

Analog Integrated Circuit Design and Applications

Spring 2023

Yung-Hui Chung

MSIC Lab

DECE, NTUST



Instructor and Grading

• Instructor: Yung-Hui Chung (鍾勇輝)

- Course time: T6, T7, W6
- Classroom: T6/T7 (IB-304); W6 (EE-503)
- Office hours: Tue. 10:00~12:00 (by email)
- Office: EE-601-2
- TEL: 02-27376394 (#6394)
- Email: yhchung@mail.ntust.edu.tw
- TA: 張凱棋、郭駿浩 (Lab: EE-601-2, #7138)

Grading

Homework & Lab: 40%

Mid-Exam: 30%

Final Project: 30%

Textbooks and References

Textbook:

Behzad Razavi, Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits,
 McGraw-Hill, 2nd Edition, 2017

References:

- Phillip E. Allen, Douglas E. Holberg, CMOS Analog Circuit Design,
 3rd Edition, Oxford, 2011
- Tony Chan Carusone, David A. Johns and Kenneth W. Martin,
 Analog Integrated Circuit Design, 2nd Edition, Wiley, 2011
- Gray, Hurst, Lewis and Meyer, Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2008
- Willy M. C. Sansen, Analog Design Essentials, Springer, 2006

Course Content

- AIC1 (Introduction to Analog IC Design)
 - MOS Device Physics and Modeling
 - Short Channel Effects
 - Review of Amplifiers
 - Current Mirrors and Biasing Techniques
 - Frequency Response
 - Stability and Frequency Compensation

AIC2 (Analog IC Design and Applications)

- Noise
- Operational Amplifiers (Basic Opamp)
- Bandgap References
- Advanced Opamp
- Switched-Capacitor Circuits
- Nonlinearity and Mismatch
- Nanometer Design

Analog IC Courses

Microelectronics (I, II) Undergraduate Introduction to Introduction to VLSI **Analog IC Design** Analog IC Design and Semiconductor **IC Layout Practice Applications Physics** Advanced Analog IC Data Conversion IC Design Power IC Design Advanced Analog IC Graduate Layout Filter Circuit Design Advanced Topics on • PIIs **Analog Integrated** Biomedical AFE Circuit

Lab Introduction

- Lab0: CAD Setup Introduction
- Lab1: MOS simulation (g_m/I_d)
- Lab2: Current Mirrors
 - Accuracy check for different type CMs
- Lab3: Single-Stage Opamps
 - Telescopic
 - Folded-cascode
- Lab4: Two-Stage Opamp
 - Folded-cascode + CS + ...
- Lab5: LDO
 - Opamp applications

Final Project

- Choose one of the following both topics
- A Bandgap Reference Circuit (lecture 13)
 - Reference paper:

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- A Switch-Capacitor Circuit (lecture 15)
 - A Fully-Differential Flip-Around Track-and-Hold Circuit
 - Using switched-capacitor operation

Analog Design Challenges

- Transistor Imperfections
- Declining Supply Voltages

$$-5V \rightarrow 2.5V \rightarrow 1.8V \rightarrow 1.2V \rightarrow 0.9V \rightarrow ... \rightarrow 0.5V$$

- Low Power Request
- Less Circuit Complexity
- Sensitive to PVT Variations
 - Process Corner: TT, FF, SS, SNFP, FNSP
 - Supply Voltage: VDD +/- 10%
 - Temperature: -40°C ~ +125°C

