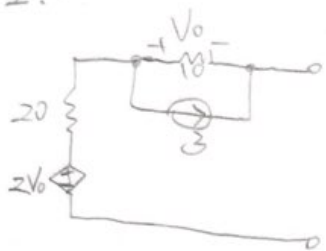


1.



求  $V_{OC}$

$$V_0 = -3 \times 10 = -30 (V)$$

$$+V_{OC} = 2V_0 - V_0$$

$$= V_0 = -30 (V)$$

求  $I_{SC}$

$$I_{SC} = \frac{V_0}{10} + 3$$

$$\frac{2V_0 - V_0}{20} = \frac{V_0}{10} + 3 \Rightarrow V_0 = -60$$

$$I_{SC} = -3 (A)$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{th} = \frac{-30}{-3} = 10 (\Omega)$$

$$1. R_L = R_{th} = 10 (\Omega)$$

$$\Rightarrow P_{L(max)} = \frac{(-30)^2}{4 \times 10} = 22.5 (W)$$

2. (a)  $\Delta_{eq} = 6\mu + (6\mu // 6\mu) = 9\mu (H)$ ,  $R_{th} = 2k + 4k = 6k (\Omega)$ ,  $\tau = \frac{9\mu}{6k} = \frac{3}{2} \mu$

$$V_0(t) = \Delta_{eq}(t) \times 4k \times (-1) = -4k \Delta_{eq}(t)$$

$$1. \Delta_{eq}(0^+) = 1m (A) \downarrow, \Delta_{eq}(\infty) = 0 (A)$$

$$V_0(t) = -4k \Delta_{eq}(t) = -4k [0 + (1-0)e^{-t/\frac{3}{2}\mu}] = -4e^{-\frac{2}{3} \times 10^3 t} (V)$$

(b)  $-1 = -4e^{-\frac{2}{3} \times 10^3 t} \Rightarrow t = 3 \times 10^{-9} \ln 2 (s)$

3. (a)  $\omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2.5\mu \times 20m}} = 2\sqrt{5} \times 10^3 (rad/s)$ ,  $\alpha = \frac{1}{2RC} = 4 \times 10^3$

characteristic eq.  $s^2 + 2\alpha s + \omega_0^2 = 0 \Rightarrow s^2 + 8 \times 10^3 s + 2 \times 10^7 = 0$

(b)  $\Delta_{eq}(t) = C \cdot V_C'(t)$ ,  $V_C(t) = V_{CS}(t) + V_{CH}(t)$

$$V_{CS}(t) = V_C(\infty) = 0, \alpha = \frac{1}{2RC} = 4000, \omega_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{LC}} = 2000\sqrt{5}$$

$$s = -\alpha \pm \sqrt{\alpha^2 - \omega_0^2} = (-4 \pm j2) \times 10^3$$

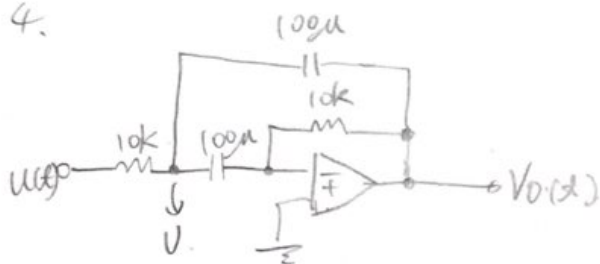
$$V_{CH}(t) = e^{-4 \times 10^3 t} [A \cos(2 \times 10^3 t) + B \sin(2 \times 10^3 t)]$$

$$V_C(0^+) = 0 = 0 + A \Rightarrow A = 0$$

$$\Delta_{eq}(0^+) = -2 = 2.5\mu \times (-4 \times 10^3 A + 2 \times 10^3 B) \Rightarrow B = -400$$

$$\Delta_{eq}(t) = 2.5\mu \times V_C'(t) = 4e^{-4 \times 10^3 t} \sin(2 \times 10^3 t) - 2e^{-4 \times 10^3 t} \cos(2 \times 10^3 t) (A)$$

4.



$$\frac{0 - V_O}{10k} = 100\mu(V - 0)' \Rightarrow V' = -V_O$$

$$\frac{(-V)}{10k} = 100\mu(V - 0)' + 100\mu(V - V_O)'$$

$$\Rightarrow 1 - V = V' + V' - V_O'$$

$$\Rightarrow 2V' + V - V_O' = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow V'' + 2V' + V = 1$$

$$V = V_h(t) + V_p(t)$$

$$V_h(t) = V(\infty) = -1$$

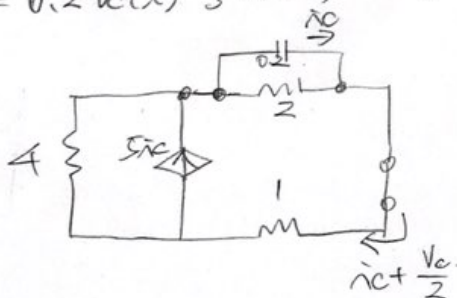
$$s = -1, -1 \Rightarrow V_h(t) = A e^{-t} + B t e^{-t}$$

$$V(0^+) = 0 = 1 + A \Rightarrow A = -1$$

$$\dot{V}(0^+) = 0 = 100\mu \cdot V' \Rightarrow 0 = \bar{e}^{-t} + B \bar{e}^{-t} \Rightarrow B = -1$$

$$\therefore V_O = -V' = -t \bar{e}^{-t} (V)$$

$$5. \dot{\bar{v}}_c = 0.2 \bar{v}_c'(t), \bar{v}_c(0^+) = 0, \bar{v}_c(0^+) = 7 \times \frac{1}{1+4+2} \times 2 = \frac{7}{4}$$



$$5\dot{\bar{v}}_c = \left( \dot{\bar{v}}_c + \frac{V_c}{2} \right) + \frac{V_c + \dot{\bar{v}}_c + \frac{V_c}{2}}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow 4\dot{\bar{v}}_c = 8\dot{\bar{v}}_c + 4V_c + 2V_c + 2\dot{\bar{v}}_c + V_c$$

$$\Rightarrow 3\dot{\bar{v}}_c + V_c = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow V_c' - \frac{7}{6} V_c = 0$$

$$V_c = \frac{7}{4} e^{\frac{7}{6}t} (V)$$