

## Task 1: Print Sum, Difference, Product, and Quotient from user input

```
import java.util.Scanner; // Program import the Scanner class

public class Week1 {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner userInput1 = new Scanner(System.in); // Scanner userInput = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter the first number: "); // Program ask for First number

        int firstNumber = userInput1.nextInt();

        System.out.print("Enter the second number: "); // Program ask for Second number

        int secondNumber = userInput1.nextInt();

        userInput1.close();

        int sum = firstNumber + secondNumber; // Program calculate the sum of the two numbers

        int product = firstNumber * secondNumber; // Program calculate the product of the two numbers

        int difference = firstNumber - secondNumber; // Program calculate the difference of the two numbers

        int quotient = firstNumber / secondNumber; // Program calculate the quotient of the two numbers

        // Program display the answers of the two numbers

        System.out.println("The sum of the two numbers is: " + sum);

        System.out.println("The product of the two numbers is: " + product);

        System.out.println("The difference of the two numbers is: " + difference);

        System.out.println("The quotient of the two numbers is: " + quotient);

    }

}
```

- I import first the **Scanner** class from java for user input
- In the **main** method, I create a **Scanner** object to read user input
- The program will prompt the user to input two numbers and stores them as int.
- After storing the user input on variables, the program will perform two basic arithmetic: ***addition, multiplication, subtraction, and division.***
- The program will print the results of the operations to the console and close the Scanner.

The program demonstrates basic input and output operations and simple arithmetic calculations in Java.

```
Enter the first number: 34
Enter the second number: 12
The sum of the two numbers is: 46
The product of the two numbers is: 408
The difference of the two numbers is: 22
The quotient of the two numbers is: 2
```

## Task 2: Check the user input number if it is odd or even

```
import java.util.Scanner; // Program import the Scanner class

public class OddEven {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        Scanner userInput = new Scanner(System.in);

        System.out.print("Enter a number: "); // Program ask for a number

        int number = userInput.nextInt();

        if (number % 2 == 0) { // Program determine if the number is odd or even

            System.out.println("The number is even.");

        } else {

            System.out.println("The number is odd.");

        }

        userInput.close(); // Program close the scanner

    }

}
```

- Same with the first problem, I import **Scanner** to get the user input
- The program will prompt the user to enter a number.
- After that, the program will read the input as **integer**.
- I use if-else statement to check if the number is even or odd.
- If the number is divisible by 2 { **number % 2 == 0** }, the number is **even**.
- Otherwise, the number is **odd**.
- The program will print whether the number is **even** or **odd**.
- Finally, I close the Scanner to prevent resource leaks.

The program demonstrates basic input handling, conditional statements, and the modulus operator in Java to determine if a number is odd or even.

```
Enter a number: 12
The number is even.
PS C:\Users\Charles Laurence\Documents\Java-Assessments> java OddEven
Enter a number: 7
The number is odd.
```

### Task 3: Factorial of the given number

```
import java.util.Scanner; // Program import the Scanner class
import java.math.BigInteger; // Program import the BigInteger class
public class Factorial {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner userInput = new Scanner(System.in); // Program ask for a number
        System.out.print("Enter a number: "); // Program ask for a number
        int number = userInput.nextInt();
        BigInteger factorial = BigInteger.ONE;
        for (int i = 1; i <= number; i++) {
            factorial = factorial.multiply(BigInteger.valueOf(i)); // Program calculate the factorial of the number
        }
        System.out.println("The factorial of " + number + " is " + factorial); // Program display the factorial of the number
        userInput.close();
    }
}
```

- Same with the first and second problem, I also input **Scanner** for user input and **BigInteger** Classes.
- The program prompts the user to enter a number and reads it as an integer.
- The program uses **BigInteger** for the factorial calculation.
- I use a **for loop** to calculate the factorial.
- Iterates from 1 to the input number.

- Multiplies each number in this range to the factorial.
- The program will print the calculated factorial of the input number.

The program demonstrates user input handling loop usage, and basic arithmetic operations to compute the factorial of a number.

```
Enter a number: 5
```

```
The factorial of 5 is 120
```