

INTRO TO MVVM APPS IN .NET

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FOR LVRUG 4/9/14 MEETUP

The screenshot shows a Windows application window titled "MVVM QuickStart". The interface consists of several input fields and sections:

- Name:** A text input field.
- Age:** A text input field.
- How many times do you eat out per month?** A text input field with an information icon (i) and a tooltip pointing to a detailed view.
- Which are your favorite entries? (Max. 2)** A list of checkboxes:
 - Pizza
 - Pasta
 - Steak
 - Ribs
- What appetizers would you add to the menu?** A text input field with a character count indicator showing "250 chars remaining" and an information icon (i).
- Do you have any feedback for the management?** A text input field with a character count indicator showing "250 chars remaining" and an information icon (i).

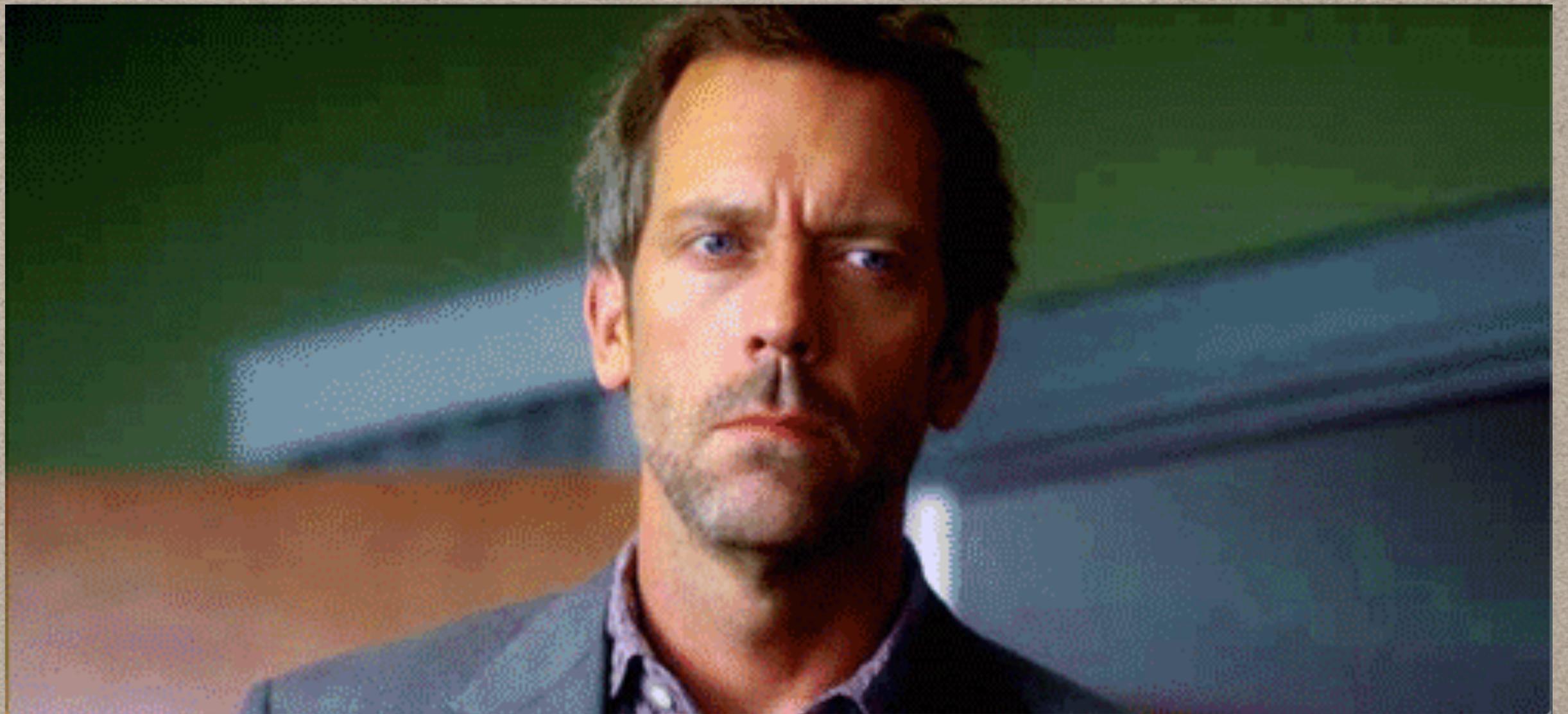
At the bottom, there is a status bar with the message "0 questions remaining" and buttons for "Submit" and "Reset".

