

國立臺灣科技大學答案卷

National Taiwan University of Science and Technology Answer Sheet

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班級/Class 四電二乙

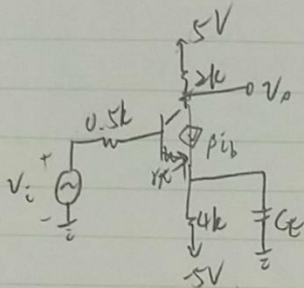
科目/Course title 電子學

日期/Date 112.4.12

評分 Score	教師簽章 Signature of Lecturer
100	

記分欄 從此處開始寫起。試卷用紙務須節用，非經主試認可不得續用其他紙張作答。/Please write from here.

1.



$$V_{BE} = 0.7V$$

$$\beta = 100$$

$$f_A = \frac{1}{2\pi(1\mu(4k))} = 39.79 \text{ Hz}$$

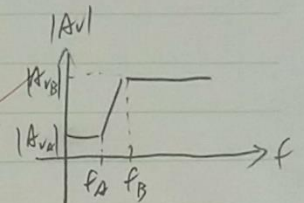
$$f_B = \frac{1}{2\pi(1\mu(4k \parallel (\frac{R_E + 0.5k}{1 + \beta})))} = 5.496 \text{ KHz}$$

$$|A_{vA}| = \left| \frac{v_o}{v_i} \right| = \left| \frac{R_C \parallel (R_E + 0.5k)}{R_{in} + R_{th}} \right| \beta = 0.4915 \text{ V/V}$$

$$|A_{vB}| = \left| \frac{v_o}{v_i} \right| = \left| \frac{R_C}{R_{in} + R_{th}} \right| \beta = 67.89 \text{ V/V}$$

$$\Rightarrow |A_{vA}|_{dB} = 20 \log_{10} |A_{vA}| = -6.117 \text{ dB}$$

$$\Rightarrow |A_{vB}|_{dB} = 20 \log_{10} |A_{vB}| = 36.64 \text{ dB}$$



使B端等效開路的頻率:

$$4k \parallel \frac{1}{sC_E} = \infty$$

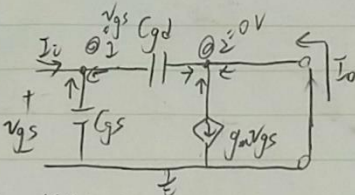
$$\Rightarrow \frac{1}{sC_E} = -4k$$

$$\Rightarrow -j \frac{1}{\omega C_E} = -4k$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2\pi f (4k)} (90^\circ) = f_A$$

$$\Rightarrow f_A = 39.79 \text{ Hz}$$

2.



By KCL:

$$\textcircled{1}: I_i + \frac{-V_{gs}}{sC_{gs}} + \frac{-V_{gs}}{sC_{gd}} = 0 \Rightarrow I_i = V_{gs}(s(C_{gs} + C_{gd}))$$

$$\textcircled{2}: I_o + (-g_m V_{gs}) + \frac{V_{gs}}{sC_{gd}} = 0 \Rightarrow I_o = V_{gs} \left(\frac{g_m}{s} - \frac{1}{C_{gd}} \right) \xrightarrow{g_m \gg sC_{gd}} V_{gs} g_m$$

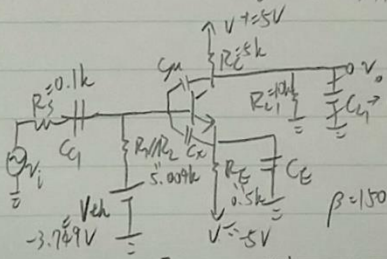
$$\Rightarrow A_v = \frac{I_o}{I_i} = \frac{g_m}{s(C_{gs} + C_{gd})}$$

$$\Rightarrow |A_v| = \frac{g_m}{2\pi f(C_{gs} + C_{gd})}$$

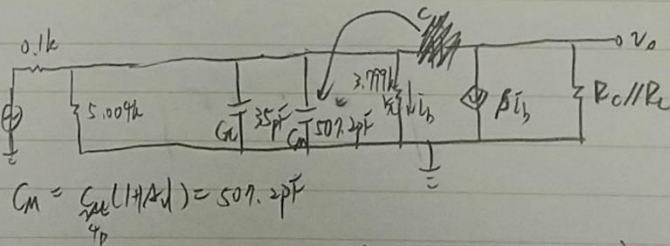
By the definition, f_T is the frequency at which $|A_v| = 1$:

$$f = f_T = \frac{g_m}{2\pi(C_{gs} + C_{gd})}$$

3.



