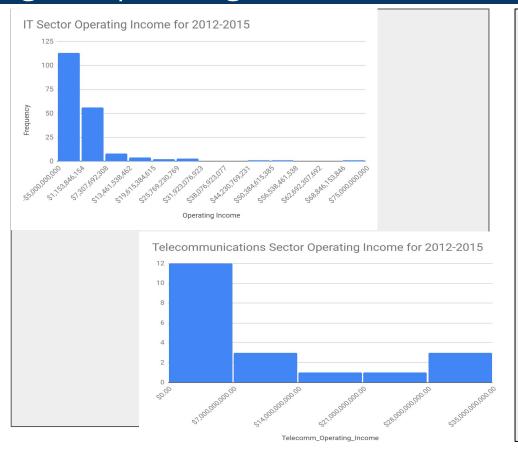
## Does the IT sector make better use of their total revenue (higher operating income) vs. the Telecommunications sector?



Here are histograms depicting the operating income (EBIT) for the IT and Telecommunications sectors for the years 2012-2015. The mean for the operating income for both sectors is higher than the median every year within this timeframe, hence the right-skewed distribution. The mean for the IT sector was \$3.4 billion; the telecom sector was \$9.8 billion, which means the operating income earned for the telecom sector is higher than all the companies of the IT sector. The median for the operating income for IT was \$886 million; the median for telecomm was \$2.5 billion, which indicates 50% of the companies within the telecom sector earned operating income that is substantially higher than 50% of the companies within the IT sector during the 2012-2015 timeframe.

At first glance, it appears the telecom sector kept their operating costs at a rate that they would have a much higher overall operating income. Also, note the telecom sector has far less ticker symbols (companies w/data) than the IT sector. Additionally, the standard deviation for Telecomm for 2012-2015 was \$11.8 billion vs. IT, which was \$8.5 billion. This indicates the variability in the operating income for the telecom sector is much higher than that of IT. Also, the range for the IT (\$71.5 billion) is twice the amount of the telecom sector (\$32.5 billion), which indicate a greater variability in the operating income because the range is more spread out (i.e.,more ticker symbols?). Based on the aforementioned statistics, the telecom sector had a better return on their operating income during the years of 2012-2015. It should be noted IT suffered great losses in total revenue during this time as well.