



# THE RELATIONSHIP

*GDP, GDP PER CAPITA  
& HAPPINESS SCORE*



Integrating multiple data sources in Tableau is challenging, especially when dealing with different formats and time periods.

This requires extensive research to locate reliable datasets and considerable effort to validate the accuracy and consistency of the data.

# MY TAKEAWAY

## GLOBAL GDP

In 2020, North America had the highest average GDP, whereas Africa has the lowest

From 2006 to 2022, GDP trend line of Europe was increasing but not as strong as that of Asia



## GDP vs GDP PER CAPITA vs POPULATION

High GDP does not equate to high GDP per capita.

Asia, may have high GDP but

## HAPPINESS SCORE

There is a direct correlation between economic performance (GDP and GDP per capita) and quality of life (happiness scores)



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## GDP vs GDP PER CAPITA vs POPULATION

High GDP does not equate to high GDP per capita.

Asia, may have high GDP but lower GDP per capita due to the large number of people sharing the economic output.



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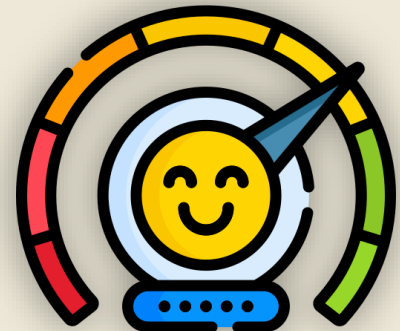
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# **FINAL THOUGHTS**



# F I N A L T H O U G H T S

While GDP measures the total economic output of a region, GDP per capita provides a clearer picture of how wealth is distributed among individuals.

Consequently, focusing on increasing GDP per capita can lead to a more equitable distribution of economic benefits and a better understanding of happiness scores within a population.

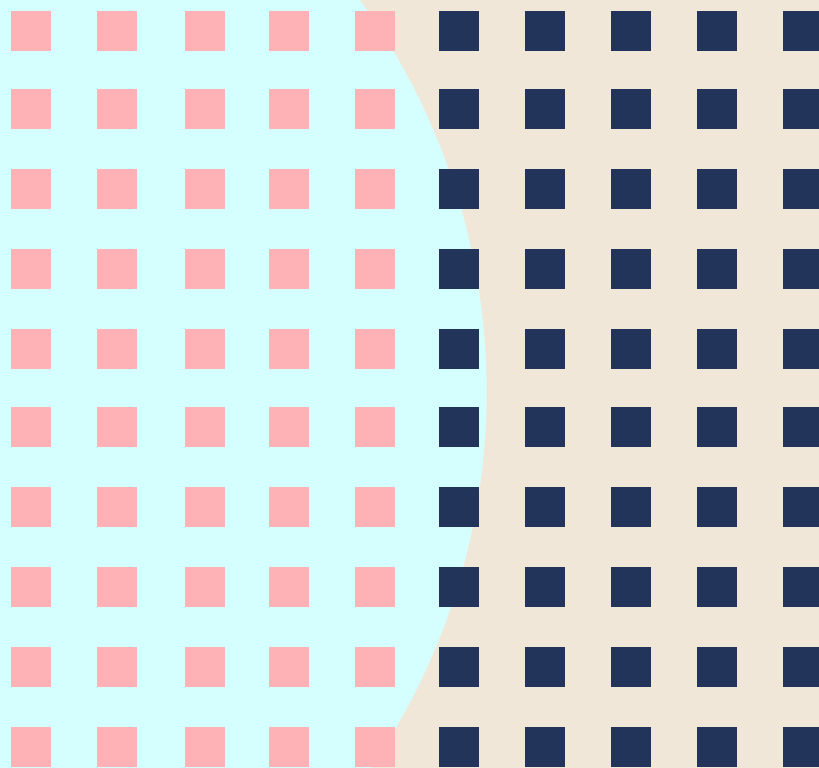
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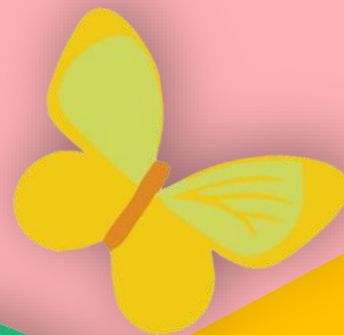


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LAN DINH



THANKS FOR  
*Watching*



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