Planning Lab - Lesson 3 Markov Decision Process (MDP)

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Start Your Working Environment

Start the previously installed (lesson 1) conda environment planning-lab

- > cd Planning-Lab
- > conda activate planning-lab
- > jupyter notebook

To open the assignment navigate with your browser to: lesson_3/lesson_3_problem.ipynb

What is it

NumPy is the fundamental package for scientific computing with Python. It contains among other things:

- a powerful N-dimensional array object
- sophisticated (broadcasting) functions
- tools for integrating C/C++ and Fortran code
- useful linear algebra, Fourier transform, and random number capabilities

What is it for

Fast array manipulation and mathematical operations. Think of it as a MATLAB like environment for Python: try to speed up the computations writing code in a vectorial fashion.

Where to find it

http://www.numpy.org

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Assignments

- Your assignments for this lesson are at: lesson_3/lesson_3_problem.ipynb.

 You will be required to implement value iteration and policy iteration algorithms
- In the following you can find pseudocodes for such algorithms

```
 \begin{array}{l} \textbf{function Value-Iteration}(mdp,\epsilon) \ \textbf{returns} \ \text{a utility function} \\ \textbf{inputs}: \ mdp, \ \text{an MDP with states } S, \ \text{actions } A(s), \ \text{transition model } P(s' \mid s,a), \\ \text{rewards } R(s), \ \text{discount } \gamma \\ \epsilon, \ \text{the maximum error allowed in the utility of any state} \\ \textbf{local variables}: \ U, \ U', \ \text{vectors of utilities for states in } S, \ \text{initially zero} \\ \delta, \ \text{the maximum change in the utility of any state in an iteration} \\ \textbf{repeat} \\ U \leftarrow U'; \ \delta \leftarrow 0 \\ \textbf{for each state } s \ \textbf{in } S \ \textbf{do} \\ U'[s] \leftarrow R(s) \ + \ \gamma \ \max_{a \ \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' \mid s,a) \ U[s'] \\ \end{array}
```

if $|U'[s] - U[s]| > \delta$ then $\delta \leftarrow |U'[s] - U[s]|$

until $\delta < \epsilon(1-\gamma)/\gamma$

return U

```
function POLICY-ITERATION(mdp) returns a policy
  inputs: mdp, an MDP with states S, actions A(s), transition model P(s' \mid s, a)
   local variables: U, a vector of utilities for states in S, initially zero
                        \pi, a policy vector indexed by state, initially random
   repeat
        U \leftarrow \text{POLICY-EVALUATION}(\pi, U, mdp)
        unchanged? \leftarrow true
        for each state s in S do
            \inf \ \max_{a \ \in \ A(s)} \ \sum_{s'} \ P(s' \ | \ s,a) \ \ U[s'] \ > \ \sum_{s'} \ P(s' \ | \ s,\pi[s]) \ \ U[s'] \ \ \text{then do}
                 \pi[s] \leftarrow \operatorname*{argmax}_{a \in A(s)} \sum_{s'} P(s' \mid s, a) \ U[s']
                 unchanged? \leftarrow false
   until unchanged?
   return \pi
```

To implement the *Policy-Evaluation* step, use the following formula:

$$U_i(s) = R(s) + \gamma \sum_{s'} P(s' | s, \pi_i(s)) U_i(s')$$
.

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