OVER THE WIRE: BANDIT

NIVEL 0

Nos conectamos con el usuario bandit0.

Luego escribimos la contraseña bandit0.



NIVEL 0-1

Si hacemos un **Is** veremos que hay un archivo readme. Usamos **cat** para ver el contenido.

```
bandit0@bandit:~$ ls
readme
bandit0@bandit:~$ file readme
readme: ASCII text
bandit0@bandit:~$ cat readme
NH2SXQwcBdpmTEzi3bvBHMM9H66vVXjL
```

NIVEL 1-2

Primero cerramos sesión con el otro usuario.

```
bandit1@bandit.labs.overthewire.org: Permission denied (publickey).
bandit0@bandit:~$ exit
logout
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit1** y ponemos la contraseña que habíamos visto antes, es decir **NH2SXQwcBdpmTEzi3bvBHMM9H66vVXjL**.



Usamos cat ./- para saber la contraseña del siguiente nivel (./ se refiere al directorio actual).

NIVEL 2-3

Iniciamos con el usuario **bandit2** y la contraseña anterior **rRGizSaX8Mk1RTb1CNQoXTcYZWU6lgzi**.

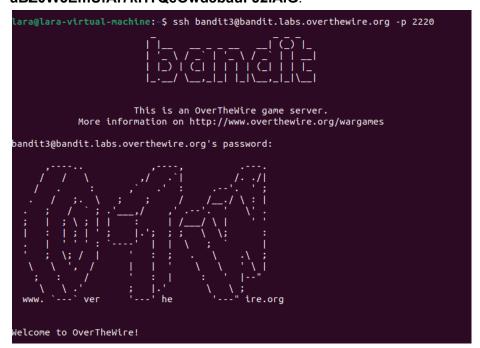


Si hacemos un **Is** vemos el siguiente archivo y para ver la contraseña usamos **cat**.

```
bandit2@bandit:~$ ls
spaces in this filename
bandit2@bandit:~$ cat "spaces in this filename"
aBZOW5EmUfAf7kHTQeOwd8bauFJ2lAiG
```

NIVEL 3-4

Iniciamos con el usuario 3 y ponemos la contraseña que hemos averiguado aBZ0W5EmUfAf7kHTQeOwd8bauFJ2IAiG.



Vemos que hay un directorio llamado **inhere**. Nos metemos en el directorio y con **Is -la** veremos los archivos ocultos, se sabe porque tiene un punto delante del nombre. Para que muestre la contraseña haremos un **cat .hidden**.

```
bandit3@bandit:~$ ls
bandit3@bandit:~$ cat inhere
cat: inhere: Is a directory
bandit3@bandit:~$ cd inhere
bandit3@bandit:~/inhere$ ls -la
total 12
                            4096 Oct 5 06:19
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                    root
                            4096 Oct 5 06:19 .
drwxr-xr-x 3 root
                    root
-rw-r---- 1 bandit4 bandit3
                             33 Oct 5 06:19 .hidden
bandit3@bandit:~/inhere$ cat .hidden
2EW7BBsr6aMMoJ2HjW067dm8EgX26xNe
```

NIVEL 4-5

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit4** y la contraseña que hemos descubierto **2EW7BBsr6aMMoJ2HjW067dm8EgX26xNe**.

Si nos metemos en el directorio **inhere** y usamos **Is** veremos que se muestran una serie de archivos. Al usar el comando **file** para saber cual es el que es solo legible por humanos, veremos que da error porque los nombres empiezan por un guión.

```
bandit4@bandit:~$ ls
inhere
bandit4@bandit:~$ cd inhere
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ ls
-file00 -file01 -file02 -file03 -file04 -file05 -file06 -file07 -file08 -file09
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ file -file00
file: Cannot open `ile00' (No such file or directory)
```

Con file **inhere**/* podremos ver una lista de los archivos del directorio y el tipo de archivo. Podemos ver que el **07** es el que buscamos.

```
bandit4@bandit:~/inhere$ cd ..
bandit4@bandit:~$ file inhere/*
inhere/-file00: data
inhere/-file01: data
inhere/-file02: data
inhere/-file03: data
inhere/-file04: data
inhere/-file05: data
inhere/-file06: data
inhere/-file07: ASCII text
inhere/-file08: data
inhere/-file09: data
```

Con cat \$(find . -name -file07) podremos encontrar el archivo en el directorio actual por su nombre.

```
bandit4@bandit:~$ cat $(find . -name -file07)
lrIWWI6bB37kxfiC0ZqUd0IYfr6eEeqR
```

NIVEL 5-6

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit5** y la contraseña que encontramos **IrlWWI6bB37kxfiCQZqUdOIYfr6eEeqR**.



Con **Is** vemos que el directorio inhere tiene muchas carpetas y dentro de ellas varios archivos.

```
bandit5@bandit:-$ ls
inhere
bandit5@bandit:-$ ls inhere
maybehere00 maybehere02 maybehere04 maybehere06 maybehere08 maybehere10 maybehere12 maybehere14 maybehere16 maybehere18
maybehere01 maybehere03 maybehere05 maybehere07 maybehere09 maybehere11 maybehere13 maybehere15 maybehere17 maybehere19
bandit5@bandit:-$ ls inhere/maybehere00
-file1 -file2 -file3 spaces file1 spaces file2 spaces file3
```

Con el comando **find** . **-type f -readable ! -executable -size 1033c** podemos encontrar un archivo como nos pide que sea legible por humanos, que pese 1033 bytes y que no sea ejecutable. Después podremos ver la contraseña con un **cat**.

```
bandit5@bandit:~$ find . -type f -readable ! -executable -size 1033c
./inhere/maybehere07/.file2
bandit5@bandit:~$ cat ./inhere/maybehere07/.file2
P4L4vucdmLnm8I7Vl7jG1ApGSfjYKqJU
```

NIVEL 6-7

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit6** y la contraseña **P4L4vucdmLnm8I7VI7jG1ApGSfjYKqJU**.



Con find / -user bandit7 -group bandit6 -size 33c 2>/dev/null podremos ver donde está la contraseña. Como dice el enunciado el usuario propietario es bandit7, el grupo propietario bandit6 y ocupa 33 bytes. Es importante poner 2>/dev/null ya que si no, nos dará una serie de errores, así de esta forma los moverá a la carpeta /dev/null.

bandit6@bandit:~\$ find / -user bandit7 -group bandit6 -size 33c 2>/dev/null
/var/lib/dpkg/info/bandit7.password

Ahora con cat podremos ver la contraseña.

bandit6@bandit:~\$ cat /var/lib/dpkg/info/bandit7.password
z7WtoNQU2XfjmMtWA8u5rN4vzqu4v99S

NIVEL 7-8

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit7** y la contraseña **z7WtoNQU2XfjmMtWA8u5rN4vzqu4v99S**.



Si hacemos **Is** veremos que nos sale el archivo **data.txt**.

