



# Android - Kotlin, Architecture components

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# Ketchup?



# Island?



# Kotlin

<http://kotlinlang.org/>

# Kotlin

- Open source language
- Support for JVM, Android, JavaScript and Native
- Statically-typed
- Kotlin-java interop

# Kotlin - history

- Developed by JetBrains, no other language except Scala did not have features, they needed
- July 2011 unveiled Project Kotlin
- February 2012 open sourced
- February 2016 Kotlin v1.0
- Google IO 2017 first-class support on Android
- November 2017 Kotlin v1.2

# Kotlin features

- Null safety
- Extension function
- High order function
- Interop with java
- Smart cast
- Default and named arguments
- Data class
- Multi-value return from function

# Kotlin - syntax

```
package com.avast.android.kotlinlecture

import android.support.v7.app.AppCompatActivity
import android.os.Bundle

class MainActivity : AppCompatActivity() {

    lateinit var variable: String

    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_main)
    }
}
```



# Kotlin - null safety

```
val stringVal = "Test value"  
stringVal = null // Compile error
```

```
var stringVar :String? = "Test value"  
stringVar.length // Compile error
```

```
var stringVar :String? = "Test value"  
stringVar?.length
```

```
var stringVar :String = "Test value"  
stringVar = null // Compile error
```

# Kotlin - extension functions

- Possibility to add methods to class which you don't own
- i.e. pretty print

```
fun <T> ArrayList<T>.toJsonString(): String {  
    val sb = StringBuilder()  
    sb.append('[')  
    forEachIndexed { index, value ->  
        sb.append("\"$value\"")  
        if (index != lastIndex)  
            sb.append(", ")  
    }  
    sb.append(']')  
    return sb.toString()  
}
```

```
val list = arrayListOf("val1", "val2", "val3")  
Log.d("TAG", list.toJsonString())
```

# Kotlin - high order function

- function as argument
- function as return value

```
fun logValue(value: String, format:(String) -> String) {  
    Log.d("TAG", format(value))  
}
```

```
logValue("value", { it.toUpperCase()})  
logValue("value", { it.substring(0,3)})
```

# Kotlin - java interop

- Possible to call java from kotlin and kotlin from java

# Kotlin - smart casts

- If you ensured the type once, you don't need to cast it

```
fun smartCast(value: Any) {  
    when(value) {  
        is String -> value.toUpperCase()  
        is Int -> value.absoluteValue  
    }  
}
```

```
public void cast(Object value) {  
    if (value instanceof String) {  
        ((String) value).toUpperCase();  
    } else if (value instanceof Integer) {  
        int i = (Integer) value + 1;  
    }  
}
```

# Kotlin - default and named arguments

- Readable code especially with high count parameters of the same type

```
fun power(number: Double, exponent: Double = 2.0): Double {  
    return Math.pow(number, exponent)  
}
```

```
Log.d("TAG", "result: ${power(3.0)}")
```

```
Log.d("TAG", "result: ${power(3.0, 3.0)}")
```

```
Log.d("TAG", "result: ${power(exponent = 4.0, number = 3.0)}")
```

# Kotlin - data classes

- Simplify pojo classes
- derives equals/hashCode, toString, copy

```
data class Person(  
    val firstName: String,  
    val secondName: String,  
    val age: Long)
```

```
val me = Person("Lukas", "Prokop", 27)
```

# Kotlin - multi value return

```
val me = Person("Lukas", "Prokop", 27)
val (firstName, secondName) = me
Log.d("TAG", "first name: $firstName")
Log.d("TAG", "second name: $secondName")
```



# Architecture components

- Lifecycle
- Room
- Paging

