

ANSI E1.37-7 Additional Message Sets for ANSI E1.20 (RDM) Gateway & Splitter Configuration Messages

Revision 22 06/27/2019 CP/2016-1026r3

Approved by the ANSI Board of Standards Review on 23 May 2019

© 2019 Entertainment Services and Technology Association (ESTA) All rights reserved.

NOTICE and DISCLAIMER

ESTA does not approve, inspect, or certify any installations, procedures, equipment or materials for compliance with codes, recommended practices or standards. Compliance with a ESTA standard or an American National Standard developed by ESTA is the sole and exclusive responsibility of the manufacturer or provider and is entirely within their control and discretion. Any markings, identification or other claims of compliance do not constitute certification or approval of any type or nature whatsoever by ESTA.

ESTA neither guarantees nor warrants the accuracy or completeness of any information published herein and disclaims liability for any personal injury, property or other damage or injury of any nature whatsoever, whether special, indirect, consequential or compensatory, directly or indirectly resulting from the publication, use of, or reliance on this document. In issuing and distributing this document.

In issuing this document, ESTA does not either (a) undertake to render professional or other services for or on behalf of any person or entity, or (b) undertake any duty to any person or entity with respect to this document or its contents. Anyone using this document should rely on his or her own independent judgment or, as appropriate, seek the advice of a competent professional in determining the exercise of reasonable care in any given circumstance.

Published by:

Entertainment Services and Technology Association (ESTA) 630 Ninth Avenue, Suite 609
New York, NY 10036
USA
Phone: 1, 212, 244, 1505

Phone: 1-212-244-1505 Fax: 1-212-244-1502 standards@esta.org

The ESTA Technical Standards Program

The ESTA Technical Standards Program was created to serve the ESTA membership and the entertainment industry in technical standards related matters. The goal of the Program is to take a leading role regarding technology within the entertainment industry by creating recommended practices and standards, monitoring standards issues around the world on behalf of our members, and improving communications and safety within the industry. ESTA works closely with the technical standards efforts of other organizations within our industry, including USITT and VPLT, as well as representing the interests of ESTA members to ANSI, UL, and the NFPA. The Technical Standards Program is accredited by the American National Standards Institute.

The Technical Standards Council (TSC) was established to oversee and coordinate the Technical Standards Program. Made up of individuals experienced in standards-making work from throughout our industry, the Council approves all projects undertaken and assigns them to the appropriate working group. The Technical Standards Council employs a Technical Standards Manager to coordinate the work of the Council and its working groups as well as maintain a "Standards Watch" on behalf of members. Working groups include: Control Protocols, Electrical Power, Event Safety, Floors, Fog and Smoke, Followspot Position, Photometrics, Rigging, and Stage Machinery.

ESTA encourages active participation in the Technical Standards Program. There are several ways to become involved. If you would like to become a member of an existing working group, as have over four hundred people, you must complete an application which is available from the ESTA office. Your application is subject to approval by the working group and you will be required to actively participate in the work of the group. This includes responding to letter ballots and attending meetings. Membership in ESTA is not a requirement. You can also become involved by requesting that the TSC develop a standard or a recommended practice in an area of concern to you.

The Control Protocols Working Group, steward for this standard, consists of a cross section of entertainment industry professionals representing a diversity of interests. ESTA is committed to developing consensus-based standards and recommended practices in an open setting.

Investors in Innovation, supporters of ESTA's Technical Standards Program

VISIONARY LEADERS (\$50,000 & up)

ETC ProSight Specialty Insurance

PLASA

VISIONARY (\$10,000 & up; >100 employees/members)

Chauvet Professional

Cisco Robe

Columbus McKinnon Entertainment Walt Disney Parks and Resorts

Technology

VISIONARY (\$5,000 & up; 20–100 employees/members)

Altman Lighting, Inc.

German Light Products Rose Brand
JR Clancy Stage Rigging

McLaren Engineering Group TMB

Tyler Truss Systems, Inc.

VISIONARY (\$500 & up; <20 employees/members)

About the Stage
B-Hive Industries, Inc.
Link

Scott Blair John T. McGraw
Boston Illumination Group Mike Garl Consulting
Louis Bradfield Mike Wood Consulting

Candela Controls Inc. Power Gems
Clark Reder Engineering Reed Rigging

Tracey Cosgrove & Mark McKinney Reliable Design Services

Doug Fleenor Design Alan Rowe

EGI Event Production Services Sapsis Rigging Inc.

Entertainment Project Services Stageworks
Neil Huff Dana Taylor
Hughston Engineering Inc. Steve Terry
Interactive Technologies Theatre Projects

Lankey & Limey Ltd. Theatre Safety Programs

Jules Lauve Vertigo

Brian Lawlor Steve A. Walker & Associates

Michael Lay Westview Productions

Limelight Productions, Inc. WNP Services

INVESTOR (\$3,000–\$9,999; >100 employees/members)

Actors' Equity Association

Barbizon Lighting Company Lex Golden Sea Professional Lighting Provider NAMM

IATSE Local 728 Rosco Laboratories
IATSE Local 891 Texas Scenic Company

INVESTOR (\$1,500-\$4,999; 20-100 employees/members)

American Society of Theatre Consultants

Area Four Industries

BMI Supply

City Theatrical Inc.

Lycian Stage Lighting

Morpheus Lights

Niscon Inc.

H&H Specialties, Inc. Syracuse Scenery and Stage Lighting

InterAmerica Stage, Inc. Tomcat

XSF Xtreme Structures and Fabrication

INVESTOR (\$200–\$499; <20 employees/members)

Beniamin Cohen

Bright Ideas Custom Electronics Inc.

Bruce Darden

Guangzhou Ming Jing Lighting Equipment Co.
Indianapolis Stage Sales & Rentals, Inc.

Qdot Lighting Ltd.
Robert Scales
Stephen Vanciel
Suga Koubou Co., Ltd.

K5600, Inc. VU-Industry Vision Technology

Nanyi Audio & Lighting Enterprise Co., Ltd. Xpro Light

SUPPORTER (<\$3,000; >100 employees/members)

Ian Foulds, IATSE Local 873

Harlequin Floors Thern Stage Equipment

USAI Lighting

SUPPORTER (<\$1,500; 20–100 employees/members)

ARM Automation, Inc.

Blizzard Lighting, LLC

Geiger Engineers

Nanshi Lighting
Oasis Stage Werks

Guangzhou YaFeng Optoelectronic Equipment Stage Equipment & Lighting

Co. Stagemaker

Stagemaker

High Output Taurus Light Co. Ltd.
InCord Thermotex Industries, Inc.
Intella Systems Co., Ltd. Vincent Lighting Systems

iWeiss Zhuhai Shengchang Electronics Co.

LA ProPoint, Inc.

SUPPORTER (<\$200; <20 employees/members)

Roy Bickel

DMX Pro Sales
LuxBalance Lighting
Tony Giovannetti
Tyrone Mellon, Jr.
Pat Grenfell
Lizz Pittsley
Mitch Hefter
Showman Systems
John Huntington
Beverly and Tom Inglesby
Eddie Kramer
LuxBalance Lighting
Tyrone Mellon, Jr.
Lizz Pittsley
Showman Systems
Michael Skinner
Skjonberg Controls Inc.
Stage Labor of the Ozarks

Jason Kyle Tracy Underhill

Charlie Weiner

Planned Giving donor: Ken Vannice

All donations to the Technical Standards Program support the TSP in general, and are not directed to, or for, the benefit of any particular technical standard project, or any Working Group working on any particular standard or project.

