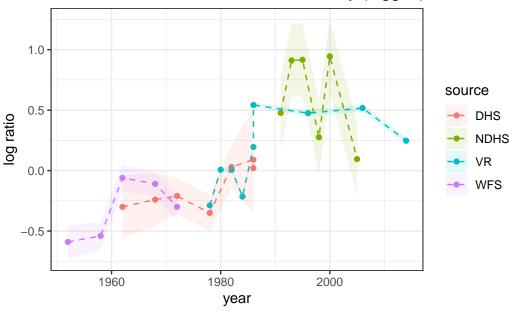
Week 10: Temporal data

25/03/24

Child mortality in Sri Lanka

Ratio of neonatal to other child mortality (logged), Sri Lanka



Fitting a linear model

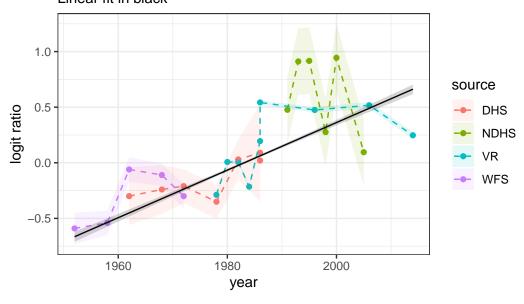
Let's firstly fit a linear model in time to these data. Here's the code to do this:

Extract the results:

```
res <- mod %>%
  gather_draws(mu[t]) %>%
  median_qi() %>%
  mutate(year = years[t])
```

Plot the results:

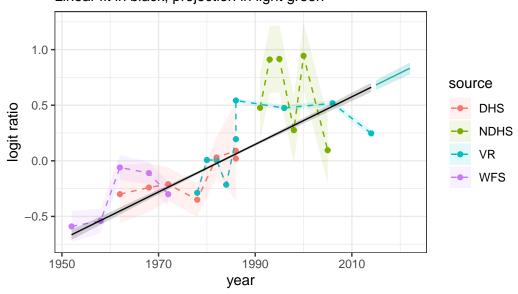
Ratio of neonatal to under–five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka Linear fit in black



Question 1

```
res_new <- mod |>
  gather_draws(projected_mu[p]) |>
  median_qi() |>
  mutate(year = years[nyears]+p)
```

Ratio of neonatal to under–five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka Linear fit in black, projection in light green

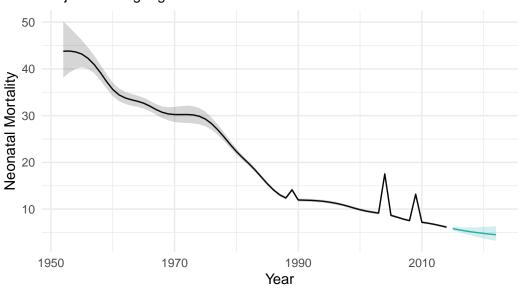


We added a generated quantities block in the stan file for the linear model that generates projections for the years 2014-2022. The added projections can be seen by the red line in the plot

Question 2

```
lka_5 <- read.csv(here("data", "lka_estimated.csv"), skip = 5)</pre>
lka_5 <- lka_5 |> filter(Year > 1951) |> mutate(year = Year)
lka_5 <- clean_names(lka_5)</pre>
ratio_estimate <- rbind(res %>% select(.value, .lower, .upper, year),
                         res_new %>% select(.value, .lower, .upper, year)) |>
                         mutate(ratio_est = 1/(1 + exp(-.value))),
                                ratio_lower = 1/(1 + \exp(-.lower)),
                                ratio_upper = 1/(1 + \exp(-.upper))
estimate <- left_join(lka_5, ratio_estimate, by = "year") |>
                mutate(neo_est = estimate * ratio_est,
                        neo_lower = lower_bound * ratio_lower,
                        neo_upper = upper_bound * ratio_upper)
estimate <- na.omit(estimate)</pre>
ggplot(estimate, aes(x = year)) +
  geom_line(data = subset(estimate, year <= 2014), aes(y = neo_est)) +</pre>
  geom_ribbon(data = subset(estimate, year <= 2014), aes(ymin = neo_lower, ymax = neo_upper)</pre>
  geom_line(data = subset(estimate, year > 2014), aes(y = neo_est), color = "lightseagreen")
  geom_ribbon(data = subset(estimate, year > 2014) ,aes(ymin = neo_lower, ymax = neo_upper)
  labs(title = "Neonatal Mortality Estimates and Projections in Sri Lanka",
       y = "Neonatal Mortality",
       x = "Year", subtitle = "Projection in light green") +
  theme_minimal()
```

