

Exercise 4.2

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$$\begin{aligned} E_Z \{ \log p(\mathbf{X}, \mathbf{Z} | \boldsymbol{\theta}) \} &= E_Z \{ \log [p(\mathbf{X} | \mathbf{Z}, \boldsymbol{\theta}) p(\mathbf{Z} | \boldsymbol{\theta})] \} \\ &= E_Z \left\{ \log \left[p(\mathbf{z}_1 | \boldsymbol{\theta}) p(\mathbf{x}_1 | \mathbf{z}_1, \boldsymbol{\theta}) \prod_{t=2}^T p(\mathbf{z}_t | \mathbf{z}_{t-1}, \boldsymbol{\theta}) p(\mathbf{x}_t | \mathbf{z}_t, \boldsymbol{\theta}) \right] \right\} \\ &= E_Z \left\{ -\frac{1}{2} \left[T \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| + (\mathbf{z}_1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0)^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{z}_1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \sum_{t=2}^T (\mathbf{z}_t - \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1})^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{z}_t - \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + T \log |\boldsymbol{\Gamma}| + \sum_{t=1}^T (\mathbf{x}_t - \mathbf{B} \mathbf{z}_t)^T \boldsymbol{\Gamma}^{-1} (\mathbf{x}_t - \mathbf{B} \mathbf{z}_t) \right] + \text{const.} \right\} \end{aligned} \quad (7.54)$$

$$\begin{aligned} E_2 [\log p(\mathbf{X} | \mathbf{Z}, \boldsymbol{\theta})] &= E_2 \left[-\frac{1}{2} \left[T \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| + (\mathbf{z}_1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0)^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{z}_1 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. + \sum_{t=2}^T (\mathbf{z}_t - \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1})^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} (\mathbf{z}_t - \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}) + \text{const.} \right] \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left[T \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| + E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_1] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0] - E_2 [\boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_1] + E_2 [\boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0] \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sum_{t=2}^T (E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_t] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T \mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_t] + E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T \mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}]) \right] \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left[T \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| + E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_1] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] + \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sum_{t=2}^T (E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_t] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}] - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T \mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}_t] + E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T \mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}]) \right] \\ &\quad \left(\mathbf{x}^T \mathbf{A} \mathbf{y} = \text{tr}(\mathbf{A} \mathbf{y} \mathbf{x}^T) \Rightarrow E_2 [\mathbf{z}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{z}] = \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z} \mathbf{z}^T]), \dots \right) \\ &= -\frac{1}{2} \left[T \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| + \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1 \mathbf{z}_1^T]) - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] + \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 \right. \\ &\quad \left. + \sum_{t=2}^T \left(\text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_t^T]) - \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_t^T]) \right. \right. \\ &\quad \left. \left. - \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T]) + \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T]) \right) \right] \cdot \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \text{tr}(\mathbf{x} \cdot \mathbf{A}) \stackrel{(100)}{=} \mathbf{A}^T \\ &\quad \cdot \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \text{tr}(\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{B}) \stackrel{(101)}{=} \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{B}^T \\ &\quad \cdot \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \mathbf{a}^T \mathbf{x}^{-1} \mathbf{b} \stackrel{(102)}{=} -\mathbf{x}^{-T} \mathbf{a} \mathbf{b}^T \mathbf{x}^{-T} \\ &\quad \cdot \partial_{\mathbf{x}} \text{tr}(\mathbf{A} \mathbf{x}^{-1} \mathbf{B}) \stackrel{(103)}{=} -\mathbf{x}^{-T} \mathbf{A}^T \mathbf{B}^T \mathbf{x}^{-T} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \log |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| &= \frac{1}{|\boldsymbol{\Sigma}|} \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| = \frac{1}{|\boldsymbol{\Sigma}|} \cdot |\boldsymbol{\Sigma}| \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} = \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1 \mathbf{z}_1^T]) &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1 \mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_t^T]) &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_t^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \text{tr}(\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_t^T]) &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} (\mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_t^T])^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T]) &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \\ \bullet \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} \text{tr}(\mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T]) &= -\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \mathbf{A} (\mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T])^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow 0 \stackrel{!}{=} \partial_{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}} E_2 [\log p(\mathbf{X} | \mathbf{Z}, \boldsymbol{\theta})]$$

$$\begin{aligned} \stackrel{\boldsymbol{\Sigma} = \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^T}{\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-T} = \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1}} \Rightarrow & T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} - \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1 \mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} - \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \\ & + \sum_{t=2}^T (-\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_t^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_t^T] \mathbf{A}^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} - \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \mathbf{A} (\mathbf{A} E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T])^T \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1}) \end{aligned}$$

$\boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} \cdot \boldsymbol{\Sigma}$

$$\begin{aligned} \Rightarrow 0 &= \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} T - E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1 \mathbf{z}_1^T] \boldsymbol{\Sigma}^{-1} + E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1] \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T + \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 E_2 [\mathbf{z}_1^T] - \boldsymbol{\mu}_0 \boldsymbol{\mu}_0^T \\ &\quad - \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_t^T] + \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_t^T] \mathbf{A}^T + \mathbf{A} \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] - \mathbf{A} \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] \mathbf{A}^T \\ &\quad \underbrace{\text{combine}} \quad \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] = \mathbf{A} \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_{t-1} \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] \quad \underbrace{\text{cancel}} \quad = \sum_{t=2}^T E_2 [\mathbf{z}_t \mathbf{z}_{t-1}^T] \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 & \text{combine } \sum_{t=1}^T E_z[z_t z_{t-1}^T] = A \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_z[z_{t-1} z_{t-1}^T] \quad \text{cancel } \underbrace{\sum_{t=2}^T z_{t-1} z_{t-1}^T}_{= \sum_{t=1}^T z_t z_t^T} \\
 & = \Sigma^T + E_z[z_1] \mu_0^T + \mu_0 E_z[z_1^T] - \mu_0 \mu_0^T - \sum_{t=1}^T E_z[z_t z_t^T] + A \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_z[z_t z_{t-1}^T]^T \\
 \Rightarrow \Sigma &= \frac{1}{T} \left[\sum_{t=1}^T E_z[z_t z_t^T] - A \cdot \sum_{t=2}^T E_z[z_t z_{t-1}^T]^T - (E_z[z_1] \mu_0^T + (E_z[z_1] \mu_0^T)^T) + \mu_0 \mu_0^T \right]
 \end{aligned}$$
