Program of the International Sustainable Development Forum "Common Future. Factors and Measurement Tools for Success"



November 25, 2019 | Congress Park Radisson Collection | 2/1 Kutuzovsky prospect, bldg. 6, Moscow

08:00 – 09:30 Registration of participants

09:30 - 09:55 HALL 1

Opening of the Forum

Moderator:

Nikolay Nikolaev – Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Natural Resources, Property and Land Relations

Welcome speech:

Olga Timofeeva – Deputy Chairman of the State Duma

Alexander Shokhin – President of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs

Pyotr Ilyichev - Director of the Department of International Organizations, Ministry of Foreign Affairs of Russia

Vladimir Kuznetsov – Director of the UN Information Centre in Moscow

10:00 - 11:15 HALL 1

14 сохранение морских экосистем



"Biodiversity Conservation and Sustainable Management of Ecosystems"

The protection of land and sea ecosystems plays a key role both in the conservation of wildlife and biodiversity and in the provision of ecosystem services, which affects the quality of life of the population. Russia is one of the few global environmental donors. The biological capacity of our country significantly exceeds the ecological footprint, so the preservation of Russian ecosystems is an important task of global planetary importance. Russia has a wide network of specially protected natural areas both on land and at sea, but not all objectives for the conservation of ecosystems can be achieved exclusively by mechanisms of allocation of protected areas. The national project "Ecology" provides a systematic approach for Russia to make an important contribution to the achievement of these SDGs. What actions is Russia taking to meet the targets set for achieving the 14 and 15 SDG targets? What are the issues of conservation, restoration and rational use of terrestrial and aquatic ecosystems facing the country, including those arising from international agreements? What mechanisms of responsible environmental management are used in Russia along with the fight against illegal and uncontrolled extraction of biological resources? How to evaluate the results of ecosystem conservation efforts?

Moderator

Tatiana Nikulshina – independent public relations consultant, coach

Speakers:

Timofeeva Olga – Deputy Chairman of the State Duma

Elena Panova – Deputy Minister of Natural Resources and Ecology of the Russian Federation

Victoria Elias – Director of Environmental Programs of the World Fund for Nature (WWF) of Russia

Vladimir Moshkalo – Head of the Office of the United Nations Environment Program (UNEP) in the Russian Federation

Marina Chikovani – Head of the Environmental Protection Department of LUKOIL PJSC

Mikhail Glubokovsky – Scientific Director of the All-Russian Research Institute of Fisheries and oceanography

Sahamin Afanasiev – Minister of Ecology, Nature Management and Forestry of the Sakha Republic

Expert

Gasparyan Garik – Director for Scientific and Technological Development of Forest Certification LLC

10:00 - 11:15

"Economic Growth and Employment as a Means to Achieve the Sustainable Development Goals"

HALL 2



Improving the quality of life and meeting the growing needs of the population is impossible without sustainable growth of the country's economy and the world economy as a whole. All branches of the Russian government and local self-government, companies of large, small and medium-sized businesses, civil society organizations, scientific and expert communities are involved in the process of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. All able-bodied population should be provided with work that will bring sufficient income, guarantee social protection of families and allow harmonious development of a person. What is the current macroeconomic situation and how is the Russian economy characterized today? What measures does the state take to ensure sustainable economic growth and decent work for citizens? What is the role of Russia's national projects in achieving SDG 8? What indicators measure economic growth, the improvement of the business climate, decent working conditions and payment for all employees?

Moderators:

Varvara Makarevich – journalist, presenter of the Russian Public Television

Yulia Emelianova – partner of Nexia Pacioli Group of Companies, Head of Sustainable Development and Non-Financial Reporting Department

Speakers:

Alexander Ageev — Director-General of the Institute of Economic Strategies of the Russian Academy of Sciences (INES) and the International Research Institute for Advanced Systems (IRIAS), Doctor of Economic Sciences, Professor of MGIMO, MEPHI, Lomonosov Moscow State University

Elena Seregina – Director of the Corporate Social Responsibility Department, Human Resources Unit of Mobile TeleSystems Public Joint Stock

Alexander Slavinsky – Dean of the Faculty of Economics and Management, Gubkin Russian State University of Oil and Gas, Candidate of Economic Sciences, Associate Professor

Svetlana lvchenko – Director of Social Policy Department of PJSC MMC Norilsk Nickel

Angelina Volkova – Head of the Professional Qualifications Development Department of the Fund for Infrastructure and Educational Programs (Rusnano Group), Executive Secretary of the Presidential National Council for Professional Qualifications for the Development of the Qualifications Assessment System

Olga Kulaeva – Director of International Labor Organization for Eastern Europe and Central Asia

Stepan Zemtsov – Leading Researcher, RANEPA

10:00 – 11:15

HALL 3





"Sustainable Development of Cities and Urban Infrastructure: Formation of a Comfortable and Safe Environment for Life"

