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Three-stage Least Squares (3SLS)

This example demonstrates how a system of simultaneous equations can be jointly estimated using three-stage least squares (3SLS). The simultaneous equations model the wage and number of hours worked. The two equations are

$$\begin{aligned} hours &= \beta_0 + \beta_1 \ln(wage) + \beta_2 educ + \beta_3 age + \beta_4 kidslt6 + \beta_5 nwifeinc + \epsilon_i^h \\ \ln(wage) &= \gamma_0 + \gamma_1 hours + \gamma_2 educ + \gamma_3 educ^2 + \gamma_4 exper + \epsilon_i^w \end{aligned}$$

Each equation has a single exogenous variables. The instruments for the endogenous variables are the regressors that appear in one equation but not the other.

Data

The data set is the MORZ data set from Wooldridge (2002).

In [1]:

```
from linearmodels.datasets import mroz
data = mroz.load()
```

Here the relevant variables are selected and missing observations are dropped to avoid warnings.

In [2]:

```
data = data[['hours', 'educ', 'age', 'kidslt6', 'nwifeinc', 'lwage', 'exper',
data = data.dropna()
```

The main models are imported:

- IV2SLS - single equation 2-stage least squares
- IV3SLS - system estimation using instrumental variables
- SUR - system estimation without endogenous variables

In [3]:

```
from linearmodels import IV2SLS, IV3SLS, SUR, IVSystemGMM
```

Formulas

These examples use the formula interface. This is usually simpler when models have exogenous regressors, endogenous regressors and instruments. The syntax is the same as in the 2SLS models.

In [4]:

```
hours = 'hours ~ educ + age + kidslt6 + nwifeinc + [lwage ~ exper + exp

hours_mod = IV2SLS.from_formula(hours, data)
hours_res = hours_mod.fit(cov_type='unadjusted')
print(hours_res)
```

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IV-2SLS Estimation Summary

Dep. Variable:	hours	R-squared:
Estimator:	IV-2SLS	Adj. R-squared:
No. Observations:	428	F-statistic:
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017	P-value (F-stat)
Time:	20:42:20	Distribution:
Cov. Estimator:	unadjusted	

Parameter Estimates

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	-99.299	48.997	-2.0266	0.0427	-195.33	
age	19.429	6.2770	3.0952	0.0020	7.1261	
kidslt6	-51.616	183.96	-0.2806	0.7790	-412.18	
nwifeinc	-11.445	6.6787	-1.7137	0.0866	-24.535	
lwage	1626.3	472.19	3.4442	0.0006	700.85	

Endogenous: lwage
Instruments: exper, expersq
Unadjusted Covariance (Homoskedastic)
Debiased: False

The ln wage model can be similarly specified and estimated

In [5]:

```
lwage = 'lwage ~ educ + exper + expersq + [hours ~ age + kidslt6 + nwif

lwage_mod = IV2SLS.from_formula(lwage, data)
lwage_res = lwage_mod.fit(cov_type='unadjusted')
print(lwage_res)
```

IV-2SLS Estimation Summary

Dep. Variable:	lwage	R-squared:
Estimator:	IV-2SLS	Adj. R-squared:
No. Observations:	428	F-statistic:
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017	P-value (F-stat)
Time:	20:42:20	Distribution:
Cov. Estimator:	unadjusted	

Parameter Estimates

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	0.0875	0.0162	5.3892	0.0000	0.0557	
exper	0.0524	0.0299	1.7501	0.0801	-0.0063	
expersq	-0.0009	0.0006	-1.4898	0.1363	-0.0021	
hours	-0.0003	0.0003	-0.8666	0.3862	-0.0009	

Endogenous: hours
Instruments: age, kidslt6, nwifeinc
Unadjusted Covariance (Homoskedastic)
Debiased: False

A system can be specified using a dictionary for formulas. The dictionary keys are used as equation labels. Aside from this simple change, the syntax is identical.

Here the model is estimated using method='ols' which will just simultaneously estimate the two equations but will produce estimates that are identical to separate equations.