Contact Information

Technical Standards Manager

Karl G. Ruling ESTA 630 Ninth Avenue, Suite 609 New York, NY 10036 Phone: 1-212-244-1505

FAX: 1-212-244-1502 standards@ESTA.org

Technical Standards Council Co-Chairs

Mike Garl
Mike Garl Consulting LLC
Phone: 1-432-694-7070

mike@mikegarlconsulting.com

Control Protocols Working Group Chairpersons

Milton Davis
Doug Fleenor Design, Inc
Phone: 1-805-481-9599
milton@dfd.com

Assistant Technical Standards Manager

Richard J. Nix ESTA

630 Ninth Ave., Suite 609 New York, NY 10036 Phone: 1-212-244-1505 FAX: 1-212-244-1502 standards@ESTA.org

Mike Wood Mike Wood Consulting LLC Phone: 1-512-288-4916

mike@mikewoodconsulting.com

Michael Lay Signify

Phone: 1-352-433-2479 michael.lay@signify.com

Acknowledgments

The Control Protocol Working Group members, when this document was approved by the working group on 02 April 2019, are shown below.

Voting members:

Matthew Ardine; I.A.T.S.E. Local 728; U Paul Beasley; Walt Disney Company; U Robert Bellcuity Brands Inc.; MP

Andrew Berry; X-Laser; MP Scott M. Blair; Megapixel; CP

Eric Bloom; Westview Productions; DR Brent Boulnois; Candela Controls, Inc.; DE Ian Campbell; Doug Fleenor Design, Inc.; MP Milton Davis; Doug Fleenor Design, Inc.; MP

Bill Ellis; Candela Controls, Inc.; DE Andrew Frazer: Stellascapes: MP

Robert Goddard; Goddard Design Co.; MP

Robert Haycock; UC Berkeley; U

Mitch Hefter; USITT; U

Julian Hoare; Tait Towers Manufacturing LLC; MP

Jon Hole; Eaton; MP

Maurits van der Hoorn; Acuity Brands Inc.; MP Wayne David Howell; Artistic Licence Holdings; DE

John Huntington; I.A.T.S.E. Local 1; U

Leroy "Tripp" Oliver, III; Mainstage Theatrical Supply, Inc.; DR

John Valus_Jr.; Lex TM3; CP David Kane; I.A.T.S.E. Local 728; U

Sam Kearney; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP

Paul Kleissler; City Theatrical, Inc.; MP Edwin S. Kramer; I.A.T.S.E. Local 1; U Christian Krueger; Blizzard Lighting LLC; MP

Ulrich Kunkel; E3 Engineering & Education for Entertainment GmbH; U

Roger Lattin; I.A.T.S.E. Local 728; U

Michael Lay; Signify; MP

Kevin Loewen; Acuity Brands Inc.; MP

Jim Love; Tait Towers Manufacturing LLC; MP Bill McIntyre; Show Distribution Group, Inc.; CP

Daniel Murfin; Royal National Theatre; U Simon Newton; Open Lighting Project; G

Maya Nigrosh; Sonos; MP

Jim Ohrberg; Candela Controls, Inc.; DE

Jason Potterf; Cisco; MP

Mark Primrose; Kino Flo, Inc.; CP

Eric Rasmussen; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP

Alan M. Rowe; I.A.T.S.E. Local 728; U

Larry Schoeneman; DesignLab Chicago, Inc.; DR Steve Terry; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP Peter Willis; Howard Eaton Lighting Ltd.; CP

Non-voting members:

Christian Allabauer; Christian Allabauer; G Tim Bachman; Altman Stage Lighting; MP

Nick Ballhorn-Wagner; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP

Robert Barbagallo; Solotech Inc.; U

Marcus Bengtsson; disguise; MP

Javid Butler; Integrated Theatre, Inc.; CP

Justyn Butler; JBOTS; CP

Jean-Francois Canuel; A.C. Lighting Ltd.; CP Steve Carlson: High Speed Design. Inc.: MP

Yongzhi Chen; Guangzhou Haoyang Electronic Co., Ltd.; CP

Anthony Chiappone; Chauvet Lighting; MP

Martin Chisnall: Martin Chisnall: U

Jon Chuchla; Audio Visual Systems, Inc.; G Edward R. Condit; Edward R. Condit; G Gareth Conner; Creative Conners, Inc.; MP Fraser Connolly; Obsidian Controls; DE Jeremy Day; Lumenpulse Lighting Inc.; MP Larry Dew: W.A. Benjamin Electric Co.: DE

Rich Dionne; Purdue University; DE

Hamish Dumbreck; James Embedded Systems Engineering; MP

James Eade; ABTT; G Paul K. Ericson; Stantec; DE

Trevor Forrest; Helvar Lighting Control; MP

David Gooch; Chauvet Lighting; MP Sean Goossen; LiteGear, Inc.; MP Jerry Gorrell; Theatre Safety Programs; G Sean Harding; Port Lighting Systems; G

Nick Harper; Nick Harper; G Bill Hewlett; ImageCue LLC; MP Jim Holladay; Luxence; G Eric Johnson; Eric Johnson; G

Rob Johnston; Interactive Technologies, Inc.; MP

Michael Karlsson; LumenRadio AB; MP

Jonathan Kemble; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP

Christopher Kennedy; Chauvet Lighting; MP Lucas Korytkowski; Insight Lighting; MP Jason Kyle; JPK Systems Ltd.; MP

Hans Leiter; Electronic Theatre Controls, Inc.; MP

Jon Lenard; Applied Electronics; MP Rob Love: Insight Lighting: MP

John Mehltretter; Lehigh Electric Products Co.; MP

John Musarra; John Musarra; U

Mit Patel; disguise; MP

Jaxon Patterson; Insight Lighting; MP

Soren Sterdorff Peglau; Brother, Brother and Sons; MP Gary Pritchard; LSC Lighting Systems PTY Ltd; MP Charles Reese; Production Resource Group; DR Yngve Sandboe; Sand Network Systems, Inc.; MP Nicolai Gubi Schmidt; U

Ford Sellers; Chauvet Lighting; MP

Christopher B. Tilton: About the Stage, LLC: DE

Robert Timmerman; Signify; MP James Tomlinson; Team Tomlinson; G

Tracy Underhill: Triple C Lighting & Controls: G

Carlo Venturati; Clay Paky S.P.A.; MP

Will Wagner; Carallon Ltd.; MP

Colin Waters; TMB; DR Ralph Weber; ENDL Texas; G

Loren Wilton; Showman Systems; CP David Yellin; Sumolight GmbH; MP Jeong Sik Yoo; Ghost LX; DE

Interest category codes:

