfWordsA)
  tfB = computeTF(numOfWordsB, bagOfWordsB)
tfA = computeTF(numOfWordsA, bagOfWordsA)
tfB = computeTF(numOfWordsB, bagOfWordsB)
# Step 7: Compute the term Inverse Document Frequency.
def computeIDF(documents):
  import math
  N = len(documents)
  idfDict = dict.fromkeys(documents[0].keys(), 0)
  for document in documents:
    for word, val in document.items():
      if val > 0:
        idfDict[word] += 1
  for word, val in idfDict.items():
    idfDict[word] = math.log(N / float(val))
  return idfDict
  idfs = computeIDF([numOfWordsA, numOfWordsB])
  idfs
idfs = computeIDF([numOfWordsA, numOfWordsB])
```

```
{'is': 0.0,
      'Jupiter': 0.6931471805599453,
      'planet': 0.6931471805599453,
      'fourth': 0.6931471805599453,
      'Planet': 0.6931471805599453,
      'Mars': 0.6931471805599453,
      'the': 0.0,
      'from': 0.6931471805599453,
      'Sun': 0.6931471805599453,
      'largest': 0.6931471805599453}
# Step 8: Compute the term TF/IDF for all words.
def computeTFIDF(tfBagOfWords, idfs):
 tfidf = {}
 for word, val in tfBagOfWords.items():
   tfidf[word] = val * idfs[word]
 return tfidf
 tfidfA = computeTFIDF(tfA, idfs)
 tfidfB = computeTFIDF(tfB, idfs)
 df = pd.DataFrame([tfidfA, tfidfB])
tfidf = computeTFIDF(numOfWordsA, idfs)
tfidf
     {'is': 0.0,
      'Jupiter': 0.6931471805599453,
      'planet': 0.0,
      'fourth': 0.0,
      'Planet': 0.6931471805599453,
      'Mars': 0.0,
      'the': 0.0,
      'from': 0.0,
      'Sun': 0.0,
      'largest': 0.6931471805599453}
 import math
from collections import Counter
# Sample corpus
corpus = [
    "This is the first document.",
   "This document is the second document.",
   "And this is the third one.",
    "Is this the first document?",
]
# Function to calculate term frequency (TF)
def calculate_tf(document):
   word_counts = Counter(document.split())
   total_words = len(document.split())
   tf = {word: count / total_words for word, count in word_counts.items()}
# Function to calculate inverse document frequency (IDF)
def calculate_idf(corpus):
   total_documents = len(corpus)
   idf = \{\}
   word_document_counts = Counter()
   for document in corpus:
        unique_words = set(document.split())
        word_document_counts.update(unique_words)
    for word, count in word document counts.items():
       idf[word] = math.log(total_documents / count)
   return idf
# Example document
document = "This is the first document."
# Calculate TF for the document
tf = calculate_tf(document)
# Calculate IDF for the corpus
```

```
idf = calculate_idf(corpus)
# Print TF for the document
print("Term Frequency (TF) for the document:")
for word, tf_value in tf.items():
    print(f"
               Word: {word}, TF: {tf_value:.4f}")
# Print IDF for the corpus
print("Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) for the corpus:")
for word, idf_value in idf.items():
   print(f" Word: {word}, IDF: {idf_value:.4f}")
    Term Frequency (TF) for the document:
         Word: This, TF: 0.2000
         Word: is, TF: 0.2000
         Word: the, TF: 0.2000
         Word: first, TF: 0.2000
         Word: document., TF: 0.2000
     Inverse Document Frequency (IDF) for the corpus:
         Word: This, IDF: 0.6931
         Word: is, IDF: 0.2877
         Word: document., IDF: 0.6931
         Word: first, IDF: 0.6931
         Word: the, IDF: 0.0000
         Word: document, IDF: 1.3863
         Word: second, IDF: 1.3863
         Word: third, IDF: 1.3863
         Word: And, IDF: 1.3863
         Word: one., IDF: 1.3863
         Word: this, IDF: 0.6931
         Word: document?, IDF: 1.3863
         Word: Is, IDF: 1.3863
import math
 Saving...
    tutDICL = uICL.Tromkeys(uocuments[0].keys(), 0)
   for document in documents:
       for word, val in document.items():
           if val > 0:
                idfDict[word] += 1
   for word, val in idfDict.items():
       idfDict[word] = math.log(N / float(val))
   return idfDict
def computeTFIDF(tfBagOfWords, idfs):
   tfidfDict = {}
   for word, val in tfBagOfWords.items():
       tfidfDict[word] = val * idfs[word]
   return tfidfDict
# Example documents and TF bag of words
documents = \Gamma
    {"apple": 2, "banana": 1, "orange": 0},
    {"apple": 1, "banana": 0, "orange": 2}
1
# Compute IDF
idfs = computeIDF(documents)
# Compute TF-IDF for each document
tfidfDocuments = []
for document in documents:
   tfidf = computeTFIDF(document, idfs)
   tfidfDocuments.append(tfidf)
# Print IDF values
print("IDF values:")
for word, value in idfs.items():
   print(f"{word}: {value}")
```

```
# Print TF-IDF values for each document
print("\nTF-IDF values for each document:")
for i, tfidf in enumerate(tfidfDocuments):
   print(f"Document {i+1}:")
   for word, value in tfidf.items():
       print(f"{word}: {value}")
    IDF values:
    apple: 0.0
    banana: 0.6931471805599453
    orange: 0.6931471805599453
    TF-IDF values for each document:
    Document 1:
    apple: 0.0
    banana: 0.6931471805599453
    orange: 0.0
    Document 2:
    apple: 0.0
    banana: 0.0
    orange: 1.3862943611198906
```

Saving... X