WHAT IS MVVM?

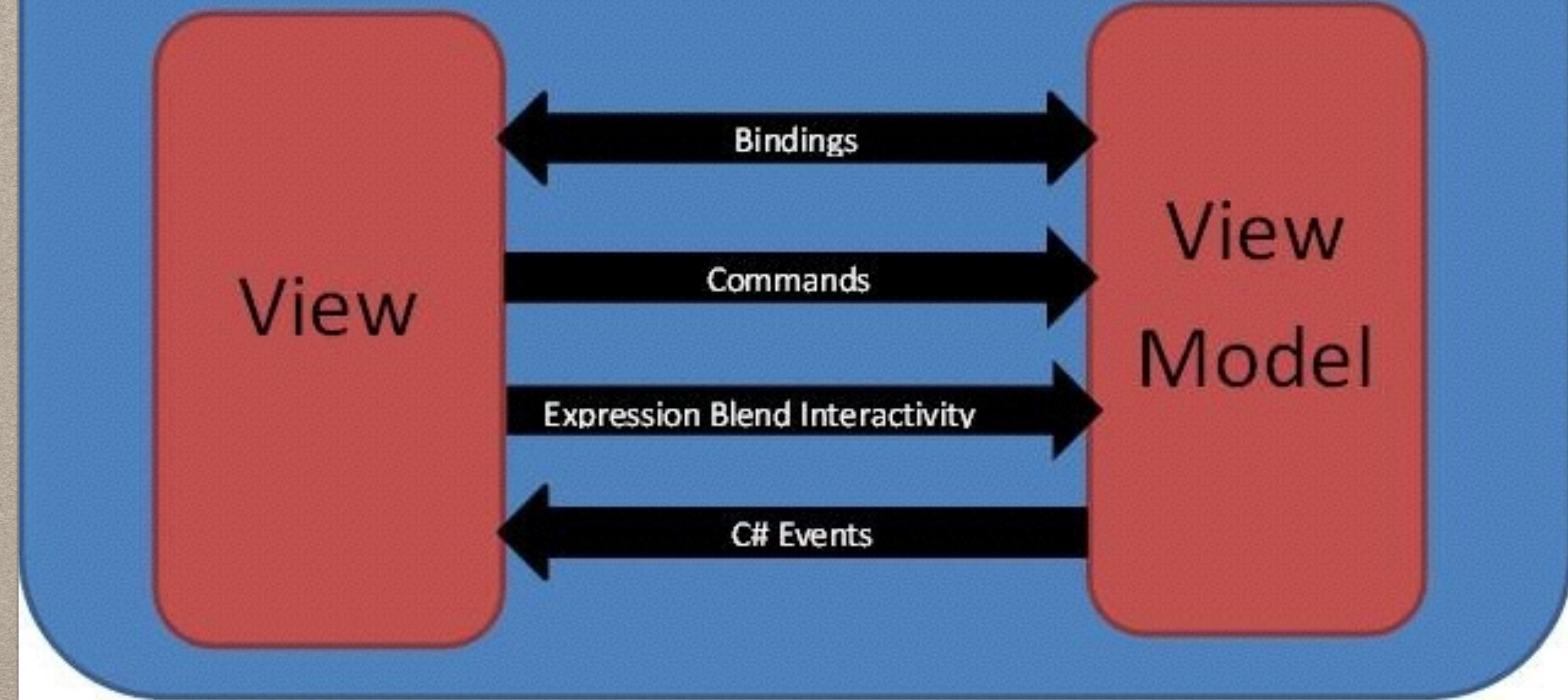
- MVVM stands for “Model-View-ViewModel”
- It’s an MVC variation based on Microsoft’s Model-View-Presenter (i.e. Presentation Model) pattern.
- The identifying factor between this and run-of-the-mill MVC is the ViewModel, which acts as both a controller and a logical representation of the UI.

