Boto3 S3 Task Documentation

Purpose

This document details the implementation of a Python script developed for FrogTech to demonstrate proficiency with the AWS Boto3 SDK. The script performs S3 operations in the us-east-1 region, meeting specific requirements: listing buckets, uploading/downloading a dummy file, verifying object existence with a waiter, listing objects with a paginator, and using a modular design. Additionally, it includes functionality to inspect file contents before cleanup. This document serves as a personal reference to revisit the task, understand the code, and refresh knowledge on Boto3 and S3 operations.

Script Overview

The script (s3_operations.py) uses Boto3 to interact with AWS S3, performing the following tasks:

- 1. **List Buckets**: Retrieves all S3 buckets in us-east-1 using a resource call.
- 2. **Create and Upload Dummy File**: Creates a local text file with a timestamp, uploads it to a selected bucket, and stores it under a test/ prefix.
- 3. **Download File**: Downloads the uploaded file to verify the operation.
- 4. **Inspect File Contents**: Prints the contents of the local dummy file and downloaded file.
- 5. **Waiter**: Uses the ObjectExists waiter to confirm the uploaded object's availability (10-second delay, 10 attempts).
- 6. **Paginator**: Lists all objects in the bucket using the ListObjectsV2 paginator.
- 7. **Pause and Cleanup**: Pauses for manual file inspection and cleans up local files.
- 8. **Modular Design (Bonus)**: Organizes operations into separate functions with a main() function orchestrating execution.

Key Components

Imports and Initialization

• Libraries:

- boto3: AWS SDK for Python to interact with S3.
- botocore.exceptions.ClientError: Handles AWS API errors (e.g., permission issues).
- o uuid: Generates unique file names to avoid conflicts.
- os: Manages local file operations (creation, deletion).
- datetime: Adds timestamps to dummy file contents.

• S3 Resource and Client:

s3_resource = boto3.resource('s3', region_name='us-east-1'): High-level interface for bucket and object operations.

 s3_client = boto3.client('s3', region_name='us-east-1'): Low-level interface for waiters and paginators.

Functions

1. list_buckets():

- Uses s3 resource.buckets.all() to list all S3 buckets.
- o Returns a list of bucket names or None if no buckets exist or an error occurs.
- Handles ClientError for permission or connectivity issues.

2. create_dummy_file(file_path):

- Creates a local text file with a timestamp (e.g., Dummy file created at 2025-04-30T12:34:56.789123).
- Returns True on success, False on I/O errors.

3. read_local_file(file_path):

- Reads and prints the contents of a local file (e.g., dummy file or downloaded file).
- o Returns the content or None on I/O errors.

4. upload_file(bucket_name, file_path, object_key):

- Uploads a file to an S3 bucket using Bucket.upload_file.
- Stores the file under test/<filename> in the bucket.
- Returns True on success, False on ClientError.

5. download_file(bucket_name, object_key, download_path):

- Downloads an S3 object to a local path using Bucket.download_file.
- o Returns True on success, False on ClientError.

6. wait_for_object(bucket_name, object_key):

- Uses the object_exists waiter to confirm the object's availability.
- o Configured with a 10-second delay and 10 attempts.
- Returns True if the object exists, False on WaiterError.

7. list_objects_paginator(bucket_name):

- o Uses the ListObjectsV2 paginator to list all objects in the bucket.
- o Handles pagination automatically, printing each object's key and size.
- Handles ClientError for permission or bucket issues.

8. main():

- Orchestrates the workflow: lists buckets, selects a bucket, creates/uploads/downloads a file, inspects contents, verifies the object, lists objects, pauses, and cleans up.
- o Uses try-finally to ensure local file cleanup.

Bucket Selection Logic

- **Method**: Selects the first bucket from the list returned by list_buckets() (e.g., bucket_list[0]).
- Reason: Chosen for simplicity to meet the "random bucket" requirement without
 adding complexity. The first bucket is a pseudo-random choice since the AWS API
 determines the order.
- **Example**: In the provided output, backend-bucket-terraform was selected as the first bucket.

Alternatives:

- o **User Input**: Prompt the user to choose a bucket.
- o Random Selection: Use random.choice() for a truly random bucket.
- Filtered Selection: Choose based on name patterns (e.g., theme-park*) or permissions.
- Hardcoded: Specify a bucket like backend-bucket-terraform.

File Handling

- **Dummy File**: Named dummy_<uuid>.txt (e.g., dummy_087b46cbab434332a1c05795d439fc2d.txt) to ensure uniqueness.
- **S3 Key**: Stored as test/<filename> in the bucket.
- **Downloaded File**: Named downloaded <filename>.txt.
- Inspection: Contents are printed after creation and download, with a pause (input()) for manual inspection.
- Cleanup: Local files are deleted in the finally block to avoid clutter.

Requirements Fulfillment

1. List us-east-1 Buckets (Resource Call):

- Implemented in list_buckets() using s3_resource.buckets.all().
- Output example: Lists buckets like backend-bucket-terraform, codepipelineus-east-1-580313038498, etc.

2. Upload/Download Dummy File (Resource Call):

- o create_dummy_file() creates a file with a timestamp.
- o upload_file() uploads it to test/<filename> in the selected bucket.

- download_file() downloads it to downloaded_<filename>.txt.
- Output example: Uploaded dummy_087b46cbab434332a1c05795d439fc2d.txt to s3://backend-bucketterraform/test/....

3. Waiter (ObjectExists):

- wait_for_object() uses the object_exists waiter with a 10-second delay and 10 attempts.
- Output example: Object s3://backend-bucket-terraform/test/... exists...

4. Paginator (ListObjectsV2):

- list_objects_paginator() uses the ListObjectsV2 paginator to list bucket objects.
- Output example: Lists objects like terraform.tfstate, test/dummy_087b46cbab434332a1c05795d439fc2d.txt.

5. Bonus (Modular Design):

- Functions are separated for each operation, with main() handling dependencies.
- o Error handling is centralized using try-except and try-finally.

6. File Inspection:

- o read_local_file() prints the dummy and downloaded file contents.
- o A pause (input()) allows manual inspection before cleanup.

Challenges and Solutions

- 1. **Challenge**: Choosing a bucket without specific criteria.
 - Solution: Selected the first bucket for simplicity. Added validation to ensure the bucket list isn't empty.
- 2. Challenge: Ensuring file content visibility before deletion.
 - o **Solution**: Added read local file() and a pause (input()) for inspection.
- 3. Challenge: Handling S3 eventual consistency.
 - Solution: Used the ObjectExists waiter to confirm object availability.
- 4. Challenge: Managing large bucket listings.
 - Solution: The paginator automatically handles pagination.
- 5. Challenge: Permissions errors.
 - Solution: Assumed valid credentials; added ClientError handling for robustness.

Sample Output