```
bandit7@bandit:~$ ls
data.txt
```

Sin embargo, si intentamos usar el comando **cat data.txt** nos saldrán un montón de palabras.

```
tabulates b7Hs249ePLDfCkFhMOCzfneurkfCrVlv
roughnecking ahmjijkwKCr90VzFLKauMHLVLXUXYhz
parboiling J2hWtXtc9dDeSEEdHXeyF480YiX7hZqo
stupor's hYN3LJEUQhOqXNDSJ.FWMNXVMAGhMQm
woes rpkIAQasuDyHozuviecohClyxwNACkJ
squtshy SiJDqXUJAVIVSIX3paScenbHlQqfdre
megahertz's z7UsBdhjMUoAeXxSfKElpORqPABVmxsn
potter's F26XoBahTjVJUZUJTVYHAPPAWBlbLqd
Josefina AdMsNLajWtQyGJTVYYJAPPAWBlbLqd
Jutrasound's 6MaVNSMNOTYFDtGSKBTja49QAKCpck
Webb LAXTBWtjaHdrCxW7ULqP9QvU0KXDMWyE
autographs pxfsj8jTzkAAongBE73dcSHZXtZyPHFm
slather t0AahjYsmje6a4ZcHDzctToAoBAhjWa
Lapel VJVVEVPKWJAMHAPYYKVOKqBBF73cCM97D
Crystals UVvM460UUSPe66GWFSJha6NKM9qPPXi
dtlemas ploMtScBohyJD4JUaGftOBzqzVSVSbXk
skistence bgvP4X4M8DNNSMUBWkVy4FUZFABAS2
phantasnagoria's etystNmSwMjOfKF2ouNoSLcbqK9KZha0
hairdo AYTjHzE8QUIJAKTX9kCffypWtM9e8803
he'd cXthDFuscZWaiffWFNGinUMsOFHRdvER
shuttlecocking tBSLG10bbkLEJPWtM9e8803
he'd cXthDFuscZWaiffWFNGinUMsOFHRDVATXSLMAR
demagog u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbdySpc7FQRXYqtY0Fg
U10csUndemagogy
u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbdySpc7FQRXyqtY0Fg
U10csUndemagogy
u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbdySpc7FQRXyqtY0Fg
U10csUndemagogy
u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbdySpc7FQRXyqtY0Fg
U10csUndemagogy
u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbdySpc7FQRXyqtY0Fg
U10csUndemagogy
u4Qrk4KtGR7AfbbySpc7FQRXyqtYdCyNGABABABABABABABABABABAB
```

Para poder encontrar la palabra **millionth** escribiremos **grep "millionth" data.txt** para que muestre la línea donde está la palabra que buscamos.

NIVEL 8-9

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit8** y la contraseña **TESKZC0XvTetK0S9xNwm25STk5iWrBvP**.



Para encontrar la línea de texto que no se repite ordenaremos y borraremos las líneas repetidas con **sort -u data.txt**.

bandit8@bandit:~\$ sort -u data.tx 18DyjwhN856SsMx8bNrFSvr6rJxNQKhE 1iyGemEgn3qU00FcAJyGPH0iewqZyp1y 2CQ5DQRdtoe9Ft8YpMHqCwQcN1Bk9lCI 365RauAVsFlxktPMpoLtIf1uxijU1TfV 4K2MoVHd1gXfoOdDjvlaRxFNZwmi4A4C 52p0CnGhAvm4m3fPKqz9mTxVDeVYCvnG 5Y76FifuxKStZi4CVovF2uPhgLrZnLzG 7A4l2BI3lPJgNdWAmyXAGlfB8uvCQLX0 8cxarYi5VoKRj3lzo2baLOJaMgUtzoRH 97Qwmy18JE8aGIud1stpTsOrOtUMHeGI 9d8exmGtSsGcU1gz6HmqTfSxmnmI4FBo A16BW831T94qcsYcGDSkgzYhxnX2xUdK aAd8RbcAAGVRifo0gE2x1nPIGH2fjgZi ahwL1iJ5EDLt9wpBjrP2DY8pv6FLdrLy AiYd84l00VTA4gqJPX7f6DH8eG3zwq1W aniL5AEkrKcj4mFR1ujwPZdtF4z1SAin b0XUx8jfeWYAUGlnOGGAyVRxdNziM4SF bJDV41So5UyGPR98w9x5pX6nqWs0U2ra br26ueVSoLeZd8HqErTJpNVCtwFufHG0 BVego10uHFYy1glUiCH3m5dQxEPV8D6d bW08QplAdUvLTPoI07UdQc6zKv0N0WS3 cEqNrEqHVIIi9fQKdcvAxaip1brmsSxT Dml3j9ydZQj13Q6xVRPHVuMhD9pt0NbT drJxnp5fJxeVRYlCldsIEtrEEwBdyRIL eJZcdtHKg9jLpvpK9v31Fj1opqlA1A9k EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSlNInNE00t eNdwlpf6iBeQ3o11iHefoHd9GYKDTIfQ euIPhAiMI8n0DxPCbaAhJ9RTBO3fX4UE

Con cat data.txt | sort | uniq -u ordenaremos las palabras y buscaremos la que no se repite.

```
bandit8@bandit:~$ cat data.txt | sort | uniq -u
EN632PlfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSlNInNE00t
```

NIVEL 9-10

Nos conectamos con el usuario bandit9 y la contraseña

EN632PIfYiZbn3PhVK3XOGSINInNE00t.



Si usamos **file data.txt** veremos que es un archivo de datos y con **cat** podemos ver que salen símbolos raros.

Con **strings data.txt | grep "="** buscaremos los iguales eliminando todos los símbolos que no sean caracteres.