High freq.:



$$C_M = C_{gs}(1 + \beta A_v) = 507.2 \text{ pF}$$

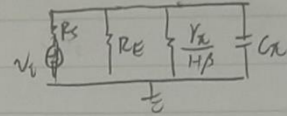
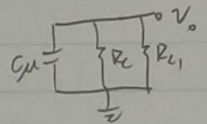
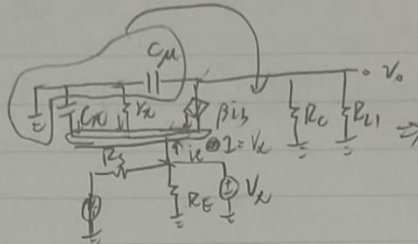
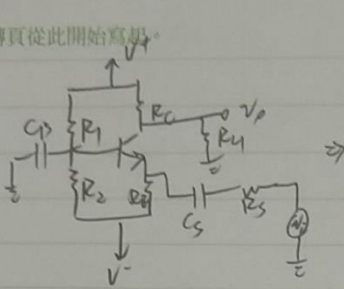
$$V_{th} = [5 - (5)] \cdot \frac{5.12k}{40k + 5.12k} - 5 = -3.749 \text{ V}$$

$$I_B = \frac{[-3.749 - 0.7 + 5]}{R_1 \parallel R_2 + 151 \cdot 500} = 6.844 \mu\text{A}$$

$$\Rightarrow R_{th} = \frac{V_{th}}{I_B} = 3.799 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$|A_{v(max)}| = \left| \frac{v_o}{v_i} \right| = \left| \frac{R_C \parallel (R_E + 0.5k)}{R_{th} + R_{in}} \right| \beta = 125.8 \text{ V/V} \Rightarrow |A_{v(max)}|_{dB} = 41.99 \text{ dB}$$

4.



By KCL:

$$\textcircled{1}: \beta i_b + i_e + \frac{-v_o}{R_D} + \frac{-v_o}{sC_{L1}} = 0 \Rightarrow i_e = v_o \left(\frac{\beta}{R_D} + \frac{1}{R_D} + \frac{1}{sC_{L1}} \right)$$

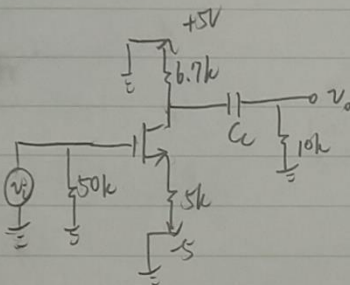
$$\Rightarrow \frac{v_o}{i_e} = \frac{1}{\frac{1+\beta}{R_D} + sC_{L1}} = r_o \parallel \frac{1}{sC_{L1}}$$

$$f_{Hn} = \frac{1}{2\pi \left[C_{L1} (R_D \parallel R_{E1} \parallel \frac{r_o}{1+\beta}) \right]} \quad \#4$$

$$f_{Hm} = \frac{1}{2\pi \left[C_{L1} (R_D \parallel R_{E1}) \right]} \quad \#4$$

+15

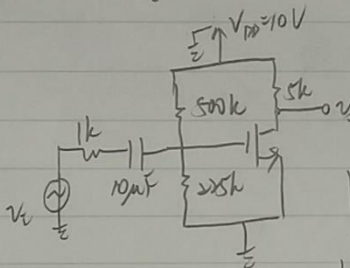
5.



$$\tau_c = C_c (6.7k + 10k)$$

$$f_{L1} = \frac{1}{2\pi \cdot C_c (6.7k + 10k)} = 20 \text{ Hz} \Rightarrow C_c = 476.5 \text{ nF} \quad \#5$$

6.

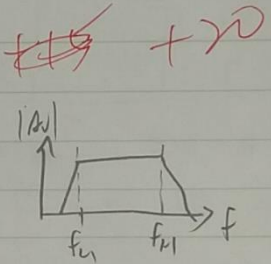


$$k_n = 1 \text{ mA/V}^2, V_{th} = 2 \text{ V}, \eta = 0$$

$$C_{gs} = 50 \text{ pF}, C_{gd} = 8 \text{ pF}$$

$$f_{L1} = \frac{1}{2\pi \left[10 \mu (1k + 500k \parallel 25k) \right]} = 0.1019 \text{ Hz} \quad \#6$$

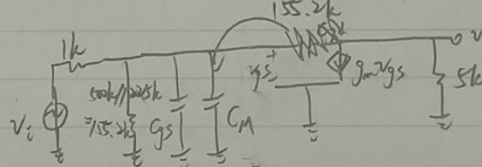
$$|A_v| = \left| \frac{v_o}{v_i} \right| = \frac{500k \parallel 25k}{1k + 500k \parallel 25k} \cdot g_m \cdot 5k = 10.96 \text{ V/V}$$



$$V_{GSQ} = 10 \cdot \frac{225}{500 + 225} = 3.103 \text{ V}$$

$$\Rightarrow I_{DQ} = \frac{1}{2} k_n (V_{GSQ} - V_{th})^2 = 1.218 \text{ mA}$$

$$\Rightarrow g_m = \frac{2}{1 \text{ V}} \sqrt{k_n I_{DQ}} = 2.207 \text{ mS}$$



$$f_H = \frac{1}{2\pi \left[(C_{gs} + C_{gd}) (155.2k \parallel 1k) \right]} = 1.1 \text{ MHz} \quad \#6$$

+20