WHY IS THIS USEFUL?

- Separates boundary and controller classes by mapping GUI markup directly to ViewModel objects.
- ViewModel properties are bound directly to the interface.
- As long as the View and ViewModel are bound by the same properties, they can be developed completely independent of one another.



View-ViewModel Communications



MVVM communication diagram excerpted from: <http://www.codeproject.com/Articles/278901/MVVM-Pattern-Made-Simple>

(VISUAL-) BASICALLY:

- Minimizes coupling between application layers.
- Maximizes the degree of encapsulation that can be implemented separately in View-specific and Controller-specific functionality.
- Allows developers and designers to pour out their skills separately on a project without having to understand each other.
- Allows developers and designers to prototype and deploy applications quickly without being at each others necks.



THE FRONT-END (VIEW)

"THE SHOW"

WINFORMS OR XAML?

- Desktop interfaces can be developed in Winforms or via XAML markup using this pattern - Mobile and Web interfaces can be developed via HTML/CSS.
- XAML is tailored for use with this pattern and is much more flexible (my opinion).
- Implementations in Winforms are possible due to data-binding, but somewhat difficult.
- Winforms implementations typically go back to the “Presentation Model” pattern and have a testable “Presenter” class behind the view.
- Let’s talk more about XAML...

XAML

- Stands for “Extensible Application Markup Language”
- Developed as part of Project “Avalon”
- Released in June 2008.
- Markup files are linked to a C# backend, and markup objects can be instantiated as classes in C# within the back-end when creating new windows.

```
1  XML!
2  Application Name: HiPSEC Shock Lab Tools
3  Application Purpose: Provides the researcher (user) with tools and a library of functions to calculate high pressure shock
4  Developers: Nicola B. DiPalma
5  Date Created: June 17th, 2013 (Version 3.0)
6  Supervisor: Dr. Oliver Tschumper, Associate researcher at INIIV High Pressure Science and Engineering Center
7  Program Name: HiPSEC Shock Experiment Simulator
8  Reference: Shock Wave Techniques for Geophysics and Planetary Physics
9    Thomas J. Ahrens
10   Seismological Laboratory California Institute of Technology Pasadena California 91125
11   Published in "Methods of Experimental Physics" - Vol 24, Part A, Page 185.
12   Copyright 1987 by Academic Press, Inc.
13   Full text can be viewed at: http://www.far.harvard.edu/~planetc/experiment/stress/index.html (Page 170)
14 EULA: GNU General Public License v3
15   Released June 29th, 2007
16   Full Text can be viewed at: http://www.gnu.org/licenses/gpl.html
17
18 <Window x:Class="HiPSEC_ShockLabTools.View.Windows.MainWindow"
19   xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
20   xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
21   Left="0"
22   MinHeight="500"
23   MinWidth="900"
24   Title="HiPSEC Shock Lab Tools"
25   Top="0"
26   WindowStartupLocation="Manual"
27   WindowState="Maximized">
28
29   <Window.Resources>
30     <ResourceDictionary Source="MainWindowResources.xaml"/>
31   </Window.Resources>
32
33   <DockPanel>
34
35     <ScrollViewer Background="Gray" DockPanel.Dock="Left">
36       <StackPanel>
37
38         <!--AVAILABLE EXPERIMENT RECORDS LISTING (BEGIN)-->
39         <ContentControl DockPanel.Dock="Left"
40           Content="{Binding Path=ExperimentsWorkspace, UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}">
41           </ContentControl>
42         <!--AVAILABLE EXPERIMENT RECORDS LISTING (END)-->
43
44         <!-- AVAILABLE MATERIALS LISTING (BEGIN) -->
45         <ContentControl DockPanel.Dock="Left"
46           Content="{Binding Path=MaterialsWorkspace, UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}">
47           </ContentControl>
48         <!-- AVAILABLE MATERIALS LISTING (END)-->
49
50       </StackPanel>
51     </ScrollViewer>
52
53     <!--WORKSPACES (BEGIN)-->
54     <ContentControl DockPanel.Dock="Left"
55       Content="{Binding Path=VisibleWorkspaces}"
56       ContentTemplate="{StaticResource WorkspacesTemplate}">
57     </ContentControl>
58     <!--WORKSPACES (END)-->
59
60   </DockPanel>
61 </Window>
```

XAML example from HiPSEC Shocklab Tools.