Neonatal Mortality Estimates and Projections in Sri Lanka Projection in light green



Question 3

mod1 <- stan(data = stan_data,</pre>

In file included from <built-in>:1:

```
In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/S
In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/R
/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen
#include <complex>
         ^~~~~~~~
3 errors generated.
make: *** [foo.o] Error 1
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 1).
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 2.9e-05 seconds
Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.29 seconds.
Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 1:
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 0.12 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 1:
                        0.127 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 1:
                        0.247 seconds (Total)
Chain 1:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 2).
Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 5e-06 seconds
Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.05 seconds.
Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 2:
Chain 2:
Chain 2: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
```

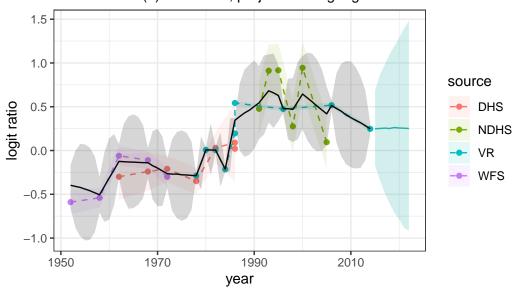
(Warmup)

```
Chain 2: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2:
Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 0.123 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 2:
                        0.123 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 2:
                        0.246 seconds (Total)
Chain 2:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 3).
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 4e-06 seconds
Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.04 seconds.
Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 3:
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 0.132 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 3:
                        0.124 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 3:
                        0.256 seconds (Total)
Chain 3:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 4).
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 4e-06 seconds
```

```
Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.04 seconds.
Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 4:
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 0.12 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 4:
                        0.11 seconds (Sampling)
                        0.23 seconds (Total)
Chain 4:
Chain 4:
  res1 <- mod1 |>
    gather_draws(mu[t]) |>
    median_qi() |>
    mutate(year = years[t])
  res1 new <- mod1 |>
    gather_draws(projected_mu[p]) |>
    median qi() |>
    mutate(year = years[nyears]+p)
  ggplot(lka, aes(year, logit_ratio)) +
    geom_point(aes( color = source)) +
    geom_line(aes( color = source), lty = 2) +
    geom_ribbon(aes(ymin = logit_ratio - se,
                    ymax = logit_ratio + se,
                    fill = source), alpha = 0.1) +
    theme_bw()+
    geom_line(data = res1, aes(year, .value)) +
    geom_ribbon(data = res1, aes(y = .value, ymin = .lower, ymax = .upper), alpha = 0.2)+
```

```
geom_line(data = res1_new, aes(year, .value), col = 'lightseagreen') +
geom_ribbon(data = res1_new, aes(y = .value, ymin = .lower, ymax = .upper), alpha = 0.2,
theme_bw()+
labs(title = "Ratio of neonatal to under-five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka",
    y = "logit ratio", subtitle = "Random walk(1) fit in black, projection in light green."
```

Ratio of neonatal to under–five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka Random walk(1) fit in black, projection in light green



Question 4

```
mod2 <- stan(data = stan_data,
    iter = 3000,
    file = here("stan", "SecondOrderRW.stan"))</pre>
```

using C compiler: 'Apple clang version 14.0.3 (clang-1403.0.22.14.1)'
using SDK: 'MacOSX13.3.sdk'
clang -arch arm64 -I"/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Resources/include" -DNDEBUG -I"/Library
In file included from <built-in>:1:

In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/Stantistic included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/R In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/R/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen/

