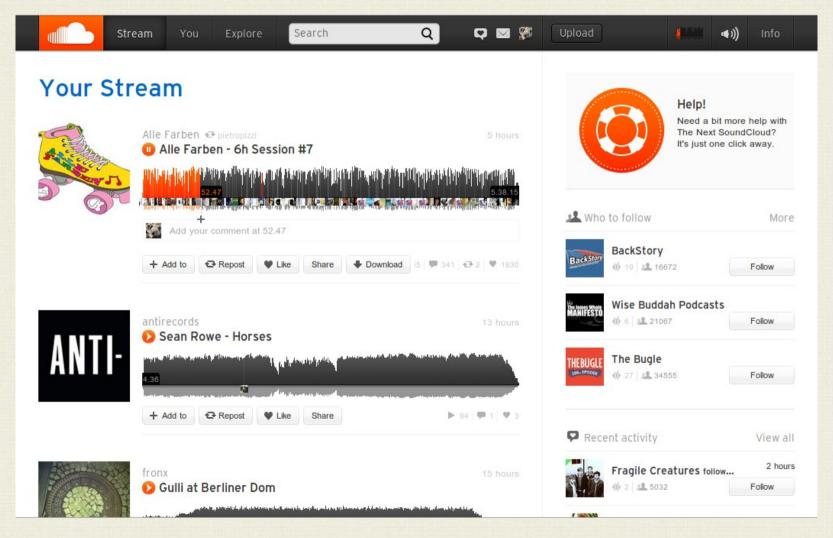
### The Next SoundCloud



# Developer tooling

- Written in NodeJS
  - Can share config between runtime and tools
- Development server
- Build script



JS preprocessors

```
//#define DEBUG 1
//#if DEBUG
console.log(...);
//#endif
```



JS preprocessors

```
fine DEBUG
//#it
console
//#endif
```





You can't parse [X]HTML with regex. Because HTML can't be parsed by regex. Regex is not a tool that can be used to correctly parse HTML. As I have answered in HTML-and-regex questions here so many times before, the use of regex will not allow you to consume HTML. Regular expressions are a tool that is insufficiently sophisticated to understand the constructs employed by HTML. HTML is not a regular language and hence cannot be parsed by regular expressions. Regex queries are not equipped to break down HTML into its meaningful parts, so many times but it is not getting to me. Even enhanced irregular regular expressions as used by Perl are not up to the task of parsing HTML. You will never make me crack. HTML is a language of sufficient complexity that it cannot be parsed by regular expressions. Even Jon Skeet cannot parse HTML using regular expressions. Every time you attempt to parse HTML with regular expressions, the unholy child weeps the blood of virgins, and Russian hackers pwn your webapp. Parsing HTML with regex summons tainted souls into the realm of the living. HTML and regex go together like love, marriage, and ritual infanticide. The <center> cannot hold it is too late. The force of regex and HTML together in the same conceptual space will destroy your mind like so much watery putty. If you parse HTML with regex you are giving in to Them and their blasphemous ways which doom us all to inhuman toil for the One whose Name cannot be expressed in the Basic Multilingual Plane, he comes. HTML-plus-regexp will liquify the nerves of the sentient whilst you observe, your psyche withering in the onslaught of horror. Regex-based HTML parsers are the cancer that is killing StackOverflow it is too late it is too late we cannot be saved the trangession of a child ensures regex will consume all living tissue (except for HTML which it cannot, as previously prophesied) dear lord help us how can anyone survive this scourge using regex to parse HTML has doomed humanity to an eternity of dread torture and security holes using regex as a tool to process HTML establishes a breach between this world and the dread realm of corrupt entities (like SGML entities, but more corrupt) a mere glimpse of the world of regex parsers for HTML will instantly transport a programmer's consciousness into a world of ceaseless screaming, he comes, the pestilent slithy regexinfection will devour your HTML parser, application and existence for all time like Visual Basic only worse he comes he comes do not fight he comes, his unholy radiance destro-ying all enlightenmen HTML tags leaking from your eyes like liquid pain, the song of regular expression parsing will exti nguish the voices of mortal man from the sphere I can see it can you see if it is beautiful the final snuf fing of the lies of Man ALL IS LOST ALL IS LOST the pony he comes he comes the ZĂLGO (\$ TONE THE PONY HE COMES

Have you tried using an XML parser instead?





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#### Have you tried using an XML parser instead?

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Have you tried using an XML parser instead?