THE BACK-END (VIEWMODEL)

“THE BUSINESS”

C# .NET

- Basically, it's C/C++ without pointers - Microsoft's version of Java.
- Shares a lot of functionality and syntax with Java.
- Runs in the .Net virtual environment in Windows applications, but many ports are available for others.
- Runs slower than C/C++ due to some overhead.
- Designed to allow developers to write functional as well as object-oriented applications.

VISUAL BASIC .NET

- Derives functionality and syntax from its predecessor, classic Visual Basic (last stable release: version 6.0 - late 1998).
- Is event-driven, just like its predecessor.
- More commonly used with Winforms interfaces.

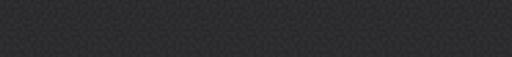
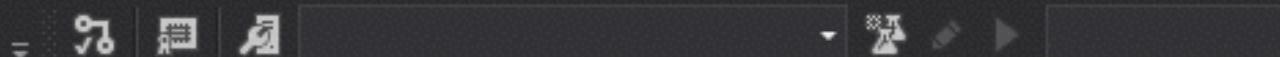


THE MARRIAGE

"THE ART"

DATA-BINDING

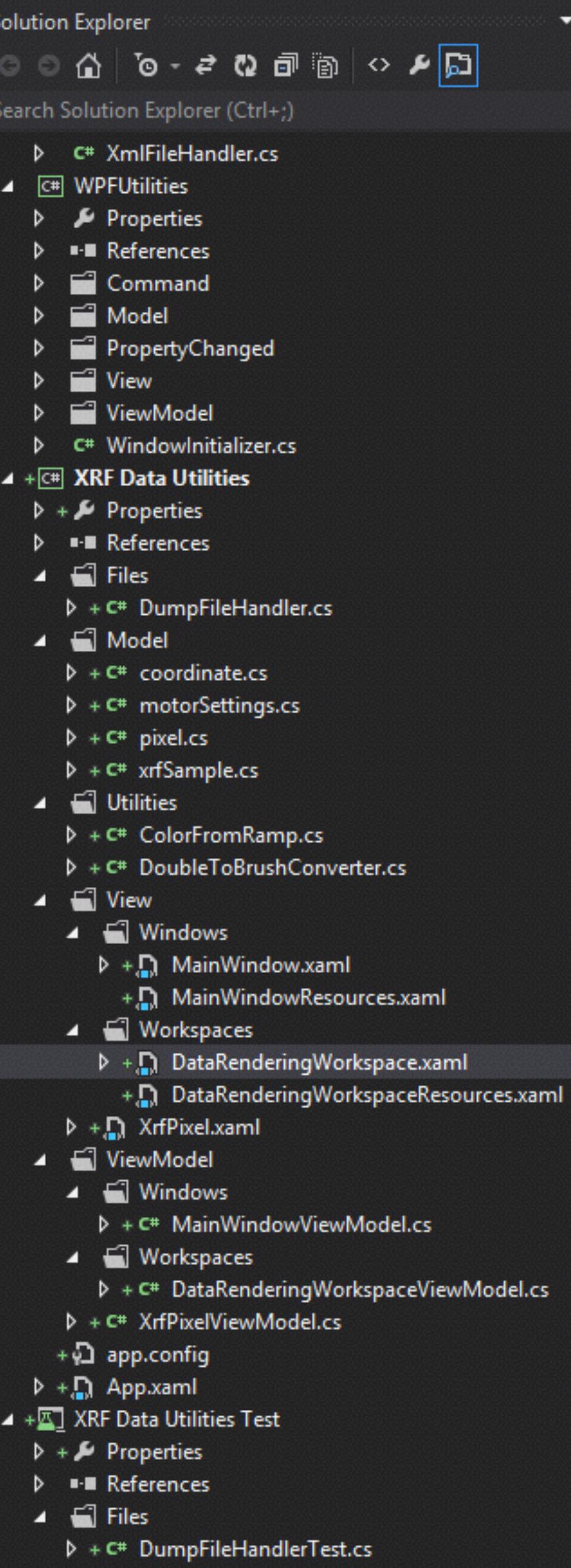
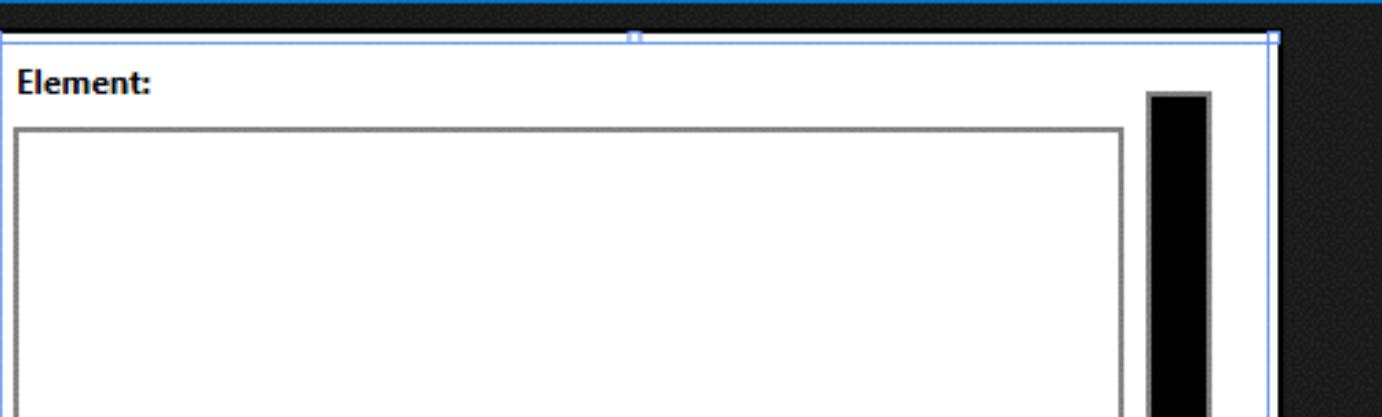
- Mechanism that maps ViewModel properties to appropriately labeled {Binding} commands in the View at runtime.
- Paths are specified within the binding with the names of ViewModel properties and indexers.
- Bindings can be equipped with PropertyChanged event notifiers so that any changes in the ViewModel induce view updates.