In [6]:

```
equations = dict(hours=hours, lwage=lwage)
system_2sls = IV3SLS.from_formula(equations, data)
system_2sls_res = system_2sls.fit(method='ols', cov_type='unadjusted')
print(system_2sls_res)
```

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System OLS Estimation Summary

Estimator:	OLS	Overall R-squared:	
No. Equations.:	2	Cov. Estimator:	una
No. Observations:	428	Num. Constraints:	
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017		
Time:	20:42:20		

Equation: hours, Dependent Variable: hours

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	-99.299	48.997	-2.0266	0.0427	-195.33	
age	19.429	6.2770	3.0952	0.0020	7.1261	
kidslt6	-51.616	183.96	-0.2806	0.7790	-412.18	
nwifeinc	-11.445	6.6787	-1.7137	0.0866	-24.535	
lwage	1626.3	472.19	3.4442	0.0006	700.85	

Instruments

exper, expersq

Equation: lwage, Dependent Variable: lwage

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	0.0875	0.0162	5.3892	0.0000	0.0557	
exper	0.0524	0.0299	1.7501	0.0801	-0.0063	
expersq	-0.0009	0.0006	-1.4898	0.1363	-0.0021	
hours	-0.0003	0.0003	-0.8666	0.3862	-0.0009	

Instruments

age, kidslt6, nwifeinc

Covariance Estimator:
Homoskedastic (Unadjusted) Covariance (Debiased: False, GLS: False)

Using method='gls' will use GLS estimates which can be more efficient than the usual estimates. Here only the first equation changes. This is due to the structure of the problem.

In [7]:

```
equations = dict(hours=hours, lwage=lwage)
system_3sls = IV3SLS.from_formula(equations, data)
system_3sls_res = system_3sls.fit(method='gls', cov_type='unadjusted')
print(system_3sls_res)
```

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System GLS Estimation Summary

Estimator:	GLS	Overall R-squared:	
No. Equations.:	2	Cov. Estimator:	una
No. Observations:	428	Num. Constraints:	
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017		
Time:	20:42:20		

Equation: hours, Dependent Variable: hours

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	-109.90	48.052	-2.2870	0.0222	-204.08	
age	13.651	5.5456	2.4617	0.0138	2.7822	
kidslt6	-196.61	170.04	-1.1563	0.2476	-529.88	
nwifeinc	-6.4136	5.4646	-1.1736	0.2405	-17.124	
lwage	1872.7	461.13	4.0611	0.0000	968.88	

Instruments
exper, expersq

Equation: lwage, Dependent Variable: lwage

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	0.0859	0.0159	5.3864	0.0000	0.0546	
exper	0.0550	0.0295	1.8622	0.0626	-0.0029	
expersq	-0.0010	0.0006	-1.7539	0.0794	-0.0022	
hours	-0.0003	0.0003	-0.8398	0.4010	-0.0009	

Instruments
age, kidslt6, nwifeinc

Covariance Estimator:
Homoskedastic (Unadjusted) Covariance (Debiased: False, GLS: True)

Direct Model Specification

The model can be directly specified using a dictionary of dictionaries where the inner dictionaries contain the 4 components of the model:

- dependent - The dependent variable
- exog - Exogenous regressors
- endog - Endogenous regressors
- instruments - Instrumental variables

The estimates are the same. This interface is more useful for programmatically generating and estimating models.

In [8]:

```
hours = {'dependent': data[['hours']],
        'exog': data[['educ', 'age', 'kidslt6', 'nwifeinc']],
        'endog': data[['lwage']],
        'instruments': data[['exper', 'expersq']]}

lwage = {'dependent': data[['lwage']],
        'exog': data[['educ', 'exper', 'expersq']],
        'endog': data[['hours']],
        'instruments': data[['age', 'kidslt6', 'nwifeinc']]}

equations = dict(hours=hours, lwage=lwage)
system_3sls = IV3SLS(equations)
system_3sls_res = system_3sls.fit(cov_type='unadjusted')
print(system_3sls_res)
```

<https://bashtage.github.io/linearmodels/doc/system/examples/three-stage-ls.html>

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System GLS Estimation Summary				
=====				
Estimator:	GLS	Overall R-squared:		
No. Equations.:	2	Cov. Estimator:	una	
No. Observations:	428	Num. Constraints:		
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017			
Time:	20:42:21			

Equation: hours, Dependent Variable: hours						
=====						
	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U

educ	-109.90	48.052	-2.2870	0.0222	-204.08	
age	13.651	5.5456	2.4617	0.0138	2.7822	
kidslt6	-196.61	170.04	-1.1563	0.2476	-529.88	
nwifeinc	-6.4136	5.4646	-1.1736	0.2405	-17.124	
lwage	1872.7	461.13	4.0611	0.0000	968.88	

=====

Instruments

exper, expersq

Equation: lwage, Dependent Variable: lwage						
=====						
	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U

educ	0.0859	0.0159	5.3864	0.0000	0.0546	
exper	0.0550	0.0295	1.8622	0.0626	-0.0029	
expersq	-0.0010	0.0006	-1.7539	0.0794	-0.0022	
hours	-0.0003	0.0003	-0.8398	0.4010	-0.0009	

=====

Instruments

age, kidslt6, nwifeinc

Covariance Estimator:
Homoskedastic (Unadjusted) Covariance (Debiased: False, GLS: True)



System GMM Estimation

System GMM is an alternative to 3SLS estimation. It is the natural extension to GMM estimation of IV models. It makes weaker assumptions about instruments than 3SLS does. In particular, instruments are assumed exogenous on an equation-by-equation basis rather than the 3SLS assumption that all instruments are exogenous in all equations.