The Global Sustainable Development Goals of cities and human settlements, as well as the formation of modern urban infrastructure, are identified by the UN among the priorities in the field of ensuring a better future. These priorities occupy an important place in the Russian policy of ensuring decent living conditions for people. The national project "Housing and Urban Environment" and other national projects and state programs provide for specific measures to improve the quality of life in cities, development of modern transport, engineering, and social infrastructure, and solvation of environmental problems. The implementation of these projects requires both new approaches to urban development management, the introduction of innovative technologies, and the development of effective monitoring tools to improve the quality of the living environment. What are the main challenges and opportunities for the sustainable development of Russian cities? How to effectively manage urban development for the formation of a quality urban environment? Is it possible to significantly improve energy efficiency in Russian cities and introduce new modern waste disposal technologies to solve environmental problems? What indicators will actually show an improvement in the quality of life in cities and towns?

Moderator

Nadezhda Kosareva – President of the Institute for Urban Economics Foundation

Speakers:

Milena Ivkovic – Head of the Urban Planning Advisory Committee, Vice President of the International Society of City and Regional Planners (ISOCARP)

Alexei Muratov – architect, partner of STRELKA KB LLC

Irina Makieva — Deputy Chairman of B95.PΦ, General Director of the non-profit organization Foundation for the Development of Single-Industry Cities

Ivan Tosic - Head of the Capital Research Institute in Budapest

Alexey Makrushin - Deputy General Director of the Russian Environmental Operator

Sergey Sivaev – Director of the project office Energy Efficiency of Rostelecom PJSC, Professor of the Higher School of Urban Studies of HSE University

Denis Filippov – Deputy General Director, DOM.RF.

Experts:

Oleg Rurin - Deputy General Director of SC Fund for Assistance to Reform of Housing and Communal Services

Tatiana Polidi – Executive Director of the Foundation Institute for Urban Economics, Real Estate Market Direction Director

10:00 - 11:15

HALL 4





"Sustainable Rural Development and Food Security"

The objectives of the development study adopted at UN conferences for the period up to 2030 provide for balanced dynamics social, economic and environmental components of development. In exceptional cases, positive mutual influence it really seems to be an obvious and coordinated solution to the tasks of achieving the achievement of several goals at once. So, the goal the problem of food security, achieving full and productive employment and decent work for all, etc. At the same time, there are examples of conflicting mutual influences in the means of achieving goals. For example, not enough controlled expansion of agricultural land can lead to oppression of ecosystems, cultural landscapes, water pollution, which poses a direct threat to food security and local communities.

The most striking examples of the imbalance in achieving at the same time all the components of sustainable development in Russia are observed in rural areas, especially remote, where control of what is happening is objectively difficult. The result is a progressive outflow population. In 2000, there were 40 million rural residents, now about 37 million people live in the village.

What approaches are possible and relevant in moving towards the sustainable rural development agenda? What is the role in achieving Sustainable Development Goals are assigned to international projects, such as associations of the most beautiful villages created to the best and most comprehensive use of available natural, cultural and agricultural resources, as well as for exchange best practices for improving the quality of life of the people living in them? How complete is the global scorecard and objectively characterizes the achievement of SDGs 1 and 2 in relation to Russia?

Moderators:

Vladislav Bukhanov – Chairman of the Board of Directors of Sayan Broiler LLC

Yulia Saenko – regional representative of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of Russia, expert of the independent monitoring foundation People's Expertise

Speakers:

Agasi Harutyunyan – Acting Director of FAO liaison office in the Russian Federation

Alexander Merzlov – Director of the Center for Sustainable Development of Rural Territories of Timiryazev Agricultural Academy, President of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of Russia

Francesco Mestre – President of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of The World, President of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of Spain

Jacques Ragon – an international expert in the field of rural tourism, representative of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of France

Alexey Emelyanov - Doctor of Biological Sciences, Vice-Rector for Innovation Activities of Derzhavin Tambov State University

Elena Antipina – Director General, Institute of Public-Private Planning; Expert of the government delegation of the Russian Federation at the 69th session of the UN General Assembly

Experts

Natalia Shagaida – Doctor of Economics, Director of the Center for Agri-Food Policy, RANEPA

Tatiana Silinskaya – regional delegate of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns of Russia in the Arkhangelsk region

Dmitry Rybakov – Director of the Derzhavinsky Technopark

11:30-12:45

HALL 1



"Youth and Prospects for a Sustainable World, Implementation of the Potential for a Better Future"

Russia takes an active part in supporting the UN's global initiatives aimed at creating a better future for the entire planet. The new challenges present Russia with more ambitious goals and open up new opportunities for young people to participate in the Sustainable Development Agenda. In order to involve the younger generation and involve them in this work in Russia and abroad, the annual permanent program "Youth Envoys of the SDGs of Russia" was established in 2017. Their activities are aimed at effective implementation of the Sustainable Development Agenda into concrete steps towards the implementation of the SDGs. Young people question existing decision-making mechanisms and offer more effective responses to the current challenges, inspire peers and make extensive use of new technologies and social networks, know more about their problems and offer innovative means of solving them. How do young people in Russia participate in promoting the ideas and Sustainable Development Goals? What is the specific of implementing Sustainable Development Goals in different regions of the world, including Russia? How does the digital transformation of society affect the pace of the SDGs implementation? What "pitfalls" are hidden in the Sustainable Development Goals in the framework of the international agenda? How to measure the contribution of youth to the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals and assess Russia's efforts to mobilize youth resources?