CP = Custom-market producer

DE = Designer/engineer

DR = Dealer or rental company

G = General interest

MP = Mass-market producer

U = User

Table of Contents

NOTICE and DISCLAIMER	i
The ESTA Technical Standards Program	ii
Investors in Innovation, supporters of ESTA's Technical Standards Program	iii
Contact Information	v
Acknowledgments	vi
Table of Contents	ix
List of Tables	1
1 Introduction	2
1.1 Overview & Scope	2
1.2 E1.20 (RDM) Basic Features	2
1.3 E1.33 (RDMnet) Basic Features	2
2 Normative References	3
3 General	5
3.1 Overview	5
3.2 Sub-Device Handling	5
3.3 Text Field Handling	5
3.4 Byte Ordering	5
4 RDMnet Devices and Gateways	6
4.1 General	6
4.2 RDMnet Endpoints	6
5 Splitters & Proxies	7
5.1 General	7
5.2 RDM Endpoints	7
5.3 Splitter / Proxy Discovery	7
5.4 Endpoint Routing	8
6 RDM Parameter Messages for Endpoint Management	9
6.1 Get Endpoint List (ENDPOINT_LIST)	9
6.2 Get Endpoint List Change (ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE)	10
6.3 Get/Set Identify Endpoint (IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT)	11

6.4 Get/Set Endpoint to Universe (ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE)12	2
6.5 Get/Set Endpoint Mode (ENDPOINT_MODE)14	1
6.6 Get/Set Endpoint Label (ENDPOINT_LABEL)16	5
6.7 Get/Set Enable RDM Traffic on Endpoint (RDM_TRAFFIC_ENABLE)17	7
6.8 Get/Set Discovery State (DISCOVERY_STATE)19)
6.9 Get/Set Background Discovery (BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY)21	
6.10 Get/Set Endpoint Timing (ENDPOINT_TIMING)23	3
6.11 Get Endpoint Timing Description (ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION)25	5
6.12 Get Endpoint Responders (ENDPOINT_RESPONDERS)26	5
6.13 Get Endpoint Responder List Change (ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE)28	3
6.14 Get Binding and Control Fields (BINDING_CONTROL_FIELDS)29)
7 RDM Parameter Messages for Distributed Queued/Status Management .31	1
7.1 Get/Set Background Queued/Status Message Collection Policy (BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY)31	ı
7.2 Get Background Queued/Status Message Policy Description (BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY_DESCRIPTION)33	3
Appendix A: Defined Parameters (Normative)34	1

List of Tables

Table 7-1: Policy Setting Types	32
Table 7-2: Policy Descriptions	
Table A-1: RDM Parameter ID Defines	
Table A-2: Discovery State Defines	35
Table A-3: Discovery Status Defines	35
Table A-4: Endpoint Mode Defines	35
Table A-5: Endpoint Types	
Table A-6: Additional Response NACK Reason Codes	

1 Introduction

1.1 Overview & Scope

This document provides additional Get/Set Parameter Messages for use with the ANSI E1.20 Remote Device Management protocol [RDM] and ANSI E1.33 RDMnet protocol [RDMnet].

This document contains messages relating to configuring managed splitters, proxy devices, and RDMnet Devices.

1.2 E1.20 (RDM) Basic Features

The ANSI E1.20 Remote Device Management protocol (RDM) [RDM] permits intelligent bidirectional communication between devices from multiple manufacturers using a modified DMX512 data link. RDM is an EF1.0 implementation of ANSI E1.11, see Annex B in [DMX].

RDM permits a console or other controlling device to discover and then configure, monitor, and manage intermediate and end-devices connected through a DMX512 network. RDM provides intelligent control of devices on a DMX512 network.

1.3 E1.33 (RDMnet) Basic Features

The ANSI E1.33 [RDMnet] protocol extends the capabilities of RDM to operate on RDMnet Devices natively on an IP network by encapsulating the E1.20 packet information into E1.33 packets. Significantly different from E1.20 is that E1.33 allows for multi-controller networks.

2 Normative References

[DMX] ANSI E1.11 Entertainment Technology – USITT DMX512-A Asynchronous Serial Digital Data Transmission Standard for controlling lighting equipment and accessories.

This standard is maintained by ESTA.

ESTA 630 Ninth Avenue, Suite 609 New York, NY 10036 +1-212-244-1505 http://tsp.esta.org/

ESTA is a standardization body accredited by ANSI to develop, maintain and withdraw American National Standards.

ANSI 25 West 43rd Street 4th floor New York, NY 10036 +1-212-642-4900 http://www.ansi.org

[RDM] ANSI E1.20 Entertainment Technology – Remote Device Management over DMX512 networks.

This standard is maintained by ESTA.

[RDMnet] ANSI E1.33 Entertainment Technology – (RDMnet) Message Transport and Management for ANSI E1.20 (RDM) compatible and similar devices over IP Networks

This standard is maintained by ESTA.

[sACN] ANSI E1.31 Entertainment Technology - Lightweight streaming protocol for transport of DMX512 using ACN

This standard is maintained by ESTA.

[PIDS-1] ANSI E1.37-1 Entertainment Technology - Additional Message Sets for ANSI E1.20 (RDM) - Part 1, Dimmer Message Sets

This standard is maintained by ESTA.

[EIA485] ANSI/TIA/EIA-485-A-1998 Electrical Characteristics of Generators & Receivers for Use in Balanced Digital Multipoint Systems

This standard is maintained by EIA/TIA.

Electronics Industries Alliance 2500 Wilson Boulevard Arlington , VA 22201-3834 USA +1-703-907-7500 http://www.eia.org/

Telecommunications Industry Association 2500 Wilson Blvd., Suite 300 Arlington, VA 22201 USA +1-703-907-7700 fax: +1-703-907-7727 http://www.tiaonline.org/

Note: EIA-485-A is compatible with: ISO/IEC 8482:1993 Information Technology - Telecommunications and information exchange between systems - Twisted pair multipoint interconnections.

3 General

3.1 Overview

These Parameter Messages are intended for managing and configuring a specific class of products that route DMX data through different network types or physical links. There are several common product types that fall into this class:

RDMnet Devices – RDMnet Devices respond to RDM GET_COMMAND and SET_COMMAND messages on IP networks. See [RDMnet] Section 7.1.3.

RDMnet Gateways – RDMnet Gateways are a class of RDMnet Devices that handle routing data between IP-based networks and DMX512 physical links. See [RDMnet] Section 7.3.5 for more information on the operation of RDMnet Gateways.

Splitters – Splitters are devices that route a DMX512 physical link to multiple physical links. See [RDM] Section 4 on "In-line Devices" for more information on the operation of Splitter devices.

Proxies – As defined in [RDM] Section 8, a proxy is any in-line device that acts as an agent or representative for one or more devices. Represented devices may be non-RDM devices and may be logical (non-physical) devices. Proxies are commonly associated with Wireless DMX512/RDM systems but can also apply to some managed Splitters as well. See [RDM] Section 8 for more information on the operation of Proxies.

3.2 Sub-Device Handling

Refer to Section 9 of [RDM] for information on Sub-Device usage. This document does not change or modify the requirements stated in ANSI E1.20. Requirements stated in this document are in addition to the stated ANSI E1.20 requirements.

3.3 Text Field Handling

Text fields shall conform to Section 10.1 in [RDM].

