

Summary of concepts reviewed this chapter,

1. vectors are objects that describe location in space.

- physical
- space of data
- param space of params of a function.

2. definitions of vector addition and scaling.

- inversion (by $-c$)

3. magnitude/modulus of a vector.

4. dot scalar product

5. vector projection product.

6. vector spaces

- bases ^{num. of.}
- dimension (linear independent vectors).
- independence vs. dependence (linear combination).

7. Changing bases - when new basis are orthogonal.

- via vector projection product

8. How change of basis relates to extracting feature vectors from data.

- How to model a datapoint using a vector.