

[EE323] Assignment #3

Router Implementation

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Intro

- You are going to mimic a "ROUTER"
 - Given a static network topology & routing table

– No hardware router!, but software one!



Intro

- You will be able to understand below things
 - How does a router handle ARP packets?

– When does a router send ICMP packets?

– How does a router use a routing table and send received packets?

Intro

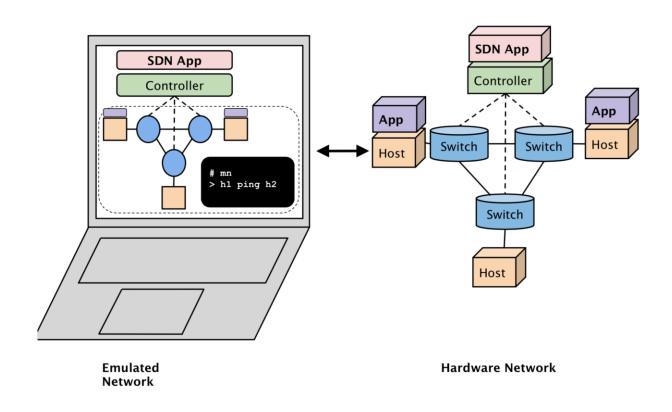
- How to do it
 - Where will my routing logic run?
 - Where will the traffic come from ?

– How will I test my code?

We're going to leverage "network emulation"

Mininet

An awesome network emulation tool

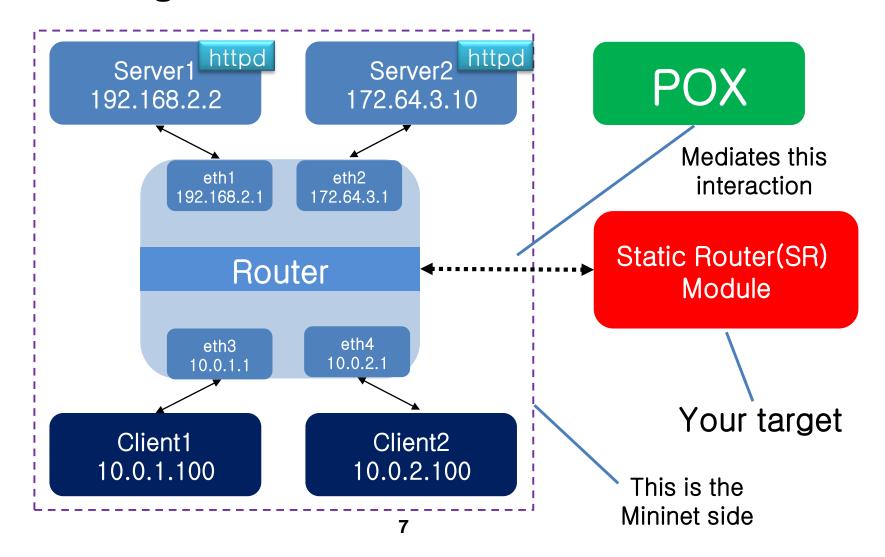


- Simply run any network you want
 - With the help of OS-level virtualization and SDN
 - We don't need hardware devices
 - Router, Client PC, Server ...
 - You don't need to study Mininet & SDN in this assignment#3

OS-level SDN Virtualization

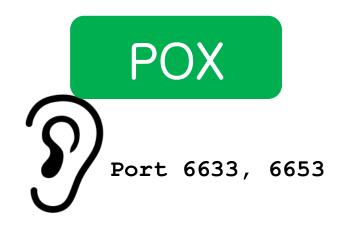
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The target network architecture