Moderator:

Nikita Danyuk – finalist of the contest "Leaders of Russia", political scientist, public figure, Deputy Director of the Institute for Strategic Studies and Forecasts of RUDN

Speakers:

Aniset Gabriel Kochofa – Vice-President of ANO Center for Strategic Development Modeling, former Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary Ambassador of the Republic of Benin to the Russian Federation and CIS countries

Dmitry Yegorchenkov – Director of the Institute for Strategic Studies and Forecasts of RUDN Tatiana Lanshina - General Director of the Association of Energy Market Participants Goal No. Seven

Tatyana Lanshina – General Director of the Association of Energy Market Participants "Goal Number seven"

Elena Lyapuntsova – Chairman of the Executive Board, Project Manager, Doctor of Technical Sciences, Professor

Angelina Egorova – Youth Envoy of SDG 6, National Council of Youth and Children'S Associations of Russia

Lyubov Savelyeva – Youth Envoy of SDG 17, National Council of Youth and Children'S Associations of Russia

11:30-12:45

HALL 2



"Sustainable Development and Socially Responsible Business"

With the adoption of the UN Sustainable Development Agenda for the period up to 2030, the acceding countries have determined the vector of movement for the next fifteen years, as well as social, economic and environmental priorities. Focusing on them, we can evaluate not only progress in the development of individual states, but also the results of business activity of business representatives, whom this document calls "... to use their creative and innovative potential to solve problems in the field of sustainable development." New requirements to business, to its responsibility and openness are being formed, the control of its impacts on society and the environment is being tightened, the criteria for assessing the success of companies and their sustainability are changing. There are conditions that make business think not only about profitability and growth, but also about the quality of this growth, taking into account the attitude to the issues of "green economy" and climate change, rational production and consumption, labor safety and quality, management of non-financial risks and responsibilities, participation in the development of territories, increasing transparency of activities. What is changing in corporate strategies in connection with the adoption of the principles of the Sustainable Development Agenda and the development of the "green economy"? How does today's corporate practice adapt to new challenges? What additional opportunities does the use of partnership technologies offer, what are successful examples of interaction taking into account mutual interests? What are the advantages and risks associated with the growing demand of stakeholders for information openness, transparency of companies, quality of their public reporting? How to measure the contribution of business to the SDGs?

Moderator:

Elena Feoktistova – Managing Director of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs for Corporate Responsibility, Sustainable Development and Social Entrepreneurship

Speakers:

Irina Arkhipova – Director of External Relations and Communications of Coca-Cola HBC Russia

Irina Bakhtina - Vice President of Sustainable Business and Corporate Relations, Unilever

Svetlana Bik – Executive Director of NAKDI, Chairman of the Expert Council for the Long-Term Investment Market at the Bank of Russia

Anton Butmanov – Director of Sustainable Development of EN+ Group

Tatyana Kovaleva – Deputy Head of the Rating Service of the National Rating Agency

Boris Levin - Deputy Chief of Staff of the General Director of PhosAgro PJSC

Irina Makieva — Deputy Chairman of B95.PΦ, General Director of the non-profit organization Foundation for the Development of Single-Industry Cities

Alexander Plakida – Chairman of the Governing Council, Association Global Compact

Expert:

Ludmila Zimina – Senior Manager of Public Relations Department of LUKOIL PJSC

11:30-12:45

HALL 3



"Water Resources of Russia: Role of Marine, River and Lake Ecosystems"

Russia possesses a huge amount of freshwater resources and occupies a leading position among the countries of the world. There are more than 2.5 million rivers and 2.7 million lakes on the territory of the Russian Federation. Water bodies often experience an anthropogenic pressure of different scale and degree of danger. Pollution is associated with the flow of industrial and domestic wastewater. In 2018, the volume of emissions of contaminated wastewater amounted to 13.1 billion cubic meters. The basins of the Volga, Ob and Amur rivers experienced the maximum pressure from pollution, which accounted for 78% of all cases of high pollution in 2018. Unique water features will also require the adoption of measures for the preservation of their ecosystems. For example, a separate federal target program is being implemented to preserve Baikal lake. The harm caused to water resources causes deterioration of the quality of drinking water supplied to consumers, which directly affects the health of the population. Within the framework of the national project "Ecology" it is planned to increase the share of the population provided with quality drinking water from centralized water supply systems to 90.8% by 2024 (99% in urban settlements), as well as to carry out measures to modernize and build treatment facilities, restore water bodies. What priority measures should be taken to ensure the protection and restoration of water resources of the country, the protection of unique water bodies? Will the indicators of national projects and state programs allow to assess the progress in achieving the goals? Will the achieved targets ensure the actual conservation of water resources?

