Going to = futuro
Are you going to see her today? Yes.
Is there space for you to sleep there?

S => he, she, it / I, you, we, they = no S

I have 2 dogs / my father has 2 cats My grandmother has a macaw

macaw

Um/uma

- 1. One = número 1 = enfatizar o número You have 2 siblings, right? No, I just have one brother.
- 2. A/an***
 I have a husband / it's a beautiful bird

A/AN = UM/UMA

A + som de consoante: a car, a person, a teacher, a uniform, a university, a hospital, a human

AN + som de vogal: an architect, an engineer, an English teacher, an umbrella, an NGO, an hour, an honest person

THE = o, a, os, as

uma mulher = a woman a mulher = the woman

Siblings = irmãos (no geral) do you have siblings? No does Madu have siblings? 3 siblings. 2 sisters and 1 brother.

irmão (homem): brother / brothers (homens) irmã (mulher): sister / sisters (mulheres)

Irregular plural:

mulher: woman (A)

mulheres: women (E) "wimen"

homem: man (A) homens: men (E)

pessoa: person pessoas: people

criança: child "ai" crianças: children "i"

And = E

the end = o final

Afternoon = tarde After = depois Noon/midday/twelve o'clock = 12:00

I teach until noon = eu ensino até o meio-dia até = until (tempo)

até:

- 1. Until (Tempo) = I talk to you until 10:00 pm
- 2. Even (inclusão)

até você veio! = even you came!

1. What time does Mr. Miller get up?R= He gets up at six o'clockMadu = She gets up at 10/11 o'clock

2. Where does he eat lunch?R= He eats lunch in the teacher's roomMadu = She eats lunch in the cafeteria (refeitório)

cafeteria = coffee shop refeitório = cafeteria

3. Who does he eat lunch with?R= He eats lunch with the other teachersMadu = She eats lunch alone (sozinha)

4. How many kids does he have?R= He has three kidsMadu = she doesn't have kids

5. What time does he leave for work?
R= He leaves for work at seven-thirty
Madu = she leaves for work at midday

6. What does he do? = o que ele faz? = profissão R = He is an English teacher Madu = She is a pharmacy assistant

What does he do at school?
R= He prepares lessons and then teaches until noon

7. What does he like to watch on tv?
R= He likes to watch travel shows
Madu = She likes to watch movies and series

<u>action</u>

thriller

horror

<u>romance</u>

comedy

sci-fi (science fiction)

drama

8. What does he do after he gets back home?

R= He helps his kids with their homework, does some exercise, eats dinner and watches tv

Madu = she eats dinner and sleeps

9. What does he do before sleeping?

R= He reads in bed for a few minutes

Madu = She uses her cell phone

Alone = sozinho = I live alone (eu moro sozinho, sem ninguém) Lonely = solitário (l'm lonely!)

Buscar = pick up

I pick up Duda in the hospital and come to my house

99%: H => R

Hospital

Human

Humanity

Hotel

Hope

Home

House

Horse

Exception: hour, honest/honesty

Addicted = viciado(a)

Go:

I go

You go

She goes

He goes

It goes

We go You go They go

negative: DON'T / DOESN'T = he, she, it

I don't go = I don't go to the gym on Saturdays and Sundays You don't go = you don't study English with Madu She doesn't go = Madu doesn't like Palmeiras He doesn't go = Gabriel doesn't eat pork It doesn't go = it doesn't snow in Brazil We don't go = Gabriel and I don't live in São Paulo You don't = you don't live in São Paulo They don't go = my parents don't travel much

Eu não vou jogar futebol hoje => futuro l'm not going to play soccer today

I don't go = eu não vou (dia-a-dia) I don't go to the gym on Sundays

Eu vou:
I go = rotina
I will = futuro incerto
I'm going to = futuro certo

The dog sleeps here (it)
The dogs sleep here (they)