

# Oxford COVID-19 Government Response Tracker

## Regional Report - Latin America and Caribbean

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<b>REGION</b>	Latin America and Caribbean
<b>Date Range</b>	1-15 July, 2020
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### Brief Summary of Major Changes:

Argentina: With the vast majority of positive tests coming from the Province of Buenos Aires, the Federal Government has put in place a more strict quarantine in the AMBA region. This measure, starting on 1 July, requires people to stay at home and limit social interaction.

Peru: In contrast, lockdown measures have been eased in 18 out of the 25 regions of Peru. On 1 July, the country has started to roll back some of its most stringent restrictions, reopening most of the economic activities and public transport.

Some of the Caribbean countries have started to open their borders to international tourists.

<b>C1: School Closing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>PER:</b> From 1 July, the Ministry of Education has allowed the start of in-person classes in some schools of the country, under strict measures.</li> <li>• <b>PRY:</b> Despite plans to extend the lockdown measures, a limited number of tertiary education activities are allowed from 5 July (e.g. practical exams, thesis defenses).</li> <li>• <b>SUR:</b> From 6 July, schools will reopen for students in their examination year. However, some of East Suriname's facilities will remain closed.</li> </ul>
<b>C2: Workplace Closing</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>CUB:</b> As part of the 1st phase of recovery, returning to work has been allowed on the island, effective 3 July.</li> <li>• <b>SUR:</b> From 6 July, professions such as hair salons, barbershops, and physiotherapy are allowed to reopen.</li> </ul>
<b>C3: Cancel Public Events</b>	
<b>C4: Restrictions on Gatherings</b>	
<b>C5: Close Public Transport</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>CUB:</b> As part of the 1st phase of recovery, residents have been allowed to use public and private transport from 3 July.</li> </ul>
<b>C6: Stay at Home requirements</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ARG:</b> From 1-17 July, the <b>Province and the City of Buenos Aires</b> entered a more strict stage of quarantine, urging citizens to stay at home and limit social interaction. The Province of Buenos Aires has been the epicenter of the COVID-19 pandemic in the country.</li> <li>• <b>BLZ:</b> As of 1 July, the restrictions imposed due to the COVID-19 have been eased.</li> <li>• <b>BRB:</b> The general lockdown has been lifted, effective from 1 July.</li> </ul>
<b>C7: Restrictions on Internal movement</b>	

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<b>C8: International Travel Controls</b>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>CUB:</b> Despite commercial flights are still suspended, from 1 July tourists can enter the island on international charters and only in specific areas.</li> <li>• <b>DOM:</b> From July 1, the country has reopened the country for tourism.</li> <li>• <b>URY:</b> On 5 July, the country has opened its borders to the first commercial flights with the EU. As of now, only nationals, residents, and diplomatics are allowed to enter the country.</li> </ul>
<b>H2: Testing Policy</b>	
<b>H3: Contact Tracing</b>	

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### Cases vs Stringency Index:

