



# Java Dates

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# Using Dates in Java

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- Working with dates and time in Java is surprisingly complicated.
- In Project 15, we will use the built-in Calendar class to represent an animal's date of birth.
  - (vs. "age" which keeps changing.)
  - <https://docs.oracle.com/javase/7/docs/api/java/util/Calendar.html>
- You do not need to understand the Calendar class (or the Date class) in detail.
  - Just how to get and set Date values for day, month, and year as show on the following slides.



# Creating a Calendar Object

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```
import java.util.Calendar;
```

```
...
```

Note factory method.

```
Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();
```

The object is initialized set to the current day.



# Class Calendar Methods

```
void          set(int year, int month, int date)
              Sets the values for the calendar fields YEAR, MONTH, and DAY_OF_MONTH.
```

```
int          get(int field)
              Returns the value of the given calendar field.
```

- Numerical values for month start with 0.
  - 0 means January
  - 1 means February ...
  - 11 means December
- Numerical values for year and date (day of month) are normal.
- Go figure!



# CalendarDemo.java

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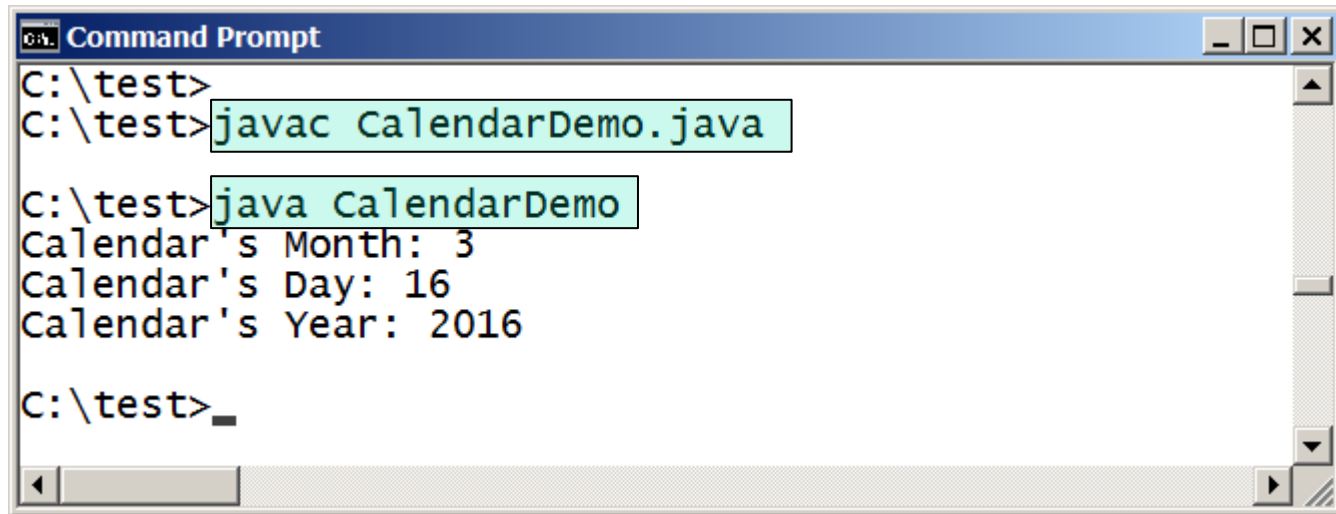
```
import java.util.Calendar;

public class CalendarDemo
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // Create a calendar.
        Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();

        // Get the values of the calendar date fields.
        System.out.println("Calendar's Month: " + cal.get(Calendar.MONTH));
        System.out.println("Calendar's Day: " + cal.get(Calendar.DATE));
        System.out.println("Calendar's Year: " + cal.get(Calendar.YEAR));
    }
}
```

Calendar.getInstance returns a Calendar object set to the current date.

# Test Run



```
Command Prompt
C:\test>
C:\test>javac CalendarDemo.java
C:\test>java CalendarDemo
Calendar's Month: 3
Calendar's Day: 16
Calendar's Year: 2016
C:\test>
```

Output is the current date when the program was run.

It was actually April 16, 2016 or 4/16/2016



# Setting the Date in a Calendar

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```
import java.util.Calendar;

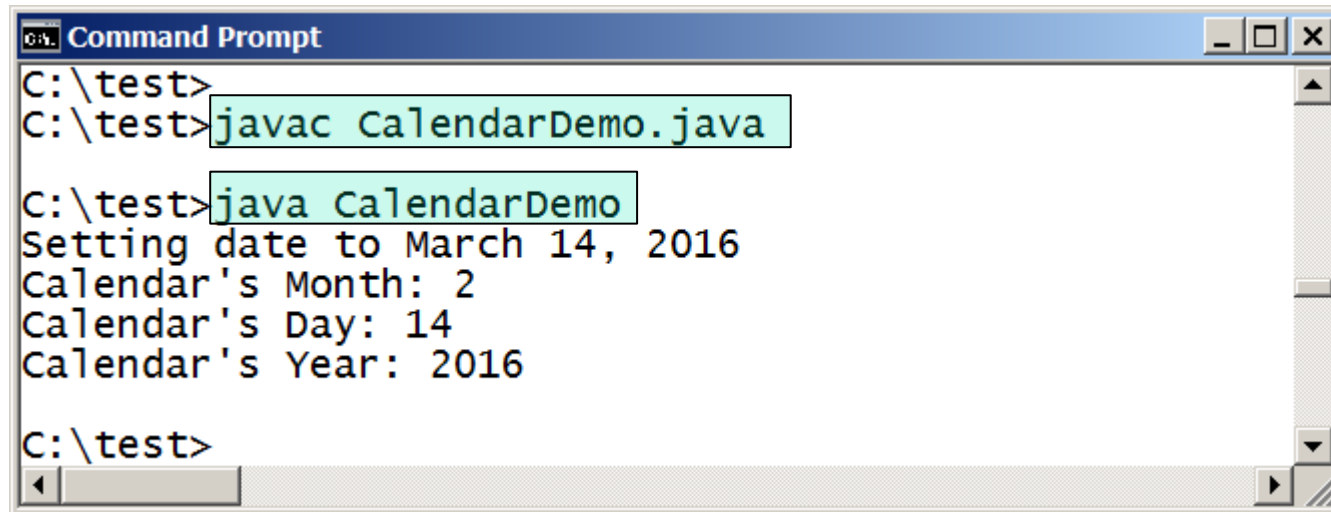
public class CalendarDemo
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        // Create a calendar.
        Calendar cal = Calendar.getInstance();

        // Set the date to PI day 3/14/16
        System.out.println("Setting date to March 14, 2016");
        cal.set(2016, 2, 14);

        // Get the values of the calendar date fields.
        System.out.println("Calendar's Month: " + cal.get(Calendar.MONTH));
        System.out.println("Calendar's Day: " + cal.get(Calendar.DATE));
        System.out.println("Calendar's Year: " + cal.get(Calendar.YEAR));
    }
}
```

**Add to CalendarDemo.java**

# Modified CalendarDemo



```
Command Prompt
C:\test>
C:\test>javac CalendarDemo.java
C:\test>java CalendarDemo
Setting date to March 14, 2016
Calendar's Month: 2
Calendar's Day: 14
Calendar's Year: 2016
C:\test>
```

Output is the date that we set.





# Using Class Calendar

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- When setting a numerical value for month, subtract 1 from the normal value.
- When displaying a Calendar date, add 1 to the numerical value of month returned by the Calendar object.