Moderator:

Alexey Belov – member of the Council for Agriculture and Nature Management under the Federation Council Federal Assembly of the Russian Federation

Speakers:

Nikolay Buduev - Deputy Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Natural Resources, Property and Land Relations

Dmitry Kirillov – Head of the Federal Agency of Water Resources

Batu Khasikov - Head of the Republic of Kalmykia

Alexander Gelfan - Director, Head of the Department of Hydrology of River Basins of IWP RAS, Doctor of Physical and Mathematical Sciences

Elena Dovlatova – Executive Director of the Russian Association of Water Supply and Sanitation

Mikhail Kolobov – Candidate of Biological Sciences, Senior Researcher at the Department of Hydrobiology, Faculty of Biology, Lomonosov Moscow State University

Vera Kurochkina – Deputy general director of En+ Group HR Department

Vadim Nikanorov – Deputy Head. Federal Agency for Water Resources.

Experts:

Svetlana Gerasimova – Head of the School of CSR and Sustainable Development MIRBIS, Program Director of the Project Office "Strategies and Practices of Sustainable Development"

Tatiana Kovaleva - Chief Specialist of the Department of Environmental Protection of LUKOIL PJSC

11:30- 12:45

HALL 4

"Education System and Infrastructure: Vector on Stability"

4 KAYECTBEHHOE
OGPASOBAHHE

10 YMEHALIEHHE
HEPABEHCTBA

Rapid technological progress opens up new opportunities and challenges, but the availability of education, the learning environment, the capacity of teachers and the quality of education are lagging behind. Since January 1, 2019, Russia is implementing the national project "Education", under which it is expected to modernize education, create the necessary modern infrastructure, as well as improve the managing mechanisms for this sphere. By the end of 2024, it is planned to assess the quality of general education provided by general education organizations in 85 regions of the Russian Federation, based on the practice of international studies. Among the project objectives – ensuring the global competitiveness of Russian education, the entry of the Russian Federation among the 10 leading countries in quality of general education, upbringing harmoniously developed and socially responsible personalities on the basis of moral and spiritual values of the peoples of the Russian Federation, historic and cultural traditions. How to ensure equal access to quality education for all people? How to form new competencies needed in the world of the future? Is the training of teachers and educators appropriate to prepare people for the world of the future? Is the infrastructure of schools and universities ready to change along with the needs of the labor market? Is it possible to identify several indicators among the many indicators of the SDGs and the national project "Education", that can be clearly judged on the availability and quality of education?

Moderator:

Natalia Ryazanova – Head of the Laboratory of Geoecology and Sustainable Nature Management at the Department of International Complex Problems of nature and ENVironment of MGIMO University, Deputy Chairman of the Commission on Sustainable Development and Environment of the Russian UN Association (RRA UN)

Greetings:

Yanina Andrushkevich – Youth Envoy of SDG 4 in Russia, National Council of Youth and Children'S Associations of Russia Alexey Britanov – Youth Envoy of SDG 10 in Russia, National Council of Youth and Children'S Associations of Russia

Speakers:

Alexey Borisov - Vice-President of the World Federation of UN Associations, Head of the UNESCO Chair of MGIMO MFA of Russia

Artem Vasiliev – Rector of Synergy University

Irina Abankina – Honored Professor of the Institute of Education of Higher School of Economics, expert of the UN Economic Commission for Europe

Yuri Mazurov – Professor of the Department of Environmental Management, Faculty of Geography, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Member of the Scientific Council on Environmental Education of the Russian Academy of Education, education expert of the United Nations Economic Commission for Europe

Natalia Ryzhova – Professor of Department of Teaching Methods of Moscow State Pedagogical University, Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences, Professor, National leader of the OMEP international project on education for the sustainable development of young children

Dmitry Ermakov – a member of the coordination group of the European project on education for sustainable development, Professor of the Department of Psychology and Pedagogy of RUDN, Doctor of Pedagogical Sciences, Candidate of Chemical Sciences

Experts:

Ekaterina Kolesova – Candidate of Pedagogical Sciences, Head of the Environmental Education Center Sparrow hills of GBPU Mospriroda

Dara Melnik – Head of the research group of the Education Transformation Center of the Moscow School of Management SKOLKOVO

Alisa Vasilyeva – Head of Sustainable Development and Interaction with Local Communities of Coca-Cola HBC Russia

12:45 – 13:30 Coffee break

13:30 – 14:45

"Sustainable Development Goals Monitoring System: Role of Stakeholders"

