Natural Language Processing

Corpora Analysis and Text processing using NLTK.

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1. Utilize Python NLTK (Natural Language Tool Kit) Platform and do the following. Install relevant Packages and Libraries

```
!pip install nltk
 import nltk
 nltk.download('brown')
    Looking in indexes: <a href="https://pypi.org/simple">https://us-python.pkg.dev/colab-wheels/public/simple/</a>
     Requirement already satisfied: nltk in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (3.7)
     Requirement already satisfied: joblib in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from nltk) (1.2.0)
     Requirement already satisfied: tqdm in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from nltk) (4.64.1)
    Requirement already satisfied: regex>=2021.8.3 in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from nltk) (2022.6.2)
     Requirement already satisfied: click in /usr/local/lib/python3.8/dist-packages (from nltk) (7.1.2)
    [nltk data] Downloading package brown to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data] Package brown is already up-to-date!
     True
Explore Brown Corpus and find the size, tokens, categories
from nltk.corpus import brown
print("Categories present in the brown Corpus:\n")
Saved successfully!
     Categories present in the brown Corpus:
     ['adventure', 'belles lettres', 'editorial', 'fiction', 'government', 'hobbies', 'humor', 'learned', 'lore', 'mystery', 'news', 'religion
```

```
print("Number of words in each category:\n")
for category in brown.categories():
    print(category + ': ' + str(len(brown.words(categories=category))))
     Number of words in each category:
     adventure: 69342
     belles_lettres: 173096
     editorial: 61604
     fiction: 68488
     government: 70117
     hobbies: 82345
     humor: 21695
     learned: 181888
     lore: 110299
     mystery: 57169
     news: 100554
     religion: 39399
     reviews: 40704
     romance: 70022
     science_fiction: 14470
print("Words present in the brown Corpus:\n")
print(brown.words())
     Words present in the brown Corpus:
     ['The', 'Fulton', 'County', 'Grand', 'Jury', 'said', ...]
Find the size of word tokens?
print("Size of word tokens in brown Corpus:\n")
word token = len(brown.words())
nnint (wand taken)
 Saved successfully!
                                    orpus:
     1161192
```

Find the size of word types?

```
print("Size of word types in brown Corpus:\n")
word type = len(set(brown.words()))
print(word_type)
     Size of word types in brown Corpus:
     56057
Find the size of the category "government"
print("The size of word tokens in category 'government' :\n")
govt token=brown.words(categories='government')
len(govt token)
     The size of word tokens in category 'government':
     70117
print("The size of word types in category 'government' :\n")
govt type = len(set(brown.words(categories='government')))
print(govt_type)
     The size of word types in category 'government':
     8181
List the most frequent tokens
print("The 35 most frequently occuring tokens in the brown Corpus:\n")
nltk.FreqDist(brown.words()).most common(35)
 Saved successfully!
                                × g tokens in the brown Corpus:
     [('the', 62713),
      (',', 58334),
      ('.', 49346),
      ('of', 36080),
      ('and', 27915),
      ('to', 25732),
      ('a', 21881),
      ('in', 19536),
```

```
('that', 10237),
('is', 10011),
('was', 9777),
('for', 8841),
('``', 8837),
("''", 8789),
('The', 7258),
('with', 7012),
('it', 6723),
('as', 6706),
('he', 6566),
('his', 6466),
('on', 6395),
('be', 6344),
(';', 5566),
('I', 5161),
('by', 5103),
('had', 5102),
('at', 4963),
('?', 4693),
('not', 4423),
('are', 4333),
('from', 4207),
('or', 4118),
('this', 3966),
('have', 3892),
('an', 3542)]
```

Count the number of sentences

```
print("The number of sentences in the brown Corpus:\n")
sentence = len(brown.sents())
print(sentence)
```

The number of sentences in the brown Corpus:

Saved successfully!

2. Explore the corpora available in NLTK (any two)

• Raw corpus • POS tagged • Parsed • Multilingual aligned • Spoken language • Semantic tagged

2.1 Spoken Language: Switchboard Corpus

The Switchboard corpus, consisting of telephone conversations between speakers of American English, is one of the longest-standing corpora of fully spontaneous speech.