```
andit9@bandit:~$ strings data.txt | grep "="
2""L(
x]T
              theG)"
           passwordk^
t%=q
           is
4=}D3
{1\=
FC&=z
        $/2`)=Y
{TbJ;=l
[=lɪˈ
           G7w8LIi6J3kTb8A7j9LgrywtEUlyyp6s
>8=6
uea
```

Para ordenar mejor la frase podemos usar strings data.txt | grep "==" | awk {'print \$2'}.

```
bandit9@bandit:~$ strings data.txt | grep "==" | awk {'print $2'}
theG)"
passwordk^
is
G7w8LI16J3kTb8A7j9LgrywtEUlyyp6s
```

NIVEL 10-11

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit10** y la contraseña **G7w8Lli6J3kTb8A7j9LgrywtEUlyyp6s**.



Si usamos **cat** vemos que el contenido de **data.txt** está encriptado.

```
bandit10@bandit:~$ cat data.txt
VGhlIHBhc3N3b3JkIGlzIDZ6UGV6aUxkUjJSS05kTllGTmI2blZDS3pwaGxYSEJNCg==
```

Para averiguar la contraseña podemos usar el decodificador **base64**.

```
bandit10@bandit:~$ cat data.txt | base64 -d
The password is 6zPeziLdR2RKNdNYFNb6nVCKzphlXHBM
```

NIVEL 11-12

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit11** y la contraseña **6zPeziLdR2RKNdNYFNb6nVCKzphIXHBM**.



Con cat podemos acceder al archivo pero vemos que solo salen letras sin sentido ya que se han rotado 13 posiciones.

```
bandit11@bandit:~$ cat data.txt
Gur cnffjbeq vf WIAOOSFZMjXXBC0KoSKBbJ8puQm5lIEi
```

Para descifrarlo usaremos cat data.txt | tr '[A-Za-z]' '[N-ZA-Mn-za-m]'.

```
bandit11@bandit:~$ cat data.txt | tr '[A-Za-z]' '[N-ZA-Mn-za-m]'
The password is JVNBBFSmZwKKOP0XbFXOoW8chDz5yVRv
```

NIVEL 12-13

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit12** y la contraseña **JVNBBFSmZwKKOP0XbFXOoW8chDz5yVRv**.



Si mostramos el contenido de data.txt con cat veremos que nos aparece esto.

```
bandit12@bandit:~$ ls
data.txt
 bandit12@bandit:~$ cat data.txt
000000001: 1f8b 0808 6855 1e65 0203 6461 7461 322e
00000010: 6269 6e00 013d 02c2 fd42 5a68 3931 4159
00000020: 2653 5948 1b32 0200 0019 ffff faee cff7
00000030: f6ff e4f7 bfbc ffff bff7 ffb9 39ff 7ffb
00000040: bd31 eeff b9fb fbbb b9bf f77f b001 3b2c
                                                                                              ...hU.e..data2.
                                                                                            bin..=...BZh91AY
                                                                                            &SYH.2.....
00000050: d100 0d03 d200 6868 0d00 0069 a00d 0340 00000060: la68 00d0 0d01 a1a0 0001 a680 0003 46d4 00000070: 6434 3234 611a 340d 07a4 c351 068f 5000
                                                                                              .....hh...i...@
                                                                                            d424a.4....Q..P.
00000080: 069a 0680 0000 0006 8006 8da4 681a 6868
                                                                                             ....h.hh
00000090: 0d06 8d00 6834 3400 d07a 9a00 01a0 0341
                                                                                             ....h44..z....A
000000a0: eale a190 da40 3d10 ca68 3468 6800 00c8
                                                                                            ....@=..h4hh...
...P...4.i..1...
000000b0: 1a1a 1b50 0683 d434 d069 a0d0 3100 d000
                                                                                            .....hd....
000000c0: 001e a680 00d0 1a00 d0d0 6864 d0c4 d0d0
                                                                                            ...At@.....L.".
f.+~....t...3.
000000d0: 000c 8641 7440 0108 032e 86b4 4cf0 22bb
0000000e0: 6682 2b7e b3e2 e98d aa74 dacc 0284 330d
000000f0: bbb2 9494 d332 d933 642a 3538 d27e 09ce
00000100: 53da 185a 505e aada 6c75 59a2 b342 0572
                                                                                            .....2.3d*58.~..
S..ZP^..luY..B.r
$.F.P!%..s..h...
00000110: 249a 4600 5021 25b0 1973 c18a 6881 1bef
00000120: 3f9b 1429 5b1d 3d87 68b5 804f 1d28 42fa
                                                                                             ?..)[.=.h..0.(B.
00000130: 16c2 3241 98fb 8229 e274 5a63 fe92 3aca 00000140: 70c3 a329 d21f 41e0 5a10 08cb 888f 30df
                                                                                            ..2A...).tZc..:.
p..)..A.Z....0.
                                                                                            ....A..yje.....
x,..(....z.E.+"
00000150: f3da ce85 418b 0379 6a65 cfa2 eeb7 9f01
00000160: 782c da0e 288b e0c3 fe13 7af5 45ab 2b22
00000170: a432 bf2f e32d b9e6 1465 2296 d805 a45e
00000180: d1c1 eacb 7483 6aac ca0e cf24 8864 bd40
00000190: 118c 644a 1dc6 a127 375c b7a6 c124 bdae
                                                                                            .2./.-...e"....^
....t.j....$.d.@
..dJ...'7\...$..
m1c..#>.a...E.V.
000001a0: 6d31 63a0 a223 3ea0 61d4 bdf0 450f 56fb
000001b0: a546 8d34 08a2 4f1d 43d3 9063 404d dd43
000001c0: b4f2 e65d bcb7 5932 0f5e 6802 3892 a988
                                                                                            .F.4..O.C..c@M.C
...]..Y2.^h.8...
D=..~.O.I..NDpF.
+.|b#J.v...#.J
000001d0: 443d 8e89 7e09 4fb0 499d ee4e
                                                                        4470 46c0
000001e0: 2ba6 7c62 234a 7f76 151b aec0 23ee 4a97
000001f0: bc64 e34c de8a 5724 a1c3 9b89 cd96 1879
00000200: d560 0cbb 5c26 09e4 efaf 5b94 402a 7780
00000210: 4d87 30ce b8a3 946e 72c1 a643 1db7 a060
                                                                                             .d.L..W$.....
                                                                                            .`..\&....[.@*w.
M.O....nr..C...
00000220: 6524 629c 0c7e 8e7b e0f8 820c d5cb 60a0
00000230: 003c a584 d4c1 61ef eb02 3f65 3a54 a3a2
00000240: a565 c154 34c2 b162 d206 1ff8 bb92 29c2
                                                                                             e$b..~.{....
                                                                                             .e.T4..b....).
 00000250: 8482 40d9_9010 b3a9 e478 3d02 0000
                                                                                              .....x=.
```

Crearemos un directorio en /tmp con mkdir /tmp/nombreDirectorio y lo copiamos con cp data.txt/tmp/lara.