HALL 1



An important role in the implementation of the Sustainable Development Agenda at the national level is played by the establishment of mechanisms for an objective and independent assessment and monitoring of the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals. The development of the SDG monitoring tools at the national and regional levels is of interest to a wide range of participants: federal, regional and local authorities, the business community, public and non-profit organizations, the expert community and the population of the country. By 2019, Russia has made some progress in establishing a system to monitor the achievement of the SDGs at the federal level. Rosstat has developed a national set of the SDG indicators, and the First Voluntary National Review of the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals (responsible – Analytical Center Under the Government of the Russian Federation with the participation of the expert community) is being prepared for release. Russia already has examples when individual subjects of the Russian Federation prepare reviews on the SDGs achievement. The Sustainable Development Goals are increasingly being implemented in the development strategies of Russian business leaders and are reflected in their non-financial reporting. What are the plans



for the development of the SDG monitoring system in Russia in the medium term? How will the SDG indicators system develop at the regional and local level? How do the Sustainable Development Goals relate to the objectives of national projects? How can their monitoring systems and assessment tools be compared? What independent tools for assessing the achievement of the SDGs (ratings/indices, etc.) exist in Russia and what prevents their development?

Moderator:

Elena Dolgikh - member of the Board of Directors, General Director of Agency SGM, Candidate of Economic Sciences

Speakers:

Tatyana Radchenko – Deputy Head of the Analytical Center under the Government of the Russian Federation

Dmitry Zaitsev – Auditor of the Accounts Chamber of the Russian Federation

Nikolay Nikolaev - Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Natural Resources, Property and Land Relations

Sergey Egorenko – Deputy Head of the Federal State Statistics Service

Sergey Bobylev – Head of the Department of Environmental Economics of the Faculty of Economics, Lomonosov Moscow State University, Professor, Honored Scientist of the Russian Federation, Doctor of Economics

Elena Feoktistova – Managing Director of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs for Corporate Responsibility, Sustainable Development and Social Entrepreneurship

Mikhail Babenko – Director of the program "Green Economy", World Wide Fund for Nature (WWF)

13:30 - 14:45

HALL 2



"Effective Institutions for the Development of Society: Openness and Digitalization"

In the Report on human development in the Russian Federation. The UN Sustainable Development Goals and Russia (2016) SDG 16 is interpreted as the development of institutions of the economy, society to complete the transformation of the country to democracy, the rule of law and a sustainable justice system, both in civil matters and especially in matters of ensuring the efficient operation of business.

The most important priorities include:

- the elimination of corruption in all its manifestations in the law enforcement and judicial system, the exclusion of illegal judicial decisions on any arounds:
- the policy of developing informal institutions that promote the values of human rights and property rights in Russia;
- the development of mechanisms of public control over the government and the involvement of society in the adoption and implementation of decisions in the field of public policy, including through the use of "electronic democracy" and support for public initiatives.

What results have been achieved in this area in recent years? What are the most pressing challenges facing Russia today? What is to be done and what is the role of the state in building an effective institutional system? How do constitutional, legislative and/or political guarantees of citizens' access to information operate in Russia? How is this topic reflected in National projects? How do National project indicators relate to the SDGs? What is the significance of digitalization for solving the tasks? How does digitalization affect the importance of the SDG indicators such as "Proportion of population that considers decision-making inclusive and operational" and "Proportion of population satisfied with the latest experience in the use of public services"?

Moderator:

Vladimir Skobarev – partner, Director of Corporate Governance and Sustainable Development Department at FBK Grant Thornton, Candidate of Technical Sciences

Speakers:

Denis Novak – Deputy Minister of Justice of the Russian Federation

Ivan Begtin – Head of the project direction "Open Data" in the Accounts Chamber of the Russian Federation, General Director of Autonomous Non-Commercial Organization Information Culture

Irina Dubinina – partner, Director of Public Sector Advisory Services Department, Grant Thornton

Maria Shklyaruk – Academic Director of the Center For Training Leaders of Digital Transformation, General Director of ANO Center for Advanced Governance

13:30 - 14:45

HALL 3



"Lean Production and Consumption Strategy"

Trends related to responsible consumption and the transition to rational production models become more and more popular in Russia. This topic is reflected in a number of strategic planning documents adopted in recent years at the federal level, in industry development strategies, in business strategies of large companies. This topic received an additional impulse after the approval of national projects and the launch of the reform of the waste management system. A major role in promoting the sustainable consumption agenda is Russia traditionally occupied by big business, primarily international companies represented in Russia. The introduction of rational production and consumption models requires a systematic approach and cooperation between the participants of the supply chain - from the producer to the end-user, as well as an integrated waste management system and the creation of conditions for recycling. How is the waste collection and disposal infrastructure formed? What is the situation with urban landfills? What innovative technologies are used in the processing industry? What is the situation with e-waste recycling? What is the practice of introducing technologies of "zero" impact of enterprises on the environment? What are the prospects for the development of a closed-cycle economy? What is needed to increase the share of recycled materials in production? Can the currently used indicators of the SDGs, national projects and state programs serve as an objective measure of the rationality and efficiency of the use of natural resources?