100% fx

Design XAML

```
1 <UserControl x:Class="XRF_Data_Utils...View.Workspaces.DataRenderingWorkspace"
2     xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
3     xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml">
4     <UserControl.Resources>
5         <ResourceDictionary Source="DataRenderingWorkspaceResources.xaml"/>
6     </UserControl.Resources>
7     <Border Background="White" BorderBrush="Black" BorderThickness="1" Padding="4">
8         <StackPanel Orientation="Horizontal">
9             <StackPanel>
10                <StackPanel Orientation="Horizontal">
11                    <Label FontWeight="Bold" Margin="0,0,-8,0">Element:</Label>
12                    <Label Content="{Binding Path=ElementName, UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}" FontWeight="Bold"/>
13                </StackPanel>
14                <Border BorderBrush="Gray" BorderThickness="2" Margin="4">
15                    <ContentControl Content="{Binding Path=RenderedImage, UpdateSourceTrigger=PropertyChanged}" Height="400" Width="400" RenderOptions.BitmapScalingMode="NearestNeighbor" SnapsToDevicePixels="True" />
16                </Border>
17            </StackPanel>
18            <StackPanel Margin="4" Orientation="Horizontal">
19                <Border BorderBrush="Gray" BorderThickness="2" Height="404">
20                    <Canvas Background="Black" Height="400" Width="20">
21                        <Rectangle Fill="{Binding Path=ColorRamp}" Height="400" Width="20"/>
22                    </Canvas>
23                </Border>
24                <Grid>
25                    <Label Content="{Binding Path=MaxCounts}" HorizontalAlignment="Left" VerticalAlignment="Top"/>
26                    <Label HorizontalAlignment="Left" VerticalAlignment="Bottom">0</Label>
27                </Grid>
28            </StackPanel>
29        </StackPanel>
30    </Border>
31 </UserControl>
```





```
ColorFromRamp.cs      MainWindowViewModel.cs      DumpFileHandler.cs      DataRenderingWorkspace.xaml      DataRenderingWorkspaceViewModel.cs      DataRenderingWork...aceResources.xaml      pixel.cs      Solution Explorer      Search Solution Explorer (Ctrl+.)  
XRF_Data_Utils...View...DataRenderingWorkspaceViewModel  
19     private Canvas _renderedImage;  
20  
21     // Render-specific  
22     private GradientStopCollection _ramp;  
23  
24     #endregion  
25  
26     ///////////////////////////////  
27     #region Properties  
28  
29     public LinearGradientBrush ColorRamp  
30     {  
31         get  
32         {  
33             return new LinearGradientBrush(_ramp);  
34         }  
35     }  
36  
37     public string ElementName  
38     {  
39         get  
40         {  
41             return _elementName;  
42         }  
43         set  
44         {  
45             _elementName = value;  
46             OnPropertyChanged("ElementName");  
47         }  
48     }  
49  
50     public int MaxCounts  
51     {  
52         get;  
53         set;  
54     }  
55  
56     public Canvas RenderedImage  
57     {  
58         get  
59         {  
60             return _renderedImage;  
61         }  
62         set  
63         {  
64             _renderedImage = value;  
65             OnPropertyChanged("RenderedImage");  
66         }  
67     }  
68  
69     #endregion  
70     ///////////////////////////////
```

