OPTIMAL BATTERY STEERING

Maximising revenue on the passive imbalance market

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WHY THIS MATTERS



OPPORTUNITY:

Imbalance Market is volatile and full of revenue potential



CHALLENGE:

If battery operates on greedy strategy you miss out on revenue



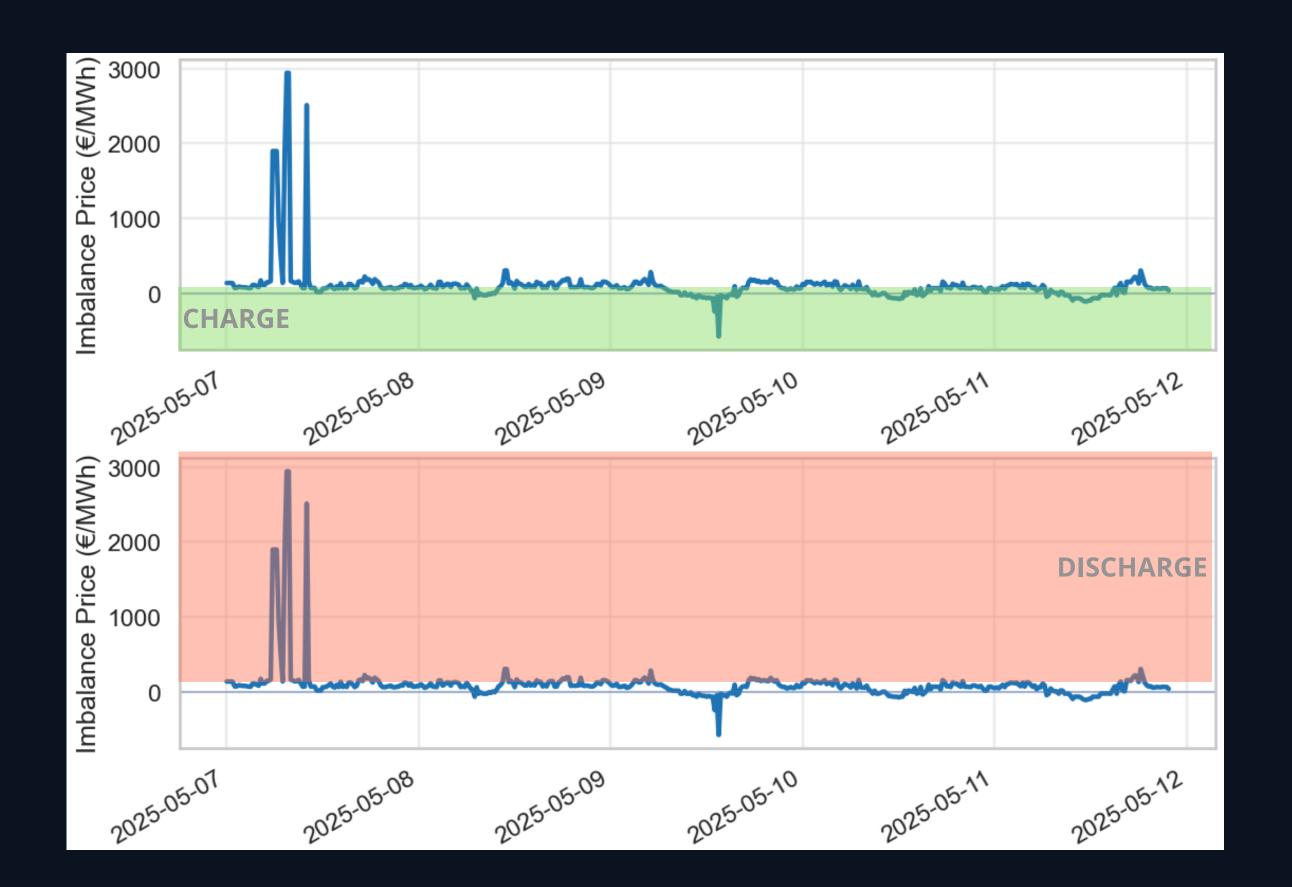
SOLUTION:

A smart steering algorithm that sees the full picture, steering battery for maximal returns with minimal wear

THE PASSIVE IMBALANCE MARKET

- Maintain balance in the power grid.
- Bridge the gap between forecasted and actual supply and demand.
- Two pricing mechanisms:
 - Long price: Indicates surplus power on the grid.
 - Short price: Indicates insufficient power.
- Settlement occurs every 15 minutes (PTU).
- Flexible assets can earn by helping maintain balance.

