### International Olympic Committee Medical Code

# PROHIBITED CLASSES OF SUBSTANCES AND PROHIBITED METHODS

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Antagen av RF:s Dopingkommission med giltighet fr.o.m. 97-05-01

Doping contravenes the ethics of both sport and medical science.

#### Doping consists of:

- 1. The administration of substances belonging to prohibited classes of pharmacological agents and/or
- 2. The use of various doping methods.

#### I. PROHIBITED CLASSES OF SUBSTANCES

- A. Stimulants
- B. Narcotics
- C. Anabolic Agents
- D. Diuretics
- E. Peptide and glycoprotein hormones and analogues

#### II. DOPING METHODS

- A. Blood doping
- B. Pharmacological, chemical and physical manipulation

#### III. CLASSES OF DRUGS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS

- A. Alcohol
- B. Marijuana
- C. Local anaesthetics
- D. Corticosteroids
- E. Beta-blockers

#### I. PROHIBITED CLASSES OF SUBSTANCES

Prohibited substances fall into the following classes of substances:

- A. Stimulants
- B. Narcotics
- C. Anabolic Agents
- D. Diuretics
- E. Peptide and glycoprotein hormones and analogues

#### A. Stimulants

Prohibited substances in class (a) include the following examples:

```
amiphenazole
amphetamines
amineptine
bromantan
caffeine *
cocaine
ephedrines
fencamfamin
mesocarbe
pentylentetrazol
pipradol
salbutamol **
salmeterol**
terbutaline **
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- ... and related substances
- \* For caffeine the definition of a positive depends on the concentration of caffeine in the urine. The concentration in urine may not exceed 12 micrograms per milliliter.
- \*\* Permitted by inhaler only and must be declared in writing, prior to the competition to the <u>relevant medical authority</u>. 1)

<u>NOTE</u>: All imidazole preparations are acceptable for topical use, e.g. oxymetazoline. Vasoconstrictors (e.g. adrenaline) may be administered with local anaesthetic agents. Topical preparations (e.g. nasal, opthalmological) of phenylephrine are permitted.

#### 1) Inom svensk idrott tillämpas anmälningsplikten enligt följande:

Inhalation av salbutamol, salmeterol och/eller terbutalin skall för att vara tillåtet vid anmodan kunna styrkas med giltigt recept eller läkarintyg ej äldre än tre år.

#### B. Narcotic analgesics

Prohibited substances in class (b) include the following examples:

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dextromoramide
diamorphine (heroin)
methadone
morphine
pentazocine
pethidine
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... and related substances

<u>NOTE</u>: Codein, dextromethorphan, dextropropoxyphen, dihydrocodein, diphenoxylate, etyhlmorphine, pholcodine and propoxyphene are permitted.

#### C. Anabolic agents

The Anabolic class includes 1) anabolic androgenic steroids (AAS) and 2) Beta-2 agonists.

Prohibited substances in class (c) include the following examples:

#### 1. Anabolic androgenic steroids (AAS)

```
clostebol
dehydroepiandrosteron (DHEA)
fluoxymesterone
metandienone
metenolone
nandrolone
oxandrolone
stanozolol
testosterone *
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... and related substances

\* The presence of a testosterone (T) to epitestosterone (E) ratio greater than six (6) to one (1) in the urine of a competitor constitutes an offence unless there is evidence that this ratio is due to a physiological or pathological condition, e.g. low epitestosterone excretion, androgene production of tumor, enzyme deficiencies.

In the case of T/E higher than 6, it is mandatory that the responsible authority conduct an investigation before the sample is declared positive. A full report will be written and will include a review of previous, subsequent tests and any results of endocrine investigations. In the event that previous tests are not available, the athlete should be tested unannounced at least once per month for three months. The results of these investigations should be included in the report. Failure to cooperate in the investigations will result in declaring the sample positive.

#### 2. Beta-2 agonists

When administered systemically, beta-2 agonists may have powerful anabolic effects.

clenbuterol fenoterol salbutamol salmeterol terbutaline

... and related substances

#### D. Diuretics

Prohibited substances in class (d) include the following examples:

acetazolamide bumentanide chlortalidone ethacrynic acid furosemide hydrochlorothiazide mannitol\* mersalyl spironolactone triamterene

... and related substances

<sup>\*</sup> Prohibited by intravenous injection.

#### E. Peptide and glycoprotein hormones and analogues

Prohibited substances in class (e) include the following examples:

- 1. Chorionic Gonatrophin (HCG -human chorionic gonadotrophin)
- 2. Corticotrophin (ACTH)
- 3. Growth hormone (HGH, somatotrophin)

All the respective releasing factors for the above-mentioned substances.

4. Erythropoietin (EPO)

#### II. PROHIBITED METHODS

The following procedures are prohibited:

Blood doping

Blood transfusion is the administration of blood, red blood cells and related blood products to an athlete. This procedure may be preceded by withdrawal of blood from the athlete who continues to train in this blood depleted state.

Pharmacological, chemical and physical manipulation

Pharmacological, chemical and physical manipulation is the use of substances and of methods which alter, attempt to alter or may reasonably be expected to alter the integrity and validity of urine samples used in doping controls, including, without limitation, catheterisation, urine substitution and/or tampering, inhibition of renal excretion such as by probenecid and related compounds and alterations of testosterone and epitestosterone measurements such as epitestosterone application or bromantan administration.

The success or failure of the use of a prohibited substance or method is not material. It is sufficient that the said substance or procedure was used or attempted for the infraction to be considered as consummated.

