# find/findIndex

Download Demo Code <../js-array-methods-find-findindex-demo.zip>

# **Goals**

- Understand what find and findIndex do
- Write your own version of find and findIndex

### **Find**

- Iterates through an array
- · Runs a callback on each value in the array
- If the callback returns true at any point, return the value in the array that we're iterating over
- · Otherwise, return undefined

## **An Example**

```
let arr = [1,2,3];
arr.find(function(value, index, array){
   return value === 2;
});

// 2
let arr = [1,2,3];
arr.find(function(value, index, array){
   return value < 1;
});

// undefined</pre>
```

#### **How Does It Work?**

· Iterates through an array

- Runs a callback on each value in the array
- If the callback returns true at any point, return the value we're iterating over
- · Otherwise, return undefined

```
function find(array, callback){
  for(let i = 0; i < array.length; i++){
    if(callback(array[i], i, array) === true){
      return array[i]
    }
}</pre>
```

#### **Using Find In A Function**

```
function findOddNumber(arr){
  return arr.find(function(value){
    return value % 2 !== 0
  });
}
findOddNumber([2,3,4,5]) // 3
findOddNumber([4,6,8,10]) // undefined
```

```
function ensureNoSubArrays(arr){
  return arr.find(Array.isArray) === undefined
}
ensureNoSubArrays([1, 2, [3,4]]); // false
ensureNoSubArrays([1,2,3,4]); // true
```

#### When You Would Use Find

- You need to determine if a value in an array exists and you have to determine this by using a callback
- A simple alternative to using filter and accessing the first element of the filtered array

#### findIndex

Iterates through an array

- Runs a callback on each value in the array
- If the callback returns true for any single value, return the index at which that value is found
- Otherwise, return -1

#### **An Example**

```
let arr = [1,2,3];
arr.findIndex(function(value, index, array){
   return value < 2;
}); // 0
let arr = [1,2,3];
arr.findIndex(function(value, index, array){
   return value > 3;
}); // -1
```

#### **How Does It Work?**

- Iterates through an array
- Runs a callback on each value in the array
- If the callback returns true for any single value, return the index at which that value is found
- Otherwise, return -1

```
function findIndex(array, callback){
  for(let i = 0; i < array.length; i++){
    if(callback(array[i], i, array) === true){
      return i;
    }
  }
  return -1;
}</pre>
```

#### **Using Findindex In A Function**

```
function findPositionOfBoolean(list){
  return list.findIndex(function(value, index, array){
   return typeof value === "boolean"
```

```
});
}
findPositionOfBoolean([1,3,false,true]) // 2
findPositionOfBoolean(["no booleans", "around", "these parts"]) // -1
```

#### When You Would Use Findindex

- You need to determine the index of a value in an array if it exists and you have to determine this by using a callback
- A better version of indexOf to be used when a callback is necessary

#### Recap

- find and findIndex iterate through an array and runs a callback on each value
- if the callback at any time returns true, find returns the value or undefined if not found
- if the callback at any time returns true, findIndex returns the index or -1 if not found