3.4 Byte Ordering

All multi-byte data shall be transmitted as specified in Section 6.1 of [RDM].

4 RDMnet Devices and Gateways

4.1 General

The messages in this document allow for the management of various parameters on the Endpoints (Section 4.2) for RDMnet Devices and Gateways, including mapping of E1.31 universes to DMX512 inputs and outputs.

4.2 RDMnet Endpoints

RDMnet Endpoints (including both Physical Endpoints and Virtual Endpoints) are defined in Section 7.1.6 of [RDMnet]. The details and requirements for their use can be found in Section 7.3.2 of [RDMnet].

5 Splitters & Proxies

5.1 General

RDM Splitters and Proxies are devices that exist solely on E1.20 networks and do not contain an E1.33 interface. See [RDM] Sections 4 and 8, respectively, for information on RDM Splitters and Proxies.

Managed Splitters and Proxies are devices that can be found via RDM Discovery (see [RDM], Section 7) and are represented with their own UID. The parameters listed in this document are designed to be sent to the UID of these devices.

Devices that contain Proxy functionality and also RDMnet Device or Gateway functionality will need to follow the requirements for their respective components. An example of this might be an RDMnet Gateway that also contains a wireless proxy.

5.2 RDM Endpoints

The parameter messages defined in this document use Endpoints to represent EIA485 interfaces (referred to as "ports" in [RDM]) on splitters and proxies.

Each Endpoint is assigned a 16-bit unsigned integer identifier referred to as an Endpoint ID. Endpoint ID 0x0000 is reserved and shall not be used as an Endpoint ID. The valid range of Endpoint Identifiers is 0x0001 – 0xF9FF as specified in [RDMnet] Section 3.4.

Each Endpoint can operate in one of three modes; Disabled, Input or Output. The behavior of an Endpoint according to its mode is shown in Table A-4.

Endpoint Management Parameter Messages provide a mechanism to enumerate and control the Endpoints on a device. For example, the ENDPOINT_LIST PID (Section 6.1) can be used to fetch a list of Endpoint IDs (ports) that exist on a splitter.

There is no requirement that Endpoints be configurable.

5.3 Splitter / Proxy Discovery

Splitters / Proxies that follow the requirements for Proxies in Section 8 of [RDM], may perform Discovery ([RDM] Section 7.1). In these products, the DISCOVERY_STATE (Section 6.8) and BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY (Section 6.9) parameters should be used to report and configure this behavior.

If the splitter / proxy maintains a mapping of UIDs to Endpoints this information can be obtained with the ENDPOINT_RESPONDERS parameter.

5.4 Endpoint Routing

Some Splitter and Proxy devices may support the routing of multiple inputs to a specified output using Endpoints. The ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE message (See Section 6.4) may be used to accomplish assigning the Inputs to Outputs.

Since these devices exist entirely on an E1.20 network the Universe Number has no relation or connection to the E1.31 Universe normally used in this message for RDMnet Devices and Gateways. In other words, the Universe Number in this context exists only inside this device for the purpose of assigning inputs and outputs.

To assign an Output Endpoint to an Input Endpoint, the Universe Number for the Output Endpoint shall be set to the same Universe Number as assigned to the desired Input Endpoint.

6 RDM Parameter Messages for Endpoint Management

The following RDM Parameter Messages are intended for managing endpoint properties.

Unless specified otherwise, the messages below are allowed to be used for both E1.33 and E1.20 networks.

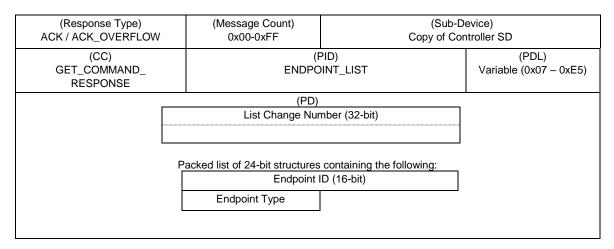
6.1 Get Endpoint List (ENDPOINT_LIST)

This parameter is used to retrieve a packed list of all Endpoints that exist on a device. All devices shall support ENDPOINT_LIST.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	,	
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000		
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)	
GET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_LIST		0x00	
(PD)				
Not Present				

Response: (GET)



Data Description:

List Change Number: The List Change Number is detailed in Section 6.2. This is field is only included once.

The remaining contents contain a packed list of 24-bit structures containing the Endpoint ID's that exist on the device and their Endpoint Types.

In an ACK_OVERFLOW condition, the List Change Number is only sent in the first message. All subsequent ACK_OVERFLOW packets shall only contain the packed list of 24-bit structures.

Endpoint ID: See Section 5.2 for information on Endpoint ID's. In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) shall not be included in the list.

Endpoint Type: This field indicates if the Endpoint is a Physical or Virtual Endpoint as defined in [RDMnet] Section 7.1.6. A device may have a combination of both Physical and Virtual Endpoints. Endpoint Types are enumerated in Table A-5.

6.2 Get Endpoint List Change (ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE)

This parameter returns a List Change Number as a means for controllers to identify if the Endpoint List has changed.

RDMnet Devices shall send an unsolicited ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE response when the list of Endpoints present on the device changes.

RDM Devices shall queue a ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE response when the list of Endpoints present on the device changes.

A Controller shall query the ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE after a reconnection event (i.e. rediscovering a device that has been lost) as there is no guarantee that it will not have changed while the controller was disconnected.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	Device)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)
GET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE		0x00
(PD)			
N/A			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-I Copy of Co	Device) ntroller SD
(CC) GET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	,	(PID) (PDL) ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE 0x04	
(PD)			
	List Change Num	ber (32-bit)	

Data Description:

List Change Number:

The Endpoint List Change Number is a monotonically increasing number used by controllers to track that the list of Endpoints has changed, or that an Endpoint Type has changed. This Change Number shall be incremented by one each time the set of Endpoints change. The Change Number is an unsigned 32-bit field which shall roll over from 0xFFFFFFF to 0. Upon start-up (due to power-on reset, start of software, etc) this field shall be initialized to 0.

6.3 Get/Set Identify Endpoint (IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT)

This parameter is used for the user to identify an Endpoint on a device.

Endpoints on a device shall identify themselves if possible, using a visible and/or audible action. If identification is not possible for an Endpoint, the device shall respond with a NACK with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ACTION_NOT_SUPPORTED.

If the device supports IDENTIFY_MODE (Section 3.2 of [PIDs-1]), then the behavior of IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT may change depending on the setting for IDENTIFY_MODE

The current Endpoint identification state may be obtained using a GET: IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT message.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-D 0x0000	,
(CC) GET_COMMAND	'	PID) _ENDPOINT	(PDL) 0x02
(PD)			
Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
			•

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Dev Copy of Contr	
(CC)	1 ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' ' '		(PDL)
GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	IDENTIFY_EN	IDPOINT	0x03
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (1	6-bit)	
	Identify State Off/On (0/1)		

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-Dev	rice)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (R	oot)
(CC)	(PID)	(PDL)
SET_COMMAND	IDENTIFY_EI	NDPOINT	0x03
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)	
	Identify State Off/On (0/1)		

Response: (SET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD
(CC)	(F	(PID) (PDL)	
SET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT		0x02
	(PD)		
	Endpoin	t ID (16-bit)	
			•

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT ([RDMnet] Appendix A) shall only be used as an All Call in a SET_COMMAND message, setting all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID. If an Identify message is desired for the device itself then the IDENTIFY_DEVICE message from [RDM] should be used.