Abstraction Levels in Circuit Design

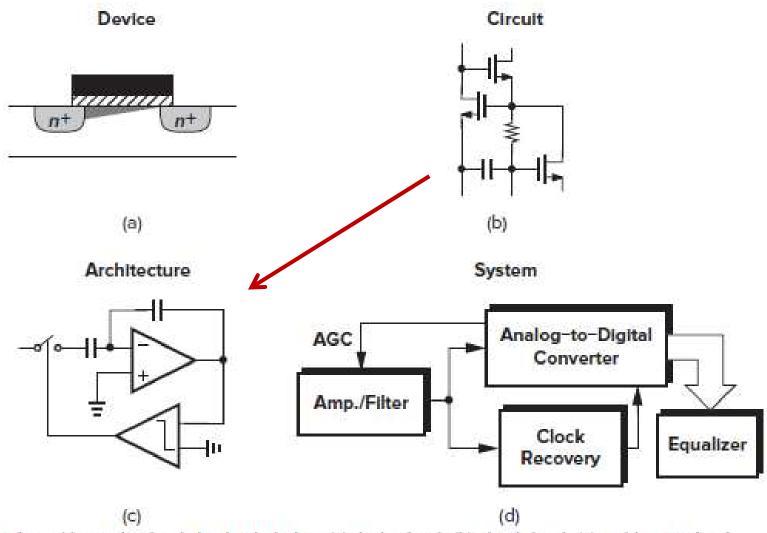
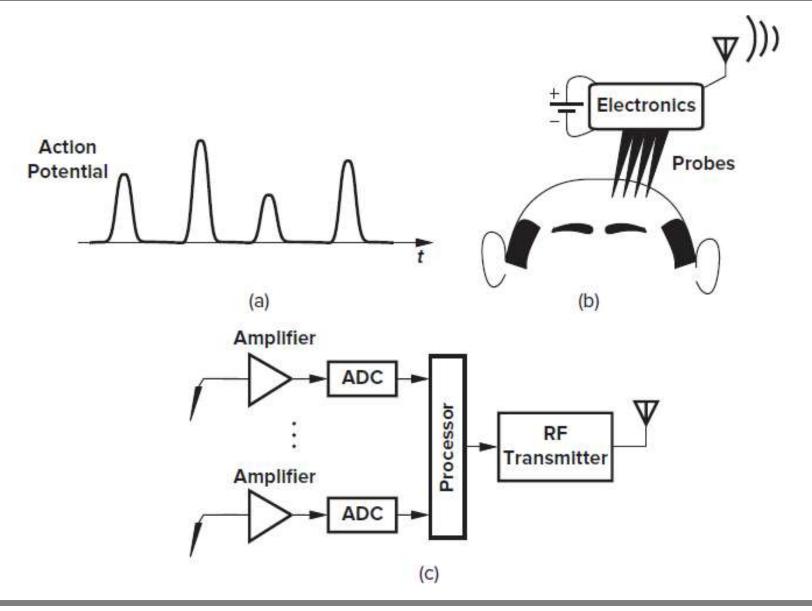
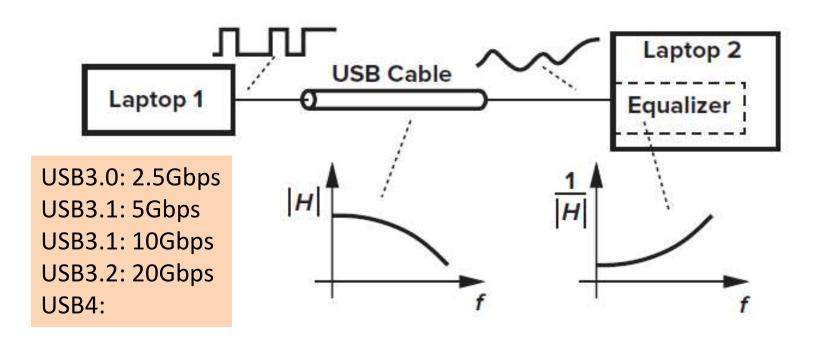


Figure 1.5 Abstraction levels in circuit design: (a) device level, (b) circuit level, (c) architecture level, (d) system level.

Biomedical Analog Front-End

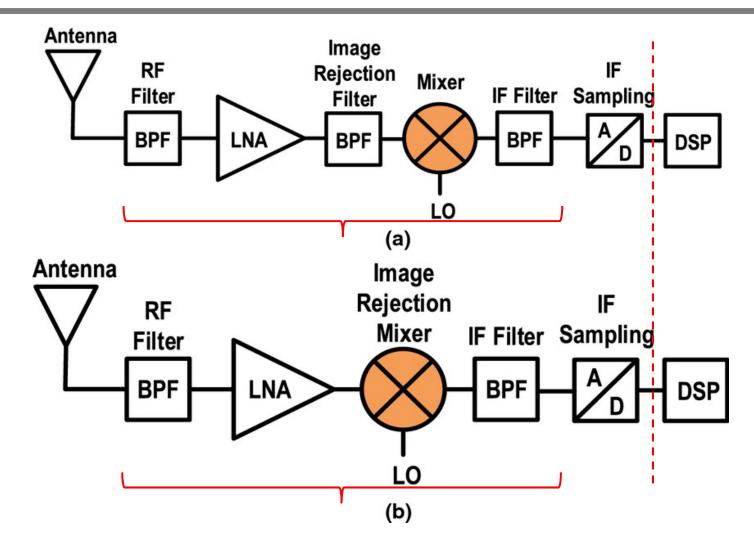


USB 3.0 (Serdes Applications)



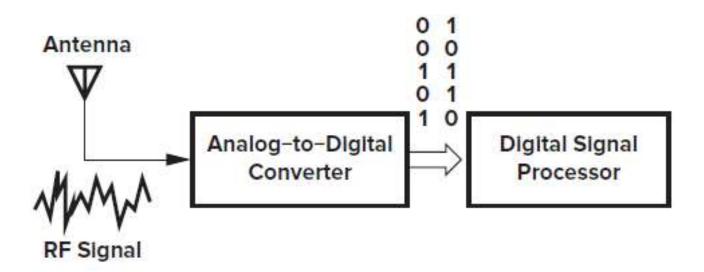
- Laptop 1 delivers the data to the cable in the form of a sequence of ONEs and ZEROs
- Since the cable attenuates high frequencies, we may design the equalizer to amplify such frequencies
- Serdes: Serializer and Deserializer (USB, PCIE, SATA, ...)

Conventional RF Communication



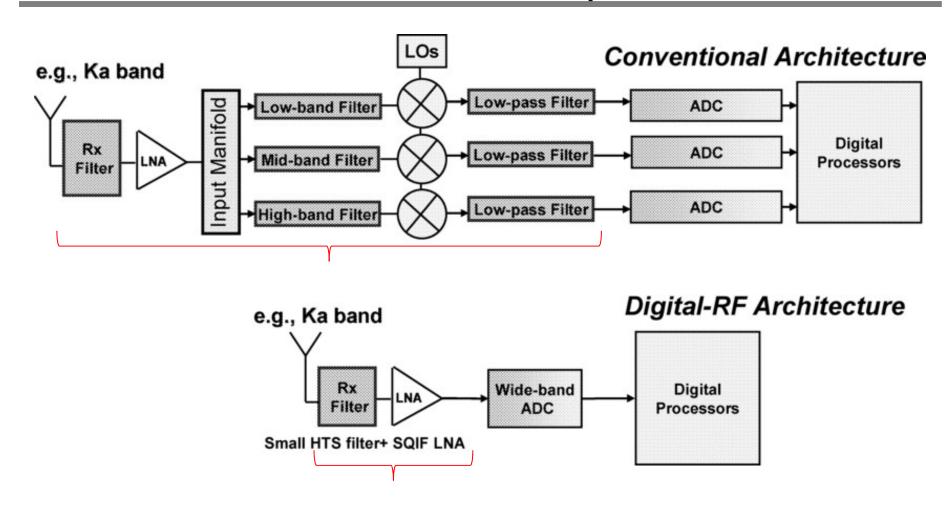
- May 2021, Circuits Systems and Signal Processing 40(7): 1-17
- DOI: 10.1007/s00034-020-01579-4

Advanced RF Receiver



- Direct RF Sampling to save more analog circuits (LNA, mixer, PLL, AAF, ...) before ADCs
- As advanced CMOS technologies developed, ADC can be fast enough to directly sampling the RF signal (2.5GHz or higher)

RF Receiver Comparison



- March 2008, IEICE Transactions on Electronics 91-C(3):306-317
- DOI: 10.1093/ietele/e91-c.3.306