

1. Find the interval of convergence: $\sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (-1)^n \frac{(x-2)^n}{4^n \cdot \sqrt{n}}$ (10%)
2. Find the first three terms of the Maclaurin series: $f(x) = e^x \sin x$ (10%)
3. Find the Taylor series generated by $f(x) = e^{-x}$ at $x = -2$. (10%)
4. Find a Cartesian equation and graph the Cartesian equation.
 $x = (\sec^2 t) - 1, y = \tan t, \frac{-\pi}{2} < t < \frac{\pi}{2}$ (10%)
5. Find the perimeter(周長) of $x^{\frac{2}{3}} + y^{\frac{2}{3}} = 1$ (10%)
6. Replace the following polar equation by equivalent Cartesian equations.
 $r = \frac{4}{2\cos\theta - \sin\theta}$ (10%)
7. Graph the curve $r = 1 - \sin\theta$ in the Cartesian xy-plane. (10%)
8. Find the area of top half of the region inside the cardioid $r = 1 + \cos\theta$ and outside the circle $r = \cos\theta$. (10%)
9. Find the function's domain and range. $f(x, y) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{16-x^2-y^2}}$ (10%)
10. Let $f(x, y) = \frac{xy+y^3}{x^2+y^2}$. Does $\lim_{(x,y) \rightarrow (0,0)} f(x, y)$ exist? (hint: two path test)
 (10%)