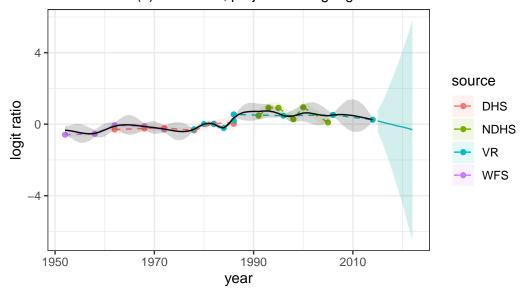
Running /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Resources/bin/R CMD SHLIB foo.c

```
namespace Eigen {
/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen
namespace Eigen {
In file included from <built-in>:1:
In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/S
In file included from /Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/R
/Library/Frameworks/R.framework/Versions/4.3-arm64/Resources/library/RcppEigen/include/Eigen
#include <complex>
         ^~~~~~~
3 errors generated.
make: *** [foo.o] Error 1
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 1).
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Gradient evaluation took 3.2e-05 seconds
Chain 1: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.32 seconds.
Chain 1: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 1:
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Iteration: 1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                        (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                        (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 1:
Chain 1: Elapsed Time: 0.536 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 1:
                        0.509 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 1:
                        1.045 seconds (Total)
Chain 1:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 2).
Chain 2:
Chain 2: Gradient evaluation took 8e-06 seconds
```

```
Chain 2: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.08 seconds.
Chain 2: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 2:
Chain 2:
Chain 2: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 2:
Chain 2: Elapsed Time: 0.535 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 2:
                        0.49 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 2:
                        1.025 seconds (Total)
Chain 2:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 3).
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Gradient evaluation took 6e-06 seconds
Chain 3: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.06 seconds.
Chain 3: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 3:
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 3:
Chain 3: Elapsed Time: 0.539 seconds (Warm-up)
```

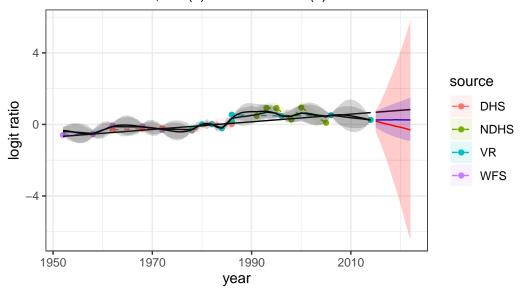
```
0.566 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 3:
Chain 3:
                        1.105 seconds (Total)
Chain 3:
SAMPLING FOR MODEL 'anon_model' NOW (CHAIN 4).
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Gradient evaluation took 8e-06 seconds
Chain 4: 1000 transitions using 10 leapfrog steps per transition would take 0.08 seconds.
Chain 4: Adjust your expectations accordingly!
Chain 4:
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Iteration:
                       1 / 3000 [ 0%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 300 / 3000 [ 10%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 600 / 3000 [ 20%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 900 / 3000 [ 30%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1200 / 3000 [ 40%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1500 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Warmup)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1501 / 3000 [ 50%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 1800 / 3000 [ 60%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2100 / 3000 [ 70%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2400 / 3000 [ 80%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 2700 / 3000 [ 90%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4: Iteration: 3000 / 3000 [100%]
                                         (Sampling)
Chain 4:
Chain 4: Elapsed Time: 0.54 seconds (Warm-up)
Chain 4:
                        0.498 seconds (Sampling)
Chain 4:
                        1.038 seconds (Total)
Chain 4:
  res2 <- mod2 |>
    gather_draws(mu[t]) |>
    median_qi() |>
    mutate(year = years[t])
  res2_new <- mod2 |>
    gather_draws(projected_mu[p]) |>
    median_qi() |>
    mutate(year = years[nyears]+p)
  ggplot(lka, aes(year, logit_ratio)) +
    geom_point(aes( color = source)) +
```

Ratio of neonatal to under–five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka Random walk(2) fit in black, projection in light green



Question 5

Ratio of neonatal to under–five child mortality (logit), Sri Lanka Linear fit in black, RW(1) in blue and RW(2) in red



Question 6

The plot that we created in question 2 showed that mortality rates have been decreasing significantly over the years. The data with the logit ratio has not clearly been reflecting that however, having a many fluctuations, which resulted in what looks like an increasing trend.

Ideally our model should predict a decrease in mortality rate (equivalently in the log ratio), which the second order random walk model clearly shows the most. Hence that model should be preferred.