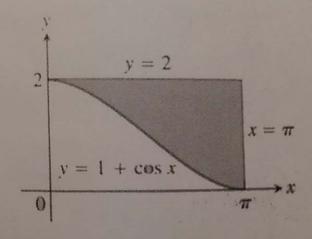
Calculus Quiz 3 Date: 2013/12/12 13:30-15:10 100 minutes Total: 101

- Use finite approximation to estimate the area under the graph of $f(x) = 4 x^2$ between $x = x^2$ -2 and x = 2 using the follow rules (6 points)
 - a lower sum with two rectangles of equal width.
- b. an upper sum with two rectangles of equal width. Evaluate the sums of $\sum_{k=1}^{6} (k^2 5)$. (4 points) 2.
- Find the norm of the partition $P = \{-2, -1.6, -0.5, 0, 0.8, 1\}$. (5 points) 3.
- Find the average value of $f(t) = (t-1)^2$ over [0,3].(5 points) 4.
- What values of a and b minimi ze the value of $\int_a^b (x^4 2x^2) dx$. (10 points) 5.
- Show that the value of $\int_0^1 \sqrt{x+8} \, dx$ lies between $2\sqrt{2}$ and 3. (5 points) 6.
- Evaluate $\int_{\underline{\pi}}^{\frac{3\pi}{4}} \csc \theta \cot \theta \ d\theta$. (8 points) 7.
- Find dy/dx where $y = (\int_0^x (t^3 + 1)^{10} dt)^3$. (10) points)
- Find the area of the shaded region in Fig.1. (10 points) 9.
- 10. Evaluate $\int \frac{\sec z \tan z}{\sqrt{\sec z}} dz$. (8 points)
- 11. Evaluate $\int \frac{x}{(x^2-4)^3} dx$. (10 points)
- Find the area of the shaded region in Fig.2. (10 points)
- Find the area of the propeller-shaped region enclosed by the

curve $x - y^3 = 0$ and the line x - y = 0. (10 points)



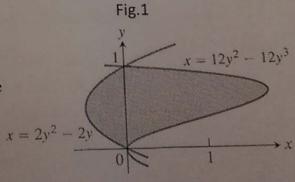


Fig.2