- Use UglifyJS to parse code into an AST
- Inspect and manipulate from there

```
var parser = require('uglify-js').parser;
var ast = parser.parse(fileContents);
```



Variable substitution

```
var client_id = __ENV__ === 'production' ? 'abc123' : 'def456';
if (__DEBUG_MODE__ && someCondition) {
  console.log(client_id);
}
```

• uglify.ast\_mangle(ast, {defines: ... })

```
var a = 'production' === 'production' ? 'abc123' : 'def456';
if (false && someCondition) {
  console.log(a);
}
```



Dead code removal

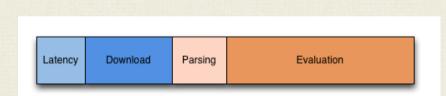
```
var a = 'production' === 'production' ? 'abc123' : 'def456';
if (false && someCondition) {
  console.log(a);
}
```

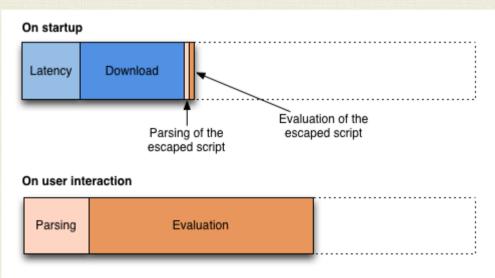
uglify.ast\_squeeze(ast)

```
var a = 'abc123';
```



- Lazy evaluation of AMD modules
  - Tobie Langel (@tobie)
  - http://calendar.perfplanet.com/2011/lazy-evaluation-ofcommonjs-modules/





# Templating: Handlebars

- Enforce good practices
- Pre-compiled
  - Faster to render
  - Smaller to deliver
- Custom helpers



### Code style

```
var PlayQueue = require('lib/play-queue'),
    Comments = require('collections/comments'),
    View = require('lib/view');

module.exports = View.extend({
    // ...
});
```

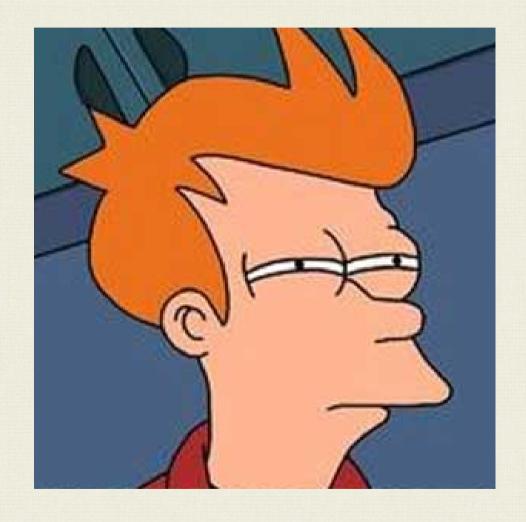
### Code style

```
var PlayQueue = require('lib/play-queue'),
    Comments = require('collections/comments'),
    View = require('lib/view');

module.exports = View.extend({
    template: require('views/my-view.tmpl'),
    css : require('views/my-view.css')
});
```



### CSS AMD modules?





### Yeah! CSS AMD modules.

```
define("views/my-view.css", function () {
  var style = document.createElement('style'),
        data = ".myView{margin-top: 20px;} .myV...";
  style.appendChild(
        document.createTextNode(data)
    );
  return style;
});
```



# Views as Components

- Independent & Reuseable
- Can include subviews with subviews with subviews...
- Some are large, many small
- Must play nice



### Views added via Templates

```
<div class="foo">
    {{view "views/sound/play-button"}
    resource_id=sound_id
    }}
    {{view "views/user/user-badge"}
    resource_id=user_id
     size="large"
    }}
</div>
```





### Models

Identity map behaviour

```
var soundA = new Sound({ id: 123, title: 'Foo' }),
    soundB = new Sound({ id: 123, genre: 'techno' });

soundA === soundB;  // true
soundB.get('title'); // 'Foo'
soundA.get('genre'); // 'techno'
```

#### How?

- Instance store is just an object (in essence)
- Override Model constructor

```
01 store = {};
02 Sound = Backbone.Model.extend({
03    constructor: function (attrs) {
        var id = attrs.id;
        if (store[id]) {
            return store[id]; // ← return the other one
        }
        store[id] = this;
        // regular instantiation...
10    }
11 });
```

### Problem solved!

- Models fetched once, rendered many times
- Models + events can be used to synchronise views
- Nice side effect: full use of the response



### Sub-resources in a response

```
https://api.soundcloud.com/tracks/52167545.json
     "id": 52167545,
    "user_id": 2,
     "duration": 71523,
     "user": {
      "id": 2,
      "permalink": "eric",
       "username": "Eric",
       "avatar url": "https://i1.sndcdn..."
     "created with": {
       "id": 124,
       "name": "SoundCloud iOS"
@spadgos
```



# Releasing

- Instance store must let go at some point
- When a model is 'constructed': usage++
- When a model is 'released': usage--
- Periodically, remove unused models



### Backbone + SoundCloud