DATA CONTEXT

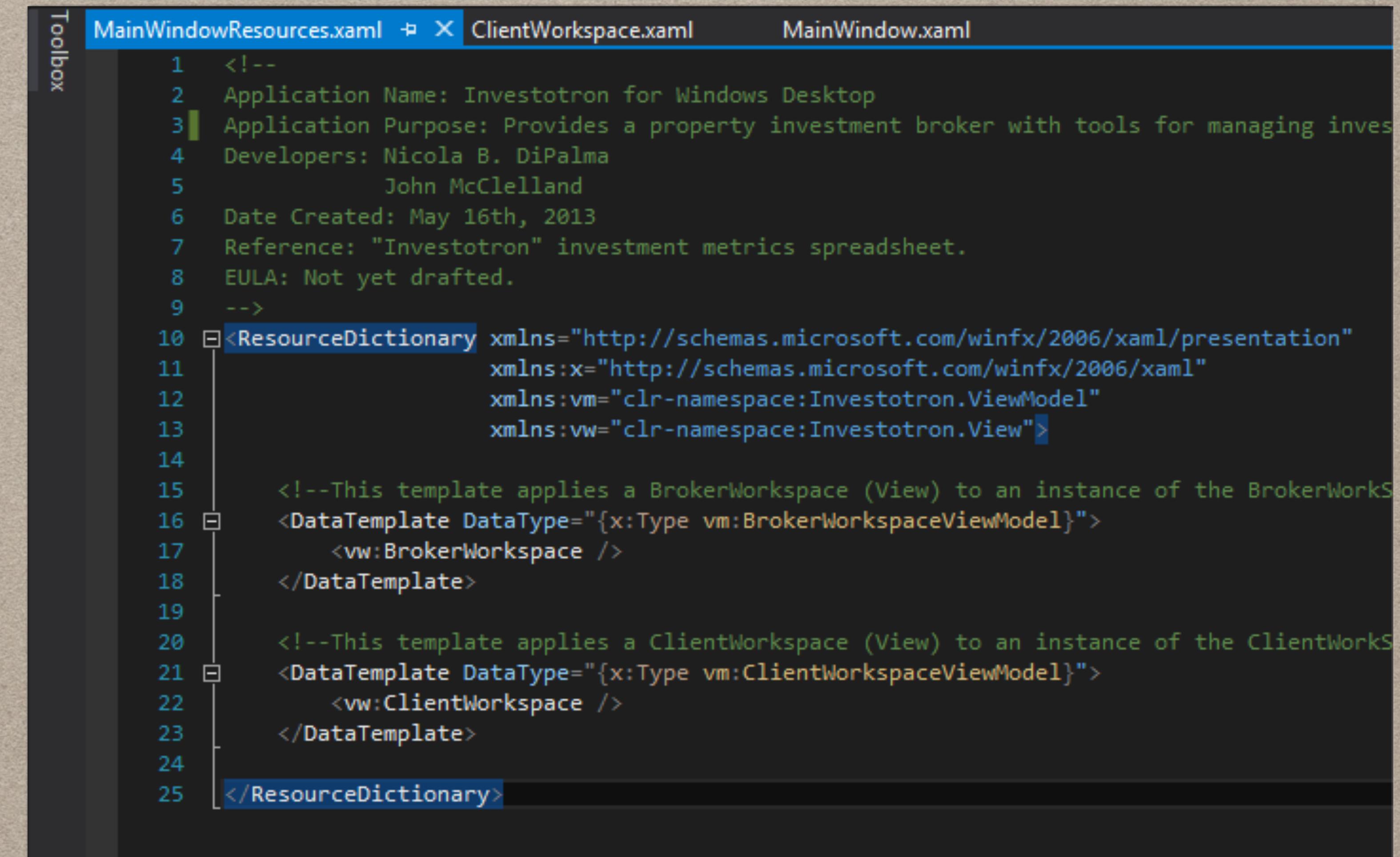
- A template for interpreting the data-bound markup is established by matching the “DataContext” property of the window object.
- When assigned via a resource dictionary, ViewModel objects are given a View mapping automatically when bound to View controls as content.

```
/// <param name= windowviewmodel ></param>
public WindowInitializer(Window window, IWindow windowViewModel)
{
    _window = window;
    var viewModel = windowViewModel;
    viewModel.PropertyChanged += windowViewModel_PropertyChanged;
    window.DataContext = viewModel;
}
```

