## Comp-2540: Quiz 1 (0.5%)

Please select the most appropriate answer for each question. Remember to fill in the scantron. There are 10 questions in total, and the overall score constitutes 0.5 % of your grade.

- **Q1.** In Assignment 1, what is the time complexity for the program count\_LINKED\_LIST\_BAD?
  - (A) O(n)
- (D) O(nmm)
- (B)  $O(n \log n)$
- (C) O(nm)
- (E) O(nnm)
- **Q2.** In Assignment 1, what should be the time complexity for count\_LINKED\_LIST\_GOOD?
  - (A) O(n)
- (D) O(nmm)
- (B)  $O(n \log n)$
- (C) O(nm)
- (E) O(nnm)
- Q3. In Assignment 1, what is the time complexity for count\_ARRAY?
  - (A) O(n)
- (D) O(nmm)
- (B)  $O(n \log n)$
- (C) O(nm)
- (E) O(nnm)
- Q4. Given the following recursive program,

```
boolean x(int[] data,int target,int low,int high) {
  if (low>high) return false;
  int mid = (low + high) / 2;
  if (target == data[mid]) return true;
  if (target < data[mid])
    return x(data, target, low, mid - 1);
  return x(data, target, mid + 1, high);
}</pre>
```

It's recurrence relation is

- (A) T(n) = T(n-1) + 1
- (B) T(n) = T(n-1) + n
- (C) T(n) = T(n/2) + 1
- (D) T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n
- (E) T(n) = T(n-1) + T(n-2) + 1
- Q5. For the above program, it's time complexity is
  - (A) O(n)
- (D)  $O(n \log n)$
- (B)  $O(n^2)$
- (C)  $O(\log n)$
- (E)  $O(2^n)$

- **Q6.** What is the time complexity of searching for an element in a sorted array of size n using binary search?
  - (A) O(1)
- (D)  $O(n \log n)$
- (B)  $O(\log n)$
- (C) O(n)
- (E)  $O(n^2)$
- **Q7.** What is the worst-case time complexity of deleting the tail node in a singly linked list with n nodes?
  - (A) O(1)
- (D)  $n \log n$
- (B)  $O(\log n)$
- (C) O(n)
- (E)  $O(n^2)$
- **Q8.** Which of the following operations on an array has a time complexity of O(1) in the worst case?
  - (A) Searching for an element.
  - (B) Deleting an element.
  - (C) Inserting an element at a given index.
  - (D) Accessing an element at a specific index.
- **Q9.** Given the recurrence relation T(n) = 2T(n/2) + n. What is the closed-form upper bound solution for T(n)?
  - (A) O(n)
- (D)  $O(\log n)$
- (B)  $O(n^2)$
- (C)  $O(n \log n)$
- (E)  $O(2^n)$
- **Q10.** Given the recurrence relation T(n) = T(n/2) + 1. What is the closed-form upper bound solution for T(n)?
  - (A) O(n)
- (D)  $O(\log n)$
- (B)  $O(n^2)$
- (C)  $O(n \log n)$
- (E)  $O(2^n)$