Moderator:

Aleksandra Saduk – Deputy General Director of Ekopolis Corporation

Speakers:

Alexey Makrushin – Deputy General Director of the Russian Environmental Operator

Ruslan Gubaidullin – Executive Director of the Association "Clean Country"

Alexander Tynkovan – President of M. Video-Eldorado Group

Vladislav Sviblov – Chairman of the Board of Directors of Ecopolis Corporation

Lyubov Melanevskaya – Executive Director of the Association "Industry for the Environment" (RusPEK)

Irina Bakhtina – Vice President of Sustainable Business and Corporate Relations, Unilever

Rashid Ismailov - Deputy Chairman of the Public Business Council of the national project "Ecology", Chairman of the Russian Ecological Society

13:30 - 14:45

HALL 4



"Affordable Medicine is a Guarantee of Stability in Society"

Today, health care is the most exciting topic for Russians. Surveys show that only 9% of the population are definitely satisfied with health care, another 37% assess it as "satisfactory". The life expectancy of the population in Russia has not yet reached 73 years, and in the "new" EU countries, close to our country in terms of economic development, it is already 78 years, in the "old" EU countries - more than 80 years. Russia spends on health 3.2% of GDP, "new" EU countries - 5%, "old" - 8%. What should be done to correct these indicators, in addition to the National projects "Health Care" and "Demography"? What exactly worries Russians in health care? How much should the state spend on health care – are there optimal indicators? Where does the responsibility of the state for the health of the population end and the responsibility of the citizens themselves begins? Who cares more about the health of employees – private or public employers? What should the head of the region do to protect the health of its citizens? How favorable is the living environment in Russia today for the health of the population? What SDG indicators can help citizens to assess the real improvement of the health system?

Moderator:

Guzel Ulumbekova - Doctor of Medical Sciences, Rector of the Higher School of Health Care Organization and Management

Speakers:

Dmitry Morozov – Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Health Protection

Oleg Salagay – Deputy Minister of Health of the Russian Federation, Candidate of Medical Sciences

Melita Vujinovich – Head of the World Health Organization in the Russian Federation Konstantin Voitsekhovich - Advisor to UNAIDS, the Joint United Nations program to combat the HIV/AIDS epidemic and its consequences

Boris Revich – Doctor of Medical Sciences, Head of the Laboratory for Forecasting Environmental Quality and Public Health, Institute of Economics. RAS

Oleg Apolikhin – Chief Specialist of the Ministry of Health of Russia on Reproductive Health, Director of N.A. Lopatkin Research Institute of Urology and Interventional Radiology, FSBI Scientific Research Center for Radiology of the Ministry of Health of the Russian Federation, member of the Russian Academy of Sciences, Doctor of Medical Sciences, Professor

Alexander Pirozhenko – Deputy Director-General of the Agency for Strategic Initiatives

Boris Revich - MD, Head of the Laboratory for Prediction of Environmental Quality and Health Population of INP RAS

Expert:

Nikolay Kononov – Vice President of League of Health of Nations LLC

15:00 – 16:15 HALL 1





"Equal Opportunities for All in a Sustainable Development Society"

The new Agenda emphasizes the need for gender equality and the empowerment of women. This equality will make a decisive contribution to the achievement of all goals and objectives. There should be equal access for all to quality education, economic resources and opportunities for political participation, as well as equal opportunities for employment, leadership, and decision-making at all levels. The use of Russia's development potential should be based on the improvement of institutions for the stability of rights and freedoms and the reliability of the legal system. In Russia, it is constitutionally enshrined that a man and a woman have equal rights and freedoms and equal opportunities for their implementation. Assessments by the World Bank and the World Economic Forum show that Russia has improved the quality of state regulation in the field of law enforcement and rule-making institutions. The assessment of the transparency of state policy in Russia has increased significantly in recent years, and this is quite consistent with the development of mechanisms for broad public and expert discussion of draft regulations, more complete disclosure of information about the activities of public authorities. The composition of fundamental freedoms is stated differently in different states. Freedom of conscience and religion, freedom of thought, freedom of speech, freedom of activity of public associations and freedom of creativity are protected in Russia under the Constitution. The protection of these freedoms creates a high development potential for the individual and significantly increases the return on investment in human capital. What measures should the state take to ensure as effectively as possible equal rights with equal opportunities for all? How applicable are the UN-recommended global indicators of SDG 5 for Russia as a measure of progress in ensuring equal opportunities for all? How applicable are

Moderators:

Tatiana Ambrozevich – Director of Debt Capital Markets at Rosbank PJSC

Sergey Dayman - Executive Director, Head of Clean Technology and Sustainable Development Services for Russia, Ernst & Young

Speakers:

Märtha Louise – Norwegian Princess

Elena Rechkalova – Independent Director, member of the Board of Directors, Deputy co-Chairman of the Russian Union of Industrialists and Entrepreneurs Commission on banks and banking

Sofia Azizyan – partner of Ernst & Young, Head of Audit Services Practice in Central Eastern, South-Eastern Europe, and Central Asia, Head of Businesswomen program in Russia

Nazira Satbekova – Head of Capital Markets Direction at the Eurasian Development Bank

Alexandra Boldyreva – Executive Director of Donors' Forum

Maria Twardowska – Coordinator of the Center No violence

Alena Popova – public figure, founder of the Civil Corps Row and StartupWomen, the Rusbase venture capital fund.