Switchboard is a collection of about 2,400 two-sided telephone conversations among 543 speakers (302 male, 241 female) from all areas of the United States. As such, there have been a range of different sorts of linguistic information annotated on it, including syntax, discourse semantics and prosody which makes it suitable for a variety of natural language processing and speech recognition tasks.

```
nltk.download('switchboard')
from nltk.corpus import switchboard
    [nltk data] Downloading package switchboard to /root/nltk_data...
    [nltk data] Package switchboard is already up-to-date!
print(switchboard.words()[0:100])
    ['Uh', ',', 'do', 'you', 'have', 'a', 'pet', 'Randy', '?', 'Uh', ',', 'yeah', ',', 'currently', 'we', 'have', 'a', 'poodle', '.', 'A', ';
dialogues = switchboard.raw()
print(dialogues[0:3000])
    A.1: Uh/UH ,/, do/VBP you/PRP have/VB a/DT pet/NN Randy/NNP ?/.
    B.2: Uh/UH ,/, yeah/UH ,/, currently/RB we/PRP have/VBP a/DT poodle/NN ./.
    A.3: A/DT poodle/NN ,/, miniature/JJ or/CC ,/, uh/UH ,/, full/JJ size/NN ?/.
    B.4: Yeah/UH ,/, uh/UH ,/, it/PRP 's/BES ,/, uh/UH miniature/JJ ./.
    A.5: Uh-huh/UH ./.
    B.6: Yeah/UH ./.
    A.7: I/PRP read/VBD somewhere/RB that/IN ,/, the/DT poodles/NNS is/VBZ one/CD of/IN the/DT ,/, the/DT most/RBS intelligent/JJ dogs/NNS ,,
    B.8: Well/UH ,/, um/UH ,/, I/PRP would/MD n't/RB ,/, uh/UH ,/, I/PRP definitely/RB would/MD n't/RB dispute/VB that/IN ,/, it/PRP ,/, it/F
    A.9: Oh/UH ,/, uh-huh/UH ./. So/RB ,/, you/PRP ,/, you/PRP 've/VBP only/RB known/VBN the/DT dog/NN ,/, wh-/XX ,/, how/WRB long/JJ did/VBI
    B.10: Well/UH ,/, about/RB a/DT year/NN I/PRP guess/VBP ./.
    A.11: Oh/UH ,/, well/UH ,/, uh/UH ,/, is/VBZ it/PRP ,/, uh/UH ,/, uh/UH ,/, how/WRB old/JJ is/VBZ the/DT dog/NN ?/.
    still/RB just/RB a/DT pup/NN ./.
 Saved successfully!
                                  ah/UH ,/, yeah/UH ./.
    A.15: Yeah/UH ,/, I/PRP have/VBP a/DT ,/, uh/UH ,/, well/UH a/DT mutt/NN ,/, myself/PRP ./. I/PRP call/VBP it/PRP a/DT ,/, uh/UH ,/, uh/U
    B.16: Okay/UH ./.
    A.17: It/PRP 's/BES ,/, uh/UH ,/, part/NN Chow/NNP and/CC part/NN Shepherd/NNP and/CC it/PRP ,/, as/IN I/PRP understand/VBP it/PRP ,/, uh
    B.18: Oh/UH ,/, that/DT sounds/VBZ interesting/JJ ./.
    A.19: She/PRP has/VBZ the/DT ,/, the/DT color/NN and/CC the/DT black/JJ to-/NN ,/, tongue/NN of/IN a/DT Chow/NNP ,/, but/CC ,/, uh/UH ,/
    B.20: Oh/UH ,/, that/DT 's/BES ,/, that/DT 's/BES neat/JJ ./. How/WRB ,/, about/RB how/WRB big/JJ then/RB ?/.
    A.21: Oh/UH ,/, she/PRP weighs/VBZ in/RP at/IN about/RB fifty/CD pounds/NNS ,/, so/RB she/PRP 's/BES a/DT medium/JJ size/NN ./.
    B.22: Yeah/UH ,/, yeah/UH ./.
```

```
A.23: But/CC she/PRP 's/BES big/JJ enough/RB to/TO be/VB intimidating/JJ ,/, B.24: Most/JJS definitely/RB ./.
A.25: it/PRP is/VBZ a/DT fi/VBN ,/,
```

2.2 POS tagged: CoNLL 2000 Corpus

The CoNLL 2000 corpus is a collection of 2000 documents manually annotated with part-of-speech tags and chunk tags. It contains around 270k words of Wall Street Journal text, divided into training and testing portions, in the IOB format widely used data for noun phrase chunking:

sections 15-18 as training data (211727 tokens) and section 20 as test data (47377 tokens).

```
nltk.download('conll2000')
nltk.download('universal tagset')
from nltk.corpus import conll2000
word tokens = conll2000.words()[0:50]
print(word_tokens)
     ['Confidence', 'in', 'the', 'pound', 'is', 'widely', 'expected', 'to', 'take', 'another', 'sharp', 'dive', 'if', 'trade', 'figures', 'fo
     [nltk data] Downloading package conll2000 to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data] Package conll2000 is already up-to-date!
sentences = conll2000.chunked_sents()
print(sentences)
     [Tree('S', [Tree('NP', [('Confidence', 'NN')]), Tree('PP', [('in', 'IN')]), Tree('NP', [('the', 'DT'), ('pound', 'NN')]), Tree('VP', [('
from nl+k connus import conllago switchboard
                                   ='universal')[0:30])
 Saved successfully!
     [('Confidence', 'NOUN'), ('in', 'ADP'), ('the', 'DET'), ('pound', 'NOUN'), ('is', 'VERB'), ('widely', 'ADV'), ('expected', 'VERB'), ('to
     [nltk data] Downloading package universal tagset to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data] Package universal tagset is already up-to-date!
```

3. Create a text corpus with a minimum of 200 words (unique content). Implement the following text processing.

```
from nltk.corpus import PlaintextCorpusReader
from google.colab import drive
drive.mount('/content/gdrive')
path = 'gdrive/My Drive/NLP'
file type = '.*\.txt'
corpus = PlaintextCorpusReader(path, file type)
print(corpus.fileids())
     Drive already mounted at /content/gdrive; to attempt to forcibly remount, call drive.mount("/content/gdrive", force remount=True).
     ['wine.txt']
txt = corpus.raw('wine.txt')
print(txt)
     According to experts, the wine is differentiated according to its smell, flavor, and color, but we are not a wine expert to say that wine
     The excellence of New Zealand Pinot noir wines is well-known worldwide. We utilised 18 Pinot noir wine samples with 54 different characte
                                                                                                                                               \blacktriangleright
nltk.download('punkt')
nltk.download('stopwords')
nltk.download('wordnet')
nltk.download('omw-1.4')
nltk.download('averaged perceptron tagger')
     [nltk data] Downloading package punkt to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data] Package punkt is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package stopwords to /root/nltk data...
     [nltk_data] Package stopwords is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package wordnet to /root/nltk_data...
                                    is already up-to-date!
                                x = omw-1.4 to /root/nltk data...
 Saved successfully!
                                    is already up-to-date!
     [nltk data] Downloading package averaged perceptron tagger to
     [nltk data]
                     /root/nltk data...
     [nltk data]
                   Package averaged perceptron tagger is already up-to-
     [nltk data]
                       date!
     True
```

```
Word Segmentation
```

```
from nltk.tokenize import word tokenize
words = word tokenize(txt)
print(words)
     ['According', 'to', 'experts', ',', 'the', 'wine', 'is', 'differentiated', 'according', 'to', 'its', 'smell', ',', 'flavor', ',', 'and',
Sentence Segmentation
from nltk.tokenize import sent tokenize
sentences = sent tokenize(txt)
print(sentences)
     ['According to experts, the wine is differentiated according to its smell, flavor, and color, but we are not a wine expert to say that w
Convert to Lowercase
lowercase words = [word.lower() for word in words]
print(lowercase words)
     ['according', 'to', 'experts', ',', 'the', 'wine', 'is', 'differentiated', 'according', 'to', 'its', 'smell', ',', 'flavor', ',', 'and',
from nltk.corpus import stopwords
 Saved successfully!
                                    nglish'))
tiltered_words = [word tor word in lowercase_words if word not in stop_words]
print(filtered words)
     ['according', 'experts', ',', 'wine', 'differentiated', 'according', 'smell', ',', 'flavor', ',', 'color', ',', 'wine', 'expert', 'say',
```

Stemming

```
from nltk.stem import PorterStemmer
stemmer = PorterStemmer()
stemmed words = [stemmer.stem(word) for word in filtered words]
print(stemmed words)
    ['accord', 'expert', ',', 'wine', 'differenti', 'accord', 'smell', ',', 'flavor', ',', 'color', ',', 'wine', 'expert', 'say', 'wine', 'go
Lemmatization
from nltk.stem import WordNetLemmatizer
lemmatizer = WordNetLemmatizer()
lemmatized words = [lemmatizer.lemmatize(word) for word in filtered words]
print(lemmatized words)
    ['according', 'expert', ',', 'wine', 'differentiated', 'according', 'smell', ',', 'flavor', ',', 'color', ',', 'wine', 'expert', 'say',
Part of speech tagger
from nltk.tag import pos_tag
tagged_words = pos_tag(lemmatized_words)
print(tagged words)
    [//according/ \/BC\) //according', 'NN'), (',', ','), ('wine', 'NN'), ('differentiated', 'VBD'), ('according', 'VBG'), ('smell', 'NN'), (
Saved successfully!
```

Saved successfully!