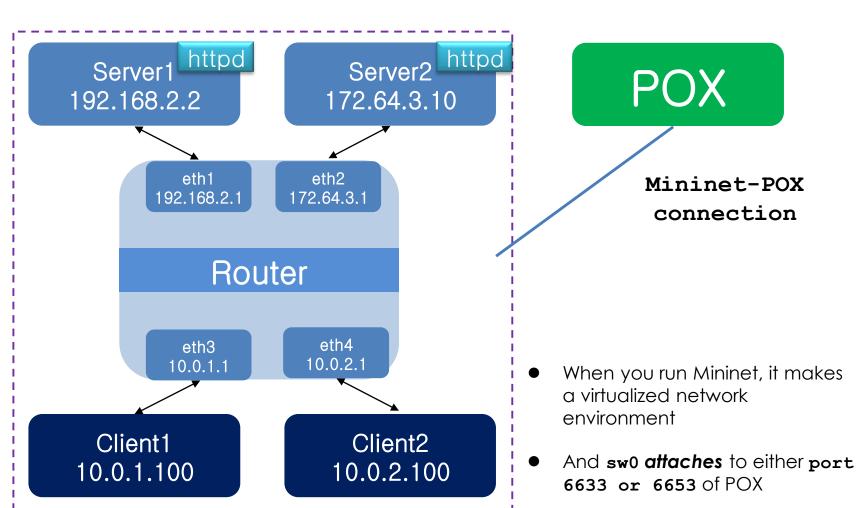
Let's see what's happening

./run_pox.sh



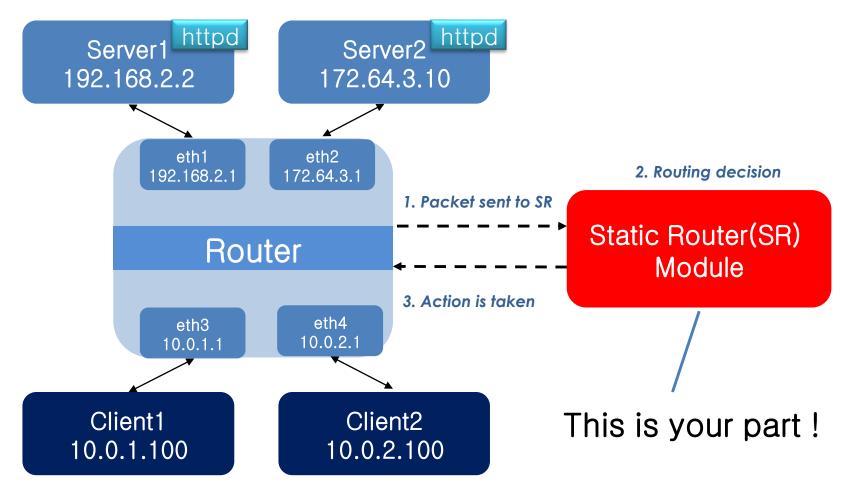
- When you run POX, it listens port 6633, 6653

./run_mininet.sh



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./router/sr



Description

- High-level requirements
 - You should make sr module
 - sr_router.c
 - -ip_black_list()
 - -sr_handlepacket()

- sr_arpcache.c
 - -sr_arpcache_handle_arpreq()

Description

High-level requirements

- Should enable below functions
 - Client1=>router
 - Ping
 - Traceroute
 - Client1=>Server
 - Ping
 - Traceroute
 - Downloading a file using wget (via http://)
 - Client2=>Router, Server
 - Packets blocked (Source ip blacklist)

Description

- Summary: What your routing logic needs to do
 - Route Ethernet frames between the client and HTTP servers
 - Handle ARP request and replies
 - Handle traceroutes
 - Generate *Time Exceeded Message*
 - Handle TCP/UDP packets sent to one of the router's interfaces
 - Generate ICMP Port Unreachable
 - Respond to ICMP echo requests
 - Maintain an ARP cache

1. Virtual machine setting

- We will use virtualbox(Any OS is okay
- Download virtualbox 6.0
 - tps://www.virtualbox.org/wiki/Downloads



- Go to :
 https://www.dropbox.com/s/quv296teq5kimgj/ee323_
 assignment3.ova?dl=0
- Download ee323_assignment3.ova
- Import image(.ova) using virtualbox and execute
 - Id: ee323 // Pw: ee323
 - Root Pw: root



2. Program test

- \$cd ee323_sr
- \$Is

```
ee323@ee323-VirtualBox:~/ee323_sr$ ls
auth_key http_server2 lab3.py router run_pox.sh
config.sh IP_CONFIG pox rtable sr_solution
http_server1 killall.sh pox_module run_mininet.sh
```

Create 3 terminals

- Terminal 1: \$./run_pox.sh
- Terminal 2: \$./run_mininet.sh
- Terminal 3: \$./sr_solution
 - Sr_solution is an example program (Not a real solution)

