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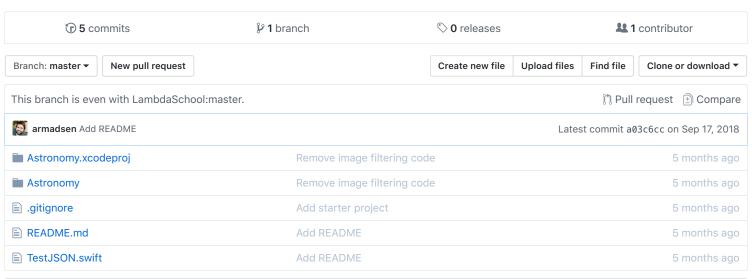
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# **Astronomy Unit Testing**

The goal of this project is practice writing unit tests, including the use of dependency injection, protocol oriented programming, mocking, and expectations. This project covers the concepts covered in the Unit Testing III - Dependency Injection and Mocking module. After completing the lesson material and this project, you should be able to:

- write types and functions that support dependency injection for testing
- · use protocol oriented programming to create mocks for testing code with complex dependencies
- use expectations to test asynchronous code

## Part 0 - Fork and Clone (Optional)

This repo contains a completed copy of the Astronomy project. You are welcome to use your own code written for the last module for this project if you wish. Otherwise, fork and clone this repo.

## Part 1 - Prepare To Write Tests

#### **Determine What to Test**

Before you begin writing tests, you should determine what functionality you'd like to test, and how. Remember that unit testing should focus on small, independent parts of your app. Make a list of tests you'd like to write. You can do this in note form, or by creating skeleton test case classes with empty (but well-named) test methods.

Be sure that you test the networking parts of the app, paying particular attention to testing MarsRoverClient.

#### Add a Test Target

#### Add a unit test target to your project, following the steps learned in Unit Testing I.

#### Refactor MarsRoverClient to Improve Testability

MarsRoverClient is where all the networking code in the project lives. Before you can write effective tests for it, you'll need to refactor it support dependency injection via a protocol-conforming object.

- 1. Create a new Swift file called NetworkDataLoader.swift.
- 2. Inside NetworkDataLoader.swift , define a protocol called NetworkDataLoader .
- 3. It should include two methods, func loadData(from request: URLRequest, completion: @escaping( Data?, Error?) -> Void), and func loadData(from url: URL, completion: @escaping( Data?, Error?) -> Void).
- 4. Add an extension to URLSession to add conformance to NetworkDataLoader. Implement both loadData() variants.
- 5. In MarsRoverClient , add a constant property called networkLoader of type NetworkDataLoader .
- 6. Add an initializer to MarsRoverClient that takes a NetworkDataLoader object. Give the initializer's argument a default value of URLSession.shared. This way, MarsRoverClient will continue to function as always in existing code, but test code can provide (inject) a different network loader.
- 7. Update all MarsRoverClient methods to use the networkLoader property instead of obtaining URLSession.shared directly. If you're using the starter code, only one method, fetch<T>() needs to be changed.
- 8. Build and run the app and verify that it still works as it did before.

#### Part 2 - Write Tests

Write tests for the app. The instructions here are focused on tests for MarsRoverClient, because it requires the application of the new concepts learned in this lesson (dependency injection, mocking, expectations), but you can and should test as much of your code as you're able.

- 1. In the unit test target, if you haven't already done so, create a test case class called MarsRoverClientTests.
- 2. Add test functions for the things you want to test. You should at least test fetchMarsRover() and fetchPhotos().
- 3. Create a MockLoader struct that conforms to the NetworkDataLoader protocol.
- 4. Add properties for data and error so that the struct can be initialized with explicitly known data and/or an error.
- 5. Implement the two loadData() functions. They should call the passed completion closure with the values of object's data and error properties. Make them call the completion closure asynchronously on the global background queue.
- 6. In your tests, create a MockLoader instance with appropriate data or an error (depending on the test), and pass it into the initializer for MarsRoverClient . If you need test JSON, you can find it in TestJSON.swift in this repo.
- 7. In the completion closure passed to the client being tested, use assertions to ensure that the parameters passed to the completion closure behave as expected.
- 8. Use expectations to ensure that results from the (asynchronously called) closure passed to MarsRoverClient's fetch methods are reported.

### Part 3 - Verify Tests Pass

When you're finished, make sure your project passes all the tests you wrote. Your project **must** pass its tests to be considered complete.

#### Go Farther

If you finish early or want to challenge yourself, think about completing one or more of the following tasks:

- Add tests for FetchPhotoOperation . Note that it can't use the existing NetworkDataLoader protocol due to its need for the ability to cancel its data task. How would you test cancellation?
- Add tests for PhotoDetailViewController, particularly its save() method. Should these be UI tests, or unit tests, or both?