VIETNAM NATIONAL UNIVERSITY, HO CHI MINH CITY UNIVERSITY OF TECHNOLOGY FACULTY OF COMPUTER SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING



DATABASE SYSTEM LAB (CO2014)

RESORT MANAGEMENT

Class CC03

Instructor: Nguyen Thanh Binh

Trinh Son Lam 1852502

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1 Part1: Create Database System

1.1 Create database table and constrains

1.1.1 Branch

```
CREATE TABLE Branch(
   number_id SERIAL NOT NULL,
   branch_id TEXT GENERATED ALWAYS AS ('CN' || number_id::text) STORED,
   province TEXT,
   address TEXT,
   phone_num VARCHAR(12),
   email TEXT,
   PRIMARY KEY(branch_id)
);
```

Figure 1: TABLE 1

1.1.2 BranchPicture

```
CREATE TABLE BranchPicture(
    branch_id TEXT ,
    link_image TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id,link_image),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id)
);
```

Figure 2: TABLE 2

1.1.3 Zone

```
CREATE TABLE Zone(
    branch_id TEXT,
    name_zone TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id, name_zone),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id)
);
```

Figure 3: TABLE 3



1.1.4 RoomType

```
CREATE TABLE RoomType(
    roomtype_id SERIAL NOT NULL,
    room_name TEXT,
    area_square TEXT,
    num_guests INT NOT NULL CHECK(num_guests > 0 AND num_guests <11),
    description TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(roomtype_id)
);
```

Figure 4: TABLE 4

1.1.5 BedInfo

```
CREATE TABLE BedInfo(
    roomtype_id SERIAL,
    bed_size NUMERIC(2,1),
    quantity INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 1 CHECK (quantity > 0 AND quantity < 11),
    PRIMARY KEY(roomtype_id,bed_size),
    FOREIGN KEY(roomtype_id) REFERENCES RoomType(roomtype_id)
);
```

Figure 5: TABLE 5

1.1.6 BranchHavRoomType

```
CREATE TABLE BranchHavRoomType(
    roomtype_id SERIAL,
    branch_id TEXT,
    price INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(roomtype_id, branch_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(roomtype_id) REFERENCES RoomType(roomtype_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id)
);
```

Figure 6: TABLE 6

1.1.7 Room

```
CREATE TABLE Room(
    branch_id TEXT,
    num_room VARCHAR(3),
    roomtype_id SERIAL,
    name_zone TEXT,

PRIMARY KEY(branch_id,num_room),
    FOREIGN KEY (branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id,name_zone) REFERENCES Zone(branch_id,name_zone),
    FOREIGN KEY(roomtype_id) REFERENCES RoomType(roomtype_id)
);
```

Figure 7: TABLE 7

1.1.8 SpicimenType

```
CREATE TABLE SpicimenType(
    spicimen_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(spicimen_id ~ 'VT[0-9]{4}'),
    spicimen_name TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(spicimen_id)
);
```

Figure 8: TABLE 8

${\bf 1.1.9}\quad {\bf Spic Type In Room Type}$

```
CREATE TABLE SpicTypeInRoomType(
    spicimen_id VARCHAR(6),
    roomtype_id SERIAL,
    quantity_spic INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 1 CHECK(quantity_spic > 0 AND quantity_spic < 21),
    PRIMARY KEY(spicimen_id,roomtype_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(spicimen_id) REFERENCES SpicimenType(spicimen_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(roomtype_id) REFERENCES RoomType(roomtype_id)
);</pre>
```

Figure 9: TABLE 9



1.1.10 Material

```
CREATE TABLE Material(
   branch_id TEXT,
    spicimen_id VARCHAR(6),
    num_material INT CHECK(num_material > 0),
    status TEXT,
    num_room VARCHAR(3),
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id, spicimen_id, num_material),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(spicimen_id) REFERENCES SpicimenType(spicimen_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id,num_room) REFERENCES Room(branch_id,num_room)
);
```

Figure 10: TABLE 10

1.1.11 Provider

```
CREATE TABLE Provider(
    provider_id VARCHAR(7) CHECK(provider_id ~ 'NCC[0-9]{4}'),
    provider_name TEXT,
    provider_email TEXT,
    provider_address TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(provider_id)
);
```

Figure 11: TABLE 11

1.1.12 ProviderMaterial

```
CREATE TABLE ProviderMaterial(
    provider_id VARCHAR(7),
    spicimen_id VARCHAR(6),
    branch_id TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(spicimen_id,branch_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(provider_id) REFERENCES Provider(provider_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(spicimen_id) REFERENCES SpicimenType(spicimen_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id)
);
```

Figure 12: TABLE 12

1.1.13 Customer

```
CREATE TABLE Customer(
    customer_id VARCHAR(8) CHECK(customer_id ~ 'KH[0-9]{6}'),
    cccd_cmnd VARCHAR(12) NOT NULL UNIQUE,
    customer_name TEXT,
    customer_phone TEXT UNIQUE,
    customer_email TEXT UNIQUE,
    username TEXT UNIQUE,
    username TEXT UNIQUE,
    cus_password TEXT,
    points INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 0 CHECK(points >= 0),
    customer_type INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 1 CHECK(customer_type > 0 AND customer_type < 5),
    PRIMARY KEY(customer_id)
);</pre>
```

Figure 13: TABLE 13

1.1.14 ServicePackage

```
CREATE TABLE ServicePackage(
    package_name TEXT,
    num_days INT NOT NULL CHECK(num_days > 0 AND num_days < 101),
    num_guests INT NOT NULL CHECK(num_guests > 0 AND num_guests < 11),
    price INT NOT NULL,
    PRIMARY KEY(package_name)
);</pre>
```

Figure 14: TABLE 14

1.1.15 BillService

```
CREATE TABLE BillService(
    customer_id VARCHAR(8),
    package_name TEXT,
    time_buying TIMESTAMP,
    time_starting DATE CHECK(time_starting > time_buying),
    total_price INT ,
    PRIMARY KEY(customer_id,package_name,time_buying),
    FOREIGN KEY(customer_id) REFERENCES Customer(customer_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(package_name) REFERENCES ServicePackage(package_name)
);
```

Figure 15: TABLE 15

1.1.16 TypeForDiscount

```
CREATE TABLE TypeForDiscount(
    customer_type INT,
    discount REAL,
    point_type INT,
    PRIMARY KEY(customer_type)
);
```

Figure 16: TABLE 16

1.1.17 BillBooking

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION Generate_Room_Booking_ID(timestamp,INT) RETURNS text AS
    SELECT (to_char($1, 'DD') || to_char($1, 'MM') || to_char($1, 'YYYY'))||LPAD($2::text, 6, '0');
$$ LANGUAGE sql IMMUTABLE;
CREATE TABLE BillBooking(
   book_id SERIAL NOT NULL,
    booking_id VARCHAR(16) GENERATED ALWAYS AS ('DP'|| Generate_Room_Booking_ID(time_booking,book_id)) STORED,
    time_booking TIMESTAMP
    time_checkin DATE CHECK(time_checkin > time_booking),
    time_checkout DATE CHECK(time_checkout > time_checkin),
    bill_status INT CHECK(bill_status >= 0 AND bill_status <= 3),</pre>
    bill_price INT NOT NULL DEFAULT \theta,
    customer_id\ VARCHAR(8),
    package_name TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(booking_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(customer_id) REFERENCES Customer(customer_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(package_name) REFERENCES ServicePackage(package_name)
```

Figure 17: TABLE 17

1.1.18 RentingRoom

```
CREATE TABLE RentingRoom(
    booking_id VARCHAR(16),
    branch_id TEXT,
    num_room VARCHAR(3),
    PRIMARY KEY(booking_id,branch_id,num_room),
    FOREIGN KEY(booking_id) REFERENCES BillBooking(booking_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id,num_room) REFERENCES Room(branch_id,num_room)
);
```

Figure 18: TABLE 18



1.1.19 PaymentBill

```
CREATE TABLE PaymentBill(
   bill_num SERIAL NOT NULL,
   bill_id VARCHAR(16) GENERATED ALWAYS AS ('HD'|| Generate_Room_Booking_ID(timer_checkout,bill_num)) STORED,
   timer_checkin TIMESTAMP,
   timer_checkout TIMESTAMP,
   booking_id VARCHAR(16),
   PRIMARY KEY(bill_id),
   FOREIGN KEY(booking_id) REFERENCES BillBooking(booking_id)
```

Figure 19: TABLE 19

1.1.20 Company

```
CREATE TABLE Company(
    company_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(company_id ~ 'DN[0-9]{4}'),
    company_name TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(company_id)
);
```

Figure 20: TABLE 20

1.1.21 Service

```
CREATE TABLE Service(
   service_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(service_id ~ 'DV[RSCMB][0-9]{3}'),
   service_type VARCHAR(1) CHECK(SUBSTRING(service_id,3,1) = service_type),
   num_guests INT,
   stype TEXT,
   company_id VARCHAR(6),
   PRIMARY KEY(service_id),
   FOREIGN KEY(company_id) REFERENCES Company(company_id)
);
```

Figure 21: TABLE 21

1.1.22 ServiceSpa

```
CREATE TABLE ServiceSpa(
    service_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(SUBSTRING(service_id,1,3) = 'DVS'),
    spa_type TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(service_id,spa_type),
    FOREIGN KEY(service_id) REFERENCES Service(service_id)
);
```

Figure 22: TABLE 22

1.1.23 TpeSouvenir

```
CREATE TABLE TypeSouvenir(
    service_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(SUBSTRING(service_id,1,3) = 'DVM'),
    souv_type TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(service_id,souv_type),
    FOREIGN KEY(service_id) REFERENCES Service(service_id)
);
```

Figure 23: TABLE 23

1.1.24 BrandSouvenir

```
CREATE TABLE BrandSouvenir(
    service_id VARCHAR(6) CHECK(SUBSTRING(service_id,1,3) = 'DVM'),
    souv_brand TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(service_id,souv_brand),
    FOREIGN KEY(service_id) REFERENCES Service(service_id)
);
```

Figure 24: TABLE 24

1.1.25 AreaPlace

```
CREATE TABLE AreaPlace(
    branch_id TEXT,
    stt_num INT NOT NULL DEFAULT 1 CHECK( stt_num >= 1 AND stt_num <= 50),
    area_length TEXT,
    area_width TEXT,
    area_price INT NOT NULL,
    description TEXT,
    service_id VARCHAR(6),
    name_shop TEXT,
    logo_shop TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id,stt_num),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id) REFERENCES Branch(branch_id),
    FOREIGN KEY(service_id) REFERENCES Service(service_id)
);</pre>
```

Figure 25: TABLE 25



1.1.26 ShopPicture

```
CREATE TABLE ShopPicture(
    branch_id TEXT,
    stt_num INT,
    picture TEXT,
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id,stt_num,picture),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id,stt_num) REFERENCES AreaPlace(branch_id,stt_num)
);
```

Figure 26: TABLE 26

1.1.27 TimelineShop

```
CREATE TABLE TimelineShop(
    branch_id TEXT,
    stt_num INT,
    time_starting TIME,
    time_closing TIME,
    PRIMARY KEY(branch_id,stt_num,time_starting),
    FOREIGN KEY(branch_id,stt_num) REFERENCES AreaPlace(branch_id,stt_num)
);
```

Figure 27: TABLE 27

Then when creating all of table we have a set of tables there:



Figure 28: TABLES



1.2 Insert data to tables

A data file have already create with name "insert_data" for adding them to database system. Then we have some data that provide for querying in the DBMS. There are some pictures when you query data

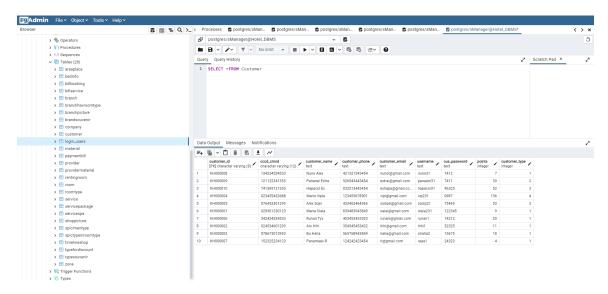


Figure 29: Query from Customer table

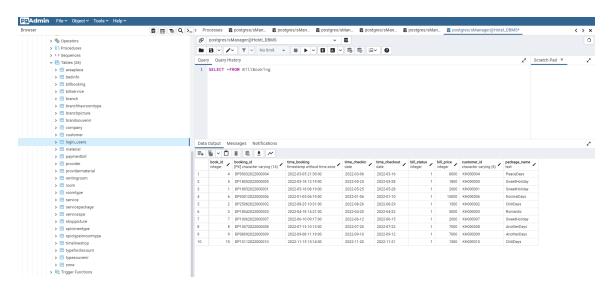


Figure 30: Query from BillBooking

2 Part2: Store Procedure/Function and Trigger

2.1 Store Procedure/Function

2.1.1 Procedure/Function for ServicePackage(GoiDichVu)

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION AddDate(_days INT, _datetime DATE) RETURNS DATE AS
$$
SELECT _datetime + _days;
```

```
4 $$ LANGUAGE sql IMMUTABLE;
6 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION AddDateInt(_days INT, _datetime INT) RETURNS INT AS
7 $$
    SELECT _datetime + _days;
9 $$ LANGUAGE sql IMMUTABLE;
10
11 CREATE TYPE mytype AS(
      package_name TEXT,
12
      num_guests INT,
13
      time_starting DATE,
14
      time_expiring DATE,
15
      remaining_days INT
16
17);
18 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION PackageInfo(_customer_id TEXT)
19 RETURNS mytype
20 AS
21 $$
22 DECLARE tableshow mytype;
23 DECLARE tempvar INT;
24 DECLARE tempvar1 DATE;
25 DECLARE tempvar2 DATE;
26 BEGIN
      tableshow.package_name = BillService.package_name FROM BillService WHERE
27
      BillService.customer_id = _customer_id;
      tableshow.num_guests = ServicePackage.num_guests FROM ServicePackage WHERE
28
      ServicePackage.package_name = tableshow.package_name;
      tableshow.time_starting = BillService.time_starting FROM BillService WHERE
29
      BillService.customer_id = _customer_id ;
      tableshow.time_expiring = (tableshow.time_starting+365);
      tempvar = ServicePackage.num_days FROM ServicePackage WHERE ServicePackage.
31
      package_name = tableshow.package_name;
      tempvar1 = BillBooking.time_checkout FROM BillBooking WHERE BillBooking.
      customer_id = _customer_id;
      tempvar2 = BillBooking.time_checkin FROM BillBooking WHERE BillBooking.
      customer_id = _customer_id;
      IF(AddDate(365,tableshow.time_starting) - CURRENT_DATE -
34
35
         AddDateInt(tempvar ,- (tempvar1 - tempvar2))) > 0 THEN
         tableshow.remaining_days = AddDateInt(tempvar, - (tempvar1 - tempvar2)) ;
36
37
        tableshow.remaining_days = AddDate(365,tableshow.time_starting) -
      CURRENT_DATE ;
      END IF;
39
      RETURN tableshow;
40
41 END:
42 $$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

To create function to view package service we need to have some information as follows:

- We need to have <code>package_name</code> from BillService(DonDichVu) where <code>customer_id</code> of BillService is the same with <code>customer_id</code> from input user.
- With num_guests we query from ServicePackage(GoiDichVu) where package_name of ServicePackage is the same one from BillService.
- With time_starting we query from BillService where customer_id of BillService is the same with customer_id from input user.
- With $time_expiring$ we calculate with $time_starting$ plus 365 days.
- With remaining_days we use formula with if the remaining days from time_expiring minus current_time minus usage days in package that is greater than 0, the remaining days is equal remaining usage days in package, otherwise is 0.

2.1.2 Procedure/Function for StatisticGuests

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION TextDate(_year TEXT) RETURNS DATE AS
2 $$
```



```
SELECT TO_DATE(_year::TEXT,'YYYY');
4 $$ LANGUAGE sql IMMUTABLE;
6 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION MonthDate(_month TIMESTAMP) RETURNS TEXT AS
7 $$
   SELECT TO_CHAR(_month,'MM');
9 $$ LANGUAGE sql IMMUTABLE;
11 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION StatisticGuests(_branch_id TEXT,_year TEXT)
   RETURNS TABLE (
12
13
     months TEXT,
      sum_num_guests BIGINT
14
15
16 AS
17 $$
18 BEGIN
    RETURN QUERY
19
    SELECT
20
      MonthDate(BillBooking.time_booking),
21
      COUNT(BillBooking.booking_id)
22
23
    FROM
      RentingRoom JOIN PaymentBill ON RentingRoom.booking_id = PaymentBill.booking_id
24
      JOIN BillBooking ON PaymentBill.booking_id = BillBooking.booking_id
25
26
      RentingRoom.branch_id = _branch_id AND DATE_TRUNC('year', BillBooking.
      time_booking) = TextDate(_year)
28
    GROUP BY MonthDate(BillBooking.time_booking);
29 END:
30 $$ LANGUAGE 'plpgsql';
```

To create function to view statistical guests we need to have some information as follows: We chose *month* and sum_num_guests from joining some tables as RentingRoom(PhongThue) with PaymentBill(HoaDonThanhToan) where $booking_id$ is the same as well as with joining BillBooking where the condition is $branch_id$ from RentingRoom and the year are the same with input from user by grouping follow month in a year.

2.2 Triggers

2.2.1 Trigger to update values

• UpdateSumServiceBill(TongTienGoiDichVu), we find discount from joining BillServive(DonDichVu) to Customer through customer_id and joining with TypeForDiscount through customer_type where BillService has a new custoemer id and then we use calculation as picture.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UpdateSumServiceBill()
2 RETURNS TRIGGER
3 AS
4 $updateServiceBill$
5 BEGIN
    UPDATE BillService
6
    SET total_price = ServicePackage.price - ServicePackage.price * (SELECT
      discount FROM BillService JOIN Customer
                          ON BillService.customer_id = Customer.customer_id
                          JOIN TypeForDiscount ON Customer.customer_type =
9
      TypeForDiscount.customer_type
                          WHERE BillService.customer_id = NEW.customer_id LIMIT
      1)
    FROM ServicePackage
    WHERE
12
     ServicePackage.package_name = BillService.package_name AND BillService.
13
      customer_id = NEW.customer_id;
   RETURN NULL;
14
15 END;
$\text{updateServiceBill$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;}
17
18 CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UpdateTotalServiceBill
  AFTER INSERT
19
    ON BillService
  FOR EACH ROW
21
```



```
EXECUTE FUNCTION UpdateSumServiceBill();
23
```

• UpdateSumPayment(TongTienDonDatPhong), we need some information like discount from RentingRoom(PhongThue) to BillBooking(DonDatPhong) through booking_id and joining with Customer through customer_id where BillBooking has a new booking_id and then we calculate as formula as picture.

```
1 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UpdateSumPayment()
2 RETURNS TRIGGER
3 AS
  $UpdateBillBooking$
5 BEGIN
    UPDATE BillBooking
    SET bill_price = BillBooking.bill_price - BillBooking.bill_price *(SELECT
      discount FROM RentingRoom
                   JOIN BillBooking ON RentingRoom.booking_id = BillBooking.
      booking id
                   JOIN Customer ON Customer.customer_id = BillBooking.
      customer_id
                   JOIN TypeForDiscount ON TypeForDiscount.customer_type =
      Customer.customer_type
                  WHERE NEW.booking_id = BillBooking.booking_id LIMIT 1)
    FROM RentingRoom
    WHERE NEW.booking_id = BillBooking.booking_id;
    RETURN NULL;
14
15 END;
16 $UpdateBillBooking$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
18 CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UpdateSumPaymentBill
19 AFTER INSERT
20 ON RentingRoom
21 FOR EACH ROW
22 EXECUTE FUNCTION UpdateSumPayment();
```

• UpdatePointCustomer(DiemCuaKhachHang), we need to find bill_price from joining Bill-Booking to Customer through customer_id where bill_status = 1 and BillBooking has a new booking id and then divide 1000 and next take the result is plus initial point.

```
CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UpdatePointCustomer()
2 RETURNS TRIGGER
3 AS
  $UpdatCustomer$
5 BEGIN
    UPDATE Customer
    SET points = Customer.points + (SELECT bill_price FROM BillBooking JOIN
      Customer ON
                      BillBooking.customer_id = Customer.customer_id
                     WHERE NEW.bill_status = 1 AND NEW.booking_id = BillBooking.
      booking_id LIMIT 1)/1000
    FROM BillBooking
    WHERE NEW.customer_id = Customer.customer_id AND NEW.booking_id =
      BillBooking.booking_id AND NEW.bill_status = 1;
12
    RETURN NULL;
13 END;
14 $UpdatCustomer$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
16 CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UpdatePointClient
17 AFTER UPDATE
18 ON BillBooking
19 FOR EACH ROW
20 EXECUTE FUNCTION UpdatePointCustomer();
```

• UpdateTypeCustomer(LoaiKhachHang), we need to calculate the point of customer and then using it to comparison with some rules to update type of customers

```
1 CREATE OR REPLACE FUNCTION UpdateTypeCustomer()
2 RETURNS TRIGGER
3 AS
4 $UpdateCustomer$
5 BEGIN
    UPDATE Customer
    SET customer_type = (SELECT customer_type FROM TypeForDiscount WHERE NEW.
     points >= point_type
              ORDER BY customer_type DESC LIMIT 1)
    WHERE NEW.customer_id = Customer.customer_id;
10 RETURN NULL;
11 END;
$UpdateCustomer$ LANGUAGE plpgsql;
14 CREATE OR REPLACE TRIGGER UpdateTypeClient
15 AFTER UPDATE
16 ON Customer
17 FOR EACH ROW
WHEN(NEW.points <> OLD.points)
19 EXECUTE FUNCTION UpdateTypeCustomer();
```

3 Part3: Build an application

A link video demo(backup in drive):

https://drive.google.com/drive/folders/1cdX3ZRnXvM25cO2UBAvyqK9pslph4xVD?usp=sharing

3.1 Create user

20 21



Figure 31: Create DBA user



3.2 Some features

3.2.1 Login/Logout

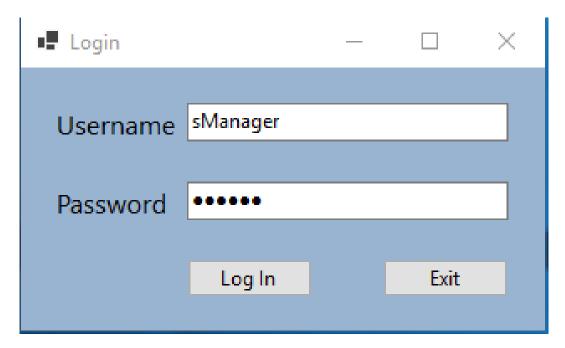


Figure 32: Login/Logout UI

3.2.2 Features

• View information of customer

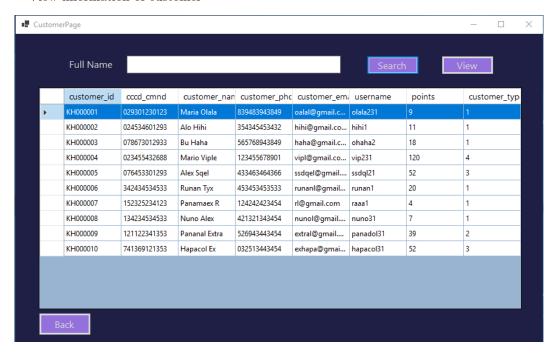


Figure 33: Information customer

• Search information with some characters. And then view details a customer.



Figure 34: Search information

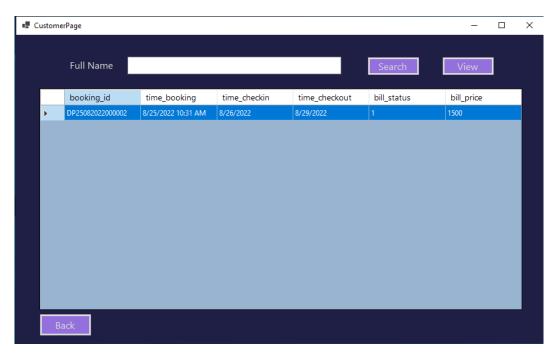


Figure 35: View details

• Add new information of room type



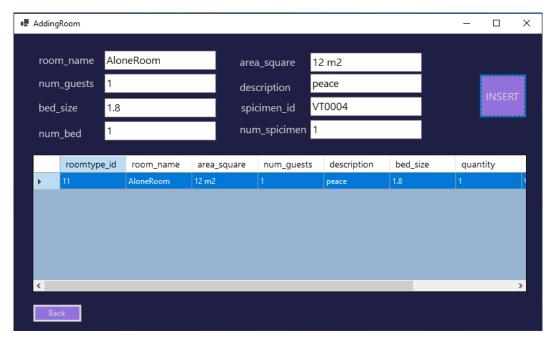


Figure 36: Add new information of room type

 $\bullet\,$ View statistical guests in a branch in year

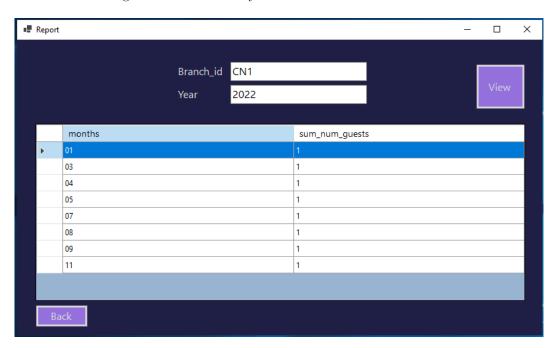


Figure 37: Add new information of room type

• In addition one feature for Admin to query on app

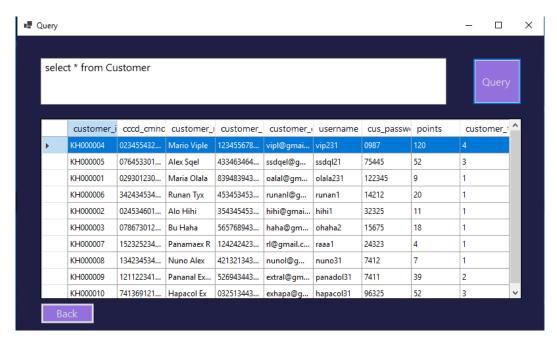


Figure 38: Query on app