Hibernate Tutorial Notes

A framework for persisting / saving java objects in a database

ORM — object-to-relational mapping

- the developer defines mapping between java class and database table

CRUD — Create - Read - Update - Delete

Hibernate vs. JDBC ?

hibernate uses JDBC for all database communications

First of all create database with:

```
String jdbcUrl = "jdbc:mysql://localhost:3306/hb_student_tracker? user55L=false";
String user = "hbstudent";
String pass = "hbstudent";
```

need a hibernate config file

-> java annotations

Entity Class — Java class that is mapped to a database table

Java Annotations

- 1. map class to database @Table on top of object class
- 2. map fields to database columns @Column(name="column_name") on fields

```
(note need @Id on id field)
(if column name == field name, then annotation not needed)
```

SessionFactory

- Reads the hibernate config file
- Create Session objects
- Heavy-weight object, meaning only create once in app

Session

- Wraps a JDBC connection
- Main object used to save/retrieve objects
- Short-lived object
- Retrieved from SessionFactory

**** Code: hibernate-tutorial/.../CreateStudentDemo.java ****

Primary Key (e.g. id)

- Unique identifies each row in a table
- Must be a unique value

- Cannot contain NULL values
- @GeneratedValue(strategy=GnerationType. ...)
 - AUTO pick an appropriate strategy for the particular data
 - IDENTITY assign primary keys using identity column
 - SEQUENCE assign primary keys using a database sequence
 - TABLE assign primary keys using an underlying database table to ensure uniquencess
 - can also customize strategy
 - create subclass org.hibernate.id.DequenceGenerator
 - override method: public Serializable generate(...)
 - much to worry about

Modify auto-increase

- 1. SQL bench: ALTER TABLE hb_student_tracker.student auto increment=3000 —> id start from 3000
- 2. reset table to blank: truncate hb_student_tracker.student
- Retrieve a java object with hibernate
- **** Code: hibernate-tutorial/.../ReadStudentDemo.java ****
 - Query objects
 - Query language for retrieving objects
 - similar in nature to SQL
- **** Code: hibernate-tutorial/.../QueryStudentDemo.java ****
 - Update objects
 - single row
 - multiple rows
- **** Code: hibernate-tutorial/.../QueryStudentDemo.java ****
 - Delete objects
- **** Code: hibernate-tutorial/.../DeleteStudentDemo.java ****

Project

Customer Relationship Management (CRM)

- List customer
- add customer
- update customer
- delete customer

DAO — data access object — helper class to access database

- Some useful annotations:
 - @Transactional automatically call begin and end transaction
 - @Repository DAO implementations
 - automatically register the DAO implementation

•	spring also provides translation of any JDBC related exceptions