Identify State: For a GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE message, a 0x00 shall indicate the Identify State for the specified Endpoint is "off." A 0x01 shall indicate the Identify State for the specified Endpoint is "on." For a SET_COMMAND message, 0x01 shall activate the Identify State for the specified Endpoint. A 0x00 shall deactivate the Identify State.

6.4 Get/Set Endpoint to Universe (ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE)

This parameter is used to assign an Endpoint on a device to a specific E1.31 DMX512 Universe. It may also be used within a Splitter to assign inputs to outputs.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-Do)	,
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	
(CC)	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND		TO_UNIVERSE	0x02
	(PD)		
	Endpoin	t ID (16-bit)	

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD
(CC)	(1	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND_	ENDPOINT_	TO_UNIVERSE	0x04
RESPONSE			
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	Universe Number (16-bit)		
1			

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	•	
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)	
(CC)	(PID) (PDL)		(PDL)	
SET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE		0x04	
	(PD)			
	` '			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	Universe Number (16-bit)			

Response: (SET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-De	,
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	itroller SD
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)
SET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	ENDPOINT_1	ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE	
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET_COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

Universe Number: When configured as a Standard Universe, the Universe Number shall be in the range from 1-63999 (0x0001 - 0xF9FF).

When the universe is configured as a Composite Universe, the Universe field shall be 0xFFFF. Standard and Composite Universe types are described in Sections 7.3.2.1.2 and 7.3.2.1.3 of [RDMnet].

When the Endpoint is unpatched (i.e. when there is no connection for DMX512 type data), the Universe Number shall be 0x0000. An Endpoint configured as Universe Number 0x0000 shall not act on DMX512 data from any universe. RDM communication may still occur with RDM Devices connected to endpoints that are in an unpatched state. To unpatch a universe from an endpoint, a SET_COMMAND using a Universe Number of 0x0000 shall be sent.

Only Universe Numbers in the range 0 - 63999 are valid in SET_COMMAND messages. An Endpoint receiving a SET_COMMAND with the Universe Number set to 0xFFFF (Composite Universe) or any other Universe Numbers outside the range above shall respond with NACK reason NR_DATA_OUT_OF_RANGE.

6.5 Get/Set Endpoint Mode (ENDPOINT_MODE)

This parameter is used to specify whether an Endpoint operates in Input, Output, or Disabled mode.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)
GET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_MODE 0x02		0x02
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
			-

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	,
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD
(CC)	((PID)	
GET_COMMAND_	ENDPO	ENDPOINT_MODE	
RESPONSE			
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	Endpoint Mode		·

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	•
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)
SET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_MODE		0x03
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	Endpoint Mode		

Response: (SET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Do Copy of Cor	,
(CC) SET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	`	PID) NT_MODE	(PDL) 0x02
	(PD)		
	Endpoint	: ID (16-bit)	

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL ENDPOINT shall respond with NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

Endpoint Mode: Endpoint mode settings are enumerated in Table A-4. If the requested mode in a SET_COMMAND is not a valid action then it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ACTION_NOT_SUPPORTED.

6.6 Get/Set Endpoint Label (ENDPOINT_LABEL)

This parameter provides a means of setting a descriptive label for each Endpoint on a device. This may be used to specify the purpose of that Endpoint or the origination source for the data.

Controller: (GET)

(Message Count)	(Sub-Device)		
0x00	0x0000 (Root)		
(PID)		(PDL)	
ENDPOINT_LABEL		0x02	
(PD)			
Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	0x00 (PID) ENDPOINT_LA	0x000	

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	,
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	itroller SD
(CC)	I)	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND_	ENDPOI	NT_LABEL	2-34
RESPONSE		(2 + Number of characters ser	
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	ASCII text label. Up to 32 characters.		

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)	
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (Root)		
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)	
SET_COMMAND	ENDPOI	NT_LABEL	2-34	
			(2 + Number of	
			characters sent)	
(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	ASCII text label. Up to 32 characters.			

Response: (SET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-D Copy of Cor	,
(CC) SET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	(F	(PID) (PDL) OINT_LABEL 0x02	
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET_COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL ENDPOINT shall respond with NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

Label: The text label shall be up to 32 ASCII characters and shall observe the requirements of [RDM] Section 10.1 for text fields.

6.7 Get/Set Enable RDM Traffic on Endpoint (RDM_TRAFFIC_ENABLE)

This parameter is used to enable or disable the RDM Traffic on a specified Endpoint. This shall only affect traffic using the defined RDM Start Code and will not affect the traffic for Null Start Codes [DMX] or any other Alternate Start Codes. The RDM Start Code (SC_RDM) is defined in [RDM] Appendix A.

RDMnet Devices receiving SET_COMMAND messages containing the Endpoint ID of a Virtual Endpoint shall respond with a NACK with a NACK Reason Code of NR ACTION NOT SUPPORTED.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-D 0x0000	,
(CC) GET COMMAND	(F	(PDL) AFFIC ENABLE 0x02	
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		

Response:

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-D Copy of Cor	,
ACK	000-001	Copy of Cor	Ittoliei 3D
(CC)	(1	(PID) (PDL)	
GET_COMMAND_	RDM_TRAF	RDM_TRAFFIC_ENABLE	
RESPONSE			
	(PD)		
	Endpoint II	O (16-bit)	
	RDM Enabled TRUE/FALSE (1/0)		•

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)
(CC)	((PID)	
SET_COMMAND	RDM_TRAI	RDM_TRAFFIC_ENABLE	
(PD)			
			_
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
RDM Enabled TRUE/FALSE (1/0)			•

Response:

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-D	,
(CC)		(PDL) Copy of Controller SD (PDL)	
SET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	RDM_TRAF	I_TRAFFIC_ENABLE 0x02	
	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	•		•

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET_COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

RDM Enabled: For a GET_COMMAND, this indicates whether RDM traffic is currently enabled or disabled on the Endpoint. In the case of a SET_COMMAND, this will alert the RDMnet Device to set the state of RDM Enabled to a value of TRUE (0x01) or FALSE (0x00).

If a SET_COMMAND is sent to change the state of an Endpoint and the Endpoint is currently in a configuration where the requested state change would be invalid (e.g. where an Endpoint is currently configured to function as an Endpoint in input mode and the RDMnet Gateway does not allow RDM to be disabled for Endpoints configured in input mode) then the device should respond with a NACK Reason code of NR_ACTION_NOT_SUPPORTED.

If RDM Enabled is set to FALSE (0x00) then traffic for the RDM Start Code packets shall be filtered and not passed through the Endpoint. If it is set to TRUE (0x01) then it shall allow the RDM Start Code packets to pass through.

6.8 Get/Set Discovery State (DISCOVERY_STATE)

This parameter is used to initiate E1.20 RDM Discovery ([RDM] Section 7) of RDM Responders connected to the specified Endpoint or to get the status of the discovery process.

