COMP-2560 Labs Winter 2025

Lab#01: Introduction to Unix Shell

Part 1: Follow the steps below to create a simple bash shell script.

1. Create a file named myScript, and type in the following line:

```
#!/bin/bash
echo Welcome to shell scripting.
myfirstvar=hello
echo $myfirstvar
myfirstvar="$myfirstvar there"
echo $myfirstvar
myfirstvar='$myfirstvar there'
echo $myfirstvar
echo $myfirstvar
```

- 2. Modify this file's protection mode by using the chmod +x command (use man/online help to learn about chmod command) to make sure the file can be executed by you. Once it is done, run the script and take note of the output.
- 3. Now add the following lines to the file

```
echo The program name is: $0
echo "The program name is: $0"
echo 'The program name is: $0'

echo The first argument is: $1
echo The fourth argument is: $4
echo All the arguments are: $*
echo The total number of argument is: $#
```

Then, run the script with the arguments shown below and observe the output produced.

```
myScript My name is BigFoot and I live in your head
```

4. Use man/online help to get the right format for **date** so that when you type **echo Today is `date +''%? %?, %?''`** you should get

```
Today is day-name January ##, 2025

for example: Today is Monday January 20, 2025.
```

Note: You may launch the script with -xv options as

```
%bash -xv myScript
```

to get some details of how the script is being executed, and thus help the debugging process.

Part 2:

• Write a bash shell script that will display the total number of files, within a given directory, whose names start with **b** and consist of exactly 5 characters. The name of the directory is given as command line argument at the shell prompt.

A sample run:

```
>testscript /bin/
   4
>testscript /usr/include/
   1
```

There are 4 matches in the /bin directory and 1 in the /usr/include directory.

• Modify your script so that the starting letter (b) becomes the second parameter passed to the shell script at the shell prompt.

The above sample runs become:

```
>testscript /bin b
   4
>testscript /bin f
   3
```