Example of a window object and its backend instantiated in the MVVM pattern, from WPFUtilities library.

RESOURCE DICTIONARIES

- Enable additional markup files to be mapped directly to objects bound to the view.
- Reduce complexity of interface markup by enabling compartmentalization of its components.



The screenshot shows a code editor window with three tabs at the top: 'MainWindowResources.xaml' (selected), 'ClientWorkspace.xaml', and 'MainWindow.xaml'. On the far left, there's a 'Toolbox' panel. The main area contains XAML code:

```
1  <!--
2  Application Name: Investotron for Windows Desktop
3  Application Purpose: Provides a property investment broker with tools for managing inves
4  Developers: Nicola B. DiPalma
5          John McClelland
6  Date Created: May 16th, 2013
7  Reference: "Investotron" investment metrics spreadsheet.
8  EULA: Not yet drafted.
9  -->
10 <ResourceDictionary xmlns="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml/presentation"
11   xmlns:x="http://schemas.microsoft.com/winfx/2006/xaml"
12   xmlns:vm="clr-namespace:Investotron.ViewModel"
13   xmlns:vw="clr-namespace:Investotron.View">
14
15  <!--This template applies a BrokerWorkspace (View) to an instance of the BrokerWorkS
16  <DataTemplate DataType="{x:Type vm:BrokerWorkspaceViewModel}">
17    <vw:BrokerWorkspace />
18  </DataTemplate>
19
20  <!--This template applies a ClientWorkspace (View) to an instance of the ClientWorkS
21  <DataTemplate DataType="{x:Type vm:ClientWorkspaceViewModel}">
22    <vw:ClientWorkspace />
23  </DataTemplate>
24
25 </ResourceDictionary>
```

Example of a resource dictionary from Investotron REIT software.

BUILD AN APP (TIME PERMITTING)?

OUTCOMES

- Gotten a feel for what MVVM is and how it works.
- Gotten a feel for how XAML and C# play a role in implementing the MVVM pattern.
- Acquired a deeper understanding of what data-binding is and how it makes MVVM really work.
- Acquired an understanding of how markup is mapped to various ViewModel objects as Windows and User Controls (if an app was constructed).



QUESTIONS? COMMENTS?

THE BIGGER QUESTION...

- If the engineers at Microsoft know the nature of good architecture, why do the company's products have SO many bugs?
- I digress...