If an Endpoint is in Input Mode then it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_INVALID_ENDPOINT_MODE.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	,
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)
(CC)	(F	(PID)	
GET_COMMAND	DISCOVE	DISCOVERY_STATE	
(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)		
	'-		

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D		
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD	
(CC)	(F	(PID)		
GET_COMMAND_	DISCOVE	DISCOVERY_STATE		
RESPONSE		_		
(PD)				
	Endpoint II) (16-bit)		
	Device Count (16-bit)			
	Discovery State		'	
_				

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-D	*		
(CC) SET_COMMAND	(0x0000 (Root)			
	(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)				
Discovery State					

Response: (SET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	,	
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD	
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)	
SET_COMMAND_	DISCOVERY_STATE		0x02	
RESPONSE				
(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	()			

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

Discovery State: All Discovery States are enumerated in Table A-2 with detailed descriptions. The GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE message shall only return the current status of discovery. If discovery has never been run before, the device shall return DISCOVERY_INCOMPLETE. Otherwise, if discovery is not currently in the process of executing, then it shall return DISCOVERY_NOT_ACTIVE. A SET_COMMAND message with a status of DISCOVERY_NOT_ACTIVE shall terminate any discovery process that is currently executing.

If a device receives a SET_COMMAND with an invalid Discovery State such as DISCOVERY_INCOMPLETE, or an out of range value, it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR ACTION NOT SUPPORTED.

Device Count: When discovery is active, the return value for this field shall indicate the number of RDM responders discovered thus far. When discovery is not active, it shall return the number of RDM responders on the Endpoint during the most recent discovery. Devices without the capability to report this information at all shall return a value of DISCOVERY_COUNT_UNKNOWN.

If the discovery state is DISCOVERY_INCOMPLETE, then the Device Count shall be DISCOVERY COUNT INCOMPLETE.

The maximum number of responders that may be represented in the Device Count field is 63999. If more responders than this are present it shall report it as the limit of 63999.

6.9 Get/Set Background Discovery (BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY)

This parameter is used to enable/disable background E1.20 RDM discovery for an Endpoint. Background Discovery is an ongoing autonomous discovery routine running on a device that periodically discovers additional RDM Responders as they come online.

The background discovery process may also include the periodic unmuting of all RDM Responders and re-muting all known RDM Responders before performing an incremental discovery to ensure all connected RDM Responders are properly discovered regardless of their previous connection state. The frequency that Background Discovery operates at is up to the implementer and may vary based on the amount of other traffic.

If an Endpoint does not support Background Discovery then it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ACTION_NOT_SUPPORTED.

If an Endpoint is in Input Mode then it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR INVALID ENDPOINT MODE.

Note that this parameter will likely have no effect on Virtual Endpoints. If it is not supported on a Virtual Endpoint then it shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR ACTION NOT SUPPORTED.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-D 0x0000	,
(CC) GET COMMAND	(PID)		(PDL) 0x02
GL1_COMMAND	BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY 0x02 (PD)		
Endpoint ID (16-bit)			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)	
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD	
(CC)	(1	PID)	(PDL)	
GET_COMMAND_	BACKGROUN	BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY		
RESPONSE				
_	(PD)			
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	Background Discovery Enabled TRUE/FALSE (1/0)			

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	evice)	
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000	(Root)	
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)	
SET_COMMAND	BACKGROUN	ID_DISCOVERY	0x03	
	(PD)			
_			_	
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	Background Discovery Enabled TRUE/FALSE (1/0)			

Response: (SET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Do Copy of Cor		
		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
(CC)	[(H	PID)	(PDL)	
SET_COMMAND_	BACKGROUN	ID DISCOVERY	0x02	
RESPONSE		5.02		
(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

Background Discovery: In a GET_COMMAND, this field indicates whether Background Discovery is currently enabled on the specified Endpoint. A value of 0x00 indicates that Background Discovery is disabled, whereas a value of 0x01 indicates that it is enabled. In a SET_COMMAND, this field shall be used to control the setting of E1.20 Background Discovery for the specified Endpoint ID.

6.10 Get/Set Endpoint Timing (ENDPOINT_TIMING)

This parameter is used to get and set the timing profile on Endpoints that support selecting different timing and refresh profiles.

This parameter message shall not be supported on RDMnet Devices that do not have Physical (E1.11 [DMX] or E1.20 [RDM]) Endpoints.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-De 0x0000	,	
(CC) GET_COMMAND	,	(PID) (PDL) ENDPOINT TIMING 0x02		
(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Device) Copy of Controller SD		
(CC) GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	(PID) ENDPOINT_TIMING		(PDL) 0x04	
(PD)				
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)			
	Current setting # of settings available			

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID) 0x01 – 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-De 0x0000	,		
(CC) SET_COMMAND	(PID) ENDPOINT_TIMING		(PDL) 0x03		
(PD)					
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)				
	Endpoint Timing Setting				

Response (SET):

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-De	evice)		
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	ntroller SD		
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)		
SET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	ENDPOINT_TIMING		0x02		
(PD)					
Endpoint ID (16-bit)					

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message. An Endpoint ID of BROADCAST_ENDPOINT shall only be used as an All Call in a SET_COMMAND message to set all Endpoints to the same value.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL ENDPOINT shall respond with NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

Current Setting / # Settings Available: The GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE message includes the current refresh frequency setting as well as the total number of settings available. These settings shall be consecutively numbered within the device, starting from the number 1.

Text descriptions for each setting can be retrieved using the ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION Parameter. Devices that support ENDPOINT_TIMING shall also support the ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION message.

6.11 Get Endpoint Timing Description (ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION)

This parameter is used to get a descriptive ASCII text label for a given Endpoint timing setting. The label may be up to 32 ASCII characters.

This parameter message shall not be supported on RDMnet Devices that do not have Physical (E1.11 [DMX] or E1.20 [RDM]) Endpoints.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	(Sub-De 0x0000	,	
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)	
GET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_TIM	ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION 0x01		
(PD)				
	Endpoint Timing Setting Requested			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Device) Copy of Controller SD	
(CC) GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	(PID) ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION		(PDL) 1 – 33 (1 + Number of characters sent)
	(PD) Endpoint Timing Setting Requested ASCII Text field of variable	le size	

Data Description:

Endpoint Timing Setting Requested:

This field indicates the Endpoint Timing setting number requested from the GET_COMMAND message.

Text Description:

The ASCII text field contains up to 32 characters of description information for the Endpoint timing setting using the ASCII character encoding [ASCII] and shall observe the requirements of [RDM] Section 10.1 for text fields.

6.12 Get Endpoint Responders (ENDPOINT_RESPONDERS)

This parameter returns a packed list of responder UIDs associated with a given Endpoint ID number. It is used in conjunction with the ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE message.

