

15. Cell Transmission Model

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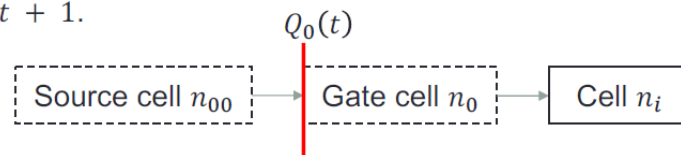
Consider a link with three cells. Suppose that time is divided into 1 second intervals.

- ▶ At most 10 vehicles can move from one cell to the next cell in one time step, i.e., $q_{max}\Delta t = 10$.
- ▶ The maximum number of vehicles that can fit a cell $N_i = 30$.
- ▶ $w/v_f = 2/3$
- ▶ The demand for vehicles trying to enter the link is known $d(t)$.

Now also assume that at the downstream end, a traffic light is red from $t = 0$ to $t = 9$ and will turn green forever at $t = 10$. Use the spreadsheet provided to calculate cell occupancies over time.

设置 demand by a cell pair,

A **source cell** numbered 00 with an infinite number of vehicles ($n_{00}(0) = \infty$) that discharges into an empty **gate cell** 0 of infinite size, $N_0(t) = \infty$. The inflow capacity $Q_0(t)$ of the gate cell is set equal to the desired link input flow for next time interval $t + 1$.



则如图 1:

time	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
n00	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999	9999
n0	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.4	21.9	26.2	25.3	22.3	19.5	17.5	16.3	15.6	15.3	15.1	15.1	15
n1	0	0	10	10	10	10	10	10	14.1	21.6	26.2	28.4	24.9	20.8	18	16.5	15.7	15.3	15.1	15.1	15	15	15
n2	0	0	0	10	10	10	13.3	21.1	26.3	28.5	29.4	23.1	18.8	16.6	15.7	15.3	15.1	15	15	15	15	15	15
n3	0	0	0	0	10	20	26.7	28.9	29.6	29.9	20	16.7	15.6	15.2	15.1	15	15	15	15	15	15	15	15
nout	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	20	30	40	50	60	70	80	90	100	110	120	130

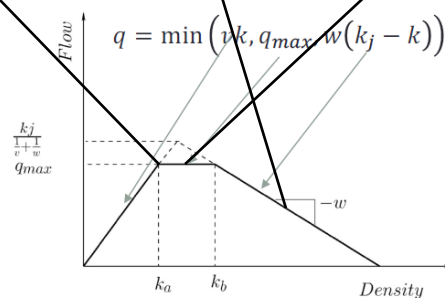


图 1: 0-22s 仿真结果

附件 1:

40s 仿真完整表格

time	n00	n0	n1	n2	n3	nout
0	9999	0	0	0	0	0
1	9999	10	0	0	0	0
2	9999	10	10	0	0	0
3	9999	10	10	10	0	0
4	9999	10	10	10	10	0
5	9999	10	10	10	20	0
6	9999	10	10	13.33333	26.66667	0
7	9999	10	10	21.11111	28.88889	0
8	9999	10	14.07407	26.2963	29.62963	0
9	9999	10	21.60494	28.51852	29.87654	0
10	9999	14.40329	26.21399	29.42387	19.95885	10
11	9999	21.87929	28.35391	23.11385	16.65295	20
12	9999	26.1957	24.86054	18.80658	15.55098	30
13	9999	25.30559	20.82457	16.63618	15.18366	40
14	9999	22.31824	18.03231	15.66784	15.06122	50
15	9999	19.46096	16.45599	15.26343	15.02041	60
16	9999	17.45765	15.66095	15.10141	15.0068	70
17	9999	16.25985	15.28792	15.03834	15.00227	80
18	9999	15.6119	15.12153	15.01429	15.00076	90
19	9999	15.28499	15.05004	15.00527	15.00025	100
20	9999	15.12836	15.02019	15.00192	15.00008	110
21	9999	15.05625	15.00801	15.0007	15.00003	120
22	9999	15.02409	15.00314	15.00025	15.00001	130
23	9999	15.01012	15.00121	15.00009	15	140
24	9999	15.00418	15.00046	15.00003	15	150
25	9999	15.0017	15.00018	15.00001	15	160
26	9999	15.00069	15.00007	15	15	170
27	9999	15.00027	15.00002	15	15	180
28	9999	15.00011	15.00001	15	15	190
29	9999	15.00004	15	15	15	200
30	9999	15.00002	15	15	15	210
31	9999	15.00001	15	15	15	220
32	9999	15	15	15	15	230
33	9999	15	15	15	15	240
34	9999	15	15	15	15	250
35	9999	15	15	15	15	260
36	9999	15	15	15	15	270
37	9999	15	15	15	15	280
38	9999	15	15	15	15	290
39	9999	15	15	15	15	300
40	9999	15	15	15	15	310

附件 2:
代码

```
1. import pandas as pd
2.
3. table = pd.read_excel('demand.xlsx')
4. table.head()
5.
6. Q = 10
7. N = 30
8. table['n00'] = 9999
9. table.iloc[0,2:7]=0
10. table.head()
11.
12. for i in range(len(table)):
13.     # 当 0s 时已初始化完毕
14.     if i==0:
15.         continue
16.
17.     for j in range(2,6,1):
18.         q1 = min(10,table.iloc[i-1,j-1],2/3*(N-table.iloc[i-1,j])) #q1 为流入, q2
            为流出
19.         if i<=9 and j==5: #此为红灯状态
20.             q2 = 0
21.         elif j==5: #红灯结束但为最后一个 cell
22.             q2 = min(10,table.iloc[i-1,j])
23.         else: #红灯结束其它 cell
24.             q2 = min(10,table.iloc[i-1,j],2/3*(N-table.iloc[i-1,j+1]))
25.             table.iloc[i,j] = table.iloc[i-1,j]+q1-q2
26.         # 统计流出量
27.         table.iloc[i,6] = table.iloc[i-1,6]+q2
28. table.to_excel('output.xlsx',index=False)
```