```
bandit12@bandit:~$ mkdir /tmp/lara
bandit12@bandit:~$ cp data.txt /tmp/lara
```

Vamos siguiendo los pasos hasta que nos salga un archivo ASCII que será donde está la contraseña.

```
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ xxd -r data.txt n1
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file n1
n1: gzip compressed data, was "data2.bin", last modified: Thu Oct 5 06:19:20 2023, max compression, from Unix, original size modulo 2^32 573
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ mv n1 data2.gz
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ ls
data tyt
  banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ gzip -d data2.gz
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file data2
data2: bzip2 compressed data, block size = 900k
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ mv data2 data3.bz2
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ prip2 -d data3.bz2
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file data3
data3: gzip compressed data, was "data4.bin", last modified: Thu Oct 5 06:19:20 2023, max compression, from Unix, original size modulo 2^32 20480
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ mv data3 data4.gz
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ gzip -d data4.gz
banditi2@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file data4
data4: POSIX tara archive (GNU)
 data4: POSIX tar archive (GNU)
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ tar -xvf data4
data5.bin
datas.btn
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/larn$ file data5.bin
datas.btn: POSIX tar archive (GNU)
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/larn$ tar -xvf data5.bin
data6.btn
data6.bin
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file data6.bin
data6.bin: bzip2 compressed data, block size = 900k
bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ mv data6.bin data7.bz2
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ bzip2 -d data7.bz2
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ file data7
data7: POSIX tar archive (GNU)
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ tar -xvf data7
data8.bin
data8.bin
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/larm$ file data 8.bin
data: cannot open 'data' (No such file or directory)
8.bin: cannot open '8.bin' (No such file or directory)
8.bin: cannot open '8.bin' (No such file or directory)
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/larm$ file data8.bin
data8.bin: gzip compressed data, was "data9.bin", last modified: Thu Oct 5 06:19:20 2023, max compression, from Unix, original size modulo 2^32 49
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/larm$ gzip -d data9.gz
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/larm$ gzip -d data9.gz
bandtt12@bandit:/tmp/larm$ file data9
data9: ASCII text
 bandit12@bandit:/tmp/lara$ cat data9
The password is wbWdlBxEir4CaE8LaPhauu0o6p
```

NIVEL 13-14

Nos conectamos con el usuario bandit13 y la contraseña wbWdIBxEir4CaE8LaPhauuOo6pwRmrDw.



Con **ssh bandit14@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 -i sshkey.private** nos podremos conectar con el usuario **bandit14**.

```
bandit13@bandit:~$ ls
sshkey.private
bandit13@bandit:~$ ssh bandit14@bandit.labs.overthewire.org -p 2220 -i sshkey.private
The authenticity of host '[bandit.labs.overthewire.org]:2220 ([127.0.0.1]:2220)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:C2ihUBV7ihnV1wUXRb4RrEcLfXC5CXlhmAAM/urerLY.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Could not create directory '/home/bandit13/.ssh' (Permission denied).
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/bandit13/.ssh/known_hosts).

bandit14@bandit:~$ whoami
bandit14
```

NIVEL 14-15

Con cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit14 podemos ver la contraseña del usuario bandit14. Si ponemos esa contraseña en el puerto 30000 del localhost nos saldrá la contraseña de bandit15.

```
bandit14@bandit:-$ cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit14
fGrHPx402xGC7U7rXKDaxiWFTOiF0ENq
bandit14@bandit:-$ telnet localhost 30000
Trying 127.0.0.1...
Connected to localhost.
Escape character is '^]'.
fGrHPx402xGC7U7rXKDaxiWFTOiF0ENq
Correct!
jN2kgmIXJ6fShzhT2avhotn4Zcka6tnt
Connection closed by foreign host.
```

NIVEL 15-16

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit15** y la contraseña **jN2kgmlXJ6fShzhT2avhotn4Zcka6tnt**.



Nos conectamos al puerto 30001 y le ponemos la contraseña del anterior usuario.

```
bandit15@bandit:-$ openssl s_client -connect localhost:30001 -ign_eof
CONNECTED(000000003)
Can't use SSL_get_servername
depth=0 CN = localhost
verify error:num=18:self-signed certificate
verify return:1

read R BLOCK
jN2kgmIXJ6fShzhT2avhotn4Zcka6tnt
Correct!
JQttfApK4SeyHwDlI9SXGR50qclOAil1
```

NIVEL 16-17

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit16** y la contraseña **JQttfApK4SeyHwDll9SXGR50gclOAil1**.



Con **nmap -A localhost -p 31000-32000** escaneamos los servicios en el rango de puertos especificado y vemos que el puerto **31960** está abierto.

```
bandit16@bandit:~$ nmap -A localhost -p 31000-32000

Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-02-09 19:03 UTC

Nmap scan report for localhost (127.0.0.1)

Host is up (0.00015s latency).

Not shown: 996 closed ports

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

31046/tcp open echo

31518/tcp open ssl/echo
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost
| Nut valid before: 2024-02-09703:53:52
| Not valid after: 2024-02-09703:54:52

31691/tcp open echo
31790/tcp open essl/unknown
| fingerprint-strings:
| FourOhFourRequest, GenericLines, GetRequest, HTTPOptions, Help, Kelly Monory Please enter the correct current password
| ssl-cert: Subject: commonName=localhost
| Subject Alternative Name: DNS:localhost
| Not valid before: 2024-02-09703:53:53
| Not valid sfter: 2024-02-09703:54:53

31960/tcp open echo
| service unrecognized despite returning data. If you know the service SF-Port31790-TCP:V=7.80%T=SSL%I=7%D=2/9%Time=65C67727%P=x86_64-pc-line SF:Wsr(GenericLines, 31, "Wrong!\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Please\x20Plea
```

Con **openssl s_client -connect localhost:31790** nos conectamos al puerto **31790** y ponemos la contraseña del usuario. Copiamos la clave que nos sale.