STEERING ALGORITHM INTUITION

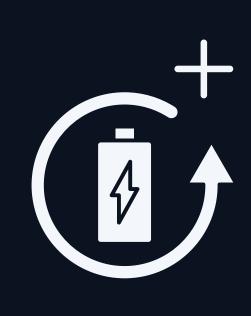


HOW THE STEERING ALGORITHM THINKS

Max Capacity
Max Charge Power
Ramp limits
Max Cycles a Day

Optimal Dispatch
Strategy





Charge:
When prices are
low and there's
room in the
battery



Discharge:
When prices
spike and SoC
allows



Hold:
When neither
condition is
ideal



A GOOD STEERING DAY





- 1. Max capacity = 2 MWh
- 2. Max power = 1 MW
- 3. Roundtrip efficiency = 0.9
- 4. Ramp limit = 1 MW per PTU
- 5. Max cycles a day = 2
- 6. Degredation cost = 1.5 euro/MWh
- 7. No simultaneous charge and discharge

WEEKLY PERFORMANCE SNAPCHOT

Total Revenue

€4973

Average Sell Price (€/MWh)

€ 1253

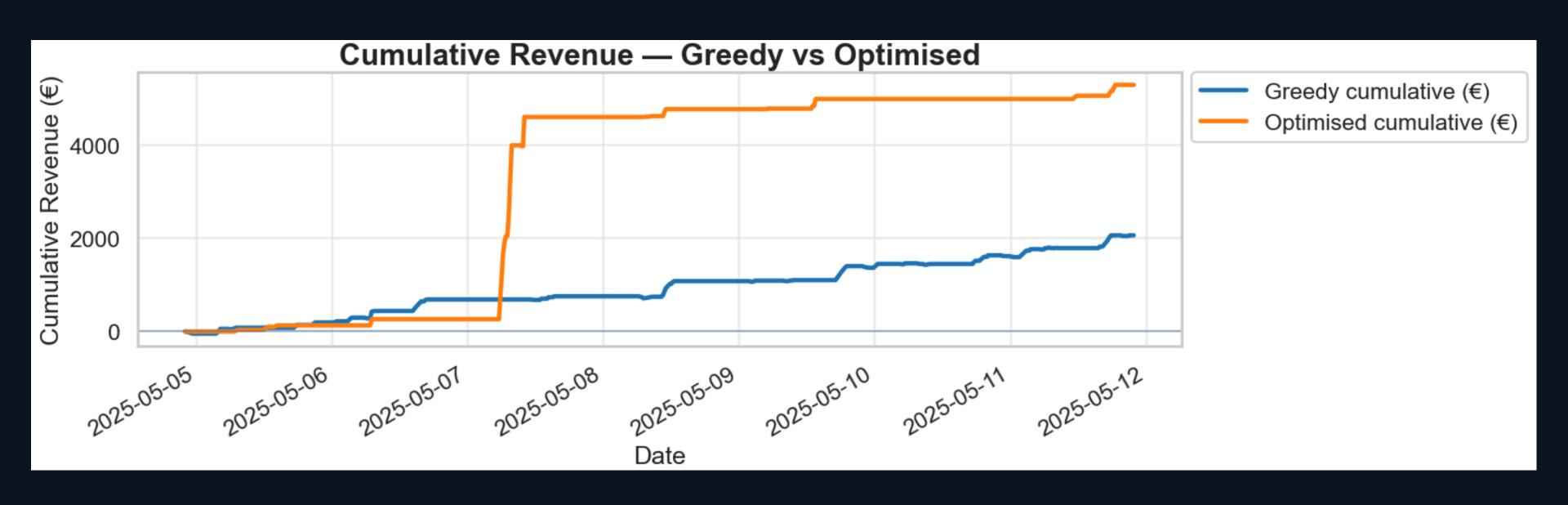
Best Day

€4335 on 2025-05-07

Average Buy Price (€/MWh)

€ 128

SMART VS GREEDY



NEXT STEPS

- **O1** Further tailor algorithm to desired asset
- 02 Impose market rules
- O3 Include stochasticity/forecasting to determine optimal future dispatch