Controller: (GET)

Ţ	(PDL)
	(FDL)
INT_RESPONDERS 0x02	
(16-bit)	
	(16-bit)

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK/ACK_OVERFLOW	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-Device) Copy of Controller SD	
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND_	ENDPOINT_	RESPONDERS	Variable (0x06 – 0xE4)
RESPONSE			
	(PD)	
	Endpoint	ID (16-bit)	
	List Change N	List Change Number (32-bit)	
	Packed list of 48	B-bit UIDs (48-bit)	

Data Description:

This message returns a packed list of 48-bit UIDs that are associated with the specified Endpoint ID and the List Change Number described in the ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE message.

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

List Change Number: The List Change Number is a number used for controllers to track if the list of responder UIDs for a given Endpoint ID has changed. This Change Number shall be incremented by one each time the set of responders for an endpoint changes. The Change Number is an unsigned 32-bit field. This field shall be initialized to 0x00000000 and roll over from 0xFFFFFFFF to 0x00000000.

Note that Background Discovery may add UIDs to the response causing the List Change Number to increment without the controller's knowledge and the subsequent GET: ENPOINT_RESPONDERS response for the new list change number may produce the same list of UIDs.

If there are no devices currently associated with the specified Endpoint, the Parameter Data Length field shall be returned as 0x06 with the Endpoint ID and List Change Number only.

In an ACK_OVERFLOW condition, the Endpoint ID and List Change Number are only sent in the first message. All subsequent ACK_OVERFLOW packets shall only contain the packed list of 48-bit UIDs.

6.13 Get Endpoint Responder List Change (ENDPOINT RESPONDER LIST CHANGE)

This parameter returns a unique List Change Number as a means for Controllers to identify if the Endpoint Responder List has changed.

RDMnet Devices shall send an unsolicited ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE response whenever the list of responders for an Endpoint changes. RDM Devices shall queue an ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE response when the list of Responders for an Endpoint changes.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID) 0x01 - 0xFF	(Message Count) 0x00	,	Device) Device)
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND	ENDPOINT_RESPO	NT_RESPONDER_LIST_CHANGE 0x02	
	(1	PD)	
	Endpoin	t ID (16-bit)	

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	Device)
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Controller SD	
(CC)	(F	(PID)	
GET_COMMAND_	ENDPOINT_RESPO	NDER_LIST_CHANGE	0x06
RESPONSE	_		
	(PD)	
	Endpoint ID (16-bit)	
	List Change Numl	ber (32-bit)	

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: Valid Endpoint IDs for a device can be obtained using the ENDPOINT_LIST message.

If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

List Change Number:

The Endpoint Device List Change Number is a number used for controllers to track if the list of responder UIDs for a given Endpoint ID has changed. This Change Number shall be incremented by one each time the set of responders for an endpoint changes. The Change Number is an unsigned 32-bit field. This field shall be initialized to 0x0000000 and roll over from 0xFFFFFFF to 0x00000000.

6.14 Get Binding and Control Fields (BINDING_CONTROL_FIELDS)

This parameter allows a Controller to retrieve the Binding UID and Control Field information that is sent as part of the Discovery Mute (DISC_MUTE) message. See [RDM] Sections 7.6.1 and 7.6.2 for more details. This allows an RDMnet Device to retrieve these fields that are not otherwise available within RDMnet. The DISC_MUTE message is disallowed within RDMnet.

The request message includes the Endpoint ID that contains the RDM responder and the UID of the RDM responder.

If the Endpoint ID does not exist then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR ENDPOINT NUMBER INVALID.

In the case of an RDMnet Device, NULL_ENDPOINT (defined in [RDMnet] Appendix A) is not a valid Endpoint ID. A device receiving a command with the Endpoint ID field set to NULL_ENDPOINT shall respond with NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-D	
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (Root)	
(CC)	(F	PID)	(PDL)
GET_COMMAND	BINDING_CO	NTROL_FIELDS	0x08
_	(PD)		
	Endpoint ID ((16-bit)	
	UID (48-b	oit)	
	OID (40 L	Sity	
l L			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-D Copy of Cor	
(CC) GET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	(PDL) BINDING_CONTROL_FIELDS (PDL) 0x10		(PDL)
	(PD)		
	Endpoint (16-bit		
	UID (48-bit)		
	Control F (16-bit		
	Binding UID (48-bit)		

Data Description:

Endpoint ID: The Endpoint ID that the requested UID is associated with. If the Endpoint ID is not a valid Endpoint ID then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID.

UID: The UID for the target responder about which the Control Fields and Binding UID are being requested. If the requested UID does not exist for that Endpoint then the device shall respond with a NACK Reason Code of NR_UNKNOWN_UID.

Control Field: The Control Field for the UID being requested. This information would have been received by the device from the Discovery Mute (DISC_MUTE) message (See [RDM] Section 7.6.1).

Binding UID: The Binding UID Field for the UID being requested. This information would have been received by the device from the Discovery Mute (DISC_MUTE) message (See [RDM] Section 7.6.2). If there was no Binding UID information present from the DISC_MUTE response of the device then the Binding UID shall be set to 0x00000000000 in this message.

7 RDM Parameter Messages for Distributed Queued/Status Management

The following RDM Parameter Messages are intended for managing Queued and Status messages on [RDM] devices.

7.1 Get/Set Background Queued/Status Message Collection Policy (BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY)

This parameter is used to set a Background Collection Policy for managing collection of Queued messages from an RDM device on an E1.20 network.

Background collection policies are a flexible framework for Splitters, Proxies, and RDMnet Gateways to implement different configuration policies for collection of Queued and Status Messages from RDM Devices. Possible collection strategies might include more frequent collection of higher priority messages, or overall higher or lower collection frequencies.

See [RDM] Section 10.3 for more information on Queued and Status messages.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-De	evice)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (Root) or	0x0001-0x0200
(CC)	(F	(PID)	
GET_COMMAND	BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY		0x00
(PD)			

Response: (GET)

(Response Type) ACK	(Message Count) 0x00-0xFF	(Sub-De Copy of Cor	,
(CC) GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	'	PID) UED_STATUS_POLICY	(PDL) 0x02
(PD)			
	Current Policy Setting	# of Policy Settings	

Controller: (SET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-Do	•
0x01 – 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (Root) or 0x000	
(CC)	\	PID)	(PDL)
SET_COMMAND		UED_STATUS_POLICY	0x01
	(PD)		
	Policy Setting		

Response (SET):

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-De	evice)
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Cor	troller SD
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)
SET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY		0x00
(PD)			
Not Present			

Data Description:

Policy Setting:

The GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE message includes the current policy setting as well as the total number of policy settings available. These policy settings shall be consecutively numbered within the responder starting from 0.

Text descriptions can be retrieved using the BACKGROUND QUEUED STATUS POLICY DESCRIPTION

Parameter. Responders that support BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY shall also support the BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY_DESCRIPTION message.

The first four Policy Settings available shall be as detailed in Table 7-1. This table shall be considered informative in nature since these states are defined in [RDM]. These policy types shall follow the behavior as defined in [RDM] Section 10.3.2.2. Manufacturers may create additional collection policies beyond those listed in Table 7-1 but must support this minimum set in order to preserve consistent interoperability between products. The collection intervals for these specified policy settings may follow the manufacturer's default collection interval timing.