## III. CLASSES OF DRUGS SUBJECT TO CERTAIN RESTRICTIONS

#### A. Alcohol

In agreement with the International Sports Federations and the responsible authorities, tests may be conducted for ethanol. The results may lead to sanctions.

#### B Marijuana

In agreement with the International Sports Federations and the responsible authorities, tests may be conducted for cannabinoids (Marijuana, Hashish ...). The results may lead to sanction.

#### C. Local anaesthetics

Injectable local anaesthetics are permitted under the following conditions:

- a. that bupivacaine, lidocaine, mepivacaine, procain, etc. are used but not cocaine. Vasoconstrictor agents (e.g. adrenaline) may be used in conjunction with local anaesthetics.
- b. only local or intra-articular injections may be administered;
- c. only when medically justified. The details including diagnosis, dose and route of administration must be submitted prior to the competition or, if administered during the competition, immediately after injection, in writing to the <u>relevant medical</u> <u>authority</u>). <sup>2)</sup>

#### 2) Inom svensk idrott tillämpas denna anmälningsplikt enligt följande:

Bruk av lokalbedövningsmedel enligt ovan skall för att vara tillåtet vid anmodan kunna styrkas med läkarintyg.

#### D. Corticosteroids

The use of corticosteroids is banned except:

- a) for topical use (aural, dermatological and opthalmological) but not rectal;
  - b) by inhalation;
  - c) by intra-articular or local injections.

The IOC Medical Commission has introduced mandatory reporting of athletes requiring corticosteroids by inhalation during competition. Any team doctor wishing to administer corticosteroids by local or intra-articular injection, or by inhalation, to a competitor must give written notification to the <u>relevant medical authority</u>.<sup>3)</sup>

#### 3) Inom svensk idrott tillämpas denna anmälningsplikt enligt följande:

Bruk av kortikosteroider - i form av lokal eller intraartikulär injektion, eller för inhalation eller sprayningar i näsan - skall för att vara tillåtet vid anmodan kunna styrkas med giltigt recept eller läkarintyg ej äldre än tre år.

#### E. Beta-blockers e.g.

Some examples of beta-blockers are:

acebutolol alprenolol atenolol labetalol metoprolol nadolol oxprenolol propranolol sotalol

... and related substances

In agreement with the rules of the International Sports Federations, test will be conducted in some sports, at the discretion of the responsible authorities.

#### Article IV

Except as specifically otherwise provided in the IOC Medical Code, the detected presence of any amount of substances in classes (a), (b), (c) (d) and (e) in respect of a test conducted in connection with a competition shall constitute a definitive case of doping. The quantity of the substance detected is not material to a definitive case of doping.

#### Article V

The detected presence of ephedrine, pseudoephedrine, phenylpropanolamine and cathine in respect of a test conducted in connection with a competition shall constitute a <u>prima facie</u> case of doping. The person affected shall have the opportunity to rebut the presumption of doping by providing evidence that the substance was present under circumstances which, on a balance of probabilities, including the quantity of substance detected, would support a conclusion that doping was neither intended, nor the result of gross negligence, willful negligence nor imprudence. In all cases, the onus of rebutting the presumption of doping, when the substance has been detected, shall rest with the person affected.

#### Article VI

Out-of-competition testing is directed solely at prohibited substances in classes (c),(d) and (e). The only Positive results for purposes of out-of-competition testing and the application of the IOC Medical Code will be in respect of such classes of prohibited substances and pharmacological, chemical and physical manipulation (classe II b).

#### List of examples of prohibited substances

CAUTION: This is not an exhaustive list of banned substances. Many substances that do not appear on this list are prohibeted under the term "and related substances".

**Stimulants** amfepramone amineptine amiphenazole amphetamine bromantan caffeine cathine cocaine cropropamide crothetamide ephedrine etamivan etilamphetamine etilefrine fencamfamin fenetylline fenfluramine heptaminol mefenorex mephentermine mesocarbe methamphetamine methoxyphenamine methylendioxyamphetamine methylephedrine methylphenidate nikethamide norphenfluramine parahydroxyamphetamine pemoline pentylentetrazol phendimetrazine phentermine phenylpropanolamine pholedrine pipradol prolintane propylhexedrine

pseudoephedrine

salbutamol

salmeterol

strychnine terbutaline

Narcotics
dextromoramide
diamorphine (heroin)
hydrocodone
methadone
morphine
pentazocine
pethidine

#### **Anabolic agents**

boldenone clenbuterol clostebol danazol dehydrochlormethyltest. dehydroepiandrosterone (DHEA) testosterone drostanolone fluoxymesterone formebolone mesterolone metandienone metenolone methandriol methyltestosterone mibolerone nandrolone norethandrolone oxandrolone oxymesterone oxymetholone salbutamol

salmetrol

stanozolol

terbutaline

testosterone

trenbolone

**Diuretics** 

acetazolamide
bendroflurmethiazide
bumentanide
canrenone
chlortalidone
ethacrynic acid
furosemide
hydrochlorothiazide
indapamide
mersalyl
spironolactone
triamterene

#### **Masking agents**

bromantan epitestosterone probenecid

#### **Peptide Hormones**

ACTH
erythropoietin (EPO)
hCG
hGH

#### Beta blockers

acebutolol alprenolol atenolol betaxolol bisoprolol bunolol labetalol metoprolol nadolol oxprenolol propranolol sotalol