Code to analyze the hacking risk of cloud server and display it on dashboard

Cloud Risk Dashboard Code

- Python-based solution that analyzes the hacking risk of a cloud server and displays it on a web-based dashboard using Flask and Dash.
- The program evaluates risk based on multiple factors such as network activity, login attempts, and anomaly detection.
- This code sets up a Flask-based web application with a Dash dashboard that visualizes hacking risk factors for a cloud server.
- The data updates in real-time every 5 seconds with simulated risk analysis.

```
import dash
from dash import dcc, html
import plotly.graph objs as go
from flask import Flask
import random
import threading
import time
# Flask server
server = Flask(__name__)
# Dash app
app = dash.Dash( name , server=server, routes pathname prefix='/dashboard/')
# Simulated risk assessment function
def analyze_hacking_risk():
    return {
         "CPU Usage": random.randint(10, 90),
         "Unauthorized Access Attempts": random.randint(0, 10),
         "Anomalous Traffic": random.randint(0, 100),
         "Malicious Requests": random.randint(0, 50)
     }
# Periodically update risk data
risk_data = []
def update data():
    global risk data
    while True:
         risk_data.append(analyze_hacking_risk())
         if len(risk\_data) > 10:
              risk_data.pop(0)
         time.sleep(5)
```

```
threading.Thread(target=update_data, daemon=True).start()
# Dash layout
app.layout = html.Div([
     html.H1("Cloud Server Hacking Risk Dashboard"),
     dcc.Interval(id='interval-update', interval=5000, n_intervals=0),
     dcc.Graph(id='risk-graph')
])
@app.callback(
     dash.dependencies.Output('risk-graph', 'figure'),
     [dash.dependencies.Input('interval-update', 'n_intervals')]
)
def update graph(n):
     global risk_data
     if not risk_data:
          return go.Figure()
     latest_data = risk_data[-1]
     categories = list(latest_data.keys())
     values = list(latest_data.values())
     fig = go.Figure([go.Bar(x=categories, y=values)])
     fig.update_layout(title="Hacking Risk Factors", xaxis_title="Factors", yaxis_title="Severity")
     return fig
if __name__ == '__main___':
     app.run(debug=True)
```