The system GMM estimator is similar to the 3SLS estimator except that it requires making a choice about the moment weighting estimator. Valid options for the weighting estimator are 'unadjusted' or 'homoskedastic' which assumes that residuals are conditionally homoskedastic or 'robust' or 'heteroskedastic' which allows for conditional heteroskedasticity.

The System GMM estimator also supports iterative application where it is possible to iterate until convergence.

Here the examples make use of the same data as in the 3SLS example and only use the formula interface. The default uses 2-step (efficient) GMM.

In [9]:

```
equations = dict(hours='hours ~ educ + age + kidslt6 + nwifeinc + [lwage
                  lwage='lwage ~ educ + exper + expersq + [hours ~ age +
system_gmm = IVSystemGMM.from_formula(equations, data, weight_type='una
system_gmm_res = system_gmm.fit(cov_type='unadjusted')
print(system_gmm_res)
```

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System 2-Step System GMM Estimation Summary

Estimator:	2-Step System GMM	Overall R-squared:	
No. Equations.:	2	Cov. Estimator:	una
No. Observations:	428	Num. Constraints:	
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017		
Time:	20:42:21		

Equation: hours, Dependent Variable: hours

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	-109.89	48.038	-2.2876	0.0222	-204.05	
age	13.653	5.5440	2.4626	0.0138	2.7868	
kidslt6	-196.57	169.99	-1.1564	0.2475	-529.74	
nwifeinc	-6.4149	5.4631	-1.1742	0.2403	-17.122	
lwage	1872.6	461.00	4.0621	0.0000	969.08	

Instruments
exper, expersq

Equation: lwage, Dependent Variable: lwage

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	0.0859	0.0159	5.3866	0.0000	0.0546	
exper	0.0550	0.0295	1.8623	0.0626	-0.0029	
expersq	-0.0010	0.0006	-1.7540	0.0794	-0.0022	
hours	-0.0003	0.0003	-0.8398	0.4010	-0.0009	

Instruments
age, kidslt6, nwifeinc

Covariance Estimator:
GMM Homoskedastic (Unadjusted) Covariance
Weight Estimator:
Homoskedastic (Unadjusted) Weighting (Debiased: False, Center: False)

Robust weighting can be used by setting the `weight_type` . The number of iterations can be set using `iter_limit` . Overall the parameters do not meaningfully change.

In [10]:

```
system_gmm = IVSystemGMM.from_formula(equations, data, weight_type='robust')
system_gmm_res = system_gmm.fit(cov_type='robust', iter_limit=100)
print('Number of iterations: ' + str(system_gmm_res.iterations))
print(system_gmm_res)
```

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Number of iterations: 20

System Iterative System GMM Estimation Summary

=====

Estimator:	Iterative System GMM	Overall R-squared:
No. Equations.:	2	Cov. Estimator:
No. Observations:	428	Num. Constraints:
Date:	Mon, Dec 11 2017	
Time:	20:42:21	

=====

Equation: hours, Dependent Variable: hours

=====

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	-118.31	57.508	-2.0572	0.0397	-231.02	
age	15.027	5.9903	2.5086	0.0121	3.2864	
kidslt6	-227.22	216.54	-1.0493	0.2940	-651.64	
nwifeinc	-8.2578	5.3146	-1.5538	0.1202	-18.674	
lwage	1933.5	592.77	3.2618	0.0011	771.69	

=====

Instruments

exper, expersq

Equation: lwage, Dependent Variable: lwage

=====

	Parameter	Std. Err.	T-stat	P-value	Lower CI	U
educ	0.0967	0.0190	5.0999	0.0000	0.0595	
exper	0.0720	0.0363	1.9840	0.0473	0.0009	
expersq	-0.0013	0.0007	-1.8475	0.0647	-0.0028	8.
hours	-0.0005	0.0004	-1.2298	0.2188	-0.0013	

=====

Instruments

age, kidslt6, nwifeinc

Covariance Estimator:

GMM Heteroskedastic (Robust) Covariance

Weight Estimator:

Heteroskedastic (Robust) Weighting (Debiased: False, Center: False)

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Using formulas to specify models ([formulas.html](#))

Module Reference ([../reference.html](#))