2. Program test

- At terminal 2
 - \$ client1 ping 192.168.2.2
 - \$ client1 wget http://192.168.2.2
 - \$ client1 traceroute server1

ee323@ee323- ox: ~/ee323_sr 🖨 🗈 😵	ee323@ee323-V 2 x: ~/ee323_sr	v ee323@ee	323- Ox: ~/e	re323_sr 🕒 📵 🗓
File Edit View Search Terminal Help	File Edit View Search Terminal Help	File Edit View Search Terr	ninal Help	
DEBUG:core:POX 0.0.0 going up DEBUG:core:Running on CPython (2.7.15rc1/Nov	*** Adding links: (client1. sw0) (client2. sw0) (server1.	10.0.1.100 h3	10.0.1.100	255.255.255.255 et
12 2018 14:31:15) NFO:core:POX 0.0.0 is up.	sw0) (server2, sw0) *** Configuring hosts	10.0.2.100 h4	10.0.2.100	255.255.255.255 et
his program comes with ABSOLUTELY NO WARRAN Y. This program is free software,	<pre>client1 client2 server1 server2 *** Starting controller</pre>	192.168.2.2 h1	192.168.2.2	255.255.255.255 et
nd you are welcome to redistribute it under certain conditions.	*** Starting 1 switches tails. sw0 for connectio *** setting default gateway of host serv er1 to the LTProt server1 192.168.2.1 ns now live) *** setting default gateway of host serv module.ee323. er2	172.64.3.10 h2	172.64.3.10	255.255.255.255 et
on 0.0.0.0:6633 FO:root:Client has connected to the LTProt ol server (1 update connections now live) BUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323. handler:Accepted client at 127.0.0.1		Requesting topology 0 successfully authenticated as ee323 Loading routing table from server, clear local routing table. Loading routing table		
rhandler:recv VNS msg: AUTH_REPLY: usernam	nt1	Destination Gateway 10.0.1.100	Mask 10.0.1.100	Iface
	*** cotting default estauru of best slip		10.0.11.100	255.255.255.255 et
EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323.rhandler:recv VNS msg: OPEN: topo_id=0 host	nt2		10.0.2.100	255.255.255.255 et
EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323.rhandler:recv VNS msg: OPEN: topo_id=0 host vrhost user=ee323 EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323.	nt2 client2 10.0.2.1	h3 10.0.2.100 h4		
<pre>=ee323 EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323. rhandler:recv VNS msg: OPEN: topo_id=0 host vrhost user=ee323 EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323. rhandler:open-msg: 0, vrhost EBUG:.home.ee323.ee323_sr.pox_module.ee323. rhandler:interfaces not populated yet</pre>	nt2 client2 10.0.2.1 *** Starting SimpleHTTPServer on host se rver1 *** Starting SimpleHTTPServer on host se	h3 10.0.2.100 h4 192.168.2.2 h1	10.0.2.100	255.255.255.255 et

3. When you make program

- Execute 3 terminals
 - Terminal1 : \$./run_pox.sh
 - Terminal2 : \$./run_mininet.sh
 - Terminal3: \$./sr
- sr?
 - In directory "~/ee323_sr/router"
 - Complete "sr_router.c" and "sr_arpcachec.c"
 - -\$ make
 - -\$ ~/ee323_sr/router/sr

Required Functionality description

- -The router must successfully route packets between the Internet and the application servers.
- -The router must correctly handle ARP requests and replies.
- -The router must correctly handle traceroutes through it (where it is not the end host) and to it (where it is the end host).
- -The router must respond correctly to ICMP echo requests.
- -The router must handle TCP/UDP packets sent to one of its interfaces. In this case the router should respond with an ICMP port unreachable.
- -The router must maintain an ARP cache whose entries are invalidated after a timeout period (timeouts should be on the order of 15 seconds).
- -The router must queue all packets waiting for outstanding ARP replies. If a host does not respond to 5 ARP requests, the queued packet is dropped and an ICMP host unreachable message is sent back to the source of the queued packet.
- -The router must not needlessly drop packets (for example when waiting for an ARP reply)
- -The router must enforce guarantees on timeouts--that is, if an ARP request is not responded to within a fixed period of time, the ICMP host unreachable message is generated even if no more packets arrive at the router.
- -The router must block packets from (src IP 10.0.2.*/subnet mask 255.255.255.0) and print log

 •You must use bitwise calculation

Submission

- You should submit compressed 'router' folder including makefile and all the source files
 - Submitted file should be YourStudentID_assign3.tar.gz

Tips & Caution

- The most important thing is to understand the assignment
 - Read the assignment document carefully!!
- And then, understand source codes
 - There are several header files, source files
- Be careful on the endianness
 - Network byte order and host byte order is different.
 - Be familiar with ntohs(), ntohl(), htons() or

Question?