

Java Programming Exercise: Library Management System

Background

You are tasked with developing a Library Management System using Java. This system will manage books and borrowers using core principles of Object-Oriented Programming (OOP) such as inheritance, polymorphism, abstraction, and encapsulation. The system will use `HashMaps` to efficiently handle relationships between books and borrowers.

Detailed Task Instructions

1. Base Class Creation

- Create a class `Person` with the following private properties:
 - `name` (String)
 - `age` (int)
- Implement a constructor to initialize these properties.
- Provide getters and setters for each property.

2. Derived Class for Borrowers

- Create a derived class `Borrower` from `Person`.
- Add a property `borrowerId` (String) unique to each borrower.
- Implement methods to manage the borrower's list of borrowed books.

3. Book Class

- Create a class `Book` with properties:
 - `title` (String)
 - `author` (String)
 - `isbn` (String)
- Include a constructor and appropriate getters and setters.

4. Library Management System

- Use `HashMaps` for managing books and borrowers:
 - `HashMap<String, Book>` to store books, where keys are `isbn` values.
 - `HashMap<String, Borrower>` to store borrowers, where keys are `borrowerId` values.
- Implement the following methods:
 - `addBook(Book book)`: Adds a new book to the system.
 - `removeBook(String isbn)`: Removes a book from the system.
 - `addBorrower(Borrower borrower)`: Adds a new borrower.
 - `removeBorrower(String borrowerId)`: Removes a borrower.
 - `checkoutBook(String isbn, String borrowerId)`: Associates a book with a borrower, marking it as checked out if not already loaned.
 - `returnBook(String isbn)`: Marks a book as returned and available for borrowing again.

5. Additional Methods

- `listAllAvailableBooks()`: Lists all books that are not currently checked out.
- `findBooksByAuthor(String author)`: Returns a list of all books by a specific author.
- `listBooksBorrowedBy(String borrowerId)`: Lists all books currently borrowed by a specific borrower.

Implementation Notes

- Use proper encapsulation to ensure that the fields of the classes are not directly accessible from outside the classes.
- Consider how to manage the state of a book (e.g., whether it is checked out or available).
- Ensure that the `checkoutBook` method checks if a book is already loaned out before associating it with a borrower.