Anna Akimova – Manager of Educational Programs of ANO Expert Institute of Social Research

15:00 - 16:15

HALL 2



"Prospects for the Development of a Low-Carbon Economy"

In connection with the adoption of the Paris agreement by Russia, the task of developing a low-carbon strategy for Russia is currently the most urgent. Russia, with its rich natural resources, knowledge, and technology, has everything necessary to move on the path of low-carbon development. At the same time, a comprehensive approach is needed to move to the trajectory of environmentally-oriented balanced development of the country's economy. Among the key tasks in this area are the introduction of the best available technologies, the improvement of the waste management system, the introduction of new environmental criteria, standards, and requirements for goods and services, etc. A special role is given to the



development of economic mechanisms for regulating greenhouse gas emissions and environmental protection in general. Climate change, policies and trends in the development of various industries, the rejection of the use of fossil fuels, the formation of demand for low-carbon products from consumers, can have a serious impact on the economy as a whole, and on the development of Russian companies in particular. What will Russia's low-carbon development strategy look like? What advantages can Russia obtain? What are the opportunities for low-carbon development in business? What priority measures should the state take in the policy of promoting a low-carbon economy? What indicators will indicate the progress and additional contribution of Russia to the fight against climate change?

Oleg Pluzhnikov – a member of the General Council of the Public Organization Business Russia, Director for Development of the National Organization for Support of Carbon Absorption Projects

Speakers:

Ruslan Edelgeriev - Adviser to the President of the Russian Federation, special representative of the President of the Russian Federation on Climate Issues

Igor Makarov – chief expert of the Institute of Construction and Housing and Communal Services GASIS / Scientific and Educational technology center in construction and building materials

Artem Larin – Partner Ernst & Young LLC

Vyacheslav Solomin – Executive Director of EN+ Group

Alexander Averchenkov – Head of the UNDP office

Alexey Kulapin – Director of the State Energy Policy Department of the Ministry of Energy of the Russian Federation

Igor Korotetsky – partner, Head of KPMG's Operational Risk and Sustainable Development Group in Russia and CIS

Polina Lyon – Head of the Project Office of Sustainable Development Programs of Rosatom State Corporation

Sergey Korotkov - Director of the UNIDO Centre for International Industrial Cooperation in the Russian Federation

15:00 - 16:15

"Sustainable Forest Management. Role of Forests in the Current Climate Agenda"

HALL 3

Russia ranks first place in the world in terms of forest area. The Russian forest industry is of particular importance for achieving the Sustainable Development Goals. For example, in the framework of the Paris climate agreement, Russia has stated that it will reduce emissions by 2030 by 25-30% from the level of 1990, taking into account the maximum possible absorbing capacity of forests. Currently, there is an intensive discussion of the problems of the forest industry, that are concerned about the scale of forest fires, illegal logging, insufficient economic efficiency of the industry, the excess volumes of forest loss on reforestation, low wage workers. However, a significant obstacle to achieving the Sustainable Development Goals, including the provision of reliable national forest statistics, remains the lack of a single information resource based on the principle of openness of forest data. There is an urgent need in the industry to combine the data of all forest accounting works and monitoring of subordinate organizations for their use in the interests of public authorities, science, and the public. What should be an integrated forest management system? How can forest degradation be prevented? What Sustainable Development Goals are closely related to the objectives of the development strategy of the Russian Federation forest sector until 2030?

Moderator:

Andrev Maslennikov - TV host

Speakers:

Alexander Panfilov – Deputy Head of the Federal Forestry Agency

Igor Muraev – Director of FSBI Roslesinforg

Sergey Pakhalyuk – Vice President of the National Association of Timber Producers Russian Forest

Pavel Trushevsky – Director of Forest Certification LLC

Nikolay Ivanov - Director for Work with State Bodies of Segezha Group

Hubert Brown - Professor at the Agricultural Academy of Berlin, former President of the Saxonian Forest Agency, former Director of the Department of Environmental Protection and Agriculture of Saxony, former Commercial Director of State Enterprise Management of the Saxon forestry

Alexey Ryzhikov - Managing Director of SPIMEX JSC

Experts:

Ilya Verveiko – Head of the Forest Policy Department of Ilim Group JSC

Evgeny Zhigulin – General Director of LeskhozInvest LLC

Anton Opletaev - Associate Professor, Department of Forestry, Candidate of Agricultural Sciences, Ural State Forestry University

Sergey Sviridenko – Deputy General Director of PONSSE RUSSIA

Alexander Stepchenko - Deputy Director of FBE SPbFRI, the Representative of Synergy LLC

Alexey Yaroshenko – Head of the Forest Department of Greenpeace in Russia

15:00 - 16:15

"Role of Social Projects in Achieving Sustainable Development Goals"



HALL 4

One of the Sustainable Development Goals and targets is the implementation at the national level of an adequate social protection system for all. At the heart of the Sustainable Development Goals is the key promise made by the heads of 193 countries at the UN Summit in adopting the new Sustainable Development Agenda - "No one will be forgotten". In Russia, various social projects are being implemented aimed at replicating effective practices of supporting children and families with children in difficult situations, improving the quality of life of older people, and developing the activities of farms. What examples of social projects in Russia are the most successful and contribute to the achievement of the Sustainable Development Goals? What opportunities do you see for replicating best practices in providing social assistance and support to the most vulnerable groups of the population? Which of the SDG indicators will provide a reliable assessment of progress and will show that no one has been forgotten?

Moderator:

Dmitry Sazonov - Deputy of the State Duma, Deputy Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Economic Policy, Industry, Innovative Development and Entrepreneurship, coordinator of the State Duma Expert Council on Social Entrepreneurship



Speakers:

Andrey Tarakanov - Deputy Head of the Investment Policy Department of the Ministry of Economic Development of Russia

Olga Zubkovf – General Director of the NGO Vector of Friendship

Anna Zolotarevskaya – Chairman of the Guild of Sustainable Development, Corporate Social Responsibility and Social Entrepreneurship of the Moscow Chamber of Commerce and Industry

Elvira Garifulina C Head of the program "Family and Children" of the Timchenko Foundation, Associate Professor of MSUPE, Candidate of Sociological Sciences

Julia Bogdanova – Head of Corporate Social Responsibility Group at KPMG in Russia and CIS Hans Reitz is the CEO, Grameen Creative Lab and Creative Director, Yunus Center)

Nadezhda Surova – Director of the Institute of Management and Socio-Economic Design, Federal State Budgetary Educational Institution of Higher Education G.V. Plekhanov

Experts:

Natalia Nikolaeva – Head of the Social Policy Department of the analytical center under the government of the Russian Federation

Andrei Ignatiev - Founder of the Russian entrepreneurs movement DaDobro

Anna Khryastunova – Coordinator of the Community of Entrepreneurs with Disabilities, Deputy Chairman of the Commission on social entrepreneurship OPORA RUSSIA, expert of the Our Future Fund, member of the EC for a joint venture under the State Duma

Kalinin Victor – Deputy Director of the Department of Innovation and Advanced Research of the Ministry of Science and Higher education of the Russian Federation

16:30 - 18:00

Plenary session

HALL 1

In 2015, 193 countries embarked on a sustainable development path that should lead to improved well-being for all people in the world by 2030. At the 2019 sustainable development Goals Summit, heads of state and government announced a "decade of action and achievement for sustainable development". Solving the problems of our time requires great resources and joint efforts. The annual exchange of experience, replication of best practices and knowledge can accelerate the process of achieving the Sustainable Development Goals and contribute to the sustainable development of society. In 2015, Russia, like other countries, committed to follow the UN principles of sustainable development and created national mechanisms to promote the achievement of 17 goals. Thus, a plan for the achievement of each national development goal has been developed. A special role is played by the effectiveness of the monitoring tool for the indicator system, which is able to objectively assess the progress in achieving the goals. The indicators are also important for the preparation of a Voluntary National Review on the Sustainable Development Goals in Russia, which will be presented in the summer of 2020 at the United Nations High-level Political Forum on Sustainable Development. What is the role and contribution of each of the participants in the sustainable development process: governments, business, civil society and academics? How are sustainable development indicators adapted to national strategic documents? How can businesses effectively move from endorsing and supporting the SDGs to actually embedding the Goals in their business strategy? How can business take advantage of the new opportunities offered by the adoption of the UN Sustainable Development Goals?

Moderator:

Nikolay Nikolaev – Chairman of the State Duma Committee on Natural Resources, Property and Land Relations

Speakers

Olga Algaerova – Executive Secretary of the UN Economic Commission for Europe

Ruslan Edelgeriev – Adviser to the President of the Russian Federation, special representative of the President of the Russian Federation on Climate Issues

Denis Khramov – Deputy Minister of Natural Resources and Ecology of the Russian Federation

Francesco Mestre – President of the Federation of the Most Beautiful Villages and Towns in the World

Sergey Gorkov – General Director - Chairman of the Management Board of Rosgeologiya

16:30 - 18:00

Plenary Session Broadcast

HALL 2,3,4