Table 7-1: Policy Setting Types

Policy Type	Policy Setting #
STATUS_NONE	0x00
STATUS_ADVISORY	0x01
STATUS_WARNING	0x02
STATUS_ERROR	0x03

Note that STATUS_NONE is not allowed in prior versions of [RDM] so some devices may NACK a QUEUED_MESSAGE request using type STATUS_NONE as an argument. This is expected to be allowed in future revisions of [RDM]. It is included here as a reference for future compatibility at such time it becomes allowed in [RDM].

7.2 Get Background Queued/Status Message Policy Description (BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_POLICY_DESCRIPTION)

This parameter is used to get a descriptive ASCII text label for a given Background Collection Policy Number. The label may be up to 32 characters.

Controller: (GET)

(Port ID)	(Message Count)	(Sub-Devi	ce)
0x01 - 0xFF	0x00	0x0000 (Root) or 0x	0001-0x0200
(CC)	(PID)		(PDL)
GET_COMMAND	BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATU	IS_POLICY_DESCRIPTION	0x01
	(PD)		
	Policy # Requested		

Response: (GET)

(Response Type)	(Message Count)	(Sub-Device	′		
ACK	0x00-0xFF	Copy of Controller SD			
(CC) GET_COMMAND_RESPONSE	(PID) BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATU	S_POLICY_DESCRIPTION	(PDL) 1 – 33 (1 + Number of characters		
			sent)		
(PD)					
	Policy # Requested				
ASCII Text field of variable size					

Data Description:

The Response Data contains the Policy Number Requested, along with up to 32 characters of description.

The text descriptions returned for the first four policies shall follow Table 7-2.

Table 7-2: Policy Descriptions

Policy Setting #	Policy Text Description
0x00	Status Type None
0x01	Status Type Advisory and higher
0x02	Status Type Warning and higher
0x03	Status Type Error

Text Description:

The ASCII text field contains up to 32 characters of description information for the endpoint timing setting using the ASCII character encoding [ASCII] and shall observe the requirements of [RDM] Section 10.1 for text fields.

Appendix A: Defined Parameters (Normative)

Table A-1: RDM Parameter ID Defines

GET	SET	RDM Parameter ID's (Slot 21-22)	Value	Required By**:	Comment
Allowed	Allowed	,			
		Category – RDMnet and RDM			
		Splitter Management			
✓		ENDPOINT_LIST	0x0900	D/G/S/P	
→		ENDPOINT_LIST_CHANGE	0x0901	D*/G*/S*/P*	*Support required if the list of endpoints can change.
✓	✓	IDENTIFY_ENDPOINT	0x0902		
✓	✓	ENDPOINT_TO_UNIVERSE	0x0903	D*/G*	* Support required if the device supports patching Endpoints to E1.31 universes.
✓	✓	ENDPOINT_MODE	0x0904		
✓	✓	ENDPOINT_LABEL	0x0905		
✓	✓	RDM_TRAFFIC_ENABLE	0x0906		
√	✓	DISCOVERY_STATE	0x0907	G*/P*	* Support required only if the device supports E1.20.
✓	✓	BACKGROUND_DISCOVERY	0x0908		
✓	✓	ENDPOINT_TIMING	0x0909		
✓		ENDPOINT_TIMING_DESCRIPTION	0x090A	G*/S*/P*	* Support required only if ENDPOINT_TIMING is supported.
✓		ENDPOINT_RESPONDERS	0x090B	D/G/S/P	
✓		ENDPOINT_RESPONDER_LIST_ CHANGE	0x090C	D*/G*/S*/P*	* Support required if the responder list could change.
✓		BINDING_CONTROL_FIELDS	0x090D	G/S/P	
→	✓	BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_ POLICY	0x090E		
✓		BACKGROUND_QUEUED_STATUS_ POLICY_DESCRIPTION	0x090F	G*/P*	* Support required only if BACKGROUND_ QUEUED_STATUS_ POLICY is supported.

^{**}Required By column denotes support required by the following device classifications: 'D' RDMnet Device, 'G' RDMnet Gateway, 'S' Splitter, and 'P' Proxy. If a device has functionality of multiple classifications then 'required support' applies to each classification supported.

Table A-2: Discovery State Defines

Discovery State Defines	Value	Valid in GET_COMMAND_ RESPONSE	Valid in SET_COMMAND
DISCOVERY_INCOMPLETE	0x00	Yes, indicates Discovery has never been run or the previous discovery did not run to completion.	No
DISCOVERY_INCREMENTAL	0x01	Yes, device is currently running incremental discovery	Yes, device shall only discover current unmuted devices.
DISCOVERY_FULL	0x02	Yes, device is currently running full discovery.	Yes, device shall clear the Endpoint Device List and perform full discovery.
DISCOVERY_NOT_ACTIVE	0x04	Yes, discovery is not currently running but has been successfully completed in the past.	Yes, device shall terminate any discovery routine currently running. The Endpoint Device List shall not be cleared.
Manufacturer-Specific States	0x80 – 0xDF		

Table A-3: Discovery Status Defines

Discovery Status Defines	Value	Comment
DISCOVERY_COUNT_INCOMPLETE	0x0000	See Section 6.8
DISCOVERY_COUNT_UNKNOWN	0xFFFF	See Section 6.8

Table A-4: Endpoint Mode Defines

Endpoint Mode Defines	Value	Comment
ENDPOINT_MODE_DISABLED	0x00	Endpoint is disabled for all traffic.
ENDPOINT_MODE_INPUT	0x01	Endpoint is configured as an Input, accepting DMX512 communication.
ENDPOINT_MODE_OUTPUT	0x02	Endpoint is configured as an Output generating DMX512 communication.

Table A-5: Endpoint Types

Endpoint Type Defines	Value	Comment
ENDPOINT_TYPE_VIRTUAL	0x00	See [RDMnet] Section 7.1.6.2
ENDPOINT_TYPE_PHYSICAL	0x01	See [RDMnet] Section 7.1.6.1

Table A-6: Additional Response NACK Reason Codes

Additional Response NACK Reason Codes*	Value	Comment
NR_ACTION_NOT_SUPPORTED	0x000B	The specified action is not supported.
NR_ENDPOINT_NUMBER_INVALID	0x000C	The specified endpoint is invalid.
NR_INVALID_ENDPOINT_MODE	0x000D	The specified endpoint is in an invalid Endpoint Mode for the requested action.
NR_UNKNOWN_UID	0x000E	The specified UID is not recognized.
		*These are in addition to NACK Reason Codes defined in Table A-17 of E1.20.

ESTA Control Protocols Working Group - Task Group Members:

Chair

Scott Blair, Megapixel VR

Editor

Scott Blair, Megapixel VR

USA

Paul Beasley, Walt Disney Imagineering Scott Blair, Megapixel VR Milton Davis, Doug Fleenor Design Doug Fleenor, Doug Fleenor Design Paul Kleissler, City Theatrical, Inc. Bob Goddard, Goddard Design Eric Johnson Simon Newton, Open Lighting Project Maya Nigrosh

UK

Wayne Howell, Artistic Licence Dan Murfin, Royal National Theatre Peter Willis, Howard Eaton Lighting

Canada

Kevin Loewen, Pathway Connectivity

Sweden

Michael Karlsson, Lumen Radio