```
bandit16@bandit:~$ openssl s_client -connect localhost:31790
CONNECTED(00000003)
Can't use SSL_get_servername
depth=0 CN = localhost
verify error:num=18:self-signed certificate

read R BLOCK
JQttfApK4SeyHwDl19SXGR50qcl0Ail1
Correct!
----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEogIBAAKCAQEAvmOkuifmMg6HL2YPIOjon6iWfbp7c3jx34YkYWqUH57SUdyJimZzeyGC0gtZPGujUSxiJSWI/oTqexh+cAMTSMl0Jf7+BrJ0bArnxd9Y7YT2bRPQ
```

Ja6Lzb558YW3FZl87ORiO+rW4LCDCNd2lUvLE/GL2GWyuKN0K5iCd5TbtJzEkQTu DSt2mcNn4rhAL+JFr56o4T6z8WWAW18BR6yGrMq7Q/kALHYW3OekePQAzL0VUYbW

Creamos un directorio y pegamos la clave dentro.

```
bandit16@bandit:~$ mkdir /tmp/soylara
bandit16@bandit:~$ cd /tmp/soylara
```

bandit16@bandit:/tmp/soylara\$ nano soylara
Unable to create directory /home/bandit16/.local/share/nano/: No such file or directory
It is required for saving/loading search history or cursor positions.

bandit16@bandit: /tmp/soylara File Edit View Search Terminal Help sovlara * ---BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY IIEogIBAAKCAQEAvmOkulfmMg6HL2YPIOjon6iWfbp7c3jx34YkYWqUH57SUdyJ mZzeyGC0gtZPGujUSxiJSWI/oTqexh+cAMTSMlOJf7+BrJObArnxd9Y7YT2bRPQ a6Lzb558YW3FZl87ORiO+rW4LCDCNd2lUvLE/GL2GWyuKN0K5iCd5TbtJzEkQTu aGLZB536TW3F2E67GCHTM4LCDCNQZEUVELGYGZGWQUNNOKSZGUSTUSJZERYU ST2mCNn4rhAL+JF76604T6z8WWAW18BR6yGrMq7Q/YkALHYW3OckePQAZLOVUYbW GT165CxbCnzc/w4+mqQyvmzpWtMAzJTZAZQXNbkR2MBGySxbLrjg0LWN6sKTWNX 0YVztz/zbIkPjfkU1jHS+9EbVNj+D1XFOJuaQIDAQABAoIBABagpxpM1aoLWfvD Hcj10nqcoBc4oE11aFYQwik7xfW+24pRNuDE6SFthOar69jp5RlLwD1NhPx3iBl 9nOM80J0VToum43UOS8YxF8WwhXriYGnc1sskbwpXOUDc9uX4+UESzH22P29ovd 8WErY0gPxun8pbJLmxkAtWNhpMvfe0050vk9TL5wqbu9AlbssgTcCXkMQnPw9nC NN6DDPŽlbcBrvgT9YCNL6C+ZKufD52y0Q9qOkwFTEQpjtF4uNtJom+asvlpmS8A LY9r60wYSvmZhNqBUrj7lyCtXMIu1kkd4w7F77k+DjHoAXyxcUp1DGL51sOmama TOWWgECgYEA8JtPxP0GRJ+IQkX262jM3dEIkza8ky5moIwUqYdsx0NxHgRRhORT c8hAuRBb2G82so8vUHk/fur850Efc9TncnCY2crpoqsghifKLxrLgtT+qDpfZnx atLdt8GfQ85yA7hnWWJ2MxF3NaeSDm75Lsm+tBbAiyc9P2jGRNtMSkCgYEAypHd CctNi/FwjulhttFx/rHYKhLidZDFYeiE/v45bN4yFm8x7R/b0iE7KaszX+Exdvt ghaTdcG0Knyw1bpJVyusavPzpaJMjdJ6tcFhVAbAjm7enCIvGCSx+X3l5SiWg0A 57hJglezIiVjv3aGwHwvlZvtszK6zV6oXFAu0ECgYAbjo46T4hyP5tJi93V5HDi tiek7xRVxUl-iU7rWkGAXFpMLFteQEsRr7PJ/lemmEY5eTDAFMLy9FL2m9oQWCg 8VdwSk8r9FGLS+9aKcV5PI/WEKlwgXinB3OhYimtiG2Cg5JCqIZFHxD6MjEGOiu 8ktHMPvodBwNsSBULpG0QKBgBAplTfC1HOnWiMGOU3KPwYWt0O6CdTkmJOmL8Ni lheelyZ9FsGxsgtRBXRsqXuz7wtsQAgLHxbdLq/ZJQ7YfzOKU4ZxEnabvXnvkkU OdjHdSOoKvDQNWu6ucyLRAWFuISeXw9a/9p7ftpxm0TSgyvmfLF2MIAEwyzRqaM 7pBAoGAMmjmlJdjp+Ez8duyn3leo36yrttF5NSsJLAbxFpdlc1gvtGCWW+9Cq0b xvlW8+TFVEBl104f7HVm6EpTscdDxU+bCXWkfjuRb7Dy9GOtt9JPsX8MBTakzh3 Bgsyi/sN3RqRBcGU40f0oZyfAMT8s1m/uYv5206IgeuZ/ujbjY= END RSA PRIVATE KEY-

Con chmod 600 aplicamos permisos de lectura y escritura para el usuario.

bandit16@bandit:/tmp/soylara\$ chmod 600 soylara

Nos conectamos con bandit17.

```
banditi@bandit:/tmp/soylara$ ssh -i soylara banditi7@localhost -p 2220
The authenticity of host '[localhost]:2220 ([127.0.0.1]:2220)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:C2ihuBV7ihnV1wUXRb4RFECLfXCSCXlhmAAM/urerLY.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Could not create directory 'home/banditi6/.ssh' (Permission denied).
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/banditi6/.ssh/known_hosts).

This is an OverTheWire game server.

More information on http://www.overthewire.org/wargames
!!! You are trying to log into this SSH server with a password on port 2220 from localhost.
!!! Connecting from localhost is blocked to conserve resources.
!!! Please log out and log in again.
```

Nivel 17-18

diff passwords.old passwords.new nos da la diferencia entre la contraseña antigua y nueva.

```
bandit17@bandit:~$ ls
passwords.new passwords.old
bandit17@bandit:~$ diff passwords.old passwords.new
42c42
< p6ggwdNHncnmCNxuAt0KtKVq185ZU7AW
---
> hga5tuuCLF6fFzUpnagiMN8ssu9LFrdg
```

Accedemos con el usuario **bandit18** y la contraseña **hga5tuuCLF6fFzUpnagiMN8ssu9LFrdg**.



```
Byebye !
Connection to bandit.labs.overthewire.org closed.
```

NIVEL 18-19

Volvemos a acceder pero añadimos cat readme y nos saldrá la contraseña.

NIVEL 19-20

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit19** y la contraseña **awhqfNnAbc1naukrpqDYcF95h7HoMTrC**.



Para ver el contenido de **bandit20** usamos el comando ./bandit20-do cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit20.

```
bandit19@bandit:~$ ls
bandit20-do
bandit19@bandit:~$ ./bandit20-do
Run a command as another user.
   Example: ./bandit20-do id
bandit19@bandit:~$ ./bandit20-do cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit20
VxCazJaVykI6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT
```

NIVEL 20-21

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit20** y la contraseña **VxCazJaVykl6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT**.



El comando **echo -n "VxCazJaVykl6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT" | nc -l -p 1234 &** envía la cadena "VxCazJaVykl6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT" a través de la red a un servidor que escucha en el puerto 1234 utilizando Netcat (nc).

```
bandit20@bandit:-$ echo -n "VxCazJaVykI6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT" | nc -l -p 1234 &
[1] 1615142
bandit20@bandit:-$ ./suconnect 1234
Read: VxCazJaVykI6W36BkBU0mJTCM8rR95XT
Password matches, sending next password
bandit20@bandit:-$ NvEJF7oVjkddltPSrdKEFOllh9V1IBcq
```

NIVEL 21-22

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit21** y la contraseña **NvEJF7oVjkddltPSrdKEFOIlh9V1IBcq**.



Accedemos a **cron.d** y miramos el contenido con **Is**. Después miramos el contenido del script que lee la contraseña del usuario **bandit22** y la guarda en el el fichero /tmp/t706../.

```
bandit21gbandit:-$ cd /etc/cron.d
bandit21gbandit:/etc/cron.d$ ls
cronjob_bandit15_root cronjob_bandit17_root cronjob_bandit22 cronjob_bandit23 cronjob_bandit24 cronjob_bandit25_root e2scrub_all otw-tmp-dir sysstat
bandit21gbandit:/etc/cron.d$ cat /usr/bin/cronjob_bandit22.sh
#!/bin/bash
chmod 644 /tmp/t706ids950RqQh9aMcz65hpAoZKF7fgv
cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit22 > /tmp/t706ids950RqQh9aMcz65hpAoZKF7fgv
bandit21gbandit:/etc/cron.d$ cat /tmp/t706ids950RqQh9aMcz65hpAoZKF7fgv
WdDozAdTM2z9DiFEQ2mclwngMfj4EZff
```

NIVEL 22-23

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit22** y la contraseña **WdDozAdTM2z9DiFEQ2mGlwngMfj4EZff**.



Volvemos al directorio **cron.d** y miramos el contenido de **cronjob_bandid23**. Vemos el contenido de la ruta que nos sale y copiamos el comando .

bandit22@bandit:/etc/cron.d\$ cat /tmp/8ca319486bfbbc3663ea0fbe81326349

QYw0Y2aiA672PsMmh9puTQuhoz8Sy<u>R</u>2G

NIVEL 23-24

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit23** y la contraseña **QYw0Y2aiA672PsMmh9puTQuhoz8SyR2G**.



Repetimos el proceso pero con cronjob_bandit24.

Creamos un directorio en /tmp y escribimos el script #!/bin/bash cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit24 >> /tmp/pizza/nivel24. Lo que va a hacer es leer la contraseña de bandit24 y almacenarla en /tmp/pizza/.

```
bandit23@bandit:/etc/cron.d$ mkdir /tmp/pizza
bandit23@bandit:/etc/cron.d$ cd /tmp/pizza
bandit23@bandit:/tmp/pizza$ nano bandit24.sh
Unable to create directory /home/bandit23/.local/share/nano/: No such file or directory
It is required for saving/loading search history or cursor positions.
```

```
GNU nano 6.2 bandit24.sh *
#!/bin/bash
cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit24 > /tmp/pizza/nivel24
```

Damos permisos a bandit24.sh y al directorio pizza .

```
bandit23@bandit:/tmp/pizza$ chmod 777 bandit24.sh
```

```
bandit23@bandit:/tmp$ chmod 777 pizza
bandit23@bandit:/tmp$ cd pizza
```

Lo copiamos al siguiente directorio.

```
bandit23@bandit:/tmp/pizza$ cp bandit24.sh /var/spool/bandit24/foo
```

Y vemos que aparece.

```
bandit23@bandit:/tmp/pizza$ ls
bandit24.sh nivel24
bandit23@bandit:/tmp/pizza$ cat nivel24
VAfGXJ1PBSsPSnvsjI8p759leLZ9GGar
```

NIVEL 24-25

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit25** y la contraseña **VAfGXJ1PBSsPSnvsjl8p759leLZ9GGar**.

Creamos un directorio en /tmp y dentro un script.

```
bandit24@bandit:~$ mkdir /tmp/galleta
bandit24@bandit:~$ cd /tmp/galleta
bandit24@bandit:/tmp/galleta$ nano bruteforcer.sh
Unable to create directory /home/bandit24/.local/share/nano/: No such file or directory
It is required for saving/loading search history or cursor positions.
```

Generamos un listado con todos los números posibles.

```
GNU nano 6.2
#!/bin/bash

passwd="VAfGXJ1PBSsPSnvsjI8p759leLZ9GGar"

for i in {8000..9999}

do echo $passwd' '$i >> output.txt

done
```

Damos permisos, ejecutamos el script y enviamos los resultados a través de la red a localhost en el puerto 30002, y luego guardamos esos resultados en result.txt

```
bandit24@bandit:/tmp/galleta$ chmod 777 bruteforcer.sh
bandit24@bandit:/tmp/galleta$ ./bruteforcer.sh
bandit24@bandit:/tmp/galleta$ cat output.txt | nc localhost 30002 >> result.txt
bandit24@bandit:/tmp/galleta$ sort result.txt | uniq -u

Correct!
Exiting.
The password of user bandit25 is p7TaowMYrmu230l8hiZh9UvD009hpx8d
```

NIVEL 25-26

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit25** y la contraseña **p7TaowMYrmu23Ol8hiZh9UvD0O9hpx8d**.



Vemos que si accedemos se nos cierra la conexión.

```
bandit25@bandit:~$ ls
bandit26.sshkey
bandit25@bandit:~$ ssh -i bandit26.sshkey bandit26@localhost -p 2220
```

```
bandit25@bandit:-$ cat /etc/passwd | grep bandit26
bandit26:x:11026:11026:bandit level 26:/home/bandit26:/usr/bin/showtext
bandit25@bandit:-$ cat /usr/bin/showtext
#!/bin/sh
export TERM=linux
exec more ~/text.txt
exit 0
```

Volvemos a acceder con el usuario con la ventana minimizada. Pulsamos **v** para acceder al modo visual de **more**.



Dentro escribiremos :set shell=/bin/bash para establecer la shell.

~ :set shell=/bin/bash

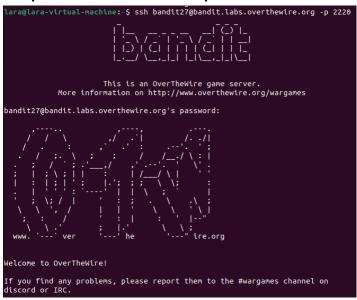
NIVEL 26-27

Dentro accedemos a la shell con :shell y escribimos ./bandit27-do cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit27 para ver la contraseña.

```
:shell
bandit26@bandit:~$ ./bandit27-do cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit27
YnQpBuifNMas1hcUFk70ZmqkhUU2EuaS
```

NIVEL 27-28

Accedemos con el usuario **bandit27** y la contraseña **YnQpBuifNMas1hcUFk70ZmqkhUU2EuaS**.



Creamos un directorio en /tmp.

```
bandit27@bandit:~$ ls
bandit27@bandit:~$ cd /tmp
bandit27@bandit:/tmp$ mkdir macarron
bandit27@bandit:/tmp$ cd macarron
```

Dentro clonamos el repositorio de git.

Dentro encontramos la contraseña.

```
bandit27@bandit:/tmp/macarron$ ls
repo
bandit27@bandit:/tmp/macarron$ cd repo
bandit27@bandit:/tmp/macarron/repo$ ls
README
bandit27@bandit:/tmp/macarron/repo$ cat README
The password to the next level is: AVanL161y9rsbcJIsFHuw35rjaOM19nR
```

NIVEL 28-29

Accedemos con el usuario **bandit28** y la contraseña **AVanL161y9rsbcJlsFHuw35rjaOM19nR**.



Hacemos los mismos pasos que antes.

```
bandit28@bandit:/tmp/fidee$ git clone ssh://bandit28-git@localhost:2220/home/bandit28-git/repo
Cloning into 'repo'...
The authenticity of host '[localhost]:2220 ([127.0.0.1]:2220)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:C2ihUBV7ihnV1wUXRb4RrECLFXC5CXlhmAAM/urerLY.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Could not create directory '/home/bandit28/.ssh' (Permission denied).
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/bandit28/.ssh/known_hosts).

This is an OverTheWire game server.
More information on http://www.overthewire.org/wargames

bandit28-git@localhost's password:
remote: Enumerating objects: 9, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (9/9), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (6/6), done.
remote: Total 9 (delta 2), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0
Receiving objects: 100% (9/9), done.
Receiving objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (2/2), done.
Bandit28@bandit:/tmp/fideo/repo$ ls
README.md
bandit28@bandit:/tmp/fideo/repo$ cat README.md
# Bandit Notes
Some notes for level29 of bandit.

## credentials
- username: bandit29
- password: xxxxxxxxxxx
```

Con git log veremos el historial de commits y git show muestra los detalles.

```
bandit28@bandit:/tmp/fideo/repc$ git log
commit 14f754b3b3c531a2b89df6ccae6446e8969a41f3 (HEAD -> master, origin/master, origin/HEAD)
Author: Morla Porla <morla@overthewire.org>
Date: Thu Oct 5 06:19:41 2023 +0000

    fix info leak

commit f08b9cc63fa1a4602fb065257633c2dae6e5651b
Author: Morla Porla <morla@overthewire.org>
Date: Thu Oct 5 06:19:41 2023 +0000

    add missing data

commit a645bcc508c63f081234911d2f031f87cf469258
Author: Ben Dover <noone@overthewire.org>
Date: Thu Oct 5 06:19:41 2023 +0000

    initial commit of README.md
bandit28@bandit:/tmp/fideo/repc$ git show
commit 14f754b3ba6531a2b89df6ccae0446e8969a41f3 (HEAD -> master, origin/master, origin/HEAD)
Author: Morla Porla <morla@overthewire.org>
Date: Thu Oct 5 06:19:41 2023 +0000

    fix info leak

diff --git a/README.md b/README.md
index b302105..5c6457b 100644
--- a/README.md
0@ -4,5 +4,5 @ Some notes for level29 of bandit.
## credentials
- username: bandit29
- password: tQKVmcwNYCF56vmPHIUS13ShmsrQZK8S
+- password: tQKVmcwNYCF56vmPHIUS13ShmsrQZK8S
+- password: tXXXXXXXXXXX
```

NIVEL 29-30

Accedemos con el usuario **bandit29** y la contraseña **tQKvmcwNYcFS6vmPHIUSI3ShmsrQZK8S**.



Volvemos a repetir los pasos.

```
bandit29@bandit: fup$ mkdir patata
bandit29@bandit: fup$ mkdir patata
bandit29@bandit: fup$ cd patata
bandit29@bandit: fup$ cd patata
bandit29@bandit: fup$ cd patata
bandit29@bandit: fup$ cashas git clone ssh://bandit29-git@localhost:2220/home/bandit29-git/repo
cloning into 'repo'...
The authenticity of host '[localhost]:2220 ([127.0.0.1]:2220)' can't be established.
E025519 key fingerprint is SHA256:C2ihUBV7thnV1MUXRb4RrEctfXC5CXthmAAM/urerLV.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Could not create directory '/home/bandit29/.ssh' (Permission dented).
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/bandit29/.ssh/known_hosts).

This is an OverTheWire game server.

More information on http://www.overthewire.org/wargames

bandit29-git@localhost's password:
remote: Counting objects: 100% (16/16), done.
Receiving objects: 100% (16/16), done.
Receiving objects: 100% (16/16), done.
Receiving objects: 100% (16/16), done.
Recolving deltas: 100% (2/2), done.
Dandit29@bandit:/tup/patata$ cd repo
bandit29@bandit:/tup/patata$ cd repo
bandit29@bandit:/tup/patata*/repo$ cat README.md

Bandit Notes
Some notes for bandit30 of bandit.

## credentials

- username: bandit30
- password: <no passwords in production!>
```

Cambiamos a la rama dev.

```
bandit29@bandit:/tmp/patata/repo$ git branch -a
* master
    remotes/origin/HEAD -> origin/master
    remotes/origin/dev
    remotes/origin/master
    remotes/origin/sploits-dev
bandit29@bandit:/tmp/patata/repo$ git checkout dev
Branch 'dev' set up to track remote branch 'dev' from 'origin'.
Switched to a new branch 'dev'
bandit29@bandit:/tmp/patata/repo$ cat README.md
# Bandit Notes
Some notes for bandit30 of bandit.
## credentials
- username: bandit30
- password: xbhV3HpNGlTIdnjUrdAlPzc2L6y9EOnS
```

NIVEL 30-31

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit30** y la contraseña **xbhV3HpNGITIdnjUrdAlPzc2L6y9EOnS**.



git tag lista las etiquetas del repositorio y git show muestra su contenido.

```
bandit30@bandit:/tmp/tortilla/repo$ git tag
secret
bandit30@bandit:/tmp/tortilla/repo$ git show secret
0offzGDlzhAlerFJ2cAiz1D41JW1Mhmt
```

NIVEL 31-32

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit31** y la contraseña **OoffzGDIzhAlerFJ2cAiz1D41JW1Mhmt**.



Otra vez repetimos los pasos.

```
bandit31@bandit:/tmp/tomate/repo$ cat README.md
This time your task is to push a file to the remote repository.

Details:
    File name: key.txt
    Content: 'May I come in?'
    Branch: master
```

Editamos el archivo **key.txt** con el contenido que salía. Hacemos un **commit** añadiendo los cambios y hacemos un **push**.

GNU nano 6.2 May I come in?

```
bandit31@bandit:/tmp/tomate/repo$ nano key.txt
Unable to create directory /home/bandit31/.local/share/nano/: No such file or directory It is required for saving/loading search history or cursor positions.
bandit31@bandit:/tmp/tomate/repo$ git add -f key.txt
bandit31@bandit:/tmp/tomate/repo$ git commit -m "dale"
[master 88f0dcd] dale
 1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
  create mode 100644 key.txt
 bandit31@bandit:/tmp
                                             repo$ git push origin
The authenticity of host '[localhost]:2220 ([127.0.0.1]:2220)' can't be established. ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:C2ihUBV7ihnV1wUXRb4RrEcLfXC5CXlhmAAM/urerLY.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Could not create directory '/home/bandit31/.ssh' (Permission denied).
Failed to add the host to the list of known hosts (/home/bandit31/.ssh/known_hosts).
                                   This is an OverTheWire game server.
                   More information on http://www.overthewire.org/wargames
bandit31-git@localhost's password:
Enumerating objects: 4, done.

Counting objects: 100% (4/4), done.

Delta compression using up to 2 threads

Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.

Writing objects: 100% (3/3), 317 bytes | 317.00 KiB/s, done.

Total 3 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0), pack-reused 0

remote: ### Attempting to validate files... ####

remote:
remote:
remote: .000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.
remote:
remote: Well done! Here is the password for the next level:
remote: rmCBvG56y58BXzv98yZGd07ATVL5dW8y
 remote:
remote: .000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.000.
 remote:
 To ssh://localhost:2220/home/bandit31-git/repo
                                  master -> master (pre-receive hook declined)
```

NIVEL 32-33

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit32** y la contraseña **rmCBvG56y58BXzv98yZGdO7ATVL5dW8y**.



Todo lo que escribimos lo convierte en mayúsculas, entonces no vamos a poder ejecutar ningún comando. Podemos utilizar la variable \$0, que contiene el nombre del programa que se ejecuta (en este caso, bash), para invocar la shell.

```
WELCOME TO THE UPPERCASE SHELL
sh: 1: LS: Permission denied
>> $0
$ ls
uppershell
 ls -al
total 36
                                 4096 Oct
drwxr-xr-x 2 root
                       root
                                           5 06:19 .
                                           5 06:20 ...
drwxr-xr-x 70 root
                       root
                                 4096 Oct
                                             2022 .bash logout
            1 root
                       root
                                  220 Jan
                                           б
            1 root
                       root
                                 3771 Jan 6
                                              2022 .bashrc
                                             2022 .profile
            1 root
                       root
                                  807 Jan
                                           б
            1 bandit33 bandit32 15128 Oct 5 06:19 uppershell
$ cat /etc/bandit_pass/bandit33
odHo63fHiFqcWWJG9rLiLDtPm45KzUKy
```

NIVEL 33-34

Nos conectamos con el usuario **bandit33** y la contraseña **odHo63fHiFqcWWJG9rLiLDtPm45KzUKy**.



Al hacer un **Is** nos encontramos un archivo de texto, si mostramos el contenido con **cat** podemos leer que hemos llegado al último nivel.

```
bandit33@bandit:~$ ls
README.txt
bandit33@bandit:~$ cat README.txt
Congratulations on solving the last level of this game!

At this moment, there are no more levels to play in this game. However, we are constantly working on new levels and will most likely expand this game with more levels soon.
Keep an eye out for an announcement on our usual communication channels!
In the meantime, you could play some of our other wargames.

If you have an idea for an awesome new level, please let us know!
```