

AMATH 481 & 581 Fall 2018
Bose-Einstein Condensation in 3D

Submission open until 11:59:59pm Tuesday December 11, 2018

Consider the Gross-Pitaevskii system (nonlinear Schrödinger equation with potential) modeling a condensed state of matter

$$i\psi_t + \frac{1}{2}\nabla^2\psi - |\psi|^2\psi + [A_1 \sin^2(x) + B_1][A_2 \sin^2(y) + B_2][A_3 \sin^2(z) + B_3]\psi = 0 \quad (1)$$

where $\nabla^2 = \partial_x^2 + \partial_y^2 + \partial_z^2$ (you can google this to learn more). Consider periodic boundaries and using the **3D FFT** (`fftn`) to solve for the evolution. Step forward using `ode45`. VISUALIZE USING `isosurface` or `slice`. WARNING: 3D problems involve working with vectors of size n^3 , so pick n small to begin playing around.

ANSWERS:

(a) With $x, y, z \in [-\pi, \pi]$, $n = 16$, `tspan = 0 : 0.5 : 4` and parameters $A_i = -1$ and $B_i = -A_i$, with initial conditions

$$\psi(x, y, z) = \cos(x) \cos(y) \cos(z)$$

write out the solution of your numerical evolution from `ode45` as `A1.dat` (real part) and `A2.dat` (imaginary part) (NOTE: your solution will be in the Fourier domain when you write it out).

(b) Now solve with initial conditions

$$\psi(x, y, z) = \sin(x) \sin(y) \sin(z)$$

write out the solution of your numerical evolution from `ode45` as `A3.dat` (real part) and `A4.dat` (imaginary part) (NOTE: your solution will be in the Fourier domain when you write it out).