

Quiz#1 of ESE 417 (09/12)

Consider an objective function  $g(\mathbf{w}, x) = w_0 + w_1x + w_2x^2$ , where  $\mathbf{w} = [w_0 \quad w_1 \quad w_2]^T$  is the weight vector and  $x$  is the input.

- (1) Find the gradient of this objective function with respect to the weight vector  $\mathbf{w}$ . Then evaluate the gradient at  $x = 1.0$ .
- (2) The initial value of the weight vector is  $\mathbf{w}^0 = [0.5 \quad 0.5 \quad 0.5]^T$ . Update the weight vector using the **gradient descent method** to find  $\mathbf{w}^1$ . Let the learning rate to be  $\eta = 0.1$
- (3) Evaluate the objective function with this new weight vector  $\mathbf{w}^1$  at  $x = 1.0$ .

$$(1) \quad \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}, x) = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial g}{\partial w_0} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial w_1} \\ \frac{\partial g}{\partial w_2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} \quad \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}, 1) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(2) \quad \vec{\mathbf{w}}^0 = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix} \quad \text{Taylor Series of the objective function}$$

$$g(\vec{\mathbf{w}} + \Delta \vec{\mathbf{w}}) \approx g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}) + \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}) \Delta \vec{\mathbf{w}}$$

substitute  $\Delta \vec{\mathbf{w}}$  with  $-\eta \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}})$ ,  $\eta > 0$ , constant

$$g(\vec{\mathbf{w}} - \eta \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}})) \approx g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}) - \eta \|\nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}})\|_2^2 > 0$$

$$g(\vec{\mathbf{w}} - \eta \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}})) < g(\vec{\mathbf{w}})$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{w}}' = \vec{\mathbf{w}}^0 - \eta \nabla g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}^0)$$

$$\Rightarrow \vec{\mathbf{w}}' = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 \\ 0.5 \\ 0.5 \end{pmatrix} - 0.1 \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ x \\ x^2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 - 0.1 \\ 0.5 - 0.1x \\ 0.5 - 0.1x^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(3) \quad x = 1$$

$$\vec{\mathbf{w}}' = \begin{pmatrix} 0.5 - 0.1 \\ 0.5 - 0.1 \\ 0.5 - 0.1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0.4 \\ 0.4 \\ 0.4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$g(\vec{\mathbf{w}}', x) = w'_0 + w'_1 x + w'_2 x^2 = 0.4 + 0.4 \times 1 + 0.4 \times 1 = 1.2$$