

D Treuning de Variables

1.)
$$g \dot{g} = t e^{t}$$
, $\dot{g} = \frac{dy}{dt}$ einschen lüfer!

 $y \dot{d}y = t e^{t}$ of $t \cdot dt$
 $y \dot{d}y = t e^{t}$ of $t \cdot dt$
 $y \dot{d}y = t e^{t}$ of $t \cdot dt$
 $y^{2} = t e^{t} - 5t \cdot dt$
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 $y^{2} = t e^{t} - 6t \cdot dt$
 $y^{2} = t e^{t} - 6t \cdot dt$
 $y^{2} = t e^{t} - 6t \cdot dt$
 $y^{2} = t \cdot e^{t} + C$ mit $C \in \mathbb{R}$
 $y^{2} = t \cdot e^{t} + C$ mit $C \in \mathbb{R}$.

2.) $\dot{y}(1+t^{2}) = t \dot{y}$, Einschen von $\dot{y} = \frac{dy}{dt}$ liefer!

 $\dot{y} \dot{y} \dot{y} = \frac{t}{1+t^{2}} \cdot dt$
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Subst. $u = 1+t^{2}$
 $du = 2t \cdot dt$
 $du = 2t \cdot d$

3)
$$y' = 5x^{4}(y+1)$$
 $y' = \frac{dy}{dx}$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^{4}(y+1)$ $\frac{1}{2}dx$
 $\frac{dy}{dx} = 5x^{4}dx$
 $\frac{1}{2}dx = \frac{1}{2}5x^{4}dx$
 $\frac{1}{2}dx = \frac{1}{2}5x^{4}$

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D Anfongs wet probleme:
   yy' = cos(2x), y(0) = -1.
      y dy = cos (2x)
       ydy = ws(2x)dx
      Sydy = Sws(2x)dx
          42/2 = sin(2x). 1/2 + C, CER
            y^2 = \sin(2x) + 2C
           y(x) = + 1 sin(2x) +2C
            -1 = \pm 1 \sin(2.0) + 2C
             -1= - 12C
                1=12c => 2c=1.
          partitulare Lsp. y(x) = - 1 sin(2x) +1.
   y' = -\frac{x}{y}, y(0) = 1.
     dx ydy = -xdx
    Sydy = f-xdx
      y2/2 = - x2/2 + C CER
        y^2 = -x^2 + 2C
        y(x)= ± 12c-x2
           1 = (-1)\sqrt{2C-0^2} = \sqrt{2C} = 72C = 1
       part. Lsp .: y(x) = 1 1-x2
                                                 2\pi = \pm e^{C} \cdot e^{\sin(\Re z)} = \pm e^{C} \cdot e^{-1}
     y' + cos(x) \cdot y = 0 y(\pi/2) = 2\pi
      dy = -cos(x) y
                                                27.e=±, e=ec
     \frac{1}{y}\frac{dy}{dy} = -\cos(x)\frac{dx}{dx}
\int \frac{1}{y}dy = \int -\cos(x)\frac{dx}{dx}
                                                  y(x) = 2 Te e - sin(x)
                                                  y(x) = 21 e1-sin(x)
         ln(|y|) = -sin(x)+C, CER
            |y| = e sin(x)+c= e c e - sin(x)
             y(x)= tec e-sin(x)
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Substitution 1

$$y'' = x + \frac{a^2}{x}, y(A) = 72$$

$$y' = \frac{x}{3} + \frac{a}{x} = \frac{1}{3}(\frac{1}{3}x) \Rightarrow \text{Subst.} \quad u = \frac{4}{x}$$

Einselven

$$x \cdot u = y \quad | \quad y' = u + x \cdot u'$$

$$x \cdot u' = \frac{1}{4} \quad | \cdot u_1 \cdot x_1 \cdot u' = \frac{du}{dx}$$

$$u \cdot du = \frac{1}{4} \cdot dx \quad | \quad y' = u + x \cdot u'$$

$$u'' = u + x \cdot u' \quad | \quad y' = u + x \cdot u'$$

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$$u'' = \frac{1}{4} \cdot u \cdot | \cdot u_1 \cdot x_1 \cdot u' = \frac{du}{dx}$$

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10H= 1+50+

y-2+1 